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### REPORTS .

ON

## THE SETTLEMENT

OF

## THE LAND REVENUE

OF

THE PROVINCES

UNDER

## THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY

FOR FUSLY 1276 (1866-67.)

MADRAS:

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED FOR THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

1869.



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REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

### PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue:-

Submitting Annual Report on the settlement and collections of revenue of the Madras Presidency for Fusly 1276. (Here enter 10th July 1868, No. 5,069.)

ORDER THEREON, 22nd December 1868, No. 3,200.

Land Revenue.

In these Proceedings the Board of Revenue report on the settlement and collections of the revenues of the Presidency in Fusly 1276 (A.D.

1866-67). The usual explanatory Statements for the year are submitted, accompanied by six quinquennial statistical returns.

2. The gross receipts of the year amounted to Rupees 655,33,357, which is the highest

Fusly 1271		Rs. 610,81,862	crease of
,, 1272 1278	••••••	619, <b>34</b> ,711 680,78,437	receipts o
, 1274	***************************************	627,67,191	large dec
,, 1275	******************************	620,80,078	Thal - 197

revenue yet realised in any one year. The increase of Rupees 35,03,279 over the gross receipts of Fusly 1275 is the result partly of a large decrease in the remissions granted in Fusly 1276, and partly of a considerable increase

in the Abkarry and Salt revenues, and of the levy of the new License-tax. The charges of the year amounted to Rupees 59,11,279, showing a net decrease of Rupees 3,21,107 below the charges of Fusly 1275. The net revenue was thus Rupees 596,22,078 against Rupees 557,97,692 in Fusly 1275.

- 3. Season.—The season was on the whole unfavorable for agricultural operations, although a much better year than the previous one. The rain-fall in the northern and southern districts was abundant, but not altogether seasonable. The inland districts, however, were suffering considerable distress at the beginning of the year. The previous south-west monsoon had been a failure, and drought was experienced everywhere. Water was scarce even for domestic purposes, and agricultural operations were suspended. Employment was, however, provided for the able-bodied poor, and relief-houses established for those unablet to work, until the setting in of the north-east monsoon in the middle of October enabled the ryots to resume their agricultural avocations. This monsoon was copious in all districts, except parts of Tanjore and Madura. The crops secured in the north were unusually heavy, but the south-west monsoon, on which the western coast districts are dependant, commenced late, and the early showers were scanty.
- 4. Sanitary condition.—The usual epidemics—namely, cholera, small-pox, and fever, prevailed to some extent in all the districts during the year. The character of the season and the scarcity of food and water at the commencement of the year had their usual injurious effects on the health of the people. The mortality, as given in the Death Returns, amounted to 22.35 per mille, ranging from thirty-six and thirty-four per mille in Ganjam and Bellary, to fourteen and fifteen per mille in Tinnevelly and Coimbatore.
- 5. The deaths among cattle were numerous, murrain having prevailed to a certain extent. The cattle in Trichinopoly and Salem Districts are, however, said to have been singularly healthy.
- 6. PRICES.—The high prices of grain, which had ruled during the latter portion of the previous year, rose even higher during the first half of the year under report, and the average

prices of the year were higher than the averages of 1865-66. The increase ranged from fourteen to thirty-one per cent. in most grains, but there was a decrease in the price of cumboo of eleven per cent. The increase in Bellary in the price of second sort paddy was 82 Rupees per garce.

7. Ryors' HOLDINGS.—The extent of the land retained in their puttahs by the ryots for the Fusly, in the eighteen districts, (South Canara being excluded,) was acres 185,14,593, assessed at Rupees 335,56,515, against acres 182,43,639, assessed at Rupees 337,57,269 in Fusly 1275.

Increase un Decrease u	nder inder	dry wet	land do.	s	···		···	•••	ACRES. 2,77,652 6,698
					N	et in	CTOR	BO	2,70,954
Dry lands Wet do.	•••		···;	•••	•••		•••		Rs. 46,884 1,58,929
							Tota	al	2,00,754

The increase in the extent occurred wholly in dry lands, as there was a falling off in the quantity of wet lands retained in the puttahs. The net result was an increase of 2,70,954 acres, as shown in the margin. There was, however, a decrease of Rupees 2,00,754 in the assessment payable on these lands. The decrease under wet land, both in extent and assessment, was the

result of the adverse character of the season in several districts. The figures in regard to dry lands, showing as they do a large increase in the extent occupied, against a decrease in the assessment, appear at first sight anomalous. The Board explain that there was a large increase of Rupees 4,26,735 in the gross assessment spread over several districts, but that this was counterbalanced by the large decrease of Rupees 4,25,805 in the district of Godavery. Of this sum, however, it is explained that nearly three lacs of Rupees was a merely nominal decrease, being the assessment of unsurveyed lands in the bed of the Godavery, and of unsurveyed and unassessed villages and lands in that district, which has been this year transferred from the head "Ryotwar' to "Miscellaneous." In previous years the assessment paid for these lands had been credited to the gross assessment of the holdings, though their area had never been included in the gross area of the holdings. A portion of the decrease is, however, due to the adoption of the reduced rates of assessment under the new settlements in some districts. The increase in the extent of dry land occupied is owing to the large tracts of waste lands taken up. The Board point out that in the district of Coimbatore alone the increase in the occupied lands amounts to acres 1,08,642, bearing an assessment of Rupees 91,551.

8. RYOTWAR SETTLEMENT.—The actual Ryotwar Settlement amounted to Rs. 348,34,117 against Rupees 340,45,388 in Fusly 1275, according to the table given in paragraph 27 of the Board's Report as shown below:—

Mebort as snown porow.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.
Holdings	337,57, <b>2</b> 67	<b>335</b> ,56,515
Deduct waste remitted	10,60,245	5,47,164
Remainder	326,97,022	330,09,351
Second crop assessment	5,38,959	5,04,524
Additional do	4,68,520	4,96,678
Water-tax	8,70,144	8,27,894
Revenue of South Canara	13,76,296	13,79,731
	359,50,941	362,18,178
Deduct remissions	19,05,553	13,84,061
Remainder	340,45,388	348,34,117

9. But the Board state the Ryotwar demand at Rupees 349,58,845 in paragraph 37, leaving the difference of Rupees 1,24,728 unexplained. The Government observe, however, from Statement No. 3, that it is owing to the addition to the Ryotwar demand proper of sundry items "improperly included" in that demand by the Collector of Tinnevelly, but excluded by the Board from the body of the Statement, as well as to the deduction of the Water-tax in the Kistna Dis-

trict, added to the Ryotwar demand in the Collectors' Statements, but transferred to Miscellaneous by the Board. The Board's figures will be adopted for comparison; but the Government trust that they will issue strict instructions to the Collectors to avoid errors in the classification of the several items in future.

Fualv	1276	RS. 849.58.845
	1875	
	•	7 89 495

10. The increase of Rupees 7,82,425 in the Ryotwar Settlement, notwithstanding a decrease of Rupees 2,00,752 in the assessment of the holdings, is the result of the variations in the minor items, as shown in the subjoined table:—

	Increase.	Decrease.
Holdings	******	2,00,752
Decrease under waste remitted	5,13,081	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Second crop assessment	•••••	34,435
Additional do	28,158	
-Water-tax	••••••	42,250
Revenue of South Canara	3,435	•••••
Decrease in remissions	5,21,492	******
Difference in sundry items improperly included under	•	
Ryotwar in the Tinnevelly District	2,978	
Water-tax transferred to Miscellaneous	•••••	9,282
	10,69,144	2,86,719
Net	7,8	2,425

- 11. It would seem from this table that the net increase was the result of a large decrease in the remissions, and an increase under "additional assessment," and not of any extension in the breadth of cultivation as remarked by the Board in paragraph 40.
- 12. Remissions.—The remissions allowed this year were very moderate. The deductions on account of Road and Village Service Cesses in those districts in which they are included in the assessment, are shown under the general head of Remissions for purposes of account, and exclud-

•	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.
Waste remissions	RB. 10,60,245	RS. 5,47,164
Occasional remissions allowed with reference to the season.	10,87,545	5,70,761

ing these, as well as other items paid from the collections under certain stipulations and the fixed remissions, the *bona fide* remissions of the year are shown in the margin. The large decrease is owing to the rules regulating remissions hav-

ing been strictly enforced, except in the districts in which the failure of the rains rendered special relaxation necessary.

13. Paishcush.—The demand under this head amounted to Rupees 51,26,622 in Fusly 1276 against Rupees 51,33,242. The decrease of Rupees 6,620 is chiefly owing to the Vissannapettah Estate having come under the direct management of Government, and partly to the reduction of the Peishcush of the Muttyalpadu Estate, in consequence of the resumption of certain Russums.

Fasly	1276 1275	•••	•••				•••	•••	6,69,888 6,55 150
				1	nore	880	•••	•••	14,783

14. SHROTRIEM AND INAM JODI.—There was an increase of Rupees 14,733 under Shrotriem and Inam Jodi, the result in the main of the additional quit-rent imposed by the Inam Commissioner on Inams enfranchised during the Fusly.

- 15. MISCELLANEOUS.—The demand under Land Revenue Miscellaneous amounted to Rupees 33,53,676 against Rupees 31,71,206. The increase of Rupees 1,82,471 is owing chiefly to the transfer to this head of the rents of unassessed lands in the bed of the Godavery referred to above, but partly also to a large extent of land having been cultivated after the close of the settlement, and to certain Russums in the Nellore District having been, for the first time, credited to "Land Revenue Miscellaneous."
- 16. LAND REVENUE DEMAND.—The total Land Revenue Demand was Rupees 441,09,027, or Rupees 9,73,009 more than that of Fusly 1275.

Sugar-cane	ACRES. 41,148 18,95,697	Fuely 1276. ACRES. 86,788 18,16,944
Indigo	1,51,542	1,06,518

17. SPECIAL PRODUCTS.—The cultivation of the special products, sugar-cane, cotton, and indigo, shows a decrease under all heads, the result partly of the dullness of the market, and partly of the failure of seasonable rains.

18. SUNDRY Sources.—The demand on account of Sundry Sources of revenue is shown in the subjoined table:—

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	D	ifference.
	RS.	RS.		RS.
Abkarry. Income Tax. License Tax Salt Sea Customs Land Customs Stamps	40,91,764 67,339  102,85,487 19,45,425 1,23,979 31,49,219	54,61,340 1,753 2,56,290 115,87,979 20,68,505 1,25,830 30,56,643	+   + +++	13,69,576 65,586 2,56,290 13,02,492 1,23,080 1,851 92,576

- 19. ABKARRY.—The increase under Abkarry is as usual, owing to the greater competition for the farms in several districts.
- 20. Income and License-taxes.—The variations under Income and License-taxes need no special explanation. The former was in operation for only one month in the Fusly, and the latter was introduced from 1st May 1867.

	Rs.
Average of the last five years	82,51,075
Fusly 1275	102,85,487
Fusly 1276	115.87.979

21. Salt.—The Salt revenue shows an increase of upwards of thirteen lacs over the proceeds of Fusly 1275, and of Rupees 33,36,904 over the average revenue of the last five years.

This large increase has occurred notwithstanding an enhancement of the tax, and must be viewed as highly satisfactory. The total sales of the year, however, amounted to only 74,58,492 Indian Maunds against 81,11,617 Indian Maunds in the previous year, as the sales for export were reduced

Home consumption Inland do Sold to French Govt	usly 1275. I. MDS. 88,35,581 88,38,408 87,841	Fusly 1276 1. MDS. 84,11,149 85,84,818 79,155
	67,11,275	70,75,122

from Indian Maunds 13,69,142 in Fusly 1275 to Indian Maunds 3,83,370 in the Fusly under report. The sales for consumption in the country show an increase of Indian Maunds 3,63,847. This improvement must be ascribed to the extension of the railways, and the more efficient administration of the department.

22. The charges of the Salt Department in the Fusly amounted to Rupees 14,14,280 against Rupees 16,11,160 in Fusly 1275. A large portion of the decrease is owing to a much smaller quantity of salt having been purchased for South Canara, in consequence of a large stock of the previous year's salt remaining on hand. There was a large decrease in the charges of this department in the Madras District also, in consequence of the salt being obtained chiefly from those pans where the rates paid to the manufacturers are low.

	RS.
Fasly 1276	101,70,053
1275	86,77,589
Average of five years	82,51,075

South Arcot	10.37	per cent.
MadrasKistna	7·78 6·85	do.
Godavery	5.46	do.

23. The net Salt revenue of the year amounted to Rupces 101,70,053, showing an increase of Rupces 14,92,514 above the net revenue of Fusly 1275, and of Rupces 19,18,978 above, the average net revenue of the previous five yearss

24. The wastage of salt in the districts noted in the margin, and especially in South Arcot, was large. The attention of the Collectors should be directed to the matter. The Act-

ing Collector of Vizagapatam states in his report that the wastage "has come down remarkably from 10½ to 2½ per cent.," owing chiefly to a warning given to all Superintendents "that if the per-centage of wastage should exceed five per cent. in any Cotaur during the year, the Superintendent of that division would be removed from his appointment, unless, of course, he showed good cause for the contrary." Sanction is granted for writing off the wastage of Fusly 1276, amounting to Indian Maunds 171,053-19-0.

- 25. Sea and Land Customs.—The increase under Sea and Land Customs requires no particular explanation; it is the result of the increase of trade in certain articles.
- 26. Stamps.—The decrease under Stamps is owing to the sales in Fusly 1275 having been unusually large, in consequence of the large number of documents requiring renewal within the period allowed by the Registration Act.
- 27. Demand, Collection, and Balance.—The total current demand on account of all sources of revenue amounted to Rupees 666, 67, 367. Of this, the sum of Rupees 622, 88, 917, or a little more

Land Revenue Sundry sources	
•	666,67,367

than 93 per cent., was collected within the Fusly. and the subsequent collections up to December 1867 amounted, to Rupees 33,69,636, leaving the balance of Rupees 10,08,814, or a little more than 1½ per cent.

28. The Board have entered into a full explanation of the causes for the cutstanding balance under each head of revenue, and there is little for Government to notice. They must, however, remark that the explanation accounting for the Abkarry balances in some of the districts cannot be deemed quite satisfactory. The balance in Bellary was large, and though one of the reasons assigned—namely, the absence of a demand for liquor during the famine months, is deserving of consideration, the great competition at the bidding for the contracts eught not to influence the Collectors in recovering, by legal process, the rent of the farms. When the competitors see that no indulgence will be shown, they will be more careful in bidding for the farms, and any relaxation of the rules in favor of the renters must also be unjust to the unsuccessful and perhaps more substantial bidders. The Collector of Madura states that a considerable sum is likely to be irrecoverable, as the renters "are not men of substance." If the rules for the security to be lodged and the payment of the kists in time are enforced, so as not to allow the value of the security to be depreciated by the outstanding balances, the Government do not see how any material loss of revenue can occur on this account.

### DEMAND. Ryotwar.

On lands held by Burghers and other Hill tribes.  Do. by Europeans and East Indians	<b>25.</b> 16,895 7,756
Miscellansous	24,651 4,256
Total	28,907 24,801
-	4 608

Vide also Order, dated 9th March 1868, No. 615.

29. The collection of the revenue\* of the Neilgherry Talook is as unsatisfactory as ever, as in Fusly 1275 no portion of the revenue of lands held by Europeans was collected within Fusly 1276, and on the 30th of September 1867 more than half the balance was still left unrealised. The Commissioner will be requested to give his special attention to this subject, with reference to the orders repeatedly issued by Government. The Board have not submitted to

Government the information required on the subject in paragraph 21 of their Proceedings, dated 25th September 1867, No. 2,244.

Demand... 82.44.440 ••• ••• ••• ••• ••• 1,49,149 Subsequent collections and remis-2,02,517 sions... 85,96,106 Balance... 8,16,367

Demand, Collection, and Balance of Arrears.—The total demand on account of arrears for the whole Presidency amounted to Rupees 44,12,473 at the beginning of Fusly 1276, and the balance left uncollected at its close was Rupees 8,16,367, as shown in the margin. Of this amount, the sum of Rupees 1,42,860 is reported by the Board to be irrecoverable. Sanction has already been granted for writing off the accounts the sum of Rupees

Order, dated 6th October 1868, No. 2,569.

27,200-7-5, the balance in Ganjam, the remis-

sion of which was authorised by the Order of Government, dated 9th April 1867, No. 823, and authority is now given for writing off the remainder Rupees 1,15,659-13-4.

- The Fuslywar Statement of balances, appended to paragraph 87 of the Board's report, shows that there are several old items unadjusted in the Tinnevelly District. The Board should have explained the causes which retard the final settlement of these balances.
  - The extent to which the coercive process was used during the year is shown in the margin. Fusly

Number of ryots against whom processes were issued. 42,872 52,997 Revenue realised by actual sales... ... 65,709 81,219

The increase in the number of cases, as compared with Fusly 1275, appears to be more the result of the larger revenue of Fusly 1276 than to any unnecessary recourse to law.

- 33. As to the quinquennial returns, most of the figures in Statements A. and B. must be viewed more as approximations than actuals, as many districts are still unsurveyed. At the same time a little more care in their preparation would render them very useful for the purpose of comparison. Statement C. shows that there are comparatively much fewer irrigation works out of repair than in 1861-62. It appears, however, that there are still 48,148 wells classed as Government wells, and the Board will be requested to explain the grounds of this classification.
- Statement D. has been prepared with care. It gives a population of a little over 264 millions (exclusive of the Town of Madras), the number of houses being a little under six millions. Since the census taken in 1862, there has been an increase of nearly two and a half millions in the population, or about twenty per mille per annum, which must be viewed as an indication of progressive prosperity. The Hindoos have increased in numbers during the five years by ten and a half per cent., the Mahomedans by nine per cent., and the Christians by twelve per cent.
- 35. Statements E. and F. show that the number of ryots holding from Government have increased by upwards of half a million, standing at upwards of two millions and a quarter against about a million and three-quarters in 1862. The number of ryots, holding single puttahs, paying less than Rupees 30 for their holdings, has risen by about 35,000, whereas the number holding puttahs for land assessed at more than Rupees 30 has only increased by about 5,000. These results would seem to militate against the supposition that reductions of assessment would have the effect of amalgamating small holdings and creating a class of wealthy land-holders. The decrease in agricultural stock is very unsatisfactory, when the large increase of cultivation which has taken place during the last five years is taken into account. The Board's special attention has, however, been called to this question in the Government Order, under date the 23rd November 1868, No. 2,922.
- In conclusion, the Government regret to notice the late date at which this report has been 36. submitted. It relates to the transactions of the year ending 30th June 1867, but did not reach the Government until late in the month of July of the present year. The Government must require the Board to take effective measures to prevent such delay in future.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) R. A. DALYELL, Acting Secretary to Government.

### PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, dated 10th July 1868.

- 1. The Board proceed to lay before Government their usual Annual Report on the Settlement and Collection of the Revenue of the Madras Presidency for Fusly 1276, (A. D. 1866-67,) with a file of the printed reports of Collectors.
- 2. As in last year, eight explanatory Statements accompany the report, the Comparative Statement of Cultivation and Settlement of Ryotwar Land Revenue being submitted separately. The alterations which Government, in their Proceedings, dated 15th January 1867, No. 125, wished to be introduced in Statement No. 3 have been effected during the year, and two abstracts A. and B. are added to it, the one showing the particulars of occupancy, and the other the additions and deductions on account of the Road and Village Service Cesses.
  - 3. Statement No. 1.—The number of talooks settled on Ryotwar principles in the several

Faslies.	Talooks.	Villages.	Puttahs.
1055	No. 156	No.	No.
1275 1276	156	<b>8</b> 0,190 <b>8</b> 0,186	22, 65, 245 28,82,534
	1	Decrease 4	Increase 67,289

districts of the Presidency is the same as in last year, viz., 156. The talook of Palcondah in the Vizagapatam district still continues under rent to Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co. The number of villages in these Ryotwar talooks is 30,186, showing on the whole a net decrease of four villages as compared with Fusly 1275. The districts in which the changes occur, and the

causes which have led to the change are detailed below. In the district of Kistna there is an increase of 44 villages owing to the introduction of the Ryotwary settlement in the Bunder portion of it. In the Madras district the increase of 24 villages has arisen from certain rented villages having been brought under Ryotwar Settlement. The decrease of 42 villages in Salem is the result of the transfer of certain Trishvakum villages hitherto included under Ryotwar to the head of Inam, the villages having been enfranchised by the Inam Commissioner, and the decrease of 17 villages in Bellary is due to small uninhabited villages having been abandoned. During the Fusly under review six villages were transferred from Salem to South Arcot under Government Order, dated 22nd December 1865, No. 3,098.

Ganjam.
Vizagapatam.
Bellary.
North Arcot.
Coimbatore.
Malabar.

4. In the year under report 23,32,534 Puttahs were issued. This number is in excess of that of the puttahs issued in Fusly 1275, by 67,289. The increase occurs in all the districts except the six noted in the margin. The distribution of puttahs, as compared with Fusly 1275, is given below:—

Fuslies.	Number of fresh Puttahs.	Old Puttahs modified by additional entries.	Old Puttahs not altered.	Total-
	No.	No.	No.	No.
1275 1276	8 40 091	4,34,477 4,75,239		
	Increase1,95,259	Increase 40,762	Decrease 1,68,732	Increase 67,289

5. The increase is attributable generally to the following causes, viz., (I), the introduction of the new settlement rates into the districts of Godavery, Kistna, and Kurnool; (II), the bringing certain rented villages under Ryotwar in the districts of Ganjam and Madras; (III), the issue of puttahs in the newly settled Mottafysal villages of Tanjore; and (IV), extended occupation of lands by new ryots generally in almost all the districts. Arrangements have been made for furnishing the ryots with fresh puttahs in book-form in Fusly 1278, and after this has been done, it is probable there will be very little need for the issue of new puttahs for some years to come.

- 6. SEASON. The season, though an improvement on that which immediately preceded it, was not, on the whole, a favourable one. The early rains were seasonable and abundant, and gave promise of a very favourable season; but the later rains proved detrimental to agricultural interests. In Ganjam, which had suffered most seriously from the famine of Fusly 1275, the rains were not only copious but excessive, and partially destroyed the dry crops. The insufficiency of food did not abate till the new paddy was harvested, and until that period the distribution of raw rice to the ryots and cooked food to the other classes of the poorer population was continued, and the timely advances made by Government both in cash and seed-grain enabled the indigent ryots of the Berhampore talook to bring all their lands under cultivation, with the exception of about 4,342 acres. In Vizagapatam there was an abundant harvest. In the Godavery district the freshes in the river rose to 30 feet. and caused some damage to the early sown dry crops on the islands in the river bed. channels received a full supply of water, and the ryots were greatly encouraged to carry on vigorously the wet cultivation under them. The crops generally, both in quantity and quality, were the best that the ryots had obtained during the last twenty years. The excessive rains of October 1866, caused the total failure of Pedda Jonna and Black paddy, the principal staples of the Kistna dis-The crops in the Colair islands were indifferent from deficient rain and the ravages of insects. In Nellore up to the end of June the rains were very partial and scanty, and great difficulty was experienced in obtaining water even for ordinary domestic purposes, but the later rains were more copious and abundant. The failure of rain during the best part of the cultivation season in the Madras district, added to the scarcity throughout the country, had a disastrous effect upon the district in general. In August, however, a change for the better took place, and copious falls filled all the tanks.
- 7. The rainfall in South Arcot was abundant, and following a season like that of Fusly 1275 the contrast was of course strikingly visible. The seasonable rains after August encouraged all kinds of cultivation, and saved crops till then in a precarious condition. In Tanjore and Trichinopoly almost all the branches of the Cauvery had a steady supply of water throughout the season, which coupled with timely showers produced an abundant harvest. In the upland tracts of Tanjore the rains were very scanty. The dry and garden crops of Tritrapundy and Puttucottai talooks were to a great extent lost. In the villages on the coast there was a better yield from the later crops, but in those parts of the district not under the influence of irrigation, the outturn was very poor, and in some places scarcely sufficient to repay the cost of seed and labour. In Madura both the early and later rains were deficient, and extensive heavy loss of crops was the result. In Tinnevelly the south-west monsoon was insufficient for the Kar crops, but the north-east monsoon was ample for the Peshanum.
- 8. In the inland districts noted marginally, the season in the earlier months was of a most disastrous kind. There was scarcely a sign of the south-Kulnool.

  North Arcot.
  Salem.
  Coimbatore.

  To domestic purposes, and agricultural operations were generally at a standstill. Extraordinary measures of relief were adopted by employing the poorer classes in the construction of village roads and other public works at the expense of Government, and by the establishment of relief-houses. The north-east monsoon set in, however, about the middle of October, and was more continuous and abundant than it had been for years. The tank, etc., received a good supply, and the rivers were in flood. In Cuddapah there were heavy and opportune showers, and the crops yielded a very fair outturn.
- 9. In the Western Coast districts the south-west monsoon commenced late and the first showers were scanty. This deficiency did not much affect the rice cultivation of South Canara owing to the peculiar nature of the beds which require less water. In Malabar, however, it was injurious to the Kanni crop, but later showers served considerably to lessen the mischief.

10. The following abstract shows the average fall of rain in the several districts of the Presidency, in comparison with Fusly 1275:—.

Districts.				April to September 1866.	October 1866 to March 1867.	Total for the whole year.	Total for the last Fusly.			
							Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
1. Ganjam		•••	•••	•••	•••		25.77	13.17	38.94	25.70
2. Vizagapatam						• • •	27.04	24.24	51.28	31·16
3. Godavery		•••		•••		•••	26.84	12.35	39.19	30.60
4. Kistna	•••				•••		13.08	9.89	22.97	26·8 <b>4</b>
5. Nellore			•••				7.93	24.60	32.53	23.25
6. Cuddapah	•••	•••					11.92	12.39	24.31	15.85
7. Bellary				••			6.50	10 25	16.75	15.59
8 Kurnool		•••					12.86	6 97	19.83	19.90
9 Madras					•••		9.93	27.33	37.26	25.94
10. North Arcot	•••						11.42	20.03	31.45	24.78
11. South Arcot							10.61	22.41	33.02	26.20
12. Tanjore	•••			•••			6.54	21.17	27.71	23.17
13. Trichinopoly							24.18	36.12	60.30	51.29
14. Madura	•••					•••	7:30	11.34	18.64	22.44
15. Tinnevelly					•••		6.05	21.89	27 94	25.22
16. Coimbatore		•••	• • • •	•••	•••	•••	11.22	14.14	25.36	29.63
17. Salem	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	14.53	11.44	25 97	28.72
18. South Canara	• • •	•••			•••		121.34	17.71	139.05	147.78
19. Malabar		•••		•••			64.25	20.80	85 05	84.32
									<u> </u>	

11. Sanitably condition.—The scarcity of water and the scarcity and dearness of food necessarily rendered the season unhealthy. Cholera, Small-pox, and Fever broke out in almost every district. A complete statement of deaths in all the districts is given below, having been prepared in this office from the monthly returns received from the Collectors for Fusly 1276. The mortality according to these returns was 22:35 per mille:—

		DEATHS.					Dati
Districts.	Population.	Cholera.	Small- pox.	Fever.	Other diseases.	Total.	Ratio per mille.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
1. Ganjam	12,35,790						
2. Vizagapatam	19,34,558						
3. Godavery	14,27,472		2,906				
4. Kistna	12,96,652						19.56
5. Nellore	11,68,664						
6. Cuddapah	11,44,759						
7. Bellary	13,04,998						
8. Kurnool	7,66,204						
9. Madras	8,04,283			2,315			
10. North Arcot	17,87,134						
11. South Arcot	12,61,846			3,284			
12. Tanjore	17,31,619						
13. Trichinopoly	10,06,826						
14. Madura	19,46,389	13,867					
15. Tinnevelly							
16. Coimbatore	14,30,738						
17. Salem	16,19,233					28,169	
18. South Canara	8,39,688						
19. Malabar	18,56,378	3,882	1,768	13,373	16,156	35,179	18.95
Total	260,84,399	1,75,645	27,510	1,24,003	2,55,966	5,83,124	22:35

Cuddapah ...... 89,367 

12. Want of water and pasture affected in a great degree the health of cattle generally, and numbers perished. Murrain also prevailed to a certain extent. The loss of cattle in the districts marginally noted was heavy. In Trichinopoly and Salem, however, cattle are said to have been singularly healthy.

13. Statement No. 2, PRICES.—The prices of all the staple articles of consumption which had attained famine rates during Fusly 1275 continued high throughout the year, although in the latter months they are reported to have fallen slightly in some districts. The increase compared with Fusly 1275 ranged from 14 to 31 per cent. except in the price of Cumboo, which has fallen 11 per cent. The prices of 1st and 2nd sort Paddy have risen from 219 and 201 in Fusly 1275, to 258 and 231 respectively in Fusly 1276. The following is an abstract showing the prices of some of the principal products, compared with the prices of Fusly 1275 and with the averages of the preceding ten years:-

Grains.	Average price per Madras garce for 10 years, Fuslies 1266 to 1275.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase in Furly 1276 as compared with the average.	Percentage of Columns 2 and 5.	Increase in Fusly 1276 as compared with Fusly 1275.	Percentage of Columns 3 and 7.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1st sort Paddy per garce. 2nd do. do Cholum Cumboo Raggy Horse-gram.	162 148 188 170 170 210	Rs. 219 201 270 246 247 295	258 231 316 219 297 386	96 83 128 49 127 176	88. 59 55 170 29 75 83	88. 39 30 46 — 27 50 91	Es. 17 14 17 — 11 20 31

In the following statement the price of 2nd sort Paddy, which forms the chief article of consumption by the bulk of the population, is given in comparison with the average price of the three preceding periods of five years each:-

			Price per garce.							
Districts.	of 5 years from Fus-	Average of 5 years from Fus- lies 1266 to 1270.	of 5 years from Fus- lies 1271	Fusly 1276.	Increase as com- pared with Co- lumn 2.	Increase as com- pared with Co- lumn 3.	Increase as com- pared with Co- lumn 4.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
1. Ganjam. 2. Vizagapatam 3. Godavery. 4. Kistna. 5. Nellore. 6. Cuddapah. 7. Bellary. 8. Kurnool 9. Madras 0. North Arcot 1. South Arcot 2. Tanjore 3. Trichinopoly 4. Madura. 5. Tinnevelly. 6. Coimbatore. 7. Salem. 8. South Canara.	68 78 99 97 101 90 107 99 85 91 77 82 91 110 101 84	88. 77 94 85 85 118 143 125 131 102 119 122 119 137 149 155 171 145	R8. 113 138 131 165 169 208 198 202 165 160 151 151 173 198 205 204 168 168	168 152 153 199 203 275 315 266 218 218 209 221 258 290 257 300 253 198	88. 109 84 75 100 106 174 225 159 119 133 118 144 176 199 147 199 169 109	88. 91 58 68 114 85 132 190 135 116 99 87 102 121 141 102 129 108 71	88. 51 14 22 34 34 67 117 64 53 58 70 85 92 96 85 33			

- 15. Compared with Fusly 1275 the price of 2nd sort Paddy has risen in almost every district except Ganjam, Vizagapatam, and Tinnevelly. In Bellary the increase was as much as 82 Rupees per garce, and is explained as the result of previous bad seasons and the difficulty of importation through a region almost destitute of water and pasture. In Trichinopoly, Coimbatore, and Salem also the increase was considerable, and was caused by the prevailing scarcity and large demands from other districts. Owing to these high prices, measures of relief were in active operation, and labour for the able-bodied poor was provided wherever it was considered necessary. The wages of agricultural and other mechanical labour have increased, but not in proportion to the increase in the price of food. Large numbers of labourers emigrated to Ceylon, the Straits, Mauritius, and the French Colonies, but most of them subsequently returned when the scarcity was over.
- 16. Ryots' Holdings, Statement No. 3.—This Statement shows the Ryots' holdings, cultivation and net beriz of the Fusly. As already remarked in paragraph 2 the modifications suggested by Government have been adopted in this Statement. Columns 49, 50, 51, 54, 57, 60, and 61 of the Statement for Fusly 1275 follow column 32 and columns 33 to 48, which give the details of waste remitted and charged, and actual cultivation is separately exhibited among particulars of occupancy in Enclosure A. The cesses included in the assessment and deducted as an item of remission, as well as those added to the assessment and those deducted from it, are shown in Enclosure B.
- 17. The following abstract exhibits the holdings at the beginning of the year, and the subsequent alterations from Statement No. 3, and the waste remitted and charged, and actual cultivation from Enclosure A to the Statement. The particulars for South Canara are, as usual, omitted in the Statement, as the extent is not known:—

T4	DE	Dry.		ET.	Total.		
Items.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	
	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	
Holdings at the be- ginning of Fusly 1276	146 62 421	163,01,748	35 81 218	174,55,521	189 43 639	337 57 269	
Deduct lands given up	9,71,090				12,55,953		
Remainder Addlands newly taken	136,91,331	148,75,523	32,96,355	161,04,654	169,87,686	309,80,177	
up	12,48,742	13,79,391	2,78,165	11,96,947	15,26,907	25,76,338	
Total	149,40,073	162,54,914	35,74,520	173,01,601	185,14,593	335,56,515	
Deduct waste remit-	2,37,836	1,19,664	1,00,940	4,27,501	3,38,776	5,47,165	
Remain- Waste charged Actual cul-	15,40,466	13,40,696	1,47,148	5,96,867	16,87,614	19,37,563	
tivation	131,61,771	147,94,554	<b>3</b> 3,26,432	162,77,233	164,88,203	310,71,787	
Total Add the Beriz of South Canara, for	147,02,237	161,35,250	34,73,580	168,74,100	181,75,817	330,09,350	
which no particu- lars can be had			•••••	•••••	•••••	13,79,731	
Total	147,02,237	161,35,250	34,73,580	168,74,100	181,75,817	343,89,081	

18. The holdings of the year exhibit a net increase over the extent in Fusly 1275 of acres

Vizagapatam. Bellary. North Arcot. Salem. 2,70,954, and a net decrease in the assessment of Rs. 2,00,753. The increase is large in dry lands, and this is the case in almost all the districts except those noted in the margin, where,

in consequence of the unfavourable character of the season, relinquishments of lands were made by

the ryots to an unusual extent. The increase in the other districts is chiefly due to large tracts of Government waste lands having been taken on Durkhast. In the single district of Coimbatore alone the increase amounts to 1,08,642 acres, giving an increase of Rupees 91,551 on the assessment. As regards wet there was a net decrease of 6,698 acres, resulting from a gross increase of 37,399, and a gross decrease of 44,097 acres. No large increase took place except in Nellore, in consequence of a better supply of water being made available. In the Kistna and Madras districts the decrease was large, a great extent of land having been given up from apprehended failure of rain in the beginning of the season.

19. It has been already stated that, as regards the assessment of the holdings, there was a net decrease of Rupees 2,00,753, which is the result of a gross increase of Rupees 5,03,933 exclusive of South Canara, and a gross decrease of Rupees 7,04,686. The net decrease in the assessment of dry lands amounted to Rupees 46,829, in spite of a large increase of Rupees 4,26,735 spread over several districts. This is owing to a large decrease of Rupees 4,25,805 in the Godavery district. Of this nearly three lacs is nominal being the amount of cist of unsurveyed lands in the bed of the Godavery, and of unsurveyed and unassessed villages and lands transferred from Ryotwar to Miscellaneous. The rest of the falling off is owing to the adoption of the reduced rates

Kistna	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	Rs. 1.03,386
Madras		•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	52,264
Nellore			•••		•••		•••	46,547
Trichinop	oly.	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	45,042

under the new settlement. The apparent increase in the assessment was large in the marginal districts. In the first of these districts the operations of the new settlement is the chief cause of the so-called increase. The increase

in Madras is owing to the lands in the 24 villages which were hitherto under Amani having been recently brought under Ryotwar. In Nellore and Trichinopoly the increase is real, being the result of a greater extent of land having been brought under the plough.

- 20. The area of wet land shows a net decrease of 6,700 acres, assessed at 1,53,924 Rupees, the result of the adverse nature of the season. In Nellore, however, there was an increase of 20,600 acres in consequence of more land having been taken up. In the Kistna and Madras districts the decrease was large. In the former it is owing to extensive relinquishments consequent upon the introduction of the new survey and settlement. In the latter a large extent of Manavary lands transferred to dry were given up, in consequence of the heaviness of the assessment.
- 21. As regards the assessment of wet lands, the increase in certain districts amounted to Rupees 1,56,275. It was large in the districts of Kistna, Nellore, and Tinnevelly. In the first mentioned district the increase was Rupees 68,232, though there was a decrease of 17,963 acres in extent. This is ascribed to the introduction of the new settlement in which the rates of assessment were high compared with the joint-rent. In Nellore the increase of Rupees 30,235 is the result of the augmentation in the ryots' holdings. In Tinnevelly the increase of Rupees 26,629 is due to more lands having been taken up in consequence of the favourable nature of the season. A large extent of land though uncultivated was retained by the ryots to prevent the intrusion of strangers.
  - 22. The falling off in the assessment of wet lands appears in the districts noted in the

			•					
								Rg.
Malabar	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	91,841
Godavery		•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	67,961
Madras	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	44,182
South Area	t			•••	•••	•••	•••	48,101
Kurnool	•••	***	•••	•••	•••	•••		20,385
North Arco	t		•••	•••	•••		•••	20,175
Tanjore	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	12,156
Coimbatore			•••	•••	•••	•••	-	6.116
			• •	•••	•••	•••	•••	4,382
Vizagapata:	m		• •	. •••	•••	•••	•••	4,88

margin, and is generally ascribed to the unpromising appearance of the season. In Kurnool the decrease is nominal and was caused by the old well lands, which were in Fusly 1275 included under wet, having been transferred to the head dry in the year under report. The commutation of the money payments to religious institutions into grants of land affected the wet assessment

of South Arcot, and the revision of assessment that of the Godavery district.

23. WASTE REMISSION.—The amount of waste remissions granted during the year amounted

Fualy	1275 1276	••		Acres. 8,84,508 8,38,776	Rs. 10,60,245 5,47,164
	D	ecres	.88	45,782	5.18 081

to Rupees 5,47,164, or Rupees 5,13,081 below those of Fusly 1275, as shown in the margin. The districts in which there are increases under this head are Ganjam, Cuddapah, and Madura, where it was deemed necessary to afford relief

by relaxing the ordinary rules of remission in consequence of the failure of seasonable rains, and the indigence of the ryots. These remissions where chiefly on dry waste, and were granted under

Tinnevelly			•••	•••	•••	•••	Decrease. 1,05,887
	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	
Madras	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	91,729
Scuth Arcot	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	88,819
Bellary	•••	•••	•••	•••	••	•••	60,959

special orders of the Board. The decrease of remission under this head occurs in almost all the districts, and is large in those noted in the margin.

24. WASTE CHARGED.—The item waste charged shows a net decrease of 19,273 Rupees, resulting from a gross increase of Rupees 2,18,653 in eleven districts, and a gross decrease of Rupees

•							Increase.
Madras	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	84,538
Coimbatore	•••	•••	•••	•••	••	•••	71,591

2,37,926 in seven others. The increase is large in the Madras and Coimbatore districts. In Madras the charge is on dry waste including the Manavary wet lands recently transferred to

dry, with the rate of Teerwah according to the scale sanctioned by Government. It will be well to remark here, that although the transfer of these lands to the head of dry resulted in a slight reduction in the assessment in certain cases, they have been removed altogether from the head of wet, and debarred from being entitled to any consideration for remission which they used to receive hitherto whenever the rains may have failed. The Collector considers that a revision of the settlement of these lands is needed, and the Board concur with him in this opinion. The increase in Coimbatore is owing to lands left waste from the neglect of the owners having been charged. In their Proceedings, dated 18th January 1867, the Board sanctioned the exercise of a discretionary power in granting individual remissions for dry waste, but it was not found necessary to grant this indulgence in more than a few cases. The decrease in Godavery under this head amounted to Rupees 1, 15, 378, and is occasioned by dry lands in the upland talooks left uncultivated at the pleasure of their holders, for pasture or as fallow, having now been charged.

25. ACTUAL CULTIVATION.—The actual cultivation exclusive of waste charged shows a net increase of Acres 4,42,194, assessed at Rupees 3,35,034. The increase in the extent of cultivation

							Increase.
Kistna	•••	•••					82,788
Tinnevelly	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	68,195
Coimbatore	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	62,578
Trichinopoly	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	49,958

occurs chiefly under "Dry," where it amounted to Acres 3,55,998. The districts in which there were large increases are noted in the margin, and they represent the ordinary extension of cultivation. The assessment, however, shows a net

decrease of Rupees 1,20,736. In the Godavery district alone there was a decrease of Rupees 3,57,721, and was the result of the adoption of the new reduced Settlement rates.

- 26. Under wet cultivation there was an increase of 86,196 acres, assessed at Rupees 2,10,864. In Godavery and Nellore, the extent of wet cultivation exhibits a large increase. The increase in the assessment appears chiefly in the Kistna and Nellore districts. In the former it is due to the introduction of the new survey and settlement, and in the latter to the increased area brought under cultivation. The decrease in the assessment appears chiefly in Malabar, where it amounts to Rupees 93,090, and is mainly owing to the exclusion of the demand on account of the Village Service Fund from the Ryotwar beriz. This is, however, incorrect. The Collector should have simply deducted from the gross beriz ten per cent on account of Village Rstablishment, and carried it to the credit of the Village Service Fund, and not excluded altogether from the assessment.
- 27. Final settlement.—The following are the particulars of the final settlement of the entire Presidency, in comparison with Fusly 1275. In this abstract the settled demand of South

Canara is separately shown, and the remissions are then deducted, and to the net is added the demand on account of miscellaneous items:—

	Fusly 1275.		Fusly	1276.	Incri	AST.	DECREASE.	
	Extent	Assess- ment,	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
Dry		Rs. 1,68,01,748 1,74,55,524	Acres. 1,49,40,078 85,74,520	Rs. 1,62,54,914 1,78,01,601	Acres. 2,77,652	Rs.	Acres. 6,698	Rs. 40,829 1,53,928
Total	1,82,48,689	8,87,57,267	1,85,14,598	8,85,56,515	2,70,954			2,00,752
Add South Canara		18,76,296		18,79,781		8,485		
Total	1,82,43,689	3,51,38,563	1,85,14,598	8,49,86,246	2,70,954			1,97,817
Second crop assessment Additional do Water tax	••••••	5,88,959 4,68,520 8,70,144		5,04,524 4,96,678 8,27,894		28,158		84,485 42,250
Total	********	8,70,11,186		3,67,65,842				2,45,844
Deduct. Waste remission Other remissions	••••••	10,60,245 19,05,558		5,47,164 18,84,061		••••••		5,18,081 5,21,492
Total		29,65,798	•••••	19,81,225				10,84,578
Remainder	•••	8,40,45,888 81,71,205		8,48,84,117 88,44,894		7,88,729 1,78,189	**********	
Total	*** ***	3,72,16,598		8,81,78,511		9,61,918		

28. The first portion of the above abstract shows the entire holding inclusive of the waste remitted with reference to Statement No. 3. The variations in this, as well as waste charged and actual cultivation, have already been noticed. The fluctuations in the other items added to the revenue will now be explained.

31. WATER TAX.—The item Water tax appeared in Fusly 1275 in the four districts noted in the margin, but in the year under report it appears in three more districts, namely, Kurnool, Kistna.

Bellary.

Trichinopoly.

Madras, and Coimbatore. Notwithstanding this, there is a decrease under this head of Rupees

42,250, resulting from a gross increase of Rupees 24,497, and of a gross decrease of Rupees 66,747. The largest decrease is in the Godavery district, amounting to Rupees 60,094, and is chiefly attributed to the cultivators in the Godavery district not having used anicut water for their dry crops as in the past year, in consequence of seasonable rains, and partly owing to much land having been relinquished under the impression that the water tax is unduly high. The Collector considers that the increase has not really rendered the rate prohibitory, and that lands have been relinquished in hopes of causing a return to the lower rates, and states that much of the relinquishments have been subsequently resumed.

32. Remissions.—The particulars of remissions from the gross demand are exhibited in this Statement. The waste remission having been shown separately in the Statement No. 3, and also in the abstract above given and already noticed, the other remissions will now be noticed. They amounted during the past year to Rupees 13,84,061, or Rupees 5,21,492 less than Fusly 1275. The following abstract shows their distribution under the several principal heads:—

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
	RS.	Rs.	RS.	RS.
Occasional remissions  Fixed do	10,87,545 92,795	5,70,761 96,437	 3,642	5,16,784 
villages	7,25,193	7,16,863	••••	8,330
Total	19,05,533	13,84,061	3,642	5,25,114
Net decrease	••••		•••••	5,21,472

33. The first of these heads fluctuates every year according to the nature of the season.

Shamilat Bunjer or portions of fields left waste. Shavi or withered crops, Palanustum or loss of produce. These remissions during the year under report amounted to Rupees 5,70,761, or Rupees 5,16,784 less than those of Fusly 1275. In the items noted in the margin, the decrease is consider-

able, and is the result of a stricter observance of the orders on the subject of remissions and of a better season during the Fusly. The remissions on account of Shamilat Bunjer, or portions of fields left waste was less than Fusly 1275 in all the districts. The Shavi remissions exceeded those of the previous year in the Madura district by Rupees 13,825, about three-fourths of which fell on the Melur talook, which suffered most from failure of seasonable rains. The remission for short produce in the Kistna district exceeded that of the previous year by Rupees 15,367, and is attributable to drought and the ravages of insects in Colair.

- 34. The second head, showing fixed remissions, which are usually granted every year, calls for no remark. It shows only a small increase of Rupees 3,642. Under the third head there is a large decrease in the items of share of Shrotriem proceeds and Eavu and Ditta Inams. A large portion of the first and the whole of the second are in Tinnevelly, but no explanation is given by the Collector for the large variation. In the Collector's statement, however, the decrease here made out is not observable, the previous year's figures not having been correctly brought forward.
- 35. The Village Service and Road Cesses included under the third head above referred to in accordance with the orders of Government, dated 15th January 1867, are the deductions made from the beriz, which are exhibited in Enclosure B of Statement No. 3. In this the Road and Village Service Cesses added to each puttah, and deducted from the beriz, are also shown separately. In certain districts where the assessment already includes two per cent. on account of Road Cess agreeably to Act No. III. of 1866, the 1½ per cent. was added to each puttah and then deducted from the beriz. In South Arcot the assessment included one anna per Cawny. It was, therefore, deducted, and to the net assessment 3½ per cent. was added and then deducted from the beriz. In the districts of Ganjam, Bellary, Madura, and South Canara the Road Cess Act was not brought into operation, in Fusly 1276, in consequence of the very adverse nature of the season. In Madura the sum of Rupees 1,110 was collected in Fusly 1275, but nothing appears for Fusly 1276. The reason is not apparent. It may be observed that the Road Cess charged on the Inams, Shrotriem Villages, Zemindaries, etc., is not included in the Statement above referred to.
- 36. The item Village Service Cess is, like the Road Cess, included in the assessment in some districts, and is added to and then deducted from it in others. In the districts where money payments are made from the Treasury no deduction is made from the beriz. In Trichinopoly the 62

per cent. appears to have been collected separately, but the transaction has not been shown in the Settlement accounts as it ought to have been. In Malabar ten per cent. was in the first instance deducted from the assessment, and to the net assessment ten per cent. was again added and then deducted from the beriz.

37. In the subjoined abstract the settlement Demand of Land Revenue under its several items is compared with that of Fusl y1275:—

• Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Difference.
Peshcush on permanently settled Estates Jodi and quit-rent on Shortriem and Inam villages Ryotwar Miscellaneous	6,55,150 341,76,420 31,71,206 431,36,018	6,69,883 349,58,845 33,53,677	14,733 7,82,425 1,82,171 Increase. 9,73,009

38. Peshcush.—A decrease of Rupees 6,620 occurs under the head of Permanently Settled Estates, resulting from an increase of Rupees 1,024 in Madura, against a decrease of Rupees 7,644

Godavery .			Rs. 90
Kistna	•••		4.921
Nellore	•••	•••	1,850
North Arcot	•••	•••	892
Salem	•••		891
		•	7 844

spread over the districts noted in the margin. The increase in Madura is attributable to the inclusion in the Peshcush of the Shevagungah Zemindary, of quit-rent on certain Inam villages situated in that Zemindary under the arrangements sanctioned in Board's Proceedings, dated 17th March 1866, No. 1,920. The statement below explains the decrease in the various districts under this head:—

Godavery.—Reduction in the Peshcush of the Pulivalu Estate on account	RS.
of certain proprietary land given in exchange for an Inam	
taken up for public purposes.—Vide Government Order,	
dated 21st January 1866, No. 1,518	90
Kistna.—Peshcush of the Vissannapettah Estate escheated to Govern-	
ment.—Government Order, dated 16th February 1866, No. 420.	4,885
Reduction in the Peshcush of Nuzeed and Valloor Estates	
under the authority conveyed in Government Order, dated	
18th September 1866, No. 2,507	36
	4,921
Nellore.—Reduction in the Peshcush of the Mutyalapadu Estate from	
Rupees 3,850 to Rupees 2,000.—(Vide Government Order,	
dated 17th December 1866, No. 3,403)	1,850
North Arcot.—Reduction in the Peshcush of the Kalastry Zemindary	
under the authority contained in Government Order, dated	
15th January 1867	394
Increase in the Peshcush of the Karvetnuggur Estate,	
being the assessment of a "C." class land relinquished by	
the Railway Company	2
	<b></b> 392
Salem.—Reduction made in the Peshcush of certain Moottahs on account	
of lands taken up for Railway and other public purposes.—	
Vide Government Order, dated 1st October 1866, No. 2,633.	391
Total	7,644

- 39. Shedter Jodi.—The demand on account of Jodi and quit-rent on the whole Shrotriem and Inam villages exhibits a net increase of Rupees 14,733, resulting from a gross increase of Rupees 16,221, against a gross decrease of Rupees 1,488. The increase is generally owing to additional quit-rent imposed by the Inam Commissioner on the several Inams enfranchised during the Fusly under report. The decrease occurs in the districts of Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Kistna, Cuddapah, and North Arcot, and is due to the transfer of Inam villages to the service tenure in some cases, and to the reduction of quit-rent in others, by the Inam Commissioner.
- 40. RYOTWAR.—The Ryotwar settled demand shows a net increase of Rupees 7,82,425. The increase occurs in almost all the districts save Madura and Malabar, and is generally

			Rs.
Madura	••••	•••	
Malabar	••••	•••	78,780
			1,86,164

attributed to a greater extent of land brought under the plough, and the comparatively less amount of remissions granted during the year. The increase in the Godavery district is only apparent, the Water-tax on Government lands erroneously credited to Miscellaneous revenue in the previous Fusly having been

now rightly added to Ryotwar. Allowing for this, there was actually a decrease in the Ryotwar demand of this district, which is explained, firstly, by the reduced rates of assessment fixed by the Settlement Department; secondly, by extensive relinquishments of lands; and thirdly and lastly, by the transfer to Miscellaneous of assessment of Godavery islands and single rented villages. The Collector of the Kistna district has still carried the Water-tax on Government lands to "Miscellaneous," but the requisite adjustments have been made by the Board, as in the case of last year, to insure a fair comparison. The decrease in Madura is due to larger remissions granted during the year. That in Malabar is only nominal, and is due to the deduction of ten per cent. from the assessment, in the first instance on account of Village Service Cess.

41. MISCELLANEOUS.—The Land Revenue Miscellaneous items, aggregating to Rupees

	Rs.
1. Land cultivated but not included in the Jummahbundy	51,598
2. Rent of islands situated in rivers	. 2,08,683
3. Russums collected from Zemindars	69,480

33,53,676, show an increase of Rupees 1,82,470. The items showing a large increase are given in the margin. In the districts of Godavery, Bellary, Kurnool, Madras, North Arcot, Trichinopoly, and Salem, a large extent of land was cultivated

after the close of settlement. In certain districts unoccupied lands were taken up and cultivated without regular application, and the assessment therefore was credited to Miscellaneous, the ryots holding no puttahs. The districts of Godavery and Kistna alone were subjected to demand on account of rent of islands situated in rivers, and the increase is chiefly attributable to the rent from the unassessed lands in the beds of the Godavery having been carried to the credit of Miscellaneous during the Fusly under report. The third item which occurred only in the district of Nellore exhibits an increase resulting mainly from the Urtwar, Chittitivar, Bhalaroa, Turrawar, Adurawar Russums having been newly credited to Land Revenue Miscellaneous during Fusly 1276. A large portion of these Russums was hitherto kept in deposit.

42. The items which show a large decrease are given in the margin. The decrease in the

				Rs.
1. Revenue from rented villages				46, 281
				87,974
2. Grazing-tax or grass-rent	•••	•••		
3. Rent of gardens and topes	•••	•••		15,485
4. Revenue from sequestered Inam		•••		15,116
5. Revenue from the sale of Amend	livi (	Coir	in	
				00 114
South Canara				28.116

first item is chiefly attributable to the Ryotwar settlement having been introduced into twenty-four villages of the Madras district hitherto held on the rental tenure, and that in the Grazing-tax or grass-rent is chiefly due to the abolition of Pullery-tax in all the villages of

the Nellore and Atmakur talooks of the Nellore district, to a considerable extent of grass lands, held on Paravapilloovary tenure in Coimbatore having been cultivated and charged with full assessment, and partly to the adverse nature of the season, especially during the early part of the Fusly,

which necessitated the indulgent measure of leaving for purposes of pasturage to farm-stock the lands hitherto rented out for grazing. Gardens and Topes were rented out in some twelve districts, but there is a falling off in the aggregate amount of rent occasioned by the absence of competition resulting from the unfavourable state of the season. The revenue from the sequestration of Inams which took place in some thirteen districts exhibits a falling off of Rupees 15,116, which is accounted for by the fact that a large number of Inams reverted to Government. The last item which exclusively appertains to South Canara shows a falling off in the revenue, which is to be ascribed to a much smaller quantity of Island coir having been disposed of during Fusly 1276, and the comparatively small prices fetched by them, owing to decrease in demand caused by diminished requirement of Bombay Dockyards.

43. The extent of land held on Cowle or progressive rate of assessment, during Fusly 1276, is given in the subjoined abstract, from which it will be observed that the extent of land newly taken up on Cowle was 4,775 acres, assessed at Rupees 6,842, and that the net demand exclusive of remissions on account of waste and Cowle amounted to Rupees 19,225:—

Cowle as per last year	Acres. 1,00,226	Rs. 94,905
Deduct.		
Land brought up to full assessment           18,014       24,285         Land abandoned           1,213       1,126	19,227	<b>25,4</b> 11
Add new Cowle	80,999 4,775	69,494 6,842
Total	85,774	76,336
Add second crop additional assessment and Water-tax	•••••	275
Rs.  Deduct remission on account of Waste	·	76,611 57,386
Net Beriz Rs. Note.—Remission on account of Cowle		19,225
Deduct.		
Amount omitted in the Statement of remissions from Malabar on which the Board's Return No. 4 was prepared 13,538  Total 43,210		

Districts.	Mo: putt	ney ahs	Garder assesse fixed rer	d with money	Total.				
	Ext.	Assmt.	Ext.	Assmt.	Ext.	Assmt			
-	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.			
South Arcot Tanjore Madura			53	118	2,181 53 1,059	118			
Total	8,240	7,448	58	118	8,298	7,566			

44. The particulars of the cultivation and the settlement of Amani villages which obtained only in the three districts of South Arcot, Tanjore, and Madura, is given in the abstract below. The net demand of these villages, during the Fusly under report, amounted to Rupees 12,963 inclusive of ready-money collections aggregating Rupees 7,566, the particulars of which are embodied in the marginal abstract.

	Y	B1						
	Decresse.	22	3,750	:	1,972	5,722	•	
	.esse10nI	21		5,692	:	5,692		
	Last Fusly.	50	3,549	8,600	814	12,963		
.v[au]	Remainder for the current I	19	7,299	2,908	2,786	1,516 12,993 12,963	30	12,963
.smsn	Deduct sundry charges and l	18	517	692	307	1,516	, Mis-	Net
	LetoT.	17	7,816	3,600	3,093	742 14,509	Revenue	
	Miscellaneous items.	16	121	571	20	742	and ]	1
	Ready-money items.	15	6,801	118	647	7,586	em of L	
			2	6	2	0	he it	
	Value of the produce shown in Column 13.	14	BB. ▲.	2,910 8	<b>2,</b> 396	6,200 15	on sundry Inams transferred to the item of Land Revenue,	
	Total Circar produce.	13	492	2,044	491	3,027	transfer	
	Add resumed Mershs out of Columns 7 and 10.	21	1 41	96	52	165	nams	
	Remaining Circar shares.	H	478	1,948	436	2,862	undry I	
TSIBL	Deduct Curnum Meraha.	10	:	:	26	28	59 مد	
CROPS DIVISIBLE	Oircar share.	6	478	1,948	492	2,918	Deduct quit-rent cellaneous, in Madur	
C	Remaining produce.	8	955	3,544	985	5,484	Deduct o	
	Deduct Calavasam, etc.	7	14	453	245	712	cellar	••
	Gross produce.	9	696	3,997	1,230	6,196		
	Remaining produce.	2	46	255	351	662		
	Deduct Shavy.	4	8	27217	- <u>:</u> -	67220		
	Extent of cultivation.	က	49	27:	351			
	Number of villages.	8	1	က	<del>*</del> 9	164		
	Districts.	1	South Arcot	Tanjore	Madura	Total		

The subjoined statement exhibits the extent of the cultivation of the special products, Sugar-cane, Cotton, and Indigo, during Fusly 1276, as compared with that in the preceding Fusly. The cultivation has fallen off by 4,355, 78,753, and 45,024 acres in Sugar-cane, Cotton, and Indigo respectively:-

	Sugar.	-CANE.	Сот	TON.	Indigo.				
Districts.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.			
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			
1. Ganjam	3,795	2,902	11,755	8,582	40	66			
2. Vizagapatam	7,306	5,712	21,591	16,813	3,050	2,848			
3. Godavery	5,810	<b>5,45</b> 3	21,115	33,123	460	850			
4. Kistna	•••••		1,74,150	1,88,476	11,011	14,309			
5. Nellore	20	23	34,915	37,004	13,781	17,169			
6. Cuddapah	2,756	2,239	67,316	51,217	<b>36,942</b>	12,294			
7. Bellary	7,213	6,861	3,38,915	3,05,028	1,217	787			
8. Kurnool	498	287	2,13,510	2,00,390	3,903	1,914			
9. Madras	85	70	197	83	7,464	6,327			
10. North Arcot	6,006	6,261	6,579	6,011	15,836	14,709			
11. South Arcot	1,954	1,853	40,170	20,148	55,026	33,392			
12. Tanjore	357	269	6,469	4,686	991	746			
13. Trichinopoly	1,139	836	6,107	4,108	216	79			
14. Madura	159	149	1,09,637	91,918	119	61			
15. Tinnevelly	206	142	2,16,501	2,20,407	361	413			
16. Coimbatore	1,340	1,402	1,10,635	1,15,529	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
17. Salem	1,480	1,317	16,135	13,421	1,125	554			
18. South Canara	1,019	1,012	•••••		•••••	•••••			
19. Malabar	•••••			•••••	•••••	•••••			
Total	41,143	36,788	13,95,697	13, 16, 944	1,51,542	1,06,518			
Government lands	20,327	18,628	9,17,607	8,67,862	1,26,095	86,606			
Inam lands	5,258	4,913	3,16,277	2,89,546	13,349	9,511			
Zemindary lands	15,558	13,247	1,61,813	1,59,536	12,098	10,401			

The decrease in Sugar-cane cultivation occurs in almost all the districts, except in Nellore, North Arcot, and Coimbatore, and those in which Last Fusly. Current Fusly. Decrease 8,795 7,806 it has greatly diminished are Ganjam and Viza-2,902 5,712 898 Ganjam ...... Visagapatam..

gapatam. The large decrease in Vizagapatam is owing partly to the closing of the Chittival Sugar Factory, and partly to a falling off in the demand for Jaggery for export.

The area cultivated with Cotton has fallen off except in the districts of Godavery, Kistna,

	Last Fusly.	Current Fusly.	Decrease.
Cuddapah	. 67,816	51,217	16,099
Bellary	. 8,88,915	8,05,028	88,887
Kurnool	. 2,18,510	2,00,890	18,120
South Arcot	40,170	20,148	20,022
	1,09,687	91,918	17,719

Nellore, Tinnevelly, and Coimbatore. The decrease is chiefly in the districts named in the margin, and is owing to the dullness of the European market, and to the stimulus given to the cultivation of cereals by the recent scarcity and high price of food.

The decrease in Indigo occurs chiefly in the districts of Cuddapah and South Arcot, and is attributed to the failure of seasonable Current Fusly. Decrease rains.

Last Fusly. 36,942 24,648 Ouddapah.. 55,026 83,392 21,634

The following abstract exhibits the **49**.

average assessment per acre on the extent of actual cultivation entered in Statement No. 3. It will be observed that the maximum average on dry land occurs in the Godavery district, where

the assessment per acre was Rupees 2-2-4, and the minimum in Bellary being Rupee 0-10-11, the total average for the whole Presidency was Rupees 1-1-11. The maximum average on wet lands occurs in Tinnevelly, and the minimum in the Godavery district, the total average being Rs. 4-14-3:—

		Dry.		Wet.							
Districts.	Extent.	Assessment.	Average.	Extent.	Assessment.	Average.					
	Acres.	ES.	R8. A. P.	Acres.	Rs. 4,91,827	RS. A. P. 214 1					
1. Ganjam	1,04,512	1,35,429	1 4 9 1 2 1	1,70,617							
2. Vizagapatam	46,546		1 2 1	22,889							
3. Godavery	2,29,787			2,03,216		5 8 8					
4. Kistna	12,99,511		1 5 6	1,47,812	8,15,978						
5. Nellore	5,38,223			1,67,757	8,14,270						
6. Cuddapah	10,64,693			1,27,396							
7. Bellary	19,81,884		01011	1,54,537		010 9					
8. Kurnool	11,09,644		015 9	25,603							
9. Madras	1,60,587			2,34,338							
10. North Arcot				1,93,323		5 13 4					
11. South Arcot			1 2 1	2,61,823	14,09,534	5 6 2					
12. Tanjore			1 4 1	6,74,155							
13. Trichinopoly	6,79,757		01511	1,19,334		4 4 7					
14. Madura	5,75,650	7,81,628		1,25,669	5,43,088	4 5 2					
15. Tinnevelly	8, 18, 621		0 13  8	1,59,726		13 7 8					
16. Coimbatore	18,26,877	16,87,674	0 14 9	80,186	6,13,924						
17. Salem	9,78,934			77,626		6 3 2 3 0 10					
18. Malabar	3,74,648	5,91,750	1 9 5	3,80,425	11,59,626	3 0 10					
Total	131,61,771	147,94,556	1 1 11	33,26,432	162,77,232	4 14 3					

50. The subjoined is a comparative abstract showing the demand from sundry sources of revenue:—

Sources of Revenue.				Sources of Revenue. Fusly 1275. Fusly 1276.					
1. Abkarry 2. Income-tax 3. License-tax 4. Salt 5. Sea Customs 6. Land Customs. 7. Stamps	•••	•••		••	102.85,487 19,45,425 1,23,979	54,61,340 1,753 2,56,290 115,87,979 20,68,505 1,25,830 30,56,643	13,69,576 	92,576	

- 51. ABKARRY.—The Abkarry demand shows an increase of Rupees 13,69,576. It occurs in all the districts except Ganjam, Kistna, and Madras. The increase is to be ascribed to the very advantageous terms on which the Abkarry farms were sold. The decrease in Ganjam is due to the farms having been sold on a lower rental in consequence of the absence of competition occasioned by the heavy losses sustained by the renter of Fusly 1275. The decrease in Madras is due to a falling off in the sales of arrack in the Town of Madras, occasioned by distress created by high prices.
- 52. INCOME-TAX.—There is a decrease of Rupees 65,586 under this item, which is owing to the Income-tax, which was abolished from 1st August 1865, having been in operation for one month in Fusly 1275, certain deductions from salaries, pensions, interest on Government bonds, etc., were brought to account during the Fusly under report.

53. ALGENSE-TAX.—The increase under License-tax is due to the introduction of the License Act, No. XXI. of 1867, on professions and trades, from 1st May 1867. The Act was in operation only in the last two months of the Fusly.

Salt.—The gross revenue from salt amounted to Rupees 115,87,979, and exceeded that of the previous year by Rupees 13,02,492. Ra It increased in every district except Madura South Canara 24,461 and South Canara. This result is attributable chiefly to the enhancement of price from Rupees 1-8-0 to Rupees 1-11-0 per Indian Maund which obtained throughout the year while it was in operation only in the latter end of the previous Fusly. It is also due in part to the increased facilities of transport afforded by the progress of the Railway system, and to more effective supervision on the part of the officers The decrease in the two districts above intrusted with the management of the Salt Department. named, is principally ascribed to the diminution of sales occasioned by the scarcity and distress among the poorer classes. The Collector of South Canara reports that traffic between the district

and the adjacent province of Mysore was greatly impeded by the prevalence of Cattle disease

55. From the result shown in the margin, it will be observed that the Salt Revenue has continued steadily to increase, notwithstanding the continued steadily to increase, notwithstanding the enhancement of the price of salt.

Fusly 1271....... 87,06,096 75,78,200

, 1272....... 91,93,089 80,19,358

, 1273...... 94,78,845 84,74,959

, 1274...... 99,17,221 85,19,728

, 1375...... 102,74,290 86,63,130

, 1276...... 115,84,838 101,70,058

above the ghauts.

56. The Statements Nos. 7 and 8 exhibit the transactions of the Salt Department. An abstract of Statement No. 7, showing the quantity of salt received into store and sold during the Fusly, is given below:—

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusl <b>y</b> 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Receipts.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.
Salt in store at the beginning of the year	92,30,636	98,26,082	5,95,446	······
Salt manufactured and purchased, and received into store	87,70,876 42,474		•••••	7,96,674 42,474
Total	180,43,986	178,00,284	5,95,446	8,39,148
Net	••••			2,43,702
Sales.				
Home consumption	33,35,531 33,38,403 13,69,142 37,341 31,200	35,84,818 3,83,370 79,155		9,85,772 31,200
Total	81,11,617	74,58,492	3,63,847	10,16,972
Net				6,53,125
Deduct wastage written off	99,32,369 1,06,291		4,09,423 7,02,071	•••••
Remaining balance	98,26,078	95,33,430		2,92,648

178,00,284 Indian Maunds were available for sale inclusive of 79,74,202 Indian Maunds received into store during the Fusly by manufacture and purchase. The sales exhibit a falling of by 6,53,125 Indian Maunds, the decrease occurring in the districts of Nellore, Madras, Tanjore, and South Canara. It is chiefly occasioned by the quantity of salt exported by sea this year being much less than in Fusly 1275. The greater portion of this decrease, amounting to nearly five lacs, appertains to Madras, and is ascribed to the exportation, in Fusly 1275, having been unusually large owing to Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co. having purchased a very large quantity of salt for exporting to Bengal, where the damage done to the store by the gale occasioned a great demand.

58. The wastage of salt in the several districts of the Madras Presidency for Fusly 1276 is given below:-

Districts.	Contents of the heaps when received.		Outturn of the heaps when sold.		Wastage		Centage of the wastage on Column 2	Value o wastag salt at prime	e c	e e	Value of wastage of at the m poly pri	f s	alı o-
1	2		3	-	4	_	5	6		_	7		_
1. Ganjam	4,37,459 1,26,462 2,86,200 1,89,823 1,53,128 3,27,780 4,98,292 64,842 83,354 2,49,600 2,72,215 46,681 29,50,639	11 10 0 30 23 20 5 17 10 0 0 28 0 -34	81,101 (2,43,016) (2,05,458) (2,60,652) (2,46,531) (27,79,586) 15	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	21,733 3,004 15,636 13,002 5,036 25,486 54,558 2,702 2,253 6,584 9,342 *11,563 150	31 10 0 10 23 20 30 35 4 0 16 0 19	2:37 5:46 6:85 3:28 7:78 10:37 4:67 2:70 2:25 4:35 4:25 0:32 5:76	88. 1,965 225 1,303 850 581 3,822 8,666 299 181 617 827 4,934 86	5 0 1 15 15 12 2 13 4 2 3 6	1 0 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2	36,600 5,069 24,859 21,941 7,778 43,008 92,067 299 3,300 11,110 15,764	10 4 2 7 15 2 8 10 15 2	9 9 4 0 0 0 0 0 0

11,563 16

59. The wastage sanctioned by Government for Fusly 1275 was not written off the Collectors' accounts for Fusly 1276, the sanction of Government having reached them after the close of the Fusly. The Board have, however, included it in Statement No. 7, under the column headed "Wastage written off under the sanction of Government." The wastage which the Collectors now apply to write off amounts to 1,71,053-19 Indian Maunds. It will be observed that the wastage is less than five per cent. in all the districts except Godavery, Kistna, Madras, and South Arcot. In Godavery district it is a little more than five per cent. and less than six. In Kistna and Madras it is less than seven and eight per cent. respectively. This slight increase in the percentage must doubtless be attributed to the disposal of old salt heaps damaged by rain. In South Arcot, the wastage is about ten per cent. The Collector gives no explanation, but the reasons assigned for similar large wastage, in Fusly 1275, apply to the wastage of Fusly 1276 also, as the salt heaps in some of the divisions were reported to have suffered much damage from the rain which fell during the months of October and November 1865. The sanction of Government is solicited for writing off the wastage in all the districts aggregating 1,71,053-19 Indian Maunds.

60. The financial results of salt transactions, for Fusly 1276, are given in the subjoined abstract:—

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase or decrease.	Percent- age.
Gross revenue	R8. 102,75,414 13,285	R8. 115,73,397 10,936	**************************************	RS. + 12·6 — 17·7
Deduct charges	102,88,699 16,11,160	115,84,333 14,14,280	+ 12,95,634 $- 1,96,880$	$+\frac{12.6}{-12.2}$
Net revenue	86,77,539	101,70,053	+ 14,92,514	+ 17.2

61. The gross salt revenue inclusive of Miscellaneous items amounted to Rupees 115,84,333, showing an increase of 12,95,634 Rupees in favour of the Fusly under report. The charges which amounted to Rupees 14,14,280 exhibit a net decrease of Rupees 1,96,880, resulting from an increase of Rupees 85,500, against a decrease of Rupees 2,82,380. The increase in the revenue has been fully explained in the foregoing paragraphs, and it now remains to account for the decrease in charges. A large portion of this decrease, amounting to nearly one and a half lacs appertains to South Canara, where it is ascribed to a much smaller quantity of salt having been purchased from Bombay and Goa, in consequence of a large stock remaining on hand. There is a decrease of Rupees 51,970 in Madras, which is owing chiefly to the fact that the salt manufacture was restricted to the northern pans where the rates of Cudivaram are considerably less than in the southern pans. A large diminution in the exportation of salt has also contributed to reduce the expenditure in Madras. The decrease in Malabar is attributed to the cheap rate at which salt was purchased, to the fact that no salt was obtained from Madras, as in Fusly 1275.

62. The increase occurs chiefly in Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Tanjore, and Tinnevelly, and is due

generally to the disbursement of arrears of Cudivaram and other charges in Fusly 1276, and to the more extensive manufacture of salt. The percentage of charges on the gross revenue is given in the following table:—

	Fusly 1275.		Fusly	1276.	Incr	ease.	Decrease.	
Districts.	Charges.	Percentage on the gross revenue.	Charges.	Percent- age on the gross revenue.	Charges.	Percent- age on the gross revenue.	Charges.	Percentage on the gross revenue.
	RS.		RS.	-	RS.		RS.	
Ganjam	76,423	6	1,23,349	8	46,926	3		•.•
Vizagapatam			32,526	10	10,011			•••
Godavery	41,194		42,394		1,200	•••		•••
Kistna	69,168		56,002		•••	•••	13,166	
Nellore	1,09,890		97,544		•••	•••	12,346	
Madras	3,99,217		3,47,247		•••	•••	51,979	2
South Arcot			54,682		•••	•••	7,566	1
Tanjore			1,13,310		15,222			•••
Madura	60,568		64 187		3,619			•••
Tinnevelly	65,696		74,221	10	8,525	1		•••
South Canara	2,59,604		1,17,490		•••	•••	1,42,114	
Malabar	3,46,546	42	2,91,328	32	•••	•••	55,218	•••
Total	16,11,157	16	14,14,280	12	85,503	•••	2,82,380	2
						Net	1,96,877	

63. The following abstract exhibits a comparison between the charges incurred during the Fuslies 1275 and 1276:—

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Charges of Collections.  Fixed Establishment  Country Stationery or Saderward  Travelling allowance to Officers, etc	2,19,624 3,820 7,313	2,25,586 3,216 6,942	5,962 	 604 371
Total Net	2,30,757	2,35,744	5,962 <b>4,</b> 987	975
Charges for the provision of Salt. Purchase and Manufacturer's share Charges for conveying and storing salt Do. for exporting salt Salt compensation Contingencies	11,54,149 1,51,971 58,438 274 15,571	10,17,202 1,14,216 22,307 444 24,367	 170 8,796	1,36,947 37,755 36,131 
Total Net	13,80,403	11,78,536	8,966	2,10,833 2,01,867
Grand Total Net	16,11,160	14,14,280	14,928 	2,11,808 1,96,880

- 64. Sha Customs.—The collections of the Maritime districts of the Presidency under this item shows a net increase of Rupees 1,23,080. The increase occurs in all the districts except Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Godavery, and Madura, and is ascribable to increased exportation of Paddy and Cloths, and to the increased importation of Betel-nut. The increase in the town of Madras is owing to extensive importation of Cotton Twist and Yarn, Cotton Piece-goods, Metals, Malt Liquors, and Wines. The decrease in Ganjam and Vizagapatam is due to a falling off in exports of dutiable goods owing to unfavourable nature of season. That in Godavery and Madura is trifling, and calls for no further remarks.
- 65. LAND CUSTOMS.—This duty was levied only in the districts of Godavery, Kistna, South Arcot, Tanjore, and Malabar during Fusly 1276. There is a net increase occasioned by an increase in Kistna, Tanjore, and Malabar, against a decrease in the districts of Godavery and South Arcot. The decrease occurs chiefly in South Arcot, where it is owing to less production and therefore less export of Indigo, Gingelly-oil seed and products of all sorts, as well as to less imports of Liquor and Copper.
- 66. STAMPS.—The revenue from Stamps exhibits a slight decrease, which is mainly owing to the demand of the preceding Fusly having been unprecedentedly large, in consequence of the number of documents that had to be renewed within the period allowed by the Registration Act.
- 67. The aggregate demand on account of Land and other sources of Revenue for the whole Presidency, during the Fusly under review, amounted to Rupees 666,67,367, showing a very satisfactory increase of Rupees 38,68,133 in favour of the Fusly under report.

The particulars of current demand, collection, and balance of all the Revenues for Fusly 1276, in the whole Presidency, is given below:-

Items.	Current demand.	Collections.	Balance.	Subsequent collections and remissions up to December 1867.	Balance.	
,	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Permanently settled Jody on Shrotriem, etc Ryotwar Miscellaneous	51,26,622 6,69,883 349,58,845 33,53,677	43,84,360 5,78,545 330,16,164 26,42,423	7,42,262 91,338 19,42,681 7,11,254	5,54,287 74,919 16,81,566 4,55,329	1,87,975 16,419 2,61,115 2,55,925	
Total	441,09,027	406,21,492	34,87,535	27,66,101	7,21,434	
Abkarry	54,61,340 1,753 2,56,290 20,68,505 1,25,830 115,87,979 30,56,643	45,74,071 1,753 2,56,290 20,68,505 1,25,830 115,84,333 30,56,643	8,87,269	6,01,117	2,86,152 	
Total	225,58,340	216,67,425	8,90,915	6,03,535	2,87,380	
Grand Total	666,67,367	622,88,917	43,78,450	33,69,636	10,08,814	

69. Out of the entire demand of Rupees 666, 67, 367, Rupees 622, 88, 917 was collected during the year, leaving a balance of Rupees 43,78,450 at the close of the Fusly. This balance was further reduced to Rupees 10,08,814 by the subsequent collections and remissions, which amounted to Rupees 33,69,636 up to December 1867.

Under Permanently settled estates there was a balance of Rupees 1,87,975, distributed 70.

								Rs.
Ganjam		•••	•••	.,.	•••		•••	2
Vizagapatam	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	1,964
Godavery	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	4,691
Kistna	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	13,679
Nellore	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••		51,609
Madras			•••	•••	•••	•••		443
North Arcot		•••	•••				•••	2.312
South Arcot		•••			•••		•••	87
Madura			•••		•••	• •	•••	1,09,986
Salem	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	8,252
								1 87 975

Government Order, dated 31st July 1867, No. 1,750.

Board's Proceedings, 12th September 1867, No. 5,859.

amongst the several districts noted in the margin. It is large in Nellore and Madura. The balance in Nellore is the amount of compensation allowed to the Vencatagherry Zemindar in Government Order, dated 8th June 1867, No. 1,300, as an adjustment of his claims for the suspension of Moturpha collections, and should have been written off and the balance cleared. The balance in Madura is mainly owing to permission having been granted to the Ramnad Zemindar to delay the payment of the remainder of his Peishcush to the extent of Rupees 1,00,000 up to March 1868, and partly to the Kannivadu Renter not having liquidated his balance notwithstanding that he was allowed to delay payment until December last. The balance in the Kistna district is against the Nuzivied and Davara-

These estates are now under attachment on account of the arrears due by them. cotah estates. The balance in the other districts is not quite so large, but there can be no grounds whatever for the Peishcush on Permanently settled estates not being realized in full within the Fusly.

71. The net balance under Shrotriem Jody is Rupees 16,419. The balance is large in Madras

								•		
										RS.
Madras	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	•••	2,824
Salem	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	4,878

and Salem. In the former district it is owing to the non-distribution of title-deeds to the Inamdars. The Collector apprehends that, owing to the suspension of title-deeds by the Inam

Commissioner, this balance cannot be realized for some time to come; but the Board trust that, as the Commissioner has deputed an Inam Deputy Collector to settle the Inam villages of the district, there will not be much delay in the adjustment of the balance. The Collector of Salem reports that he has attached the Agraharum villages, but that it is extremely difficult to realize these balances without bringing them under the cognizance of the Arrear Recovery Act. The balances in the other districts are probably owing to the additional quit-rent recently imposed by the Inam Commissioner.

72. The Ryotwar balance of Rupees 2,61,115, is spread over all the districts of the Presidency. This balance, it will be observed, is less than that of the preceding Fusly by nearly a lac

										Re-
Rellary	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••		•••	54,929
Madras	•••	•••	•••	•••	••	•••	•••	•••	•••	22,988
North A	rcot	•••	•••	•••	•;•	•••	•••	•••	•••	89,660

of Rupees. The districts noted in the margin are those in which there is a considerable balance. The balance in Bellary is chiefly owing to the postponement of collections consequent upon the

adverse nature of the season. The balance in the Madras district is due to increased demand on waste lands. The collections during the Fusly, however, show an increase, which is the result of the provisions of Arrear Recovery Act No. II. of 1864 having been rigorously enforced. The relaxation of the provisions of Act No. II. of 1864, in those parts of the districts most afflicted by distress, resulted in a perceptible balance in North Arcot.

73 The balance on account of Miscellaneous items amounted to Rupees 2,55,925, occurring

									Rs.
Godavery	•••								75,663
Kistna		••••							60,966
	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	80,686
Bellary	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
Madras	• •	***	***	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	28,873
North Arc	ot	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	21,664

chiefly in the districts noted in the margin. The greater portion of the balance in the Godavery district is due to the postponement of the collections of the water-tax on wet Zemindary Agraharums and Inam lands in the Sub-Divi-

sion pending inquiry as to classification. No explanation is given for the large balance in the Kistna district. In Bellary it is due to the postponement of collection owing to distress. A considerable portion of the balance in Madras is owing to the quit-rent and ground-rent in the town of Madras and its suburbs not having been punctually collected in consequence of the landholders taking undue advantage of the defective state of law hitherto prevailing within the High Court limits. This difficulty having been obviated by the passing of Act No. X. of 1867, the Collector trusts that such large balances will not appear in future. The balance in North Arcot is composed of several petty items.

74. The balance of Rupees 2,86,152 under Abkarry occurs in the marginally noted districts,

									Rg.
Nellore	•••	•••	•••		•••				
Bellary	•••	•••	••	•••	•••		•••		2.27.488
Kurnool	•••	•••	•••		•••			•••	4.044
Madras	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	48
Madura	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	••	•••	47,677
Salem	•••	. •••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,101
								•	
									Q QR 150

and is very large in Bellary and Madura. The balance in the former district is mainly owing to the inability of the renters to fulfil their engagements caused partly by the enhanced prices to which competition ran up the farms, and partly by the entire absence of demand for liquor during the famine months of July,

August, and September 1866. The Collector of Madura states that requisite steps have been adopted for the realization of the recoverable portion of the balance, but that a considerable sum is likely to be irrecoverable owing to the fact that several of the Renters are not men of substance. A great portion of the balance in Nellore is due by the Gudur Renter. Some of his

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property is now under attachment, and measures are being taken by the Collector to enforce against him the provisions of the Abkarry Act, as his conduct has been evasive. A great portion of the balance in Kurnool is irrecoverable, and the reasons adduced to account for increased balance in Bellary apply equally to this district.

- 75. The balance under Salt, which belongs exclusively to Bellary, is in the item of earth-salt, and is mainly attributable to postponement of collections.
- 76. The Demand, Collection, and Balance of the Neilgherry talook of the Coimbatore district is indicated in the following abstract:—

Items.	Demand for Fusly 1276.	Collections within the Fusly.	Balance.	Subsequent collections up to 31st September 1867.	Balance.
LAND REVENUE.					
Ryotwar.					
Lands held by Burghers and other Hill Tribes Do. by Europeans, East Indians,	16,895	16,361	534	499	35
etc., for Coffee plantations and other agricultural purposes	7,756		7,756	3,834	3,922
Total	24,651	16,361	8,290	4,333	3,957
Miscellaneous.					
Quit rent on house properties Other items	4,233 23	243 9	3,990 14	3,341 14	649
Total	4,256	252	4,004	3,355	649
Grand Total	28,907	16,613	12,294	7,688	4,606

- 77. The demand of the Fusly shows a decrease of Rupees 20,281 compared with the preceding year, but it is only nominal, the receipts of the previous year having been rendered unusually large because the sale proceeds of waste lands subject to assessment which had previously accumulated in deposit from the 17th October 1861, were then credited to "Land Revenue Miscellaneous."
- 78. Out of the demand of Rupees 28,907, Rupees 24,301 was realized up to September, leaving a balance of Rupees 4,606, which is more than that of Fusly 1266 by Rupees 1,859, and consists chiefly of the assessment and quit-rent due on coffee plantations and house properties held by Europeans and East Indians. The balance on lands held by Burghers, Rupees 35, is trifling. The Collector reports that the Special Assistant Collector has been instructed to collect the arrears under the provisions of Act No. II. of 1864.
- 79. The following Statement exhibits the Arrear, Demand, Collection, and Balance of Land Revenue and Revenue from other sources. Out of Rupees 44,12,473, which was outstanding at the beginning of Fusly 1276, Rupees 32,44,440 was collected, and Rupees 1,49,149 remitted during the Fusly, leaving a balance of Rupees 10,18,884, which was reduced to Rupees 8,16,367

by subsequent collections and remissions up to December. Rupees 1,42,860-4-9 is said by the Collector to be irrecoverable:—

				Subse-		Balance	<del></del>	
Items.	Demand.	Collec- tion.	Remission.	collec- tions and remis- sions.	Recover- able and doubtful.	Irrecover	able.	Total.
	Rs.	RS.	R8.	RS.	RS,	RS.	A. P.	RS.
Permanently set- tled	1,24,273 20,66,332 11,32,866 2,58,000 4,217 91,962 44,12,473 Deduct ar under I	15,99.760 6,24,649 2,20,917 2,452 10,081 	5,174 78,765 32,444 21,803 37 1,389 	5,049 75,127 47,897 223 293 71,515 2,02,517 rized to be —Vide Go	11,427 2,10,529 3,96,184 8,399 1,115 11,939 6,73,506 remitted evernment	1,013 1,02,151 31,691 6,658 320 37 	5 6 8 0 0 0 0 0 13 0 4 9	12,441 3,12,680 4,27,876 15,057 1,435 11,977 8,16,367
	Net irrect		•	7, No. 823 mended f		27,200  1,15,659	- -	

80. As in the case of last Fusly, the part of the irrecoverable balance which has occurred on permanently settled estates occurs in the districts of Godavery and South Arcot. It is the same in amount, and is ascribed to the same causes. The Collector of South Arcot purposes to address the Board shortly in view to a permanent reduction being made from the Peishcush of certain Moottahs in which lands have been taken up for public purposes.

81. The Collectors of the seven districts noted in the margin recommend that the irrecover-

			To	lai	1.	018	- <u>-</u> -	11
Tanjore	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	58	0	0
South Arcot	•••	•••	•••	•••		12	7	7
	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1	-8	
Cuddapah	•••			•••	•••	91	в	8
Nellore	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	87	8	5
Kistna	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	2	13	5
Godavery	•••	•••	•••			765	2	11
					-	RS.	A.	P.

able balance of Rupees 11,013-10-11 in "Shrotriem Jodi" may be remitted. In the Godavery district it consists of quit-rent improperly demanded from Inamdars before any tittle-deeds were issued to them, of Russums erroneously demanded from the Agraharams of the Pentapad

talook, notwithstanding the prohibition contained in Government Order, dated 28th March 1866, No. 359, and of quit-rent on Inams which have been sold for arrears and purchased by Government. The amount next in magnitude is that of Cuddapah, where it is due to the reduction of excessive quit-rent by the Inam Commissioner. The Nellore balance arises in great part from the refusal of the Shrotriemdars of Kancheruvu to their Jodi for Fusly 1275 on the ground that quit-rent was levied from them before they received their Inam Registers. The balances in the other districts are the result of the Inamdars declining to enfranchise their Inams, and to their unwillingness to accept the Commissioner's decision as to the amount of quit-rent.



82. The balance recommended for remission under "Ryotwar and Miscellaneous" amounts

to Rupees 1,06,642-2-1. As far as the Board can judge there is every reason to believe that the Collectors have taken proper steps to scrutinize the nature and necessity of these remissions. They are considerably less than that

recommended for remission in the preceding Fusly.

- 83. The Collectors of Vizagapatam, Nellore, and Madura recommend that Rupees 6,016-8-0, Rupees 500, and Rupees 141-8-6, the arrears due from Abkarry renters in their districts, may be remitted and written off. The Vizagapatam balance is certainly irrecoverable because it is the rent of the talook of Kasipur which has been alienated from the Jeypore Estate as forming no part of it. The balance in Nellore results from the resale of the Kanigiri farm in Fusly 1275, and there is no prospect of its being recovered from the renters, who own no property. The balance in Madura is the arrear due from the late Abkarry renter of Melur, who has become bankrupt.
- 84. An "Earth-salt" balance of Rupees 320 in Bellary is irrecoverable, because of the default of ryots either through death, emigration, or poverty.
- 85. Under the head of Income-tax the Collector of Bellary alone has recommended remission. The sum is Rupees 37-13-0; the ground for the recommendation is that over-taxation on false information has been proved.
- 86. The particulars of irrecoverable arrears recommended for remission are given district by district in the subjoined abstract. The Board request the sanction of Government for writing off the total which amounts to Rupees 1,15,659-13-4:—

		I	LAND REVENUE.	·					
Districts.	Permanently settled.	Shrotriem Jodi.	Ryotwar.	Miscellane-	Total.	Abkarry.	tax.	Salt.	Grand Total.
	B8.   A.  P.	BB.   A.   P.	RG.   A.  P.	B.B.		B8. (A.) P.	B8. [A.] P.	BS.   A.   P.	BB. [A. P.
1. Ganjam	:		9 15 0		372 011		:	<u>:</u>	372 0
2. Vizagapatam.	:	:	37812 1	2112 0	400 8 1	6,016 8 0	:	:	6,417 0 1
3. Godsvery	950 7 5	765 211	2,415 2 7	12,765 9 6	16,896 6 5	:	:	:	16,896 6 5
4. Kistna		2 13 5	1,930 1 2	2,581 12 8	4,51411 3	:	:	<u>:</u>	4,51411 3
5. Nellore	:	87 8 5	12,274 8 6	1,600 110	13,962 2 9	200 0 0	:		14,462 2 9
6. Cuddapah	:	91 6 8	1,990 11 1	1,763 9 4	3,84511 1	:	:	_ <u>:</u>	3,84511 1
7. Bellary	:	:	17,453 911	6,692 8 9	24,146 2 8	<u>:</u> :	3713 0	320 0 0	24,50315 8
8. Kurnool		1 311	2,53912 9	339 0 1	2,880 0 9	:		_ <u>:</u>	2,880 0 9
9. Madras	:	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	:	- :	
10. North Arcot	<u>:</u>	:	15,08413 8	4,468 10 1	19,553 7 9	:	:	:	19,553 7 9
11. South Arcot	37 7 5	12 7 7	6,936 1 4	:	6,986 0 4	- <u>:</u> -:	:	<u>:</u>	6,986 0 4
12. Tanjore	:	53 0 0	2,454 5 1	110 2 2	2,617 7 3	<u>:</u>	:	:	2,617 7 3
13. Trichinopoly	:	<u>:</u> :	646 0 0	33,15 6	67915 6	:	:	<u>:</u>	67915 6
14. Madura	:	:	21713 6	0 4 0	218 1 6	141 8 6	: :	:	35910 0
15. Tinnevelly	<u>:</u>	:	1,277 911	92 2	1,36912 8	:	:	<u>:</u>	1,36912 8
16. Coimbatore	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	1,08214 2	50 3 3	1,133 1 5	- <u>:</u>	:	:	1,133 1 5
17. Salem	:	:	6,825 15 6	80910 2	7,635 9 8	:	:	:	7,635 9 8
18. South Canara.	:	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	:	-	:
19. Malabar	:		1,432 11 10		1,4321110				1,4321110
Total	987 1410	1,0131011	74,95014 1	31,691 8 0	1,08,6431510	6,658 0 6	3713 0	320 0 0	1,15,65913 4
		-		,,					

Amount sanctioned for remission on the report of Fusly 1275, but not written off in the Collector's accounts... ... ...

Amount now recommended to be written 

2,88,295 15

1,80,639 14 2 given in the following statement, from which it will be observed that the balance amounts to Rupees 7,52,995, out of which the sums noted in the lower pees 8,52,995, out of which the sums noted in the lower pees 9,52,995, out of which the lower pees 9,52,995, out of which the sums noted in the lower pees 9,52,995, out of which the lower pees 9,52,995, out of whi margin being deducted there remains a balance of Rupees 4,64,699 for future adjustment:—

Districts.	Fuely 1261.	Fusly 1262.	Fuely 1263.	Fuely 1264.	Fusly 1265.	Fuely 1266.	Fuely 1267.	Fuely 1268.	Fuely 1269.	Fuely 1270.	Fusly 1271.	Fuely 1272.	Fusly 1273.	Fuely 1274.	Fuely 1275.	Total.
	188	BB.	<b>3</b> 0 21	ä	188.	18.8	36.	<b>E8</b> .	138.	B8.	B.	188	88	138	R8.	356.
1. Ganjam	:	:	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	:		35	432	206	43,596	44,769
2. Vizagapatam	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:		-		348	412	,
3. Godavery	:	:	- 6	901	:	:	:	361	874	6,870	11,643	7,840	27,996	1,12,496	66,922	<b>अ</b> क्षूं
4. Listna	:	:	8	9	2	3	3	8	2	1,1%	, , ,	6,47	9,70	8,424	14 331	, c.
6. Cuddanah.	: :			2	: :	: :	17	88	79	157	<u></u> 6	114	742	1,120	6,566	ြိုထ
	:	:		:	:	:	:	533	828	153	232	086	1,896	19,133	67,667	်ဝှိ
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	7	22	137	1,377	3,249	4,
	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	1,253	6,540	6,774		17,173	31,605	43,952	1,15,
10. North Arcot	:	:	8	:	:	:	:	2	552	1,216	2,498	6,710	9,233	16,921	45,964	ක්
11. South Arcot	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	2,408		4,276		13,631	9 <b>1</b> (
12. Tanjore	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	787	\$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$	1,143	1,528	778'/ 038	<u> </u>
14. Madura.	: :			: :	<del>▼</del>	67	8	185	183	161	186	234	108	1,074	200	2,886
15. Tinnevelly, up to Fus-	•				780	609	7000	•		7	9	900	000	0 600	000	, 8
IN 1201	4,800			•	3	60	1,000 69	1,036	1,203	1,55 1,55 1,55 1,55 1,55 1,55 1,55 1,55	1,016	0,220	2,027	925	3,393	4,100
17. Salem	: ;			: :	::	: :	:	3	•	8	936	1.306	2.868	4,786	9,730	19,662
18. South Canara	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	. :		67	48	97
19. Malabar,	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	7.7	307	821	1,975	3,207
Total	4,933	646	İ	577 1,125	833	1,019	1,317	2,342	4,598 17,594	17,594	28,914	36,857	73,415	2,20,721	3,58,104	7,52,995
					-	-	-	-	-	-				_		-

88. The subjoined statement is a comparative abstract of collections:-

	j	Fusly 127	5.	1	Fusly 1276	3.		
Items.	Current.	Arrears.	Total.	Current.	Arrears.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease.
	RS.	Rs.	RS.	BS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	Rs.
Permanent- ly settled. Jody on	44,48,685	3,80,065	48,28,750	43,84,360	6,84,972	50, 69, 332	2,40,582	•••••
Shrotriem villages Ryotwar	5,45,919	61,541 1 <b>2,</b> 83,652	6,07,460 328,00,611	5,78,545 330,16,164	1,01,609 15,99,760	6,80,154 346,15,924	72,694 18,15,313	•••••
Miscellane -				26,42,423				5,54,349
Total	<b>397,64,4</b> 30	22,93,812 ————	420,58,242	406,21,492	30,10,990	436,32,482	15,74,240	
Abkarry Income-tax. License-tax.	43,003	2,51,282	2,94,285	2,56,290	10,081	11,834 2,56,290	2.56.290	2,82,451
Salt SeaCustoms. Land Cus-	102,81,773 19,45,425	6,926 	102,88,699 19,45,425	115,84,333 20,68,505	2,452 	115,86,785 20,68,505	12,98,086 1,23,080	•••••
toms Stamps	1,23,979 31,49,219		1,23,979 31,49,219	1,25,830 30,56,643	•••••	1,25,830 30,56,643		92,576
Total	193,84,093	5,87,743	199,71,836	216,67,425	2,33,450	219,00,875	19,29,039	
Grand Total.	591,48,523	<b>2</b> 8,81,555	620,30,078	622,88,917	32,44,440	655,33,357	35,03,279	•••••

- 89. It will be observed from this abstract that there is an increase in the collections under all items of revenue except Income-tax and Stamps, and that the collections show a net increase of Rupees 35,03,279 for the whole Presidency. It may be remarked that the figures do not tally exactly with those entered in the Board's printed statement of collections for June which has been submitted to Government, but this is owing to adjustments which have been made under instructions from the Accountant General.
- 90. The extent to which it was found necessary to have recourse to coercive process during the Fusly is shown in the following statement. Processes were issued in 6,485 villages against 52,997 ryots for the recovery of Rupees 5,00,190. The estimated value of the property attached was Rupees 3,23,953, and Rupees 81,219 was the actual amount of the sale receipts.

		•	ŷĨ.	Katima	ted value	of pro-		1	Propert	y sold.		
Districts.	Pro	coss iss	med.		rty attach		Lan	d.	Pers	onal erty.	Tot	al.
	No. of villages.	No. of ryots.	Amount of arrears.	1.654	Personal property	Total.	Esti- mated value.	Value an- tually sold.	Esti- mated value-	Value ac- tually sold.	Esti- mated value.	Value ac- tually sold.
.1	2	8	4	8	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	18
Ganjam Vizagapatam Godavery	4 50 290 74 218 182 87 78 1,185 1,865 266 284 6 28 100 898	289 210 193 7,460 82,857 8,197 668 8,896 6	49,085 8,117 9,770 5,809 5,205 1,418 1,35,374 1,91,964 24,187 16,904 28,040 28,040	280 4,058 4,684 605 1,171 71,401 24,439 9,725 1,886 5,875 121 1,789 482	4,521 8,271 1,988 8,887 82,019 16,788 11,612 14,557 1,062 266 266	41,177 21,887 16,443 6,487 135 2,055 462 5,254	8,824 30 736 1,555 211 1,171 24,727 4,768 3,787 1,043 3,117 278 1,789 178 651	197 6,159 18 513 1,080 219 891 26,623 5,985 8,812 3,088 4,894 278 2,487	72 6,316 1,172 790 304 486 80 2,710 582 1,851 1,025 49 28 266 9	4,760 978 541 284 505 874 781 1,270 81 28 299 27 804	1,201 27,487 5,850 5,088 2,068 8,166 306 2,055 187 1,192	10,919 991 1,654 1,814 724 £28 29, 21 6,859 9,£48 4,808 4,975 3,737 387,737 3,468
Total	6,485	<b>52,9</b> 97	5,00,190	1,47,799	1,76,154	3,28,958	58,180	68,258	18,264	17,961	71,894	81,219

91. The charges incurred during the Fusly amounted to Rupees 59,11,279, showing a net decrease of Rupees 3,21,107, resulting from an increase of Rupees 64,891 in the management charges, against a decrease of Rupees 3,85,998 in the extra charges, as shown in the subjoined abstract:—

Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Rs. 620,80,396	Rs. 655,37,502	RS. 34,57,106	R8.
40,98,122 21,34,264	41,63,013 17,48,266	64,891	3,85,998
62,32,386	59,11,279	•••••	3,21,107
10.03	9.02	•••••	1 -01
	Rs. 620,80,396 40,98,122 21,34,264 62,32,386	R8. 620,80,396 655,37,502 40,98,122 41,63,013 21,34,264 17,48,266 62,32,386 59,11,279	R8. 620,80,396 655,37,502 34,57,106 40,98,122 41,63,013 64,891 21,34,264 17,48,266

- 92. The increase in the management charges results chiefly from the completion of Mr. Pelly's revision of establishments, and from its having been in operation throughout the Fusly under report. It is partly due to a temporary increase of Rupees 2 and 3 granted to all servants in the receipt of Rupees 15 a month, and less in Ganjam and Bellary during the distress.
- 93. The decrease in the extra charges results from a diminution in the charges for manufacturing, storing, and exporting salt, as already observed, and from the large quantity of Columbo Arrack which was purchased for Madras in Fusly 1275.

In the Palcondah and Honjeeram Estates in Vizagapatam, the demand from 264 villages

Name of produce.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease
	Acres.	Acres,	Aores.	Acres.
Sugar-cane	843	268		80
Paddy	9.267	9,902	685	
Indigo	840	608		285
Cotton	3			2
Other grains	2,148	2,281	188	
Total.,. Net	12,595	18,051	778 456	817
	l	J	·	J

amounted to Rupees 1,56,928, and the collections to Rupees 1,56,366, leaving a small balance of Rupees 562. The extent to which the several descriptions of produce were cultivated in Fusly 1276 compared with Fusly 1275 is shown in the margin, and it will be observed that the total extent cultivated was 13,051, being 456 acres more than in the preceding Fusly, and, that the increase occurred chiefly in paddy lands. The Collector reports that the inhabitants of these estates " seem to be both prosperous and happy." The

sum expended on public works by the renters amounted to Rupees 5,780-14-5, or Rupees 1,029-12-0 more than in Fusly 1275, but was devoted entirely to ordinary works.

The Board find that the Village and Talook Accounts are generally kept with care, but the Collectors of Vizagapatam, Godavery, and Nellore are not satisfied with those of their districts, and the Board trust that their attention will be successfully directed towards bringing them into a proper state. The reports of many of the Collectors on this subject are very meagre. all Collectors will be good enough to give full details regarding this subject.

96. The amounts realized by the sale of unassessed waste lands, the redemption of Land Revenue, and the sales of the proprietary right in the escheats of Malabar are exhibited in the subjoined abstract. The total receipts amounted to Rupees 2,84,038. Two of the items which appeared in the previous year's reports, namely, "Sale of houses or other real property which did or might yield revenue," and "Sale of lands on the Neilgherries and Shervaroy Hills subject to annual assessment," have been omitted, because they have been transferred to general revenues. decrease of Rupees 50,095 in these receipts, occasioned chiefly by a falling off in the sale of proprietary right in the escheats of Malabar:-

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	RS.	Rs.	Rs.
Sale of lands in freehold for building purposes at an upset price equal to 25 times the land-tax	206	3,630	3,424	•••••
Government lands converted into free-hold	3,046	2,086	••••••	960
Village Service Inams enfranchised on payment of quit-rent	5,600	344		5,256
5th March 1863	14,053	16,156	2,103	•••••
Sale of proprietary right in the escheats of Malabar	3,11,228	2,61,822	•••••	49,406
'al	3,34,133	2,84,038	5,527 Net	55,622 50,095

The Board now resolve to submit to Government the Quinquennial Statements noted in

A. Statement showing the number of Villages and Hamlets.
B. Do. Circar Ayacut and Cultivation.
C. Do. different sources of Irrigation.
D. Do. Houses and Population.
E. Do. number of Ryots and Puttahs.
F. Do. Rent roll.

Rent roll.

the margin. The last returns were for Fusly 1271, and these are for Fusly 1276. Every endeavour is being made to render these statistics as accurate as possible; but there is still much to be desired.

98. Statement A.—Statement A shows the area and the number of villages and hamlets in the Government talooks, and Enclosure No. 1 those of Zemindaries not forming portions of Government talooks. It is still doubtful whether the area given in last Statement or in this can be taken as correct. The Superintendent of Revenue Survey in furnishing the information called for, states that he cannot give accurately the area of each district, and that the labours of his Department have hitherto been limited to the survey of Government villages.

	Sq. Miles.
As given in the Quinquennial Return for Fusly 1271	1,80,912
Government talooks 1,05,600 Zemindaries 85,486	
As given by the Superintendent of	1,41,086
Revenue Survey	1,18,648

99. In the Board's Proceedings, dated 15th April 1868, No. 2,758, the Collectors have been called upon to explain the difference between the Superintendent's Statement and those received from them, and to submit a more accurate return.

100. The following is a comparative abstract of the variations in the number of villages as entered in the returns of Fusly 1271 and that now submitted:—

						Fusly 1271.	Present Returns.	Increase.	Decrease.
Government talog	ks.								
Ryotwar Villages	•••	•••	•••		•••	30,800 465 63 <b>3,7</b> 95 101 19,252 145	28,113 358 19 3,869  4,245 2,724	74  2,579	2,687 107 44  101 15,007
Zemindary. Inhabited	•••	•••	•••	Tota	al	54,621	39,328 13,876 1,966	2,653	17,946
		Gı		l tota imlea		54,621 43,390	55,170 45,156	549 1,766	

101. Statement B.—This Statement shows the entire ayacut and the Government land under occupancy in the several districts. The return from Vizagapatam does not show any deduction on account of Inam though in the quinquennial return of Fusly 1271 it was exhibited to the extent of 11,843 acres, bearing an assessment of Rupees 80,856. In Tinnevelly the assessment of the Inam is not given. In the returns of some other districts also there is a large variation between the ayakut entered in the return for Fusly 1271 and that shown in the present return. The Collectors will be requested to account for the large variations. According to the present return, which does not include South Canara, the entire ayacut as per survey exclusive of Porumboke amounted to Acres 344,16,948, assessed at Rupees 506,77,043, from which deducting the Inam Ayacut

amounting to Acres 58,97,662, assessed at Rupees 86,44,263, the Circar Ayacut amounts to Acres 285,19,286, assessed at Rupees 420,32,780. It will be seen from the statement that, except in the districts noted in the margin, the proportion of waste land compared with that occupied is not very large.

102. Statement C.—The several descriptions of irrigation works in each district are embodied in this Statement. The number of tanks and anicuts given for South Canara are

altogether omitted in the present return. They are all petty works which can hardly be classed as regular irrigation works:—

Descripti	on (	of wo	rks.				Fusly 1271.	Present return.	Increase.	Decrease.
Tanks River channels Spring do Anicuts Wells, Government Do. Private, old Do. do. new Dasabundum				•••	•••	•••	26,729 11,161 6,933 2,067 } 3,06,415	27,666 11,453 6,689 1,924 48,148 1,86,406 99,151 9,808	937 292  37,098	244 143
`		Wor	ks ou	ıt of	Tota repai		3,53,305 79,443	3,91,245 75,423	38,327	387 4,020

103. The chief variations noticeable is the decrease in the number of tanks in the districts of Godavery, Kistna, and Trichinopoly. In the first of these districts the decrease is due to the Government tanks having been assessed by the Settlement Department as Zeroyaty, as they are no longer required after the construction of the Anicut channels. In the Kistna district numbers of tanks in the Delta have been superseded by the Kistna channels which are yearly extending. The Collector of Trichinopoly gives no explanation for the decrease.

104. It will be seen that in the number of wells there is an increase of 37,098 compared with Fusly 1271, which must be a tributed mainly to the irrigation from private wells being exempted from extra taxation.

105. Statement D.—In this Statement the particulars of houses and population according to the present census are entered. The census was taken in all the districts on the 1st March 1867, the date prescribed by the Board for that purpose. The present returns may be considered as more complete than usual. The total population of the Presidency exclusive of the Town of Madras is 26,089,052 souls, or 2,482,584 above the census of Fusly 1271. The following is a comparative statement of the population:—

. Items.	Fuely 1271.	Present Return.	Increase.	Decrease,
1. Number of houses	5,314,161	5,836,400	5,22,239	••••••
2. Population, exclusive of Town of Madras.	23,606,468	26,089,052	2,482,584	*******
Hindoos	21,858,713 1,379,330 368,425	24,172,822 1,502,134 4,14,096	2,314,109 122,804 45,671	•••••
Total	23,606,468	26,089,052	2,482,584	•••••
Particulars,				
Males	12,092,820 11,513,648	******	••••••	•••••••
Total	23,606,468	26,089,052	2,482,584	••••••
Agricultural Non-agricultural	16,840,061 6,766,407	18,683,057 7,405,995	1,842,996 639,588	••••••
Grand Total, exclusive of Madras Town	23,606,468	26,089,052	2,482,584	••••••
Estimated population of Madras Town	450,000	450,000	••••••	

106. In the number of houses there is an increase of 5,22,239. Dividing the entire population of the Presidency exclusive of the town of Madras among the number of houses, the result is a little more than 41 residents to each house. From this result the Board believe that the popula-

tion return has been pretty accurately prepared. The agricultural class of the population numbered 186,83,057 against 74,05,995 non-agricultural. The population of the town of Madras is assumed as usual at 4,50,000 in the absence of any census.

107. Statement E.—In the following abstract are entered the particulars of ryots' puttahs and agricultural stock in comparison with Fusly 1271:—

Items.	Fusly 1271.	Present Return.	Increase.	Decrease.	Per centage.
Ryots.					
Registered Ryots Sub-tenants	17,53,136 10,92,523	22,94,593 9,33,133	5,41,457	 1,59,390	30·87 14·59
Total	28,45,659	32,27,726	3,82,067		13.43
Puttahs.					
Single Joint	18,53,716 2,67,637	19,27,958 3,69,200	74,242 1,01,563	•••••	4·00 37·91
Total	21,21,353	22,97,158	1,75,805		8.29
Ploughs	16,37,096	18,14,670	1,77,574		10.84
Cattle.					
Tilling Cattle	36,67,544 27,28,205 10,21,994 58,50,564	38,72,601 26,87,995 10,02,438 61,96,314	2,05,057  3,45,750	40,210 19,556	5·59 1·48 1·91 5·91

108. The number of registered ryots shows an increase while that of the sub-tenants exhibits a decrease. The increase may be attributed to the extension of cultivation encouraged by the reduction of assessment in some districts by the Revenue Settlement Department.

109. The falling off in the number of Cows and she Buffaloes is considerable, and is owing to the loss from the prevalence of cattle disease of various types during the past two years, and in particular to the terrible drought of Fusly 1275, the effects of which can hardly yet be said to have passed away.

110. Statement F.—This is a classified list of the ryots and the assessment paid by them. The following is its abstract compared with Fusly 1271:—

	Items.					RETURN OF FUSLY 1271.			r 1271.	PRESENT	RETURN.	Inc	EASE.	DECREASE.		
							N	0.	Am	ount.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount
									1	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Ryots 1	paying	upwai	rds o	f Re	. 1,000			420	6,5	7.826	884	5,75,649	<b>.</b>		86	81,677
Ďo. Î	do.				.00ó		1	,627	111,0	4,864	1,550	10.84.018			77	70,851
Do.	do.		250 t		500			641	18.9	008,00	5,687	18,45,711	46	l	1	44,589
Do.	do.		100 t		250	•••		.582		7,590	82,746	45,78,774	1,214			8,816
Do.	do.	**	50 t	20	100		77	408		5,666	79,829	58,99,868	1,921	1,28,702	l	1
Do.	do.	**	80 t	0	50		1,18			8,616	1,21,287	45,24,689	2,565		l	
Do.	do.	•	10 t	20	80	•••	4.81	569	78.9	9,825	4,55,718	77,80,788	24,149	3,80,968		
Do.	do.	under	: 10 I	tup	00 <b>5</b>	•••	11,97	,157		87,695	12,08,050	46,26,546	10,893	8,88,851		
To	tal No	of pe	MODE	ho!	idin <b>g si</b> r	gle			1				\			
					Puttal			.026	297	51.882	19,04,701	808,10,588	40,675	5,58,656	١	1
•	D	9.	J	oin	t do.	•••		,009		89,758	8,60,784	60,97,993	98,775	18,08,240		
				Gra	and Tota	d	21.26	.085	845	41,685	22,65,485	864,08,581	1.89.450	18.66.896	<b></b>	

111. Except in the first two classes there has been an increase which is an indication of the improving condition of the agricultural population. The average for each puttah on the total assessment payable by the puttah holders comes to the same amount as in Fusly 1271, namely, Rs. 16.

(A true Extract.)

(Signed) A. MacGREGOR,

Acting Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department. Copy to all Collectors.



No. 1.—Statement showing the number of Villages settled and Puttahs issued by Covenanted and Uncovenanted Officers for Fusly 1276.

			T	
SLY.		Number of Puttake.	22	38,828 4,181 14,1968 1,21,1968 1,21,797 1,32,464 1,44,852 1,44,853 1,44,853 1,192,549 1,192,549 1,192,549 1,192,549 1,192,649 1,1
LAST FUSLY.		.segsiliv to reduning	21	1,410 978 1,807 1,807 1,070 2,295 2,917 2,917 2,917 1,256 1,258 1,258 1,258 1,258 1,278 4,39 1,278 4,39 1,278 4,39 1,278 1,278 1,278 4,39 1,278
		Number of Talooks.	20	110000000000000000000000000000000000000
		- Total.	19	34,486 53,942 53,942 1,46,985 1,45,985 1,45,985 1,78,486 2,57,064 2,57,064 1,26,696 1,26,696 1,26,696 1,26,696 1,26,696 1,26,696 1,26,696 1,86,789 1,66,789 1,66,789
	OF PUTTABS.	beresifa ton adattur biO	18	29,005 82,928 49,480 95,192 22,193 21,473 1,93,775 25,817 1,93,775 25,817 1,84,958 28,799 1,64,913 87,291 87,291 86,711
Toral.	TION	beftibom safatur blO by saditional ancivies.	17	2,848 9,578 82,928 7,577 49,480 43,185 9,5192 7,223 7,223 8,130 8,13
	ıα	Vumber of fresh Fut-	16	808 1,418 58,506 87,996 88,928 1,09,093 1,09,093 1,05,668 10,206
		.segelliv 10 redmnN	16	1,413 160 177 1,851 1,069 2,918 697 1,732 2,918 8,000 4,793 1,255
		Number of Talooks.	14	111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 11
ED BY	orr Proms.	Number of Puttake.	18	20,208 21,447 20,048 20,048 20,048 32,983 68,599 34,129 66,478 66,478 66,478 44,248 43,198 43,198 43,198
SETTLED BY	COLLECTORS.	Number of Villages.	13	 1157 1167 1178 98 272  629 11,227 16,22 17,88 17,88 17,88 17,88 17,88 17,88 17,88 17,88 17,88 17,88 17,88 17,88 17,88 18,88 1
		Number of Talooks.	11	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
SETTIED BY HEAD	ANTS.	Mamber of Puttaha.	10	27,909 8,963 13,891 14,694 82,595 82,595 81,503 81,503 81,503 81,503 81,703 81,603
ETT. ED	Assistants.	Number of Villages.	8	506 434 207 108 868 274 138  66 576 771 11114 1189  66 576 778 189 
ő.		Number of Talooks.	8	- S
SETTLED BY	SUB-COLLECTORS.	Number of Pattahs.	7	11,487 43,807 46,889 46,889 46,763 46,763 46,763 67,927 68,686 17,359 35,493 85,493 86,937 65,936
Serr	JUB-CO	Wumber of Villages.	8	208 208 208 381 311 320 1,034 1,334 768 768 768 1,349 1,349 1,349 1,367 1,367
	<b>4</b>	Number of Talooks.	2	ं विश्वक्रक क्षेत्रक
b BT	roke.	Number of Puttahs.	4	28,188 51,690 8 55,615 8 55,615 8 55,615 8 55,982 80,151 18,085 18,128 88,128 88,128 56,802 18,593 71,649 88,666 88,612
SETTIND BY	Collectors	Number of Villages.	8	907 835 624 842 843 813 877 898 1,058 1,058 1,058 1,058 1,058 1,278 85 85 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86
		Number of Talooks.	60	
		DISTRICTS.	1	1. Ganjam 2. Godavery 4. Kistna 5. Nellore 7. Bellary 9. Madras 10. North Aroot. 11. South Aroot. 12. Tanjore 13. Trichinopoly 14. Madura 16. Coimbatore 17. Salem 18. South Ganara 19. Malabar 19. Malabar
			_	

No. 2.—Comparative Statement of prices for Fusly 1276.

_							_	_	_	_	_	_													1
ЖА	<b>A</b>	l	Fuely 1276.	21	BB.	304	235	260	292	304	432	534	427	453	411	380	398	392	418	399	465	386	423	424	386
Horse-gram	GARCE		Fasly 1275.	20	RS.	251	235	198	268	246	321	425	356	343	290	253	273	251	263	331	319	256	364	369	295
Hor	PER	səilar'i m	метаве работ рабо	19	B8.	141	159	133	191	201	218	210	215	249	223	223	223	206	194	251	222	201	248	281	210
88		•	Fusly 1276	18	RB.	256	197	184	207	235	329	403	314	352	321	298	269	287	314	292	363	333	347	352	297
RAGGY PE	GARCE.		Fasly 1275	17	R8.	285	239	167	179	177	279	335	298	242	231	204	202	217	275	304	279	232	285	264	247
RAG	79	seilan'i m	rq <del>928197A</del> orl, 81897 or 3381	16	BB.	123	148	115	133	153	189	175	183	199	184	168	148	161	174	202	189	184	198	212	170
Ba-	GARCE.		Fuely 1276	15	RB.	139	165	160	207	242	323	430	329	317	318	268	294	286	301	312	310	300	:	256	219
OR	er ga		Kusly 1275	14	RS.	229	222	149	198	197	291	373	320	231	241	203	214	225	257	334	569	228	:	:	246
	GIRA PER	eeilan¶ m	те вана <b>Атета</b> от вана, то ва от вана ва	13	R8.	119	139	100	157	158	156	199	207	196	186	166	152	164	153	214	179	180	:	236	170
AVE-	CE.	-,	Fasly 1276	12	88	284	213	193	238	272	355	445	345	355	371	275	321	272	295	340	437	355	:	320	316
1 OR J	R GARCE		Kusly 1275	=	88	343	236	175	191	197	302	379	312	312	246	237	241	211	273	336	313	254	:	295	270
	RY PER	seilard m	d 98 <b>8197A</b> orî,era9 <b>ç</b> i 04 88£!	10	RB.	145	152	127	181	175	207	199	200	209	189	184	173	175	164	214	223	203	:	270	188
	نه		Frely 1276	6	RS.	168	152	153	199	203	275	315	266	218	218	209	221	258	280	257	300	253	198	247	231
CE.	Second sort.		Fusly 1275	<b>∞</b>	R8.	183	202	135	168	178	230	233	233	183	175	166	177	194	247	257	240	198	184	229	201
PER GARCE	Sec	ae ilan'i mo	Average progressive for 1266 to 1266 t	7	ES.	91	126	101	144	143	163	146	165	147	144	140	133	147	159	180	188	165	147	185	148
Paddy 1			Fuely 1876	9	R8.	187			216	_						_					_		:	264	258
P,	First sort.		Kosja 1275	2	R8.	194	215	144	179	193	258	255	255	200	187	188	130	216	569	287	270	213	:	233	219
	Ė	of rof eoi seilar m 378.	A verage pr ori, staby ori 6366 to 1	4	RB.	97	137	111	157	158	183			160	153	156				202	207	179	:	<b>200</b>	162
ation	s per	mes- 120 eight.	Dry land.	က	88.	:	189	:	:	1117	132	:	323	:	92	282	:	2	46	:	74	313	:	28	155
Commutation	price converted to Rupees per Madres carce	of 3,200 measures of 120 Rupees weight	Wet land.	7	B8.	:	262	:	208	83	115	:	455	78	82	220	26	29	29	76	87	266	:	92	146
							:	:	:	:	:		:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	÷	:
						:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	.:	:	:	Average
		6				:	:		:		:	:	:	:		:	:	:	•	:	:	:			Lvera
		DISTRICTS.		7				:			:		•	•		:	•		:			:		:	4
		Dist				:	atam	A			ah	•			reot	Arcol		opoly		elly	tore.	:	Jana		
						Ganjam	Vizagapatam	Godavery	Kistna	Nellore	Cuddapah	Bellary	Kurnool	Madras	North Arcot	South Arcot	Tanjore	Trichinopoly	Madura	Tinnevelly	Coimbatore.	Salem	South Canara	Malabar	
						-		157	4. K		-		8. F								0	ΥF			
					1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	-		-	-	_		-	_

No. 3.—Statement of Ryots' Holdings, Cultivation and Settlement for Fusly 1276.

			RYOTS' H	OLDINGS.	·····		
DISTRICTS.	Villages.	D	BY.	WET.			
		Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.		
1	2	3	4	5	6		
		ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.		
1. Ganjam	1,413	1,06,448	1,36,023	1,74,207	4,97,383		
2. Vizagapatam	160	58,097	62,494	24,006	1,29,434		
3. Godavery	. 977	3,72,541	10,72,803	2,17,788	7,08,815		
4. Kistna	1,351	14,12,364	21,19,834	1,73,874	7,90,479		
5. Nellore	870	5,69,431	7,60,722	1,66,416	8,65,804		
6. Cuddapah	1,069	11,09,630	8,16,405	1,45,358	9,75,017		
7. Bellary	2,278	22,67,019	14,26,382	1,63,793	6,46,524		
8. Kurnool	697	11,35,711	11,01,691	29,705	2,13,322		
9. Madras	1,732	1,88,797	2,65,032	2,74,679	10,56,108		
10. North Arcot	2,912	4,39,164	6,16,865	209,526	12,03,915		
11. South Arcot	3,000	8,35,053	14,97,960	2,76,834	15,01,114		
12. Tanjore	4,792	2,72,698	3,40,622	7,26,861	35,36,748		
13. Trichinopoly	1,255	7,12,683	6,77,552	1,24,745	5,28,963		
14. Madura	781	6,19,953	8,31,412	1,48,569	6,22,017		
15. Tinnevelly	1,099	11,22,536	8,40,320	1,77,445	17,69,322		
16. Coimbatore	1,534	20,61,094	18,75,143	87,272	6,60,964		
17. Salem	2,556	10,05,552	12,77,087	80,822	4,96,876		
Total	28,476	142,88,771	157,18,347	32,01,900	162,02,805		
18. South Canara	1,278		•••••	•••••	•••••		
19. Malabar	432	3,73,650	5,83,401	3,79,318	12,52,716		
Total	30,186	146,62,421	163,01,748	35,81,218	174,55,521		

		OLDINGS.— inued.)	·		DEDU	CT LANDS	
Districts.	То	TAL.	D	RY.	WET.		
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	
	7	8	9	10	11	12	
	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.	
1. Ganjam	2,80,655	6,32,406	5,396	7,490	7,619	19,898	
2. Vizagapatam	82,103	1,91,928	7,475	7,438	972	8,049	
3. Godavery	5,90,329	17,81,618	1,70,927	6,15,062	1,00,478	3,48,041	
4. Kistna	15,86,238	29,10,313	37,916	47,466	59,573	3,06,615	
5. Nellore	7,35,847	16,26,526	24,620	25,988	6,528	31,603	
6. Cuddapah	12,54,988	17,91,422	31,969	18,387	3,228	19,817	
7. Bellary	24,30,812	20,72,906	1,85,188	58,712	5,019	19,123	
8. Kurnool	11,65,416	13,15,013	55,649	67,766	9,299	55,446	
9. Madras	4,63,476	13,21,140	15,257	21,162	32,281	1,08,990	
10. North Acot	6,48,690	18,20,780	48,342	64,208	9,333	50,547	
11. South Arcot	11,11,887	29,99,074	98,765	1,97,685	15,629	1,01,961	
12. Tanjore	9,99,559	38,77,370	4,996	9,999	14,046	74,632	
13. Trichinopoly	8,37,428	12,06,515	19,682	18,233	171	643	
14. Madura	7,68,522	14,53,429	42,453	56,533	3,526	15,408	
15. Tinnevelly	12,99,981	26,09,642	5,191	5,975	1,832	29,510	
16. Coimbatore	21,48,366	25,36,107	43,941	40,676	4,568	21,275	
17. Salem	10,86,374	17,73,963	67,452	78,770	3,051	19,849	
Total	174,90,671	319,21,152	8,65,219	13,41,550	2,77,153	12,31,407	
18. South Canara	•••••	•••••	•••••		•••••		
19. Malabar	7,52,968	18,36,117	1,05,871	84,675	7,710	1,19,460	
Total	182,43,639	337,57,269	9,71,090	14,26,225	2,84,863	13,50,867	

Cultivation and Settlement for Fusly 1276.—(Continued.)

GIVEN UP	•		REMAINDER.									
Тот	AL.	D	BY.	l w	ET.	Total.						
Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.					
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20					
ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	BS.	ACRES.	Rs.					
13,015	27,388	1,01,052	1,28,533	1,66,588	4,77,485	2,67,640	6,06,018					
8,447	15,487	50,622	55,056	23,034	1,21,385	73,656	1,76,441					
2,71,405	9,63,103	2,01,614	4,57,741	1,17,310	3,60,774	3,18,924	8,18,515					
97,489	3,54,081	<b>13,74,44</b> 8	20,72,368	1,14,301	4,83,864	14,88,749	25,56,232					
31,148	57,591	5,44,811	7,34,734	1,59,888	8,34,201	7,04,699	15,68,935					
35,197	38,204	10,77,661	7,98,018	1,42,130	9,55,200	12,19,791	17,53,218					
1,90,207	77,835	20,81,831	13,67,670	1,58,774	6,27,401	22,40,605	19,95,071					
64,948	1,23,212	10,80,062	10,33,925	20,406	1,57,875	11,00,468	11,91,801					
47,538	1,30,152	1,73,540	2,43,870	2,42,398	9,47,118	4,15,938	11,90,988					
57,675	1,14,755	3,90,822	5,52,657	2,00,193	11,53,368	5,91,015	17,06,025					
1,14,394	2,99,646	7,36,288	13,00,275	2,61,205	13,99,153	9,97,493	26,99,428					
19,042	84,631	2,67,702	3,30,623	7,12,815	34,62,116	9,80,517	37,92,739					
19,853	18,876	6,93,001	6,59,319	1,24,574	5,28,320	8,17,575	11,87,639					
45,979	71,941	5,77,500	7,74,879	1,45,043	6,06,609	7,22,543	13,81,488					
7,023	35,485	11,17,345	8,34,345	1,75,613	17,39,812	12,92,958	25,74,157					
48,509	61,951	20,17,153	18,34,467	82,704	6,39,689	20,99,857	24,74,156					
70,503	98,619	9,38,100	11,98,317	77,771	4,77,027	10,15,871	16,75,344					
11,42,372	25,72,957	134,23,552	143,76,797	29,24,747	149,71,398	163,48,299	293,48,195					
••••	••••			<b>.</b>	•••••	•••••						
1,13,581	2,04,135	2,67,779	4,98,726	3,71,608	11,33,256	6,39,387	16,31,982					
12,55,953	27,77,092	136,91,331	148,75,523	32,96,355	161,04,654	169,87,686	309,80,179					

			LANDS TA	AKEN UP.		·
Distric <del>ts</del> .	Dı	BY.	w	ET.	Тот	AL.
,	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment
	21	22	23	24	25	26
	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.
1. Ganjam	5,404	8,682	9,869	27,073	15,273	35,755
2. Vizagapatam	2,261	1,739	975	3,717	3,236	5,456
3. Godavery	1,81,361	1,89,256	1,06,346	2,80,081	2,87,707	4,69,337
4. Kistna	82,0 <b>7</b> 8	1,50,852	41,610	3,74,847	1,23,688	5,25,699
5. Nellore	68,594	72,535	27,128	61,838	95,722	1,34,373
6. Cuddapah	44,045	24,007	4,848	28,162	48,893	52,169
7. Bell <b>ary</b>	1,28,827	64,210	6,454	23,519	1,35,281	87,729
8. Kurnool	70,923	82,617	7,382	35,111	78,305	1,17,728
9. Madras	49,417	1,03,425	18,454	<b>64</b> ,809	67,871	1,68,234
10. North Arcot	17,206	26,087	5,061	30,372	22,267	56,459
11. South Arcot	1,21,607	1,98,668	11,526	58,860	1,33,133	2,57,528
12. Tanjore	8,352	10,475	13,846	62,476	22,198	72,951
13. Trichinopoly	68,780	63,274	1,449	4,668	70,229	67,942
14. Madura	57,509	69,899	5,160	21,216	<b>62,66</b> 9	91,115
15. Tinnevelly	11,710	10,895	2,505	56,139	14,215	67,034
16. Coimbatore	1,52,583	1,32,227	2,753	15,159	1,55,336	147,386
17. Salem	64,049	<b>74,</b> 831	3,256	21,281	67,305	96,112
Total	11,34,706	12,83,679	2,68,622	11,69,328	14,03,328	24,53,007
18. South Canara	••••••	•••••	•••••		•••••	•••••
19. Malabar	1,14,036	95,712	9,543	27,619	1,23,579	1,23,331
Total	12,48,742	13,79,391	2,78,165	11,96,947	15,26,907	25,76,338

TOTAL	TOT DI	MAG
TOTAL	ועבטח	M 020.

Di	ey.	W	ET.	Тот	AL.
Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
27	28	29	30	31	32
ACRES.	BS.	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.
1,03,456	1,37,215	1,76,457	5,04,558	2,82,913	6,41,773
52,883	56,795	24,009	1,25,102	76,892	1,81,897
3,82,975	6,46,997	2,23,656	6,40,855	6,06,631	12,87,852
14,56,526	22,23,220	1,55,911	8,58,711	16,12,437	30,81,931
6,13,405	8,07,269	1,87,016	8,96,039	8,00,421	17,03,308
11,21,706	8,22,025	1,46,978	9,83,362	12,68,684	18,05,387
22,10,658	14,31,880	1,65,228	6,50,920	23,75,886	20,82,800
11,50,985	11,16,542	27,788	1,92,987	11,78,773	13,09,529
2,22,957	3,47,295	2,60,852	10,11,927	4,83,809	13,59,222
4,08,028	5,78,744	2,05,254	11,83,740	6,13,282	17,62,484
8,57,895	14,98,943	2,72,731	14,58,013	11,30,626	29,56,956
2,76,054	3,41,098	7,26,661	35,24,592	10,02,715	38,65,690
7,61,781	7,22,593	1,26,023	5,32,988	8,87,804	12,55,581
6,35,009	8,44,778	1,50,203	6,27,825	7,85,212	14,72,603
11,29,055	8,45,240	1,78,118	17,95,951	13,07,173	26,41,191
21,69,736	19,66,694	85,457	6,54,848	22,55,193	26,21,542
10,02,149	12,73,148	81,027	4,98,308	10,83,176	17,71,456
145,58,258	156,60,476	31,93,369	161,40,726	177,51,627	318,01,202
•••			•••••	•••••	13,79,731
3,81,815	<b>5,94,43</b> 8	3,81,151	11,60,875	7,62,966	17,55,313

tion, and parame and a revenue of the lands relinquished to	I I
349,58,848 33,53,676	ī

District	5.	Second crop Assessment.			Total.
	,	33	34	35	36
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1. Ganjam		••••	32	*****	6,41,80
2. Vizagapatam	••• •••	•••••	2,661		1,84,55
3. Godaver <b>y</b>			1,135	7,82,904	20,71,89
4. Kistna	•••	1,179		9,283	30,92,39
5. Nellore	••• •••	5,686	25,697	•••••	17,34,69
6. Cuddapah		61,908	54,804	••••	19,22,09
7. Bellary	••• ••• ···	94,347	43,338	3,920	22,24,40
8. Kurnool	••• ••• •••	27,365	16,455	3,460	13,56,80
9. Madras	••• ••• •••	74,023	21,194	6,769	14,61,20
10. North Arcot	••• • ••	50,872	49,627		18,62,98
11. South Arcot	••• ••• •••	39,631	1,31,055	•••••	31,27,64
l2. Tanjore	••• ••• •••	45,750	1,11,525		40,22,96
13. Trichinopoly	•••	79,040	2,154	13,049	13,49,82
4. Madura	••• •••	23,872	352		14,96,82
5. Tinnevelly				•••••	26,41,19
6. Coimbatore		290	870	8,509	26,31,21
.7. Salem		561	35,779	••••	18,07,79
	Total	5,04,524	4,96,678	8,27,894	336,30,298
8. South Canara	••• •••	<b>]</b>	•••••		13,79,73
9. Malabar	••• ••• •••		•••••	•••••	17,55,313
	Total	5,04,524	4,96,678	8,27,894	367,65,342
Add amount of sundry	y items in Tin otwar demand ths	nevelly imprope	rly included by	the Collector 16,920	

Cultivation and Settlement for Fusly 1276.—(Concluded.)

DE	DUCT.REMISSI	ons.				
Waste remissions as per Enclosure A.	Remissions as particularized in Statement No. 5.	Total.	Remaining Ryotwar De- mand.	Add Miscellaneous items.	Total settled Demand.	
37	38	39	40	41	42	
ES.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
9,590	63,060	72,650	5,69,155	69,439	6,38,594	
	220	220	1,84,338	1,78,786	3,63,124	
1,832	27,718	29,550	20,42,341	10,26,959	30,69,300	
11,557	1,55,836	1,67,393	29,25,000	3,01,939	32,26,939	
64,302	22,265	86,567	16,48,124	2,88,134	19,36,258	
68,971	22,756	91,727	18,30,372	1,80,660	20,11,032	
86,522	36,465	1,22,987	21,01,418	2,47,273	23,48,691	
12,370	39,605	51, <b>9</b> 75	13,04,834	1,82,674	14,87,508	
32,820	51,644	84,464	13,76,744	1,56,909	15,33,653	
10,725	1,23,242	1,33,967	17,29,016	1,43,499	18,72,515	
6,459	2,30,405	2,36,864	28,90,778	66,399	29,57,177	
58,861	18,032	76,893	39,46,072	1,17,075	40,63,147	
3,089	42,737	45,826	13,03,998	49,126	13,53,124	
1,25,186	1,00,107	2,25,293	12,71,534	46,422	13,17,956	
35,135	1,28,032	1,63,167	24,78,024	89,243	25,67,267	
9,793	1,24,415	1,34,208	24,97,003	59,917	25,56,920	
9,953	1,51,899	1,61,852	16,45,944	79,473	17,25,417	
5,47,165	13,38,438	18,85,603	317,44,695	32,83,927	350, 28, 622	
••••••	36,358	36,358	13,43,373	39,729	13,83,102	
	9,266	9,266	17,46,047	20,738	17,66,785	
5,47,165	13,84,062	19,31,227	348,34,115	33,44,394	381,78,509	
	Amount added	to Column 36	1,34,015		1,34,015	
		Total	349,68,130	•••••	-	
	he Kistna distric		) Deduct.	Add.		
out included in the	in Collector's St e Statement of I under the head of	emand, Collec-	9,282	9,282		
	•		349,58,848	<b>33,53,676</b> Digitized	ov Goog	

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	TOTAL H	OLDINGS.			
Districts.	D	RY.	w	BT.	Total.		
·	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment	Extent,	Assessment	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.	
1. Ganjam	1,06,456	1,37,215	1,76,457	5,04,558	2,82,913	6,41,773	
2. Vizagapatam	52,883	56,795	24,009	1,25,102	76,892	1,81,897	
3. Godavery	3,82,975	6,46,997	2,23,656	6,40,855	6,06,631	12,87,852	
4. Kistna	14,58,526	22,23,220	1,55,911	8,58,711	16,12,437	30,81,931	
5. Nellore	6,13,405	8,07,269	1,87,016	8,96,039	8,00,421	17,03,308	
6. Cuddapah	11,21,706	8,22,025	1,46,978	9,83,362	12,68,684	18,05,387	
7. Bellary	22,10,658	14,31,880	1,65,228	6,50,920	23,75,886	20,82,800	
8. Kurnool	11,50,985	11,16,542	27,788	1,92,987	11,78,773	13,09,529	
9. Madras	2,22,957	3,47,295	2,60,852	10,11,927	4,83,809	13,59,222	
10. North Arcot	4,08,028	5,78,744	2,05,254	11,83,740	6,13,282	17,62,484	
11. South Arcot	8,57,895	14,98,943	2,72,731	14,58,013	11,30,626	29,56,956	
12. Tanjore	2,76,054	3,41,098	7,26,661	35,24,592	10,02,715	38,65,690	
13. Trichinopoly	7,61,781	7,22,593	1,26,023	5,32,988	8,87,804	12,55,581	
14. Madura	6,35,009	8,44,778	1,50,203	6,27,825	7,85,212	14,72,603	
15. Tinnevelly	11,29,055	8,45,240	1,78,118	17,95,951	13,07,173	26,41,191	
16. Coimbatore	21,69,736	19,66,694	85,457	6,54,848	22,55,193	26,21,542	
17. Salem	10,02,149	12,73,148	81,027	4,98,308	10,83,176	17,71,456	
18. South Canara	•••	•…•		•••••	•••••	13,79,731	
19. Malabar	3,81,815	. 5,94,438	3,81,151	11,60,875	7,62,966	17,55,313	
Total	149,40,073	162,54,914	35,74,520	173,01,601	185,14,593	349,36,246	

		WASTE	REMITTED.		
Di	BY.	W	ET.	Тоз	`AL.
Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
.8	9	10	11	12	13
ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	Es.	ACRES.	RS.
		4,342	9,590	   <b>4,342</b>	9,590
	•••••	•••••	••••••	•••	•••••
181	192	480	1,640	661	1,832
86	180	2,575	11,377	2,661	11,557
4	9	14,370	64,294	14,374	64,303
35	25	12,598	68,945	12,633	68,970
1,78,644	60,036	7,628	26,486	1,86,272	86,522
4,155	1,668	1,410	10,702	5,565	12,370
998	2,055	9,090	30,765	10,088	32,820
98	134	2,106	10,591	2,204	10,725
42	200	1,478	6 <b>,2</b> 59	1,520	6,459
45	34	14,764	58,827	14,809	<i>5</i> 8,861
•••••		949	3,089	949	3,089
52,127	53,511	20,838	71,675	· <b>72,</b> 965	1,25,186
191	93	4,652	35,042	4,843	35,135
258	231	2,079	9,562	2,337	9,793
972	1,296	1,581	8,657	2,553	9,953
•••••		••••••	••••••	900.00	••••••
•••••		•••••			•••••
2,37,836	1,19,664	1,00,940	4,27,501	3,38,776	5,47,165

A in No. 3.—Statement showing the particulars

		•			RE	MAINDER			
Districts.	Waste Charged.								
Districts.	Dr	у.	W	et.	Total.				
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment			
	14	15	16	17	18	19			
	ACRES.	R8.	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	Rs.			
1. Ganjam	1,944	1,786	1,498	3,141	3,442	4,927			
2. Vizagapatam	6,337	4,315	1,120	4,307	7,457	8,622			
3. Godavery	1,53,007	1,53,688	19,960	49,344	1,72,967	2,03,032			
4. Kistna	1,56,929	2,07,507	5,524	31,356	1,62,453	2,38,863			
5. Nellore	75,178	<b>8</b> 3,649	4,889	17,475	80,067	1,01,124			
6. Cuddapah	56,978	20,051	6,984	31,587	63,962	51,638			
7. Bellary	50,130	16,009	3,063	8,440	53,193	24,449			
8. Kurnool	37,186	<b>20</b> ,983	<b>7</b> 75	3,121	37,961	24,104			
9. Madras	61,372	92,462	17,424	53,196	78,796	1,45,658			
10. North Arcot	49,092	62,767	9,825	45,920	58,917	1,08,687			
11. South Arcot	61,864	1,01,012	9,430	42,220	71,294	1,43,232			
12. Tanjore	58,939	68,907	37,742	1,26,580	96,681	1,95,487			
13. Trichinopoly	82,024	44,305	5,740	17,849	8 <b>7,764</b>	62,154			
14. Madura	· 7,232	9,641	3,696	13,062	10,928	22,703			
15. Tinnevelly	3,10,243	1,48,309	13,740	1,08,061	3,23,983	2,56,370			
16. Coimbatore	3,42,601	2,78,789	3,192	31,362	3,45,7 <b>9</b> 3	3,10,151			
17. Salem	22,243	23,828	1,820	8,597	<b>24,06</b> 3	32,425			
18. South Canara			•••		•••••				
19. Malabar	7,167	2,688	726	1,249	7,893	3,937			
Total	15,40,466	13,40,696	1,47,148	5,96,867	16,87,614	19,37,563			

### of occupancy for Fusly 1276.—(Concluded.)

#### CULTIVATION.

#### ACTUAL CULTIVATION.

D	ry.	W	et.	Tot	al.
Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
20	21	22 •	23	24	25
ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	Rs.	ACRES.	28.
1,04,512	1,35,429	1,70,617	4,91,827	2,75,129	6,27,256
46,546	52,480	22,889	1,20,795	69,435	1,73,275
2,29,787	4,93,117	2,03,216	5,89,871	4,33,003	10,82,988
12,99,511	20,15,533	1,47,812	8,15,978	14,47,323	28,31,511
5,38,223	7,23,611	1,67,757	8,14,270	7,05,980	15,37,881
10,64,693	8,01,949	1,27,396	8,82,830	11,92,089	16,84,779
19,81,884	13,55,835	1,54,537	6,15,994	21,36,421	19,71,829
11,09,644	10,93,891	<b>2</b> 5, <b>6</b> 03	1,79,164	11,35,247	12,73,055
1,60,587	2,52,778	2,34,338	9,27,966	3,94,925	11,80,744
3,58,838	5,15,843	1,93,323	11,27,229	5,52,161	16,43,072
7,95,989	13,97,731	2,61,823	14,09,534	10,57,812	28,07,265
2,17,070	2,72.157	6,74,155	33,39,185	8,91,2 <b>2</b> 5	36,11,342
6,79,757	6,78,288	1,19,334	5,12,050	7,99,091	11,90,338
5,75,650	7,81,626	1,25,669	5,43,088	7,01,319	13,24,714
8,18,621	6,96,838	1,59,726	16,52,848	9,78,347	23,49,686
18,26,877	16,87,674	80,186	6,13,924	19,07,063	23,01,598
9,78,934	12,48,024	77,626	4,81,054	10,56,560	17,29,078
••••		•••••	•••••	•••••	13,79,731
3,74,648	5,91,750	3,80,425	11,59,626	7,55,073	17,51,376
131,61,771	147,94,554	33,26,432	162,77,233	164,88,203	324,51,518

B in No. 3.—Statement showing the amount of Road and Village Service Cesses collected and remitted in the several Districts for Fusly 1276.

4		ROAD CESS.		MERAH TO	VILLAGE SE	RVANTS.
Districts.	Included in the assess- ment and deducted as an item of remission.	Added to the assess- ment and then de- ducted.	Total Road Cess collect- ed and re- mitted.	Included in the assess- ment and then de- ducted as an item of remission.	Added to the assess- ment and then de- ducted.	Total Meral collected and remit- ted.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1. Ganjam		•••		•••••	16,811	16,811
2. Vizagapatam		5,139	5,139	220	•••••	220
3. Godavery	25,507	34,455	59,962	143	•••••	143
4. Kistna	9,450	46,678	56,128	46,125	64,617	1,10,742
5. Nellore		47,905	47,905	387	1,004	1,391
6. Cuddapah	*****	40,310	40,310	•••••	••••	
7. Bellary		966	966	277	•• •••	277
8. Kurnool	9,431	23,083	32,514	23,587	•••••	23,587
9. Madras	75	45,666	45,741	12,508	1,63,076	1,75,584
10. North Arcot	1,312	55,837	57,149	1,03,285	8,879	1,12,164
11. South Arcot		76,780	76,780	2,11,837	1,353	2,13,190
12. Tanjore		1,06,146	1,06,146		••••	
13. Trichinopoly	26,539	22,703	49,242	560	•••••	560
14. Madura		*****		2,724	2,724	5,448
15. Tinnevelly		40,230	40,230	33,644		33,644
16. Coimbatore		72,028	72,028	•••••		••••••
17. Salem		48,872	48,872	1,08,219		1,08,219
18. South Canara						
19. Malabar		26,685	26,685	•••••	89,969	89,969
Total	72,314	6,93,483	7,65,797	5,43,516	3,48,433	8,91,949

47

No. 4.—Statement showing the particulars of remissions in Fusly 1276.

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Occasional remissions or those granted at the Jummahbundy with reference to the state of the season.	RS.	Rs.	ES.	RS.
1. Shamilat Bunjer or portions of fields left waste	98,501 4,30,691 1,69,367 1,232 10,437 54,572	53,593 78,562 77,014 4,853 9,055 43,210	 3,621 	44,908 3,52,129 92,353  1,382 11,362
7. Teazagary or remission to privileged classes	6,791 94,895 45,980 1,75,079	7,305 90,624 59,867 1,46,678	514  13,887 	4,271  28,401
Total	10,87,545	5,70,761	18,022 Net	5,34,806 5,16,784
Fixed Remissions	92,795	96,437	3,642	•••
Items allowed on the collections or from the entire revenue of villages.  1. Share of Shrotriem proceeds	1,03,305 5,269 43,632 94,655 4,78,352	72,660 5,379 22,994 72,314 5,43,516	 110  65,164	30,645  20,638 22,341 
•	7,25,213	7,16,863	65,274 Net	73,624
Grand Total	19,05,553	13,84,061	86,938	6,08,430
			Net	5,21,492

No. 5.—Comparative Abstract of Land Revenue Miscellaneous Items for Fusly 1276.

1. Jody on Sundry, etc., Inams		Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
2. Tax on trees on unassessed lands	-	•	R8.	RS.	RS.	28.
2. Tax on trees on unassessed lands	1.	Jody on Sundry, etc., Inams	11,72,383	11,82,350		
3. Cess for repairs of tanks 1,00,940   1,44,659   1.44,659   1.50						
4. Revenue from rented villages   1,90,940   1,44,659   12,968   651       5. Do. from Amany villages   1,2,812   12,968   651       6. Land cultivated, but not included in the Jummabundy   1,69,611   4,193       7. Concealed cultivation   1,70,58   3,585   3,48       9. Do. of Formboke lands   7,058   3,585   3,49       10. Do. of Chuttrum Inams   1,50,66   1,50   44       11. Do. of Chuttrum Inams   1,57,419   1,19,445       12. Grazing-tax or grass-rent   1,57,419   1,19,445       13. Rent of gardens and topes   47,093   31,608     15,4       15. Revenue from reverted Inams   4,614   7,249   2,635       16. Collection from village service Inams for offices vacant     1,77,55   14,020     3,7     17. Revenue from sequestered Inams   49,828   34,712     15,1     18. Do. from hill villages   40,078   40,509   431       19. Do. from lands on the sides and slopes of hills       4,765   3,76       10. Do. from lands assessed at favourable rates   4,921   6,321   4,40       22. Honey rent                 23. Wax rent                   24. Chalk rent                   25. Chunam shell rent                   26. Brick-kiln rent                   27. Cardamom rent                     28. Rent on palmira trees						
5. Do. from Amany villages   12,312   12,963   651					•••	<b>46,</b> 281
6. Land cultivated, but not included in the Jummabundy					651	
Jummabundy				,	•	
7. Concealed cultivation   7.041   4.198   3.585   3.48   3.585   3.	•		1.69.611	2.21.204	51.593	
8. Cultivation of unclaimed Inams	7.					2,848
9. Do. of Porumboke lands				3.585		<b>3,47</b> 3
10. Do. of clands belonging to Pagodas where there is no worship					5.244	
where there is no worship     369   729   860       11.   Do.   of Chuttrum Inams     106   150   44       12.   Grazing-tax or grass-rent       1,57,419   1,19,445       13.   Rent of gardens and topes     47,093   31,608     15,4     14.   Inam Tuffreek       5,087   3,921         15.   Revenue from reverted Inams     4,614   7,249   2,635       16.   Collection from village service Inams for offices vacant             17.   Revenue from sequestered Inams     49,828   34,712         18.   Do. from hill villages       40,009   431       19.   Do. from lands on the sides and slopes of hills       5,353   916     4,45     20.   Do. from boundary lands in dispute     5,353   916     4,46     21.   Do. from lands assessed at favourable rates               22.   Honey rent                 23.   Wax rent                 24.   Chalk rent                 25.   Chunam shell rent               26.   Brick-kiln rent               27.   Cardamom rent                 28.   Rent on palmira trees                     29.   Do. on roots for dyeing cloth			02,000	00,000	0,2 **	
11. Do. of Chuttrum Inams	1.0.		369	729	980	
12. Grazing-tax or grass-rent	11	Do of Chuttmin Inoms				
13. Rent of gardens and topes					72	
14.   Inam Tuffreek	12	Rent of gardens and tones			•••	
15. Revenue from reverted Inams					•••	1,166
16. Collection from village service Inams for offices vacant					0 401	1,100
Offices vacant   17,755   14,020   33,712   18. Do. from hill villages   40,078   40,509   431			4,014	7,249	2,000	•••
17. Revenue from sequestered Inams       49,828       34,712        15,1         18. Do. from hill villages        40,078       40,509       431          19. Do. from lands on the sides and slopes of hills         5,353       916        4,4         20. Do. from boundary lands in dispute       2,092       2,468       876         4,4         21. Do. from lands assessed at favourable rates         118       122       4        4.4         22. Honey rent          118       122       4         22       4         299       27        2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       1       1,400            2       299       27        2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       3       1,1       1,1       3       3       1 <t< td=""><td>10.</td><td>officer was not</td><td>יייל ליו</td><td>14 000</td><td>İ</td><td>9 702</td></t<>	10.	officer was not	יייל ליו	14 000	İ	9 702
18. Do. from hill villages   40,078   40,509   431       19. Do. from lands on the sides and slopes of hills     20. Do. from boundary lands in dispute   2,092   2,468   876       21. Do. from lands assessed at favourable rates     22. Honey rent     23. Wax rent     24. Chalk rent     25. Chunam shell rent     27. Cardamom rent     28. Rent on palmira trees     29. Do. on soapnut trees     26. Brick-kiln rent     27. Cardamom rent     28. Rent on palmira trees     29. Do. on roots for dyeing cloth     30. Do. on fruit trees     31. Do. on roots for dyeing cloth     32. Do. on medicinal roots     33. Do. on lime quarries     34. Do. on Padoogay lands or those situated near rivers     35. Do. of islands situated in rivers     36. Sale of durbay grass     37. Diamond mine rent     38. Cultivation of jungle lands newly cleared by burning in South Canara     39. Do. of dry lands or twokle cultivation in do     40. Commission on the sale of distrained property attached for arrears of Land Revenue     41. Do. on private estates under Circar management     42. Tax on backyards in excess of the limit allowed     42. Tax on backyards in excess of the limit allowed     45. Jone of the limit allowed     46. Jone of the limit allowed     47. Jone of private estates under Circar management     48. Jone of the limit allowed     49. Jone of the limit allowed     40. Jone of the limit allowed     40. Jone of the limit allowed     40. Jone of	117				•••	3,735
19. Do. from lands on the sides and slopes of hills					••• 401	15,116
of hills			40,078	40,509	431	•••
20. Do. from boundary lands in dispute   2,092   2,468   376	19.		* 0*0	010	1	4 402
21. Do. from lands assessed at favourable rates		The state of the s				4,437
rates			2,092	2,468	376	•••
22. Honey rent   118   122   4   23. Wax rent   .	21.					3
23. Wax rent   299   27   22   24. Chalk rent   25. Chunam shell rent   27. Chunam shell rent   27. Cardamom rent   27. Cardamom rent   28. Rent on palmira trees   26,236   20,111   29. Do. on soapnut trees   26,236   20,111   29. Do. on roots for dyeing cloth   24,428   5,387   3598   2959   27.					1,400	•••
24. Chalk rent	22.	Honey rent			4	
25. Chunam shell rent					•••	272
26. Brick-kiln rent  <						
27. Cardamom rent                           6,1         6,1          6,1           6,1            6,1 <td></td> <td></td> <td>4,765</td> <td>11,197</td> <td>6,432</td> <td></td>			4,765	11,197	6,432	
28. Rent on palmira trees					•••	
29. Do. on soapnut trees				•••		•••
30. Do. on fruit trees	28.			20,111		6,125
S1. Do. on roots for dyeing cloth   4,428   5,387   959					598 j	
32. Do. on medicinal roots	30.	Do. on fruit trees		16,127	•••	2,673
33. Do. on lime quarries		Do. on roots for dyeing cloth	<b>4,</b> 428	5,387		
34. Do. on Padoogay lands or those situated near rivers       40       33        6265       2,14,948       2,08,683        6265       2,14,948       2,08,683         66,265       2,14,948       2,08,683         1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468        401       56         1,481           4,534       6,015       1,481           400       Commission on the sale of distrained property attached for arrears of Land Revenue       986       945         41        42        7,260       6,846         42        42 <td< td=""><td></td><td>Do. on medicinal roots</td><td></td><td></td><td>355  </td><td> ]</td></td<>		Do. on medicinal roots			355	]
34. Do. on Padoogay lands or those situated near rivers       40       33        6       217        6       217        6       217        6        6        6        6        6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,468       6        1,481				1	· 1	
near rivers	34.	Do. on Padoogay lands or those situated	40	33		7
36. Sale of durbay grass	ł		843			626
36. Sale of durbay grass			6,265	2,14,948	2,08,683	
37. Diamond mine rent         345       401       56          38. Cultivation of jungle lands newly cleared by burning in South Canara        4,534       6,015       1,481          39. Do. of dry lands or huckle cultivation in do.         1,588       1,792       204          40. Commission on the sale of distrained property attached for arrears of Land Revenue         986       945          41. Do. on private estates under Circar management        7,260       6,846        4         42. Tax on backyards in excess of the limit allowed        1,914       5,604       3,690						1,462
38. Cultivation of jungle lands newly cleared by burning in South Canara       4,534       6,015       1,481          39. Do. of dry lands or huckle cultivation in do.       1,588       1,792       204          40. Commission on the sale of distrained property attached for arrears of Land Revenue       986       945          41. Do. on private estates under Circar management       7,260       6,846        4         42. Tax on backyards in excess of the limit allowed       1,914       5,604       3,690				401	56	1
by burning in South Canara 4,534 6,015 1,481  39. Do. of dry lands or huckle cultivation in do 1,588 1,792 204  40. Commission on the sale of distrained property attached for arrears of Land Revenue						1
39. Do. of dry lands or huckle cultivation in do 1,588   1,792   204       40. Commission on the sale of distrained property attached for arrears of Land Revenue 986   945       41. Do. on private estates under Circar management 7,260   6,846     42. Tax on backyards in excess of the limit allowed 1,914   5,604   3,690	•	by burning in South Canara	4,534	6.015	1,481	1
tion in do 1,588 1,792 204  40. Commission on the sale of distrained property attached for arrears of Land Revenue 986 945  41. Do. on private estates under Circar management 7,260 6,846 42. Tax on backyards in excess of the limit allowed 1,914 5,604 8,690	39.	Do. of dry lands or huckle cultiva-	-,1	,,,,,,	-,	
40. Commission on the sale of distrained property attached for arrears of Land Revenue 986   945       41. Do. on private estates under Circar management 7,260   6,846     42. Tax on backyards in excess of the limit allowed 1,914   5,604   3,690	1		1.588	1.792	204	]
perty attached for arrears of Land Revenue	40.		_,,,,,	, , ,		
venue         986       945          41.       Do. on private estates under Circar management        7,260       6,846        4         42.       Tax on backyards in excess of the limit allowed        1,914       5,604       3,690						ł
41. Do. on private estates under Circar management 7,260       6,846       4         42. Tax on backyards in excess of the limit allowed 1,914       5,604       8,690	ł	- ·	986	945		41
Circar management 7,260 6,846 4  42. Tax on backyards in excess of the limit allowed 1,914 5,604 8,690	41.					1
42. Tax on backyards in excess of the limit allowed 1,914 5,604 3,690	l'		7.260	6.846		414
lowed 1,914 5,604 3,690	42	Tax on backyards in excess of the limit al.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	5,515		****
# #011000 484 484 484 484 484 484 # #10127 010021 010001 484	l:		1 914	5.604	8 690	[
43. Revenue fines 40,863 33,211 7,6	43					7,652
44. Savings and refunds 6,318 4,572 1,7			6 818			1,746
	45	Excess collection over the demand				153
46. Water-tax on Zemindary and Inam, etc., lands. 7,52,379 7,43,251 9,1	46.	Water-tax on ZemindarvandInam etc lands				9,128
20. 11 door - was our community and analysis of manager 1,00,017 1,20,001	₹0.	11 and -max ou semimant y and many esc., lands.	1,02,019	Longon C	•••	0,120

No. 5 .- Comparative Abstract of Land Revenue Miscellaneous, etc. -(Concluded.)

	7	<del>,</del>	<del>,</del>	,
Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
47. Quit-rent on bungalows and gardens 48. Do. and ground-rent in the town of Madras and in Malabar 49. Russums collected from Zemindars 50. Revenue derived from coir, the produce	79,395 10,415	RS. 26,760 81,598 79,845	2,203 <b>6</b> 9,430	вя. 320 
of Amendevi islands in South Canara 51. Rattan and Coray rent 52. Ooligam allowance to village officers un	158	19,130 255	97	28,116 
drawn	93,353	1,705 94,271	1,705 918	•••
Total	31,71,206	33,53,676	3,71,720	1,89,250
Miscrlian fous items under other Sources of Revenue.  Abkarry.				
Fees for licenses	8,458 1,531	8,761 9,068	303 7,537	•••
Total	9,989	17,829	7,840	•••
Salt.				
Custom duty on salt	10 155	4,411	 1,124 	1,624  3,629
Total	. 15,066	10,937	1,124	5,253
Sea Customs.	-	<del>                                     </del>	<del></del>	
Fines and forfeitures	. 2,515 21,565	1,842 36,579	 15,014	<b>67</b> 3
Total	. 24,080	38,421	15,014	673
Land Customs.				
Sale of smuggled goods	99	982 14	207	8,
Total	797	996	207	8.
Stamps.				
Penalties on unstamped papers	. 2,995	869 60,812 5,185 174	 2,190 	2,774 11,688  320
Total	. 79,577	67,040	2,190	14,727
Grand Total	. 33,00,715	34,88,899	2,04,870	16,686
Net		•••	1,88,184	•••

					-		LAND
	,					PERM	an ently
Districts.		Demand.				kanangan mengangan kengalaban sebagai di berangan berangan berangan berangan berangan berangan berangan berang	Collec
				Arears.		Curre	nt.
	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Collection.	Remis-	Collection.	Remission.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	Rs.	RS.	RS.
1. Ganjam	7,814	4,31,576	4,39,390	7,814	<b></b>	4,27,859	<b></b>
2. Vizagapatam	28,147	9,70,292	9,98,439	28,147		9,44,955	•••••
3. Godavery	34,705	7,36,926	7,71,631	29,297	1,073	7,15,553	
4. Kistna	98,646	2,86,467	3,85,113	60,567	8,000	1,53,066	<b></b>
5. Nellore	40,287	4,24,623	4,64,910	39,938		3,71,314	<b></b>
6. Cuddapah	•••••	*****	·· ···	••···	\ 		
7. Bellary	•••••	••··••		• • • • •	•••••	•••	••••
8. Kurnool	•••••	•••••		•••••		••••	
9. Madras	19,654	1,06,509	1,26,163	19,554		82,334	•••••
Do. Town	•••••	•••••	••••	•••••	·····	•••••	•••••
10. North Arcot	1,59,813	4,99,819	6,59,632	1,59,783		3,70,776	
11. South Arcot	1,824	8,636	10,460	1,712	37	7,763	
12. Tanjore	2,079	31,434	<b>3</b> 3,513	2,079	••••	30,504	
13. Trichinopoly	4,027	49,889	53,916	4,027		42,915	•••••
14. Madura	2,61,652	7,84,732	10,46,384	2,61,652		5,20,548	•••••
15. Tinnevelly	28,584	3,08,047	3,36,631	28,584		2,80,584	
16. Coimbatore	••••	27,691	27,691	•••••	••••	27,562	
17. Salem	39,591	4,44,981	4,84,572	36,818	427	3,98,627	·····
18. South Canara	•••••	••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	
19. Malabar	5,000	15,000	20,000	5,000	•••••	10,000	
Total	7,31,823	51,26,622	58,58,445	6,84,972	9,537	43,84,360	

REVENUE											
SETTLED.						*					
tion.		Balance.			nt collection to 31st			Balan	ce.		4
,				·				Arre	ars		
Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Recover- able and doubtful.	Irrec	ove le.	er-	Total.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		17		18
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	Rs.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	Δ.	P.	RS.
4,35,673		3,717	3,717		3,715	3,715	•••••				•••••
9,73,102	<b></b>	25,337	25,337		23,373	23,373				. <b>.</b> .	•••••
7,45,923	4,335	21,373	25,708	2,328	16,682	19,010	1,057	950	7	5	2,007
2,21,633	30,079	1,33,401	1,63,480		1,19,722	1,19,722	30,079				30,079
4,11,252	349	53,309	53,658	•••••	1,700	1,700	349				349
•••••		••••	•••••	•••••						<b></b> .	•••••
•••••			•••••	•••••	•• ••	•••••	•••••				,
•••••									<b> </b>		*****
1,01,888	100	24,175	24,275	82	23,732	23,814	18		<b> </b>		18
	•••••								<b> </b>		•••••
5,30,559	30	1,29,043	1,29,073		1,26,731	1,26,731	30		ļ		30
9,512	75	873	948		836	836	37	37	7	5	75
32,58 <b>3</b>		930	930	•••••	930	930	•••••		ļ		•••••
46,942		6,974	6,974	•••••	6,974	6,974	•••••		ļ	<b></b>	•••••
7,82,200		2,64,184	2,64,184		1,54,198	1,54,198	•••••		<b> </b>		
3,09,168		27,463	27,463		27,463	27,463			<b></b>	<b></b>	
27,562		129	129	•••••	129	129			<b> </b> .	<b></b>	
4,35,872	2,346	46,354	48,700	3	43,102	43,105	2,343		<b></b>		2,343
•••••	····		ļ			••••					
15,000		5,000	5,000		5,000	5,000			···		
50,78,869	37,314	7,42,262	7,79,576	2,413	5,54,287	5,56,700	33,913	987	14	10	34,90

								LANI	
				PERMANENT	LY SETTLED.	<b>Shrotries</b>			
Districts.			Bala	ance.		Demand.			
				Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	
	<del></del>			19	20	21	22	23	
				RS.	Rs.	RS.	R8.	RS.	
1. Ganjam	•••	•••	•••	2	2	11,607	24,857	36,464	
2. Vizagapatam	•••	•••	• • •	1,964	1,964	3,571	50,384	53,955	
3. Godavery	•••	•••	•••	4,691	6,698	4,742	31,530	36,272	
4. Kistna	•••	•••	•••	13,679	43,758	5,462	33,574	39,036	
5. Nellore	•••		•••	51,609	51,958	14,243	83,928	<b>9</b> 8,171	
6. Cuddapah	•••	•••	•••	•••••	••••	5,850	41,474	47,324	
7. Bellary		•••	•••	•••••		4,381	26,061	<b>30,442</b>	
8. Kurnoel	•••	•••	•••		•••••	762	12,771	13,533	
9. Madras	•••	•••	•••	443	461	18,527	77,236	<b>95,76</b> 3	
Do. Town	•••	···	•••	•••••		•••••	*****	*****	
10. North Arcot	•••	•••		2,312	2,342	8,499	22,549	31,048	
11. South Arcot	•••	•••	•••	37	112	7,455	21,691	29,146	
12. Tanjore	•••	•••	•••	•••••	•••••	6,496	1,22,609	1,29,105	
13. Trichinopoly	•••	•••	•••			49	9,016	9,065	
14. Madura	•••	•••		1,09,986	1,09,986	10,185	26,915	37,100	
15. Tinnevelly	•••	•••		•••		11,358	40,491	51,849	
16. Coimbatore	•••	•••			•••••	113	3,418	3,531	
17. Salem	•••	•••		3,252	5,595	10,973	88,928	49,901	
18. South Canara	•••	•••				•••••		•••••	
19. Malabar	•••	•••			••••	•••••	2,451	2,451	
				1,87,975	2,22,876	1,24,273	6,69,883	7,94,156	

## Balance of all sources of Revenue, etc.—Continued.)

# Jodi.

	Collection	ns and Remi	ssions.		Balance.				
Arrears.		Curr	ent.						
Collections.	Remissions.	Collections.	Remis- sions.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.		
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31		
28.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	Rs.	RS.		
7,161	•••••	19,086		26,247	4,446	5,771	10,217		
3,288	•••••	49,308		52,596	283	1,076	1,359		
3,719	28	29,640		33,387	995	1,890	2,885		
953	2,293	31,894	•••••	35,140	2,216	1,680	3,896		
13,852	298	68,203	•••••	82,353	93	15,725	15,818		
3,848	22	36,735	•••••	40,605	1,980	4,739	6,719		
3,491	•••••	19,618	••••	23,109	890	6,443	7,333		
752	1	11,808	••••	12,561	9	963	972		
15,639	114	60,549	•	76,302	2,774	16,687	19,461		
•••••	•••••	•••••	•• ,	· •••••	, •••••	•••••	•••••		
8,024	41	18,759	••••	26,824	434	3,790	4,224		
6,567	19	16,077		22,663	869	5,614	6,483		
<b>3,</b> 833	<b>2,</b> 358	1,17,459	•••••	1,23,650	305	5,150	5,455		
49	••••	8,364	•••••	8,413	••••	652	652		
9,742	••••	22,660	•••••	32,402	443	4,255	4,698		
11,358	•••••	36,840	•••••	48,198	••••	3,651	3,651		
113	••••	2,715	••••	2,828	•• •• •	703	703		
9,220	••••	26,799	•••••	<b>36,01</b> 9	1,753	12,129	13,882		
•••••	••••	••••		•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••		
•••••	• •••••	2,031	•• •••	2,031	•••••	420	420		
1,01,609	5,174	5,78,545		6,85,328	17,490	91,338	1,08,828		

										LAN				
	•			Shrotries										
	Districts.				ent collecti supto31stI					Balance				
				Arrears.				Arrears.						
					Current.	Total.	Recover- able and doubtful.	Irrecover	Total.					
					33	34	35	36						
				RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	A. P.	BS.				
1.	Ganjam			2,561	4,537	7,098	1,885		.	1,885				
2.	Vizagapatam			169	588	757	114			114				
3.	Godavery			25	1,460	1,485	205	765	211	970				
4.	Kistna		9,0	302	717	1,019	1,911	2	13 5	1,914				
5.	Nellore			4	15,446	15,450	2	87	8 5	89				
6.	Cuddapah			1,001	3,863	4,864	887	91	6 8	979				
7.	Bellary			138	4,539	4,677	752			752				
8.	Kurnool	•••		5	961	966	3	1	311	4				
9.	Madras			403	14,363	14,766	2,371	•••••		<b>2,</b> 371				
	Do. Town				<b></b>	••••		•••••		•••••				
10.	North Arcot	•••	•••	62	2,515	2,577	372	•••••		372				
11.	South Arcot	•••	•••	81	4,818	4,899	775	12	7 7	788				
12.	Tanjore	•••	٠	39	4,797	4,836	213	<b>5</b> 3	0 0	266				
13.	Trichinopoly	•••	•••		652	652	•••••		<b> </b>	•••••				
14.	Madura	•••		255	3,665	3,920	188		·	188				
15.	Tinnevelly	•••	•••		3,651	3,651	•••••			•••••				
16.	Coimbatore	•••			703	703				•••••				
17.	Salem	•••	•••	4	7,256	7,260	1,749			1,749				
18.	South Canara	•••	•••	<b></b> .		•••••			<u> </u>	•••••				
19.	Malabar	4	•••		388	388	•••••			•••••				
		Tota	al	5,049	74,919	79,968	11,427	1,013	10 11	12,441				

Balance of all sources of Revenue, etc.—(Continued.)

ODE.		RYOTWAR.									
			Demand.	Collections and Remissions.							
					Arrears.						
Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Collections.	Remissions.					
38	39	40	41	42	43	44					
R8.	RS.	Rs.	RS.	Rs.	RS.	Rs.					
1,234	3,119	39,004	5,69,155	6,08,159	6,849	948					
488	602	1,945	1,84,339	1,86,284	1,288	48					
<b>4</b> 30	1,400	<b>5</b> 3,579	20,42,339	20,95,918	22,956	16,287					
963	2,877	70,654	<b>2</b> 9,15,717	29,86,371	42,398	11,693					
279	368	1,50,511	16,48,124	17,98,635	1,24,356	<b>6,5</b> 53					
876	1,855	85,792	18,30,372	19,16,164	72,223	2,047					
1,904	2,656	1,95,022	21,01,418	22,96,440	98,193	13,03					
2	6	12,879	13,04,835	13,17,714	8,546	<b>7</b> 98					
2,324	4,695	95,687	13,76,744	14,72,431	<b>52,534</b>	3,92					
••••		••••	•••••	••••	41100	*****					
1,275	1,647	2,76,966	17,29,016	20,05,982	2,05,950	4,549					
796	1,584	1,41,555	28,90,777	30,32,332	1,01,749	7,828					
853	619	1,10,841	39,46,072	40,56,913	97.,087	800					
		46,476	13,03,998	13,50,474	43,288	970					
590	778	1,09,197	12,71,533	13,80,730	1,07,269	9					
		4,98,431	26,12,039	31,10,470	4,68,420	3,160					
		61,961	24,97,003	25,58,964	57,4 <del>0</del> 8	577					
4,873	6,622	52,260	16,45,944	16,98,204	31,610	4,55					
		4,118	13,43,373	13,47,491	3,952	6					
32	32	59,454	17,46,047	18,05,501	53,684	1,41					
16,419	28,860	20,66,332	349,58,845	370,25,177	15,99,760	78,76					

No. 6.—Statement showing the Demand, Collection and

						LAND					
	Bror										
DISTRICTS.	Collection	and Ren			Balance.						
	Curre	ent.									
,	Collections.	Remis- sions.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.					
	45	46	47	48	49	50					
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	R8.					
1. Ganjam	4,82,212	•••••	4,90,006	31,210	86,944	1,18,154					
2. Vizagapatam	. 1,82,965	•••••	1,84,301	609	1,374	1,983					
3. Godavery	19,96,756		20,35,999	14,336	45,583	59,919					
4. Kistna	28,55,055		29,09,146	16,563	60,661	77,224					
5. Nellore	14,42,078		15,72,987	19,602	2,06,046	2,25,648					
6. Cuddapah	17,36,043	•••••	18,10,313	11,522	94,329	1,05,851					
7. Bellary	18,48,324		19,59,550	83,796	2,53,095	3,36,891					
8. Kurnool	12,98,241	<b>.</b>	13,07,585	3,535	6,593	10,128					
9. Madras	. 12,34,888	•••••	12,91,347	39,228	1,41,856	1,81,084					
Do. Town		••••		•••••	••••	•••••					
10. North Arcot	. 14,94,761	•••••	17,05,260	66,467	2,34,255	3,00,722					
11. South Arcot	28,40,129		29,49,206	32,478	50,648	83,126					
12. Tenjore	37,38,941		38,36,834	12,948	2,07,132	2,20,080					
13. Trichinopoly	12,90,933		13,35,191	2,218	13,065	15,283					
14. Madura	11,63,672		12,70,950	1,919	1,07,861	1,09,780					
15. Tinnevelly	23,85,759	) ·····	28,57,339	26,851	2,26,280	2,53,131					
16. Coimbatore	24,13,657		24,71,642	3,976	83,346	87,322					
17. Salem	15,87,003		16,23,167	16,096	58,941	75,037					
18. South Canara	13,36,544	•••••	13,40,564	98	6,828	6,926					
19. Malabar	16,88,203	•••••	17,43,302	4,355	57,844	62,199					
Total	330,16,164	•••••	346,94,689	3,87,807	19,42,681	23,30,488					

AR.											
Subsequent collections and remissions up to 31st December 1867.			Balance.								
				Arrear							
Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Recoverable and doubt- ful.	Irrecover	abl	e.	Total.	Current.	Total.		
51	52	53	54	55			56	57	58		
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS_	Rs.	Δ.	Р.	Rs.	BS.	RS.		
48	70,361	70,409	3,952	27,210	6	5	31,162	16,583	47,74		
9	1,143	1,152	222	378	12	1	600	231	831		
3,281	34,866	38,147	8,640	2,415	2	7	11,055	10,717	21,77		
3,422	44,601	48,023	11,211	1,930	1	2	13,141	16,060	29,20		
69	1,96,324	1,96,393	7,259	12,274	8	6	19,533	9,722	29,25		
8,381	87,738	96,119	1,150	1,990	11	1	3,141	6,591	9,73		
34,804	1,98,166	2,32,970	31,538	17,453	9	11	48,992	54,929	1,03,92		
84	5,827	5,911	911	2,539	12	9	3,451	766	4,21		
1,695	1,18,868	1,20,563	37,533	•••••			37,533	22,988	60,52		
••••	•••••	•••••						•••••	••••		
13,472	1,94,595	2,08,067	37,910	15,084	13	8	52,995	39,660	92,65		
3,898	35,576	39,474	21,644	6,936	1	4	28,580	15,072	43,65		
1,644	1,92,694	1,94,338	8,850	2,454	5	1	11,304	14,438	25,74		
988	11,884	12,872	584	646	0	0	1,230	1,181	2,41		
11	1,06,913	1,06,924	1,690	217	13	6	1,908	948	2,85		
454	2,14,251	2,14,705	25,119	1,277	9	11	26,397	12,029	38,42		
550	77,323	77 <u>,</u> 873	2,343	1,082	14	2	3,426	6,023	9,44		
1,169	43,711	44,880	8,101	6,825	1	1 1	14,927	15,230	30,15		
•••••	4,526	4,526	98		ļ		98	2,302	2,40		
1,148	42,199	43,347	1,774	1,432	11	10	3,207	15,645	18,85		
75,127	16,81,566	17,56,693	2,10,528	1,02,151	5	6	3,12,680	2,61,115			
mitted	mount alrea in Ganjam dated 9th A	.—(Vide G	overnment >	27,200	7	5			L		

-						LAND		
			. Мист					
<b>D</b> івтвіств.	•			Demand.				
·			Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Ar		
						Collections.		
			59	60	61	62		
			Rs.	RS.	Rs.	RS.		
1. Ganjam	••	• ••	42,952	69,439	1,12,391	23,713		
2. Vizagapatam			33,266	1,78,786	2,12,052	32,708		
3. Godavery			3,24,640	10,26,959	13,51,599	88,871		
4. Kistna			1,34,707	3,11,221	4,45,928	92,100		
5. Nellore	•••	• •••	80,950	2,88,134	3,69,084	74,520		
6. Cuddapah		• ••	47,635	1,80,660	2,28,295	38,849		
7. Bellary		•••	88,077	2,47,273	3,35,350	35,270		
8. Kurnool	•••	•••	7,879	1,82,674	1,90,553	5,790		
9. Madras	•••	• ••	1,28,875	1,56,909	2,85,784	40,912		
Do. Town		•••		•••••	•••••			
10. North Arcot		•••	89,941	1,43,499	2,33,440	56,349		
11. South Arcot		• • • •	28,202	66,400	94,602	24,055		
12. Tanjore	•••	•••	5,589	1, 17,075	1,22,664	4,486		
13. Trichinopoly	•••	•••	15,514	49,126	64,640	13,068		
14. Madura ,	•••	•••	10,740	46,422	57,162	9,914		
15. Tinnevelly		•••	68,574	89,243	1,57,817	64,964		
16. Coimbatore	··• ···	•••	. 6,369	59,917	66,286	4,409		
17. Salem	··· •••	•••	15,246	79,473	94,719	10,998		
18. South Canara	•••	•••	3,701	39,729	43,430	3,664		
19. Malabar	•••	•••	9	20,738	20,747	9		
	Tot	al	11,32,866	33,58,677	44,86,543	6,24,649		

# Balance of all Sources of Revenue, etc.—(Continued.)

REVENUE.					
LANEOUS.					
and Remissions.				Balance.	
rears.	Current.				
Remissions.	Collections.	Total.	A rrears.	Current.	Total.
63	64	65	66	67	68
Rs.	RS.	Rs.	RS.	RS.	RS.
176	45,364	69,253	19,063	24,074	43,137
25	1,46,889	1,79,622	533	31,897	32,430
7,036	9,13,611	10,09,518	2,28,733	1,13,348	3,42,081
11,742	2,26,809	3,30,651	30,865	84,412	1,15,277
418	1,98,435	2,73,373	6,011	89,699	95,710
424	1,40,158	1,79,431	8,362	40,503	48,865
245	1,58,280	1,93,795	52,562	88,992	1,41,554
687	1,77,148	1,83,625	1,402	5,527	6,929
9,863	97,208	1,47,983	78,100	59,701	1,37,801
•••••		•••••	••••••	•••••	
357	75,811	1,32,517	33,235	67,689	1,00,924
786	50,153	74,994	3,361	16,246	19,607
319	1,05,907	1,10,712	784	11,167	11,951
•••••	41,283	54,351	2,446	7,843	10,289
20	27,726	37,660	806	18,696	19,502
63	69,492	1,34,519	3,547	19,751	<b>23,29</b> 8
232	51,602	56,243	1,728	8,315	10,043
13	60,626	71,637	4,235	18,847	23,082
38	37,193	40,895	•••••	2,537	<b>2</b> ,537
•••••	18,728	18,737	•••••	2,010	2,010
32,444	26,42,423	32,99,516	4,75,773	7,11,254	11,87,027
					, -,,

						LANI		
						Misce		
Districts.	Subsequen sions up	t collections to 31st Dece	and remis- mber 1867.	Ba				
				Arrears.				
	Arrears.	Current.	Total	Irrecover- able and Doubtful.	Recoverable	Total.		
	69	70	71	72	73	74		
	RS.	Rs.	Rs.	RS.		Rs.		
1. Ganjam	7,341	14,642	21,983	11,360	362 111	11,722		
2. Vizagapatam	461	31,135	31,596	50	21 12 0	72		
3. Godavery	6,152	37,685	43,837	2,09,815	12,765 9 6	2,22,581		
4. Kistna	6,883	23,446	30,329	21,400	2,581 12 8	23,982		
5. Nellore	2,542	81,327	83,869	1,869	1,600 1 10	3,469		
6. Cuddapah	3,575	33,272	36,847	3,023	1,763 9 4	4,787		
7. Bellary	11,504	58,356	69,860	34,366	6,692 8 9	41,058		
8. Kurnool	65	3,876	3,941	998	339 0 1	1,337		
9. Madras	2,593	31,328	33,921	75,507		75,507		
Do. Town	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••		••••		
10. North Arcot	3,490	46,025	49,515	25,276	4,468 10 1	29,745		
11. South Canara	204	14,025	14,229	3,157		3,157		
12. Tanjore	,,,,,,,,,,,	10,588	10,588	674	110 2 2	784		
13. Trichinopoly	780	4,770	5,550	1,632	33 15 6	1,686		
14. Madura	17	18,119	18,136	789	0 4 0	789		
15. Tinnevelly	791	18,194	18,985	2,664	92 2 9	2,756		
16. Coimbatore	250	7,611	7,861	1,428	50 3 3	1,478		
17. Salem	1,249	16,383	17,632	2,176	809 10 2	2,966		
18. South Canara,		2,537	2,537			•••••		
19. Malabar		2,010	2,010			••••		
Total	47,897	4,55,329	5,03,226	3,96,184	31,691 8 0	4,27,876		

ANEOUS.			Tota	d.		
nce.			Demand.		Collectio Remiss	
	Total.	_			Arrea	rs.
Current.		Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Collections.	Remissions
75	76	77	78	79	80	81
R8.	Rs.	RS.	RS.	Rs.	RS.	Rs.
9,432	21,154	1,01,377	10,95,027	11,96,404	45,537	1,121
762	834	66,929	13,83,801	14,50,730	65,431	78
75,663	2,98,244	4,17,666	38,37,754	42,55,420	1,44,843	24,424
60,966	84,948	3,09,468	35,46,979	38,56,447	1,96,018	33,728
8,372	11,841	2,85,991	24,44,809	27,30,800	2,52,666	7,269
7,231	12,018	. 1,39,277	20,52,506	21,91,783	1,14,920	2,49
30,636	71,694	2,87,480	23,74,752	26,62,232	1,36,954	13,278
1,651	2,988	21,520	15,00,280	15,21,800	15,088	1,48
28,373	1,03,880	2,62,743	17,17,398	19,80,141	1,28,639	13,90
	•••••		•••••	•••••		•••••
21,664	51,409	5,35,219	23,94,883	29,30,102	4,30,106	4,94
2,221	5,378	1,79,037	29,87,504	31,66,541	1,34,083	8,17
579	1,363	1,25,005	42,17,190	43,42,195	1,07,485	3,48
3,073	4,739	66,066	14,12,029	14,78,095	60,432	97
577	1,366	3,91,774	21,29,602	25,21,376	3,88,577	2
1,557	4,313	6,06,947	30,49,820	36,56,767	5,73,326	3,22
704	2,182	68,443	25,88,029	26,56,472	61,930	80
2,464	5,450	1,18,070	22,09,326	23,27,396	88,646	4,99
•••••	•••	7,819	13,83,102	13,90,921	7,616	10
•••••	•••••	64, 463	17,84,236	18,48,699	5 8, 69	3 1,41
2,55,925	6,83,801	40,55,294	441,09,027	481,64,321	30,10,990	1,25,92

### No. 6,-Statement showing the Demand, Collection and

			•			LAND
						То
Districts.	Collectio	ns and Remi	ssions.—		Balance.	
Districts	Curi	ent.				
	Collections.	Remissions.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.
	82	83	84	85	86	87
	RS.	Rs.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1. Ganjam	9,74,521	•••••	10,21,179	54,719	1,20,506	1,75,225
2. Vizagapatam	13,24,117		13,89,621	1,425	59,684	61,109
3. Godavery	36,55,560		38,24,827	2,48,399	1,82,194	4,30,593
4. Kistna	32,66,824	•••••	34,96,570	79,722	2,80,155	3,59,877
5. Nellore	20,80,030		23,39,965	26,056	3,64,779	3,90,835
6. Cuddapah	19,12,936	••••	20,30,349	21,864	1,39,570	1,61,434
7. Bellary	. 20,26,222		21,76,454	1,37,248	3,48,530	4,85,778
8. Kurnool	. 14,87,197		15,03,771	4,946	13,083	18,029
9. Madras	. 14,74,979	•••••	16,17,520	1,20,202	2,42,419	3,62,621
Do. Town		•••••		••••	•••,•	•••••
10. North Arcot	. 19,60,107		23,95,160	1,00,166	4,34,776	5,34,942
11. South Arcot	. 29,14,122	•••••	30,56,375	36,784	73,382	1,10,166
12, Tanjore	. 39,92,811		41,03,779	14,037	2,24,379	2,38,416
13. Trichinopoly	. 13,83,495	•••••	14,44,897	4,664	28,534	33,198
14. Madura	. 17,34,606	••••••	21,23,212	3,168	3,94,996	3,98,164
15. Tinnevelly	. 27,72,675		33,49,224	30,398	2,77,145	3,07,543
16. Coimbatore	. 24,95,536		25,58,275	5,704	92,493	98,197
17. Salem	. 20,73,055	•••••	21,66,695	24,430	1,36,271	1,60,701
18. South Canara	. 13,73,737		13,81,459	97	9,365	9,462
19. Malabar	. 17,18,962	•••••	17,79,070	4,355	65,274	69,629
Total	406,21,492	••••••	437,58,402	9,18,384	34,87,535	44,05,919

Balance of all Sources of Revenue, etc.—(Continued.)

d.							
Subsequent C to 31	ollections and last December 1	Remissions up 867.		Balanc	e.		
			Arreare	3.			
Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Recoverable and Doubtful.	Irrecoverable.			Total.
88	89	90	91		92		93
RS.	RS.	RS.	Rs.				RS.
9,950	93,255	1,03,205	17,196	27,572	8	4	44,7
639	56,239	56,878	386	400	8	1	7
11,786	90,693	1,02,479	2,19,717	16,896	6	5	2,36,6
10,606	1,88,487	1,99,093	64,601	4,514	11	3	69,1
2,616	2,94,797	2,97,413	9,478	13,962	2	9	23,4
12,957	1,24,872	1,37,829	5,061	3,845	11	1	8,9
46,446	2,61,061	3,07,507	66,656	24,146	2	8	90,8
154	10,664	10,818	1,912	2,980	.0	9	4,7
4,773	1,88,291	1,93,064	1,15,429		ļ	<b></b>	1,15,4
•••••••	•••••	•••••					
17,023	3,69,865	3,86,888	63,589	19,553	7	9	83,14
4,184	55,256	59,440	25,614	6,986	0	4	32,6
1,683	2,09,009	2,10,692	9,736	2,617	7	3	12,38
1,768	24,280	26,048	[2,216	<b>67</b> 9	15	6	2,89
283	2,82,895	2,83,178	2,667	218	1	6	2,8
1,245	2,63,559	2,64,804	27,783	1,369	12	8	29,1
800	85,766	86,566	3,771	1,133	1	5	4,90
2,425	1,10,452	1,12,877	14,369	7,635	9	. 8	22,00
•••••	7,063	7,063	97		•••		g
1,148	<b>49,</b> 597 .	50,745	1,774	1,432	11	10	3,20
1,30,486	27,66,101	28,96,587	6,52,052	1,35,844	7	3	7,87,89
	ready authorize esh sanction is		l in Ganjam and	27,200	7	5	
's HILVE HO IL	ANT DOMESTICATED	TOU TOCKOK	-	1,08,643			

No. 6.—Statement showing the Demand, Collection and

	LAND R	EVENUE.				AB
	BALAT	NCE.				
Districts.				Dema	nd.	
	Current.	Total.		Cur	rrent.	
	·		Arrears.	Rented and Amany.	Miscellane- ous.	Total.
	94	95	96	97	98	99
	rs.	RS.	RS.	RS.	ES.	Rs.
1. Ganjam	27,251	72,020	22,703	64,630	500	87,833
2. Vizagapatam	3,445	4,231	12,792	1,02,150	513	1,15,455
3. Godavery	91,501	3,28,114	19,594	1,85,215	772	2,05,581
4. Kistna	91,668	1,60,784	7,806	1,46,500	442	1,54,748
5. Nellore	69,982	93,422	7,567	84,600	158	92,325
6. Cuddapah	14,698	23,605	5,841	2,23,163	66	2,29,070
7. Bellary	· 87,469	1,78,271	49,964	9,02,400	119	9,52,483
8. Kurnool	2,419	7,211	2,400	4,00,162	120	4,02,682
9. Madras	54,128	1,69,557	27,225	11,01,745	2,221	11,31,191
Do. Town	*****	••••.	•••••		••••	
10. North Arcot	64,911	1,48,054	40,608	2,92,155	220	3,32,983
11. South Arcot	18,126	50,726	11,992	2,70,000	274	2,82,266
12. Tanjore	15,370	27,724	2,500	4,99,500	556	5,02,556
13. Trichinopoly	4,254	7,150	1,669	1,19,950	353	1,21,972
14. Madura	1,12,101	1,14,986	8,653	1,81,752	6,722	1,97,127
15. Tinnevelly	13,586	42,739		81,000	502	81,502
16. Coimbatore	6,727	11,631	5,376	3,26,600	1,358	3,33,334
17. Salem	<b>25</b> ,819	47,824	30,560	1,91,000	723	2,22,283
18. South Canara.	2,302	2,399		1,06,150	308	1,06,458
19. Malabar	15,677	18,884	750	1,64,846	1,895	1,67,491
Total	7,21,434	15,09,332	2,58,000	54,43,518	17,822	57,19,340

#### KARRY.

	Col	lections and R	emissions.			BALANCE	,
Arre	ears.	Curre	nt.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.
Collections.	Remissions.	Rented and Amany.	Miscellane- ous.				
100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107
ES.	Rs.	RS.	Rs.	es.	Rs.	RS.	Rs.
2,014	20,689	59,312	500	82,515		5,318	5,318
6,776		90,998	513	98,287	6,016	11,152	17,168
16,965		1,74,982	772	1,92,719	2,629	10,233	12,862
7,806	******	1,22,982	442	1,31,230		23,518	23,518
6,659	*******	63,947	158	70,764	908	20,653	21,561
5,841		2,01,391	66	2,07,298		21,772	21,772
44,549	•••••	5,07,221	119	5,51,889	5,415	3,95,179	4,00,594
2,400	•••••	3,27,479	[ 120	3,29,999		72,683	72,683
27,056	•••••	10,66,408	2,219	10,95,683	169	35,339	35,508
•••••	*******	*******		•••••			
40,608		<b>2</b> ,53,196	220	2,94,024	•••••	38,959	38,959
11,990	•••••	2,10,422	274	2,22,686	2	59,578	59,580
2,500	•••••	4,70,790	556	4,73,846		28,710	28,710
1,669	•••••	1,09,405	353	1,11,427		10,545	10,545
8,512		1,12,246	6,722	1,27,480	141	69,506	69,647
••••••••		72,000	502	72,502		9,000	9,000
5,012	364	3,01,717	1,358	3,08,451	*****	24,883	24,883
30,560		1,42,492	723	1,73,775	••••	48,508	48,508
•••••	•••••	1,04,417	308	1,04,725		1,733	1,733
•••••	750	1,64,846	1,895	1,67,491	•••••	. •••••	•••••
2,20,917	21,803	45,56,251	17,820	48,16,791	15,280	8,87,269	9,02,549

No. 6.—Statement showing the Demand, Collection and

			`	AB
	Subsequent up to	F REMISSIONS B 1867.	Ba	
Districts.	-			Ar
	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Recoverable and doubtful.
	108	109	110	111
	ES.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Ganjam	• •••••	5,318	5,318	*******
2. Vizagapatam	•••••	11,152	11,152	•••••
3. Godavery	•••••	10,233	10,233	2,629
4. Kistna	•••••	23,518	23,518	••••••
5. Nellore	222	14,804	15,026	186
6. Cuddapah	•••••	21,772	21,772	•••••
7. Bellary	•••••	1,67,741	1,67,741	5,415
8. Kurnool	•••••	68,639	68,639	400
9. Madras	•••••	35,296	35,296	169
Do. Town		•••••	•••••	•••••
10. North Arcot	*****	38,959	38,959	
11. South Arcot	1	59,578	59,579	1
12. Tanjore	•••••	28,710	28,710	•••••••
13. Trichinopoly	•••••	10,545	10,545	•••••
14. Madura		21,829	21,829	•••••
15. Tinnevelly	••••	9,000	9,000	•••••
16. Coimbatore	•••••	24,883	<b>24,</b> 883	•••••
17. Salem	•••••	47,407	47,407	•••••
18. South Canara		1,733	1,733	
19. Malabar	•••••		•••••	•••••
Total	223	6,01,117	6,01,340	8,400

## Balance of all Sources of Revenue, etc.—(Continued.)

KARRY			•			INCOME TAX.				
LANCE.					· •		Demand.			
rears.	rears.									
Irreçove	recoverable. Total.		Total.	Current. Total.		Arrears.	Current.	Total.		
112	;	-	113	114	115	116	117	118		
Rs.	<b>A</b> .	P.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	Rs.		
•••••	ļ			•••••		19	13	32		
6,016	8	0	6,016	•••••	6,016	3	•••••	3		
•••••	<b>.</b>		2,629	•••••	2,629	••••	38	38		
•••••	ļ	<b> </b>	•••••	•••••	••••	344	•••••	344		
500	ļ		<b>6</b> 86	5,849	6,535	2,178	·····	2,178		
*****	۱		•••••		*****	2,936	•••	2,936		
•••••	<b></b>		5,415	2,27,438	2,32,853	466	40	506		
•••••	<b>.</b>		•••••	4,044	4,044	307	10	317		
•••••			169	43	212	81,541	17	81,558		
•••••			•••••	·····	·	*****		•••••		
•••••			••••			2,932	•••••	2,932		
•••••	•••		1	•••••	1	78	22	100		
			•••••		••••	299	1,561	· 1,860		
•••••			•••••	•••••	•••••	633	48	681		
141	8	6	141	47,677	47,818	133	•	133		
•••••	•••				•••••	289	•••••	289		
•••••			,	•••••	•••••	•••••	4	4		
•••••	•••			1,101	1,101	1,761	•••••	1,761		
•••••	•••				•••	••••	•••••	•••••		
•••••	•••				·	1,043	*****	1,043		
6,658		6	15,057	2,86,152	3,01,209	94,962	1,753	96,715		

No. 6.—Statement showing the Demand, Collection and

-		•			INCOM
·	Co	LLECTIONS AN	D REMISSION	Ns.	
Districts.	Arr	ears.			-
·	Collec-	Remis-	Current.	Total.	Balance.
	119	120	121	122	123
	Bs.	RS.	RS.	B8.	RS.
1. Ganjam	••••••	19	13	32	
2. Vizagapatam	•••••			••••	3
3. Godavery	•••••	•••••	38	38_	
4. Kistna	py			•••••	344
5. Nellore	•••••				2,178
6. Cuddapah	•••••	•••	,		2,936
7. Bellary	2	411	40	453	53
8. Kurnool	•••••	307	10	317	
9. Madras	10,026		17	10,043	71,515
Do. Town	••••••			•••••	
10. North Arcot					2,932
11. South Arcot	53	19	22	94	6
l2. Tanjore	•••••		1,561	1,561	299
13. Trichinopoly	•••••	633	48	681	
14. Madura	••••••	•••••			133
15. Tinnevelly	•••••		į		289
16. Coimbatore	•••••	,	4	. 4	
17. Salem	•••••				1,761
18. South Canara	•••••	<b>!</b>			
19. Malabar	••••••			••••••	1,043
	10,081	1,389	1,753	13,223	83,492

Balance of all Sources of Revenue, etc.—(Continued.)

'AX.			•		LICENSE TAX.		
		BALAI	NCE.				
Subsequent collections and		Arr	ears.		Current	Current	
remissions up to 31st December 1867.	Recoverable and doubtful.	Irrecoverable.		Total.	Demand.	Collections.	
124	125	12	6	127	128	129	
Rs.	RS.	ES.	A. P.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
					5,078	5,078	
	3			3	4,828	4,828	
*****					25,238	25,238	
	344			344	16,150	16,150	
	2,178			2,178	21,796	21,796	
	2,936			2,936	12,962	12,962	
	15	37	13 0	53	10,397	10,397	
	iiii				37,996	37,996	
71,515	*****				3,653	3,653	
	******					•••••	
	2,932			2,932	7,381	7,381	
	6	511		6	9,546	9,546	
	299			299	33,452	33,452	
					5,324	5,324	
	133	*****		133	2,570	2,570	
*****	289			289	17,027	17,027	
					12,466	12,466	
	1,761			1,761	10,598	10,598	
					8,056	8,056	
	1,043			1,043	11,772	11,772	
71,515	11,939	-37	13 0	11,977	2,56,290	2,56,290	

							SALT
		Den	IAND.	<del></del>	T		Colle
		<del></del>	- COLLEC				
Districts.		Curre	nt.	t.		ears.	Cur
·	Arrears.	Sales.	Miscella- neous.	Total.	Collec- tion	Remission.	Sales.
	130	131	132	133	13	34	135
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	is.	Es.
1. Ganjam	•••••	15,23,963	472	15,24,435			15,23,963
2. Vizagapatam.		3,24,110	64	3,24,174			3,24,110
3. Godavery	••••	4,61,038	94	4,61,132	<b></b> ,.	•••••	4,61,038
4. Kistna	•••••	13,00,169	209	13,00,378			13,00,169
5. Nellore	•••••	10,92,901	17	10,92,918			10,92,901
6. Cuddapah	•••••	•••••	•••••	*****			*****
7. Bellary	2,898	10,743	•••••	13,641	1,133	37	7,117
8. Kurnool	54	2,007	•••••	2,061	54		1,987
9. Madras	•••••	23,55,649	916	23,56,565			23,55,649
Do. Town	•••••	•••••	•••••	*****	•••••		••••
10. North Arcot	•••••	*****	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	••••
11. South Arcot	••••	6,23,321	3,968	6,27,289		•••••	6,23,321
12. Tanjore	1,265	11,01,903	4,574	11,07,742	1,265	····••	11,01,903
13. Trichinopoly.		•••••	*****	•••••			••••
14. Madura		5,89,135	571	5,89,706	<b>.</b>		5,89,135
15. Tinnevelly		7,13,800	46	713,846			7,13,800
16. Coimbatore		••••		•••••			
17. Salem		•••••	•••••	•••••		<b></b>	
18. South Canara.	••••	5,79,390	5	5,79,395	•••••		5,79,390
19. Malabar		8,98,914		8,98,914			8,98,914
Total	4,217	115,77,043	10,936	115,92,196	2,452	37	115,73,397

Balance of all Sources of Revenue, etc.—(Continued.)

Tions.			BALANCE.	1	Subsequent collections and remissions up to 31st December 1867.					
rent.										
Miscella- neous.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total,			
136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143			
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	Rs.	RS.	RS.	Rs.			
472	15,24,435	•••••			********		••••••			
64	3,24,174	•••••	••••••		•••••	••••••	********			
94	4,61,132	•••••				••••••	••••••			
209	13,00,378	••••••					•••••			
17	10,92,918	••••••		••••••		••••••	•••••			
*******		•••••		l	*******		******			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	8,287	1,728	3,626	5,354	293	2,398	2,691			
*******	2,041	•••••	20	20	••••	20	20			
916	23,56,565	•••••	••••			•••••	*******			
	•••••	•••••	••••••	······	••••••		••••••			
•••••	•••••	••••••				•••••	*******			
3,968	6,27,289	•••••				••••	••••••			
4,574	11,07,742			•••••		•••••	••••••			
••••••		******					******			
571	5,89,706	••••••	!	••••••			******			
46	7,13,846	••••••	••••••		•••••		•••••••			
•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••							
••••••		••••••		••••••		••••••	******			
5	5,79,395	••••••	•••••			•••••	•••••			
•••••	8,98,914	******	••••••	••••••	••••	•••••	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
10,936	1,15,86,822	1,728	3,646	5,374	293	2,418	2,711			

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### No. 6.—Statement showing the Demand, Collection and

				SA	ALT.			SEA
				В	LANCE.			Da
DISTRICTS.		Arre	ars.					
	Recoverable and doubtful.	Irrecoverable.			Total.	Current,	Total.	Duty.
	144				146	147	148	149
	Rs.	RS.	<b>A.</b>	P.	RS.	ze.	Rŝ.	<b>38.</b>
1. Ganjam						•••	*******	24,715
2. Vizagapatam		•••				•••••	*******	13,706
3. Godavery		•••			•••••	•••••	*******	47,606
4. Kistna		•••			•••••	••••	*******	7,374
5. Nellore	••••	•••			********		••••••	122
6. Cuddapah	•••••	•••		}	••••••	• •••••	•••••	
7. Bellary	1,115	320	0 0	d	1,435	1,228	2,663	
8. Kurnool					*******		•••••	
9. Madras					•••••		•••	•••••
Do. Town					******	~~~~~	•••••	12,39,608
10. North Arcot		•••			•••••		************	•••••
11. South Arcet	*******	•••			••••••	*******	••••••	44,133
12. Tanjore		•••			•••••		•••••	3,98,213
13. Trichinopoly		•••			•••••		*******	•••
14. Madura		•••			•••••	********	•••••	29,285
15. Tinnevelly		•••					•••••	70,433
16. Coimbatore		•••			********		******	*******
17. Salem		•••			•••••	*******	APP 2 2 2 2 2 2	******
18. South Canara		•••			·····	,	••••	59,810
19. Malabar	•••••	•••			••••	*********		95,516
Total	1,115	320	0	0	1,435	1,228	2,663	20,30,521

Balance of all Sources of Revenue, etc.—(Continued.)

CUSTOMS	•	L	AND CUST	OMS.		STAMPS.	
MAND.		Dru	IAND.				
Miscella- neous.	Collection.	Duty.	Miscella- neous.	Collection.	Sales.	Miscella- neous.	Collection.
150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157
BS.	Rs.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
51	24,766	******	*******		74,185	1,262	75,447
86	13,792		••••••		1,08,906	3,836	1,12,742
917	48,523	441	44	485	1,46,803	2,877	1,49,680
106	7,480	•••••	•••••		96,906	2,926	99,832
5	127	•••••	4	4	72,229	1,528	73,757
	•••••	••••••	•••••		1,18,794	4,388	1,23,182
	1	*******	•••••	•••••••	1,49,656	3,94 <b>3</b>	1,53,599
•••••	•••••	*******	•••••		96,799	2,592	99,391
*******		4	•••••	•••••	1,91,244	1,121	1,92,365
31,520	12,71,128	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••	••••••	1,03,349	••••••	1,03,349
•••••		•••••	•••••	•••••	1,05, <b>5</b> 03	5,092	1,10,595
25	44,158	49,811	751	50,562	96,303	2,283	98,586
1,091	3,99,304	69,157	154	69,311	3,35,897	10,167	3,46,064
•••••			•••••	•••••	79,301	1,082	<b>80,</b> 38 <b>3</b>
25	29,310		••••••	•••••	2,05,170	4,434	2,09,604
689	71,122	••••••	*** \ **		2,22,560	3,673	2,26,233
••••		•••••	******	•••••	1,30,588	2,359	1,32,947
······			•••••		1,23,175	2,774	1,25,949
1,396	61,206	•••••	•••••	••••	1,40,078	2,995	1,43,073
2,673	97,589	5,425	43	5,468	3,92,156	7,709	3,99,865
37,984	20,68,505	1,24,834	996	1,25,830	29,89,602	67,041	30,56,643

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No. 6.—Statement showing the Demand, Collection and

·				GRAND	
		Demand.		Cor	
Districts.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	
	158	159	160	16l	
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
1. Ganjam	1,24,099	27,89,896	29,13,995	47,551	
2. Vizagapatam	79,724	19,42,000	20,21,724	72,207	
3. Godavery	4,37,260	47,08,837	51,46,097	1,61,808	
4. Kistna	3,17,618	51,17,761	54,35,379	2,03,824	
5. Nellore	2,95,736	37,18,169	40,13,905	2,59,324	
6. Cuddapah	1,48,054	24,11,879	25,59,933	1,20,761	
7. Bellary	3,40,808	34,52,050	37,92,858	1,82,638	
8. Kurnool	24,281	20,39,966	20,64,247	17,543	
9. Madras	3,71,509	53,73,964	57,45,473	1,65,721	
10. Do. Town	••••••	13,74,477	13,74,477		
11. North Areot	5 <b>,</b> 78,7 <b>5</b> 9	<b>2</b> 8,05,233	33,83,992	4,70,714	
12. South Arcot	1,91,107	40,87,941	42,79,048	1,46,126	
13. Tanjore	1,29,069	66,73,415	68,02,484	1,11,250	
14. Trichinopely	68,368	16,18,087	16,86,455	62,102	
15. Madura	4,00,560	31,49,266	35,49,826	3,97,088	
16. Tinnevelly	6,07,236	41,59,550	47,66.786	5,73,326	
17. Coimbatore	<b>73</b> ,819	30,61,404	31,35,223	66,942	
18. Salem	1,50,391	<b>2</b> 5,37,596	26,87,987	1,19,206	
19. South Canara	7,819	22,81,290	<b>22</b> ,89,109	7,616	
20. Malabar	66,256	33,64,586	34,30,842	58,693	
Total	44,12,473	6,66,67,367	7,10,79,840	32,44,440	

Add receipts from the sale ofw aste lands... ...

Balance of all Sources of Revenue, etc.—(Continued.)

ections.	1	]	Remission	8.	TOTAL INCLUDING REMISSIONS				
Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.		
162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169		
R8.	ES.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RR.	RS.	RS.		
26,64,072	27,11,623	21,829	•••••	21,829	69,380	26,64,072	27,33,45		
18,71,163	19,43,370	73	•••••	73	72,280	18,71,163	19,43,44		
45,16,410	46,78,218	24,424	•••••	24,424	1,86,232	45,16,410	47,02,64		
48,14,087	50,17,911	33,728	•••••	33,728	2,37,552	48,14,087	50,51,63		
<b>3</b> 3,32,736	35,92,060	7,269	•	7,269	2,66,593	33,32,736	35,99,32		
22,50,537	23,71,298	2,493	*****	2,493	1,23,254	22,50,537	23,73,79		
27,04,715	28,87,353	13,726	••••	13,726	1,96,364	27,04,715	29,01,07		
19,54,180	19,71,723	1,793	••••	1,793	19,336	19,54,180	19,73,51		
50,96,206	52,61,927	13,902	····	13,902	1,79,623	50,96,206	52,75,82		
13,74,477	13,74,477		•••••	*******	•••••	13,74,477	13,74,47		
23,31,498	28,02,212	4,947	•••••	4,947	4,75,661	23,31,498	28,07,15		
39,54,983	41,01,109	8,189	•••••	8,189	1,54,315	39,54,983	41,09,29		
64,20,327	65,31,577	3,483	•••••	3,483	1,14,733	64,20,327	65,35,06		
15,79,008	16,41,110	1,603	•••••	1,603	63,705	15,79,008	16,42,71		
26,84,763	30,81,851	29	•••••	29	3,97,117	26,84,763	30,81,88		
38,73,405	44,46,731	3,223	••••	3,223	5,76,549	38,73,405	44,49,95		
29,44,028	30,10,970	1,173		1,173	68,115	29,44,028	30,12,14		
23,52,817	24,72,023	4,994	•••••	4,994	1,24,200	23,52,817	24,77,01		
22,70,192	22,77,808	106	·••••	106	7,722	22,70,192	22,77,91		
<b>32,99,</b> 313	33,58,006	2,165	•••••	2,165	60,858	32,99,313	33,60,17		
622,88,917	655,33,357	1,49,149	••••	1,49,149	33,93,589	622,88,917	656,82,50		
2,84,038									
625,72,955		ŀ				1			

No. 6.—Statement showing the Demand, Collection and

			. • /			GRANI		
		Balance.		SUBSEQUENT COLLECTIONS AND RE- MISSIONS UP TO 31ST DECEMBER 1867.				
Districts.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.		
	170	171	172	173	174	175		
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	Rs.	R8.		
1. Ganjam	54,719	1,25,824	1,80,543	9,950	98,573	1,08,523		
2. Vizagapatam	7,445	70,837	78,282	641	67,392	68,033		
3. Godavery	2,51,027	1,92,427	4,43,454	11,785	1,00,926	1,12,711		
4. Kistna	80,066	3,03,674	3,83,740	10,606	2,12,006	2,22,612		
5. Nellore	29,143	3,85,433	4,14,576	2,839	3,09,602	3,12,441		
6. Cuddapah	24,800	1,61,342	1,86,142	12,957	1,46,644	1,59,601		
7. Bellary	1,44,444	7,47,335	8,91,779	46,739	4,31,200	4,77,939		
8. Kurnool	4,945	85,786	90,731	153	79,323	79,476		
9, Madras	1,91,886	2,77,758	4,69,644	76,288	2,23,587	2,99,875		
Do. Town	*******		•••••	•••••	••••			
10. North Arcot	1,03,098	4,73,735	5,76,833	17,023	4,08,824	4,25,847		
11. South Arcot	36,792	1,32,958	1,69,750	4,185	1,14,832	1,19,017		
12. Tanjore	14,335	2,53,088	2,67,423	1,682	2,37,718	2,39,400		
13. Trichinopoly	4,663	39,079	43,742	1,767	34,825	36,592		
14. Madura	3,443	4,64,503	4,67,946	283	3,04,725	3,05,008		
15. Tinnevelly	30,687	2,86,145	3,16,832	1,245	2,72,559	2,73,804		
16. Coimbatore	5,704	1,17,376	1,23,080	800	1,10,649	1,11,449		
17. Salem	26,191	1,84,779	2,10,970	2,425	1,57,859	1,60,284		
18. South Canara	97	. 11,098	11,195	*******	8,796	8,796		
19. Malabar	5,399	65,273	70,672	1,149	49,596	_50,745		
Total	10,18,884	43,78,450	53,97,334	2,02,517	33,69,636	35,72.153		

Deduct amount already authorized to be remitted under Ryotwar but erroneously included by the Collector of Ganjam in his recommendation for remission.

#### TOTAL.

2,216

2,800

28,072

3,771

16,130

2,817

6,73,507

97

679

359

1,369

1,133

7,635

1,432

1,42,860

1,15,659

27,200

15 6

10 0

8

12

1 5

9 8

11 10

4 9

7 5

13 4

				Balance.		
-	Arrears			1		
Recoverable and Doubtful.	Irrecovers	ble.		Total.	Current.	Total.
176	177		_ -	178	179	180
RS.	RS.	Δ.	P.	RS.	RS.	RS.
17,197	27,572	8	4	44,769	27,251	72,020
387	6,417	0	1	6,804	3,445	10,249
2,22,346	16,896	6	5	2,39,242	91,501	3,30,743
64,945	4,514	11	3	69,460	91,668	1,61,128
11,842	14,462	2	9	26,304	75,831	1,02,135
7,997	3,845	11	1	11,843	14,698	26,541
73,201	24,503	15	8	97,705	3,16,135	4,13,840
1,912	2,880	0	9	4,792	6,463	11,255
1,15,598				1,15,598	54,171	1,69,769.
					********	
66,522	19,553	7	9	86,075	64,911	1,50,986
25,621	6,986	0	4	32,607	18,126	50,733
10,036	2,617	7	3	12,653	15,370	28,023

7,150

1,62,938

43,028

11,631

50,686

2,399

19,927

18,25,181

2,896

3,160

29,442

4,904

23,766

4,250

8,16,367

97

4,254

1,59,778

13,586

6,727

26,920

2,302

15,677

10,08,814

No. 7.—Statement showing the receipts and sales of Salt for Fuely 1276.

	Balance remaining in store.		14	IN. MDS.	9,62,191	1,51,686	8,56,488	8,29,445	18,64,527	24,06,998	5,45,488	7,67,001	6,47,980	9,85,789	8,21,844	2,94,118	95,83,430
	Total.		18	IN. MDR.	9,67,995	2,27,195	3,62,896	12,21,265	7,22,604	17,14,948	5,67,484	7,89,957	8,85,964	4,55,898	8,48,752	5,52,396	82,66,854
	Wastage written off under the sanction of Govern.	ment.	12	IN. MDB.	89,218	85,111	57,684	4,20,894	29,934	168,891	88,847	17,016	36,695	7,685	10,723	8,270	8,08,862
	Total.		11	IN. MDB.	9,28,782	1,92,084	8,04,762	8,00,871	6,92,670	16,52,057	4,84,137	7,22,941	8,50,269	4,48,263	8,88,030	5,44,126	74,58,498
THE TEAB.	Sold to French Go-	vernment.	10	IN. MDS.	:	:	1,080	:	•	:	62,139	18,200		:		2,786	79,155
QUANTITY SOLD DURING THE TEAR	Exportation by sea.	On private account	G.	IN. MDS.	:	i	33,200	:	88,027	2,08,843	62,800	88,220	:	18,780	:	:	8,88,870
QUANTITY	Inland consump-	tion.	<b>60</b>	IN. MD8.	8,09,888	1,105	1,878	4,70,900	8,73,799	12,42,515	1,60,095	2,39,276	854	88,121	1,57,627	94,765	86,84,818
	Ноше сопявишь.	tion.	7	IN. KDS.	1,18,894	1,90,979	2,68,609	8,29,471	2,81,844	2,01,199	2,09,108	4,88,245	8,49,415	8,96,862	1,80,408	4,46,625	84,11,149
	Total including		•	IN. MDB.	19,80,186	8,78,881	7,18,884	20,50,710	20,87,131	41,21,941	11,12,917	15,06,958	9,88,884	14,41,687	6,70,596	8,46,509	17,800,284
N STORE IN	Total.		10	IN. MDB.	9,67,805	8,09,898	2,52,153	4,61,843	7,44,832	22,61,746	2,94,614	9,15,815	4,18,679	5,16,787	8,07,685	6,28,506	79,74,208
QUANTITY RECEIVED IN STORE IN FURLY 1276.	Gain by measure- ment and	confiscated Salt, etc.	•	IN. MD8.	1,578	488	887	944	41,666	410	503	982	2,510	1,710	11,896	1,020	64,483
QUANTITY	Balance on hand at the commence Salt manu- ment of factured ment of daring the	year.	••	IN. MDB.	9,65,788	2,08,815	2,51,816	4,60,898	7,08,156	22,61,886	2,94,111	9,14,888	4,16,169	5,15,027	2,95,789	6,22,486	79,09,719
	Balance on hand at the commence ment of	the rusiy.	69	IN. MDG.	962,881	169,588	4,66,781	15,88,868	18,42,809	18,60,198	8,18,308	5,91,148	5,15,205	9,24,950	8,62,911	2,28,008	98,26,082
	Districts.		1		1. Ganjam	2. Visagapatam	8. Godavery	4. Kistna	5. Nellore	6. Madras	7. South Aroot	8. Tanjore	9. Madura	10. Tinnevelly	11. South Canara	12. Malabar	Total

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	1 :	Fusly_1276.				14,01,086 11	2,91,646 18	4,18,787 14	12,44,376	9,95,878 12	20,09,817 10	5,72,607	9,93,167	5,25,519	6,39,625	4,61,904	6,07,586	99,	6	70,
						14	Ø.	4	129	0	8	10	Ø.	10	9	4	φ,	2 1,01,60,948 11		1,01,70,052 11
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	2	Fuely 1275.		_		18,08,995 12	2,93,192 14	2	=		œ	98	80	73	12	12	4,54,426 10	2	1	
	ł	4		<b>=</b>	ä	8	3,18	8,17,640	6,81,511	9,72,691	3,56	4,89,626	9,11,18	5,67,145	6,16,917	8,44,231	4,4	3,18	1	
	1	Ę		j		8,0	9	8,1	8,8	7,0	17,05,568	<b>4</b> ,8	9,1	5,6	6,1	4,8	<b>4</b> ,	86,63,130	1	
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	1	# #	ı		₹	1,38,848 11	82,525 12	4	4	••	7	•	12	64,186 12	74,220 11	_	•	20	1	
8		Deduct charges.	1	10	188	84	525	42,894	56,002	97,544	3,47,247	54,682	1,18,309	186	220	1,17,490	2,91,338	14,14,280	1	
12,	1	ದಿ ಕೈ				<b>હ્યું</b>	8	8	26	26	,47,	4	18	2	74	,17,	,91,	14,	1	
7	.		- 1			-					•••		-			-	61	14	1	
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ŗ.	ł	Total gross revenue.	i	6		32	78	82	28	18	92	88	22	5,89,705 13	46	5,79,394 10	14	63	17	82
88	1	<b>4 5 9</b>	ı	•	H8.	4,4	8,24,172	4,61,182	8,	10,92,918	6,5	6,27,289	6,4	6,2	7,13,846	8,6	8,98,914	ε3	711,7	1,987
.3		e r	- [			15,24,435	80	4,6	13,00,878	3,01	23,56,565	6,2	11,06,477	<b>5</b>	7,1	5,7	8,	15,7		
howing the financial results of Salt transactions in Fusly 1276.			<u> </u>		· · · · · ·	<del>-</del> -		-		<u>.</u>		*0	-	69	60	-	<del></del> -	21,15,75,229		
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4	1	Refunds of charges.		80	Α.	7 10	:	4	:	:	817 15	8,470 13	4,491 12	•	_	63				ol.
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118	1	Extra revenue.	- [	2	₹	70	0.	15	208 18	•	10	60	10		5 G	2 14	:	1,980 15	. E	Š.
72.8	1	E E			<b>38</b>	244	88	88	208	17	88	497	83	929	47	64	:	980	돢	A
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ō			1		A	•	O	0	0	0	10	9	-	••	0	6	6	69	ł	
28			-		₹	80	8,24,108 15	4,61,037 12	2	•	90	••	14	5,89,134 14	6	6,79,889 12	4	15		
200		Total.	- 1	•	Ä	963	108	037	13,00,169	10,92.901	23,55,648	6,23,321	11,01,902	134	7,18,799	888	8,98,914	291	İ	
9		Ĕ			Ä	15,23,963	24	61,	8	ğ	55,	83	۵,	68	18	79,	86	2,	j	
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,		Sold to French Go- vernment.			₹	:	•	64	:	:	:	~	2	:	•	•	12	15		
o h		nop in	-	10		:	:	8	i	:	:	24	8	:	•	88		92	İ	
7	:	Frei R			Ä	•	•	108	•	•	•	7,247	1,898	•	•	9,668	1,289	4 20,156	1	
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		Exportation by sea.			ä	•	•	4,980	•	5,701	1,88	7,706	3,580	•	2,817	•	•	6,0	1	
9	INO. 8.—Statemen		<del>-¦</del> -		   ai	- 0	-	-	19	-	0 81,250	99	6	-	-	•	-	8 11 56,034	·l	
2	<u> </u>	Inland Consumption.	- [			0			-	•		69	9	69		0	4	8 1	ŀ	
•	` [	Inland Permprio	- [		"		1,864 11	8,160 11			7.1			-	55,891 11		<u>.</u>	, e		
	/	e g	- [	•	2	3,62	86,	9,16	99,	,51	94,	2	38,	1,441	88,	66,	3,23	2,7	l	
		8	1			0 13,28,628		•••	7,56,668	0 6,12,518	6 19,92,467 18	9 2,64,649	3,86,262	_	ğ	2,65,995	9 1,58,237	258,22,780	1	
	$I^{-}$	ä	<del>†</del>		, A	- 6	6	0	4	-	-5-	6	4	••	0	•	6	69	1	
	<b>/</b> ,	consumption.	1		∢	22	4	2	9	0	4	6	0	22	14	•	-	4	1	
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- 1	_	STO O	1		ä	8,0	બું	4,52,798 15	5,43,501	4,74,687	3,31,930	8,7.	0,1(	5,87,693 12	5,0	3,7	9,4	8, 33		
1		•				9,0	& 62	4,5		4,7		3,4	7,1	5,8	6,55,090 14	8,0	7,89,437	56,65,820	1	
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Ī			)		l	1. Ganjam 3,00,334 15	2. Vizagapatam 3,22,244	8. Godsvery	4. Kistna	5. Nellore	6. Madras	7. South Arcot 3,48,718	8. Tanjore 7,10,162	9. Madura	10. Tinnevelly	11. South Canara. 8,03,726	12. Malabar		1	
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A.
(QUINQUEN
Statement showing the number of villages and hamlets in the several

	Extent in	Acres accord- ing to the	Summut	Ryot	WAR.	
Districts.	square miles.	village Ayacut accounts.	Maganum, etc.	Village.	Hamlets.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	
	Sq. Miles.	Acres.	No.	No.	No.	
1. Ganjam	1,941	12,42,240		1,413	489	
2. Vizagapatam	3,622	87,106	5	149	143	
3. Godavery	6,719	17,57,300	31	840	513	
4. Kistna	6,692	42,83,163		1,293	1,038	
5. Nellore	4,546	29,09,516		844	799	
6. Cuddapah	9,177	49,32,595	35	1,034	5,592	
7. Bellary	11,351	63,05,702	181	2,075	1,241	
8. Kurnool	7,470	32,29,207	26	693	735	
9. Madras	2,813	18,00,372	20	1,732	395	
10. North Arcot	3,959	25,34,553	235	2,480	1,257	
11. South Arcot	4,779	30,57,703	208	2,730	973	
12. Tanjore	3,735	23,90,107	114	4,792	575	
13. Trichinopoly	3,565	22,81,784	83	1,141	1,095	
14. Madura	4,882	20,62,126		665	2,022	
15. Tinnevelly	3,810	15,10,378	31	859	2,591	
16. Coimbatore	. 8,470	42,58,596	164	1,281	4,880	
17. Salem	7,604	37,09,556	294	2,382	2,206	
18. South Canara	. 4,206		148	1,278	27	
19. Malabar	6,259			432	2,596	
Total	. 1,05,600	483,52,004	1,575	28,113	29,167	

NIAL.)

districts of the Madras Presidency for Fusly 1276.

Ren	ITED.	Ам	ANY.	SHROTRIUM	and Inam.	MUTTARS AND POLLIEMS ATTACHED TO TALOOKS.		
Villages.	Hamlets.	Villages.	Hamlets.	Villages.	Hamlets.	Villages.	Hamlets.	
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
7		•••		222	100	442	116	
252	310	•••	•••	182	29	200	99	
83	41	3	•••	114	56	810	318	
1		•••	•••	222	27	290	191	
•••			•••	270	58	47	50	
•••		•••		217	80			
•••				176	33	28	. 2	
•••			•	91	10			
12	12	1	-	331	102	356	55	
3	12		•••	107	47	249	269	
•••		7	10	73	11	17	16	
•••	•••	3	•••	1,254	147	251	95	
•••	٠	•••	•••	125	76	243	326	
•••		5	2	133	73	223	624	
•••		•••		123	152	•••		
		•••	•••	9	11	45	113	
•••	•••		•••	220	88	1,044	546	
•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
•••		•••	•••		•••	•••	<b>,</b>	
358	375	19	12	3,869	1,100	4,245	2,820	

Statement showing the number of villages and hamlets in the several districts of the Madras

Presidency for Fusly 1276.—(Concluded.)

	To	TAL.	Unine	ABITED.	GRAND TOTAL.		
DISTRICTS.	Villages.	Hamlets.	Villages.	Hamlets.	Villages.	Hamlets.	
,	15	16	17	18	19	20	
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
1. Ganjam	2,084	705	52		2,136	705	
2. Vizagapatam	783	581	25	7	<b>,80</b> 8	588	
S. Godavery	1,850	928	87	116	1,937	1,044	
4. Kistna	1,806	1,256	<b>6</b> 3	4	1,869	1,260	
5. Nellore	1,161	907	82		1,243	907	
6. Cuddapah	1,251	5,672	98	1,462	1,349	7,134	
7. Bellary	2,279	1,276	290	311	2,569	1,587	
8. Kurnool	784	745	4	247	788	992	
9. Madras	2,432	564			2,432	¦ 564	
10. North Arcot	2,839	1,585	496	105	3,335	<b>=</b> 1,690	
11. South Arcot	2,827	1,010	281	15	3,108	1,025	
12. Tanjore	6,300	817	6	•••	6,306	817	
13. Trichinopoly	1,509	1,497	144	202	1,653	1,699	
14. Madura	1,026	2,721	206	967	1,232	3,688	
15. Tinnevelly	982	2,743	269	221	1,251	2,964	
16. Coimbatore	1,335	5,004	259	990	1,594	5,994	
17. Salem	3,646	2,840	362	151	4,008	2,991-	
18. South Canara	1,278	27			[ 1,278	27	
19. Malabar	432	2,596			432	2,596	
Total	36,604	33,474	2,724	4,798	39,328	38,272	

ENCLOSURE No. 1 in A.

Villages and Hamlets in Zemindaries not included in Government talooks of the several districts of the Madras Presidency.

	Extent in INHAE		BITED.	Uninh	ABITED.	TOTAL.	
Districts.	square miles.	Villages.	Hamlets.	Villages.	Hamlets.	Villages.	Hamlets.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Sq. Miles.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
1. Ganjam	2,246	2,272	451	121	97	2,393	548
2. Vizagapatam	15,313	5,152	1,573	245	31	5,397	1,604
3. Godavery	816	247	144	16	1	263	145
4. Kistna	535	246	87	25	9	271	96
5. Nellore		730	617			730	617
6. Cuddapah					•••		•••
7. Bellary	145	28	2			28	2
8. Kurnool			•••				
9. Madras							
10. North Arcot	11,187	1,551	i,204	255	247	1,806	1,451
11. South Arcot	•••	•••					•••
12. Tanjore	•••	•••				·	
13. Trichinopoly	•••	•••	•••				
14. Madura	3,908	2,962	1,048	1,266	842	4,228	1,890
15. Tinnevelly	1,336	688	475	38	56	726	531
16. Coimbatore	•••	•••	•••				•••
17. Salem		•••	•••				
18. South Canara	•••	•	•••				
19. Malabar		•••	•••	•••		***	
Total	35,486	13,876	<b>5</b> ,601	1,966	1,283	15,842	6,884

B. (QUINQUEN Statement showing the Circar Ayacut and Cultivation in the several

					ог Ровимво	OKE.	
<b>D</b> istricts.	I	ry.	W	Tet.	Total.		
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment	Extent.	Assessment	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
	ACRES.	Rs.	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	Rg.	
1. Ganjam	1,95,031	2, 12,461	2,59,943	7,28,116	4,54,974	9,40,577	
2. Vizagapatam	60,751	66,840	26,355	1,37,464	87,106	2,04,304	
3. Godavery	7,89,535	14,74,812	4,52,127	12,01,582	12,41,662	26,76,394	
4. Kistna	23,29,486	32,55,401	3,14,413	15,63,226	26,43,899	48,18,627	
5. Nellore	12,51,241	14,56,730	2,78,084	13,18,758	15,29,325	27,75,488	
6. Cuddapah	31,63,549	19,09,295	3,02,303	21,78,417	34,65,852	40,87,712	
7. Bellary	60,35,310	31,25,530	2,70,392	10,70,728	63,05,702	41,96,258	
8. Kurnool	31,70,596	18,22,791	58,611	3,13,856	32,29,207	21,36,647	
9. Madras	5,73,520	9,33,404	3,83,638	14,39,889	9,57,158	23,73,293	
10. North Arcot	8,64,781	11,75,787	2,90,379	16,92,275	11,55,160	28,68,062	
11. South Arcot	15,11,639	23,95,505	3,27,456	17,56,260	18,39,095	41,51,765	
12. Tanjore	6,82,644	7,62,775	10,43,073	46,79,010	17,25,717	54,41,785	
13. Trichinopoly	11,73,466	10,97,581	1,40,095	5,83,953	13,13,561	16,81,534	
14. Madura	12,19,405	14,51,380	1,82,887	7,53,108	14,02,292	22,04,488	
15. Tinnevelly	13,09,378	8,45,147	2,01,000	17,60,909	15,10,378	26,16,056	
16. Coimbatore	32,61,985	26,92,552	1,01,005	7,70,698	<b>3</b> 3,62,990	34,63,245	
17. Salem	13,25,063	16,79,502	95,415	5,86,530	14,20,478	22,66,032	
18. South Canara	••••••			•••••			
19. Malabar	3,85,096	6,00,790	3,87,296	11,83,986	7,72,392	17,84,776	
Total	29,302,476	26,958,283	51,14,472	23,718,760	34,416,948	506,77,043	

NIAL.)
districts of the Madras Presidency for Fusly 1267.

	DEDUCT INAM.										
<b>D</b> :	ry.	V	Vet.	ני	Total.						
Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.						
8	9	10	11	12	13						
ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.						
44,269	41,818	. 70,315	2,02,475	1,14,584	2,44,293						
•••••			•••••								
2,10,778	5,03,244	1,44,392	4,11,245	3,55,170	9,14,489						
5,33,527	6,59,269	43,086	1,27,933	5,76,613	7,87,202						
2,31,227	2,58,489	42,169	1,72,969	2,73,396	4,31,458						
5,70,399	5,65,811	1,01,023	9,04,929	6,71,422	11,70,740						
13,66,106	9,17,689	63,173	2,77,336	14,29,279	14,95,025						
9,78,694	3,97,747	24,466	99,468	10,03,160	4,97,215						
18,897	32,459	34,861	1,62,894	53,758	1,95,353						
89,704	1,37,113	40,595	2,80,760	1,30,299	4,17,873						
<b>6</b> 8,886	1,36,788	31,752	2,00,032	1,00,638	3,36,820						
2,83,594	3,00,664	2,81,316	10,59,913	5,64,910	13,60,577						
76,482	68,559	8,132	31,351	84,614	99,910						
81,688	1,23,224	15,799	69,055	97,487	1,92,279						
54,092		12,616		66,708	·						
2,95,717	2,75,503	9,984	85,230	3,05,701	3,60,733						
53,200	65,934	7,297	44,899	60,497	1,10,833						
••••••			•••••								
3,281	6,353	6,145	23,110	9,426	29,463						
49,60,541	44,90,664	9,37,121	41,53,599	58,97,662	86,44,263						

	REMAINING									
		]	Land in occi	UPATION.	•					
Districts.	D	ry.	W	et.	Total.					
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.				
	14	15	16	17	18	19				
	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.				
1. Ganjam :	1,06,854	1,37,865	1,77,434	5,07,494	2,84,288	6,45,359				
2. Vizagapatam	53,670	60,407	25,162	1,27,936	78,832	1,88,343				
3. Godavery	4,31,234	8,65,943	2,27,257	6,42,763	6,58,491	15,08,706				
4. Kistna	14,56,526	22,23,220	1,55,911	8,58,711	16,12,437	30,81,931				
5. Nellore	6, 13,405	8,07,268	1,87,016	8,96,039	8,00,421	17,03,307				
6. Cuddapah	11,22,560	8,22,463	1,47,055	9,83,861	12,69,615	18,06,324				
7, Bellary	22,10,658	14,31,879	1,65,228	6,50,921	23,75,886	20,82,800				
8. Kurnool	11,50,985	11,16,542	27,788	1,92,987	11,78,773	13,09,529				
9. Madras	2,22,957	3,47,294	2,60,852	10,11,928	4,83,809	13,59,222				
10. North Arcot	4,08,028	5,78,745	2,05,255	11,83,739	6,13,283	17,62,484				
11. South Arcot	6,75,127	11,64,598	<b>2,47</b> ,622	13,29,084	9,22,749	24,93,682				
12. Tanjore	2,76,154	3,41,260	7,27,299	35,26,935	10,03,453	38,68,195				
13. Trichinopoly	7,61,781	7,22,593	1,26,023	5,32,987	8,87,804	12,55,580				
14. Madura	6,35,009	8,44,778	1,50,203	6,27,825	7,85,212	14,72,603				
15. Tinnevelly	11,28,864	8,45,147	1,73,466	<b>17,</b> 60,909	13,02,330	26,06,056				
16. Coimbatore	21,69,478	19,66,462	83,378	6,45,287	22,5 <b>2</b> ,856	26,11,749				
17. Salem	10,02,149	12,73,148	81,027	4,98,308	10,83,176	17,71,456				
18. South Canara			•••••			•••••••				
19. Malabar	<b>3,74,</b> 648	5,91,749	3,80,425	11,59,626	7,55,073	17,51,375				
Total	148,00,087	161,41,361	35,48,401	171,37,340	183,48,488	332,78,701				

#### CIRCAR AYACUT.

#### LAND LEFT WASTE.

Dı	ry.	We	t.	To	tal.
Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
20	21	22	23	24	25
ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	BS.
43,908	32,778	12,194	18,147	56,102	50,925
7,081	6,433	1,193	9,528	8,274	15,961
1,47,523	1,05,625	80,478	1,47,574	2,28,001	2,53,199
<b>3,39,43</b> 3	3,72,912	1,15,416	5,76,582	4,54,849	9,49,494
4,06,609	. 3,90,973	48,899	2,49,750	4,55,508	6,40,723
14,70,590	5,21,021	54,225	2,89,527	15,24,815	8,10,648
24,58,546	7,75,962	41,991	1,42,471	25,00,537	9,18,433
10,40,917	3,08,502	6,357	21,401	10,47,274	3,29,903
3,31,666	5,53,651	87,925	2,65,067	4,19,591	8,18,718
3,67,049	4,59,929	44,529	2,27,776	4,11,578	6,87,705
7,67,626	10,94,119	48,082	2,27,144	8,15,708	13,21,263
1,22,896	1,20,851	34,458	92,162	1,57,354	2,13,013
3,35,203	3.06,429	5,940	19,615	3,41,143	3,26,044
5,02,708	4,83,378	16,885	56,228	5,19,593	5,39,606
1,26,422		14,918	*******	1,41,340	•••••
7,96,790	5,50,587	7,643	40,176	8,04,433	4,90,763
<b>2</b> ,69,714	3,40,420	7,091	43,323	2,76,805	3,83,743
•••••	••••••	•••••	••••		•••••
7,167	<b>2,6</b> 88	726	1,250	7,893	3,938
95,41,848	63,26,258	6,28,950	24,27,821	101,70,798	87,54,079

C. (QUINQUENNIAL.)

Statement showing the different sources of Irrigation in the several Districts of the Madras Presidency for Fusly 1276.

	Total mails	LOGAL WELLS.	1,037 2,283 11,218 41,770 19,778 7,766 8,415 61,858	11,697 14,543 2,957 27,451 44,394 42,417 2,361	3,43,513	4,18,936
	Dasabun-	dum.	9,303 250 34 34	e e	9,808	10,618
Wells.		Total.	1,030 2,258 10,598 23,771 9,963 7,732 7,732 7,731	2, 100 11, 697 4, 306 2, 957 27, 451 24, 1383 2, 155 2, 155	2,85,557	3,49,808
WE	Private.	New.	44 46 3,277 4,668 5,470 1,182 3,181	31, 621 4,713 1,723 11,177 5,483 9,074 206	99,151	1,14,280
	·	Old.	986 1,862 1,862 7,321 19,103 4,493 6,550 4,540	11, 523 6 984 2, 583 16, 274 38, 900 15, 081 2, 152	1,86,406	2,35,528
	Govern-	ment.	7 82 23 23 617 8,696 9,565	10,237	48,148	58,510
	Anicuts.		142 142 142 157 157 33 34 144	178 89 89 74 123 499	1,924 902	2,826
	Spring Channels.		249 4 4 1,242 361 629 1,500 190 156 565	240 45 89 89 310 145 121	6,689	7,925
	River Channels.		282 1,372 677 93 93 285 51 111 111	4,536 762 762 61 335 98 333 243	11,453	13,492
	Tanks.		2,154 1,404 1,404 7758 4,290 1,172 1,172 1,741 3,287	2,905 1,723 1,865 649 2,549 2,146	27,666	39,868
	Districts.			12. Tanjore 13. Trichinopoly 14. Madura 15. Tinnevelly 16. Coimbatore 17. Salem 18. South Canara	Total	Grand Total

D.

### -(QUINQUENNIAL.)

Abstract showing the houses and population in the several districts of the Madras Presidency for Fusly 1276.

·					Number of		Population.	
Distri	CTS.				houses.	Hindoos.	Mahomedans.	Christians.
					No.	No.	No.	No.
1. Ganjam		•••	•••		2,85,253	12,30,106	4,491	1,193
2. Vizagapatam	•••	•••	•••	•••	4,98,790	19,15,463	17,787	1,308
3. Godavery	•••	•••	•••	•••	3,99,913	13,94,453	31,496	1,523
4. Kistna	•••	•••		•••	2,73,850	12,20,942	68,778	6,932
5. Nellore	•••	•••	•••	•••	2,30,781	11,10,942	56,418	1,304
6. Cuddapah	•••	•••	•••	•••	3,42,963	10,55,674	87,521	1,564
7. Bellary	•••	•••	•••	•••	3,04,494	12,09,717	92,394	2,887
8. Kurnool	•••	•••	•••	•••	2,01,260	6,83,876	83,488	3,493
9. Madras		•••	•••	•••	1,23,605	7,69,763	20,933	13,587
10. North Arcot	•••		•••	•••	3, <b>17</b> ,765	17,07,556	74,444	5,134
11. South Arcot	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,88,544	12,11,493	31,490	18,863
12. Tanjore	•••	•••	•••	•••	3,33,821	15,89,274	85,211	57,134
13. Trichinopoly	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,93,208	9,39,339	24,529	<b>42</b> ,958
14. Madura	•••	•••	•••	•••	4,36,057	17,65,527	1,19,181	61,681
15. Tinnevelly	•••	•••	•••	•••	3,76,763	13,43,980	81,782	95,406
16. Coimbatore	•••	•••	•••		4,06,273	13,86,915	28,274	15,549
17. Salem	•••	•••	•••	•••	4,45,011	15,67,146	41,558	10,529
18. South Canara		•••	•••	•••	1,51,825	7,22,948	74,114	42,626
19. Malabar	•••	•••	•••	•••	3,26,224	13,47,708	4,78,245	30,425
			Tota	l	58,36,400	241,72,822	15,02,134	4,14,096
			_			_	•	

D.—(Concluded.)

Abstract showing the houses and population in several districts of the Madras Presidency for Fusly 1276.—(Concluded.)

Down		Total.	(Concruded.)	Partic	ULARS.
Districts.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Agricultural.	Non-agricul- tural-
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
1. Ganjam	6,50,482	5,85,308	12,35,790	7,70,341	4,65,449
2. Vizagapatam	10,03,600	9,30,958	19,34,558	13,46,807	5,87,751
3. Godavery	<b>7,22</b> ,713	7,04,759	14,27,472	9,91,207	4,36,265
4. Kistna	<b>6,64,</b> 088	6,32,564	12,96,652	9,27,714	3,68,938
5. Nellore	6,05,955	5,62,709	11,68,664	7,50,784	4,17,880
6. Cuddapah	5,97,661	5,47,098	11,44,759	7,54,376	3,90,383
7. Bellary	6,80,698	6,24,300	13,04,998	9,42,712	3,62,286
8. Kurnool	3,97,479	3,73,378	7,70,857	5,78,063	1,92,794
9. Madras	4,13,366	3,90,917	8,04,283	5,53,108	2,51,175
10. North Arcot	•••••	•••••	•••	12,79,864	5,07,270
11. South Arcot	6,58,184	6,03,662	12,61,846	10,62,504	1,99,342
12. Tanjore	8,51,855	8,79,764	17,31,619	11,87,479	5,44,140
13. Trichinopoly	5,04,245	5,02,581	10,06,826	8,24,928	1,81,898
14. Madura	9,68,115	9,78,274	19,46,389	17,52,003	1,94,386
15. Tinnevelly	7,54,391	7,66,777	15,21,168	9,85,403	5,35,765
16. Coimbatore	7,25,370	7,05,368	14,30,738	8,76,129	5,54,609
17. Salem	8,19,218	8,00,015	16,19,233	12,63,342	3,55,891
18. South Canara	4,26,730	4,12,958	8,39,688	7,21,080	1,18,608
19. Malabar	9,31,040	9,25,338	18,56,378	11,15,213	7,41,165
Total	•••••	•••••	243,01,918	186,83,057	74,05,995
Add population of Nort of Males and Females	th Arcot for wh	ich particulars	17,87,134		
Add populat	ion of the town	of Madras	4,50,000		
	(	Frand total	265,39,052		

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(QUINQUENNIAL.)

Statement showing the number of Ryots, Futtahs, etc., in the several Districts of the Madras Presidency for Fusly 1276.

		Ryots.			Puttans.	
Districts.	Registered Ryots.	Sub- tenants.	Total.	Single.	Joint.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
1. Ganjam	32,279	7,302	39,581	31,048	3,440	34,488
2. Vizagapatam	3,364	901	4,265	3,935	21	3,956
3. Godavery	54,216	8,222	62,438	41,318	12,073	53,391
4. Kistna	1,10,820	41,111	1,51,931	97,959	32,440	1,30,399
5. Nellore	68,704	15,464	84,168	57,904	19,889	77,793
6. Cuddapah	1,29,002	31,460	1,60,462	1,26,055	21,961	1,48,016
7. Bellary	2,91,408	34,512	3,25,920	1,28,828	5,808	1,34,636
8. Kurnool	<b>86,9</b> 99	17,328	1,04,327	68,900	16,937	85,837
9. Madras	32,211	21,830	54,041	39,637	7,424	47,061
10. North Arcot	1,46,243	86,126	2,32,369	1,33,218	45,250	1,78,468
11. South Arcot	3,49,556	60,788	4,10,344	2,30,509	26,545	2,57,054
12. Tanjore	86,090	32,049	1,18,139	1,17,124	1,015	1,18,139
13. Trichinopoly	1,00,533	25,829	1,26,362	1,21,277	5,085	1,26,362
14. Madura	91,715	40,441	1,32,156	1,19,934	4,762	1,24,696
15. Tinnevelly	1,18,396	76,754	1,95,150	1,27,233	9,433	1,36,666
16. Coimbatore	3,03,051	1,49,747	4,52,798	1,27,784	1,01,063	2,28,847
17. Salem	1,72,682	2,53,559	4,26,241	1,50,341	55,058	2,05,399
18. South Canara	39,161	•••	. 39,161	39,161	•••	39,161
19. Malabar	78,163	<b>29,71</b> 0	1,07,873	1,65,793	996	1,66,789
Total	22,94,593	9,33,133	32,27,726	19,27,958	3,69,200	22,97,158

E.—(Concluded.)

Statement showing the number of Ryots, Puttahs, etc.—(Concluded.)

		CATTLE.				
Districts.	Ploughs.	Tilling cattle.	Cows.	She Buffaloes.	Sheep.	
	8	9	10	11.	12	
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
1. Ganjam	46,734	1,00,056	34,565	6,435	10,029	
2. Vizagapatam	8,402	22,589	8,387	6,485	5,754	
3. Godavery	78,544	1,65,905	66,171	41,614	38,279	
4. Kistna	1,06,170	2,25,884	1,78,327	1,21,450	2,64,303	
5. Nellore	59,961	1,34,806	1,41,754	62,283	3,98,338	
6. Cuddapah	1,07,441	2,29,728	1,40,324	99,552	5,33,860	
7. Bellary	1,30,357	2,68,126	1,45,063	82,443	4,66,160	
8. Kurnool	67,849	1,37,582	42,864	70,657	1,72,090	
9. Madras	53,017	1,12,379	50,244	18,271	1,16,326	
10. North Arcot	1,08,047	2,36,488	1,73,161	45,970	3,61,388	
11. South Arcot	1,19,463	2,57,381	1,59,968	68,468	4,80,503	
12. Tanjore	1,38,702	2,83,015	1,24,988	62,793	2,18,452	
13. Trichinopoly	79,996	1,68,624	1,54,449	59,216	6,56,962	
14. Madura	88,449	1,81,954	1,64,818	33,089	4,34,464	
15. Tinnevelly	69,194	1,65,485	1,35,507	50,269	6,87,744	
16. Coimbatore	1,50,039	3,23,499	2,24,126	56,442	6,96,956	
17. Salem	1,16,788	2,84,142	3,07,809	46,102	6,26,399	
18. South Canara	1,41,654	3,04,604	1,75,213	27,165	2,908	
19. Malabar	1,43,863	3,20,354	2,60,257	43,734	25,399	
Total	18,14,670	38,72,601	26,87,995	10,02,438	61,96,314	

F.
(QUINQUENNIAL.)
Statement showing the Rent Roll for Fusly 1276.

Districts.	Ryots paying upwards of 1,000 Rupees.		Ryots 1	Ryots paying from £00 to 1,000.		paying from to 500.	Ryots paying from 100 to 250.	
	Nos.	Assessment.	Nos.	Assessment.	Nos.	Assessment.	Nos.	Assessment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		ġs.		Rs.		RS.	,	RS.
1. Ganjam			3	1,854	34	10,617	361	51,315
2. Vizagapatam.		•••	5	2,696	39	13,061	322	46,887
3. Godavery	26	34,505	109	77,326	512	1,70,891	2,970	4,40,953
4. Kistna	4	4,424	27	17,492	<b>26</b> 3	78,220	2,717	3,80,682
5. Nellore	5	4,250	65	36,656	266	58,528	1,823	<b>2,26,</b> 938
6. Cuddapah		•••	4	2,326	51	15,679	812	1,12,105
7. Bellary	1	2,156	17	10,641	. 161	50,667	1,731	2,44,244
8. Kurnool		•••	11	7,215	125	40,032	1,030	1,43,131
9. Madras	7	12,608	54	35,464	265	84,213	1,546	2,26,653
10. North Arcot.	1	1,176	2	1,211	24	7,879	506	59,852
11. South Arcot.	6	8,109	51	32,799	217	69,418	2,170	2,94,371
12. <b>T</b> anjore	187	2,80,954	658	4,52,549	1,770	6,05,314	6,230	8,83,484
13. Trichinopoly	26	36,941	65	42,039	216	69,977	1,353	1,34,440
14. Madura	1	1,904	13	8,486	62	19,945	706	99,837
15. Tinnevelly	73	1,14,230	230	1,52,415	767	2,59,923	<b>3,22</b> 9	4,84,392
16. Coimbatore	1	1,731	18	12,739	72	23,742	590	84,600
17. Salem		•••	4	2,246	12	3,711	250	34,782
18. South Canara	24	34,677	100	64,792	390	1,25,543	2,286	3,29,733
19. Malabar	22	37,984	114	73,067	441	1,38,351	2,114	2,95,375
Total	384	5,75,649	1,550	10,34,013	5,687	18,45,711	32,746	45,73,774

Districts.	Ryots pay to	ring from 50 100.	Ryots, payin 5	g from 30 to	Ryots paying from 10 to 30.		
	. Nos.	Assessment.	Nos.	Assessment.	Nos.	Assessment.	
	10	11	12	13	14	15	
		RS.		RS.		RS.	
1. Ganjam	1,582	1,02,324	3,148	1,15,802	10,650	1,87,656	
2. Vizagapatam	823	55,898	751	29,361	1,110	21,197	
3. Godavery	5,377	3,82,823	£,856	2,35,914	14,000	2,73,333	
4. Kistna	8,728	5,90,266	12,594	4,82,306	35,776	6,59,510	
5. Nellore	4,309	2,85,586	6,690	2,46,124	18,192	3,12,273	
6. Cuddapah	3,598	2,34,891	7,564	2,82,702	32,686	5,32,243	
7. Bellary	5,626	3,76,009	9,588	3,59,068	37,£85	6,52,949	
8. Kurnool	2,742	1,89,233	4,811	1,74,791	19,579	3,11,900	
9. Madras	3,913	2,64,131	4,598	1,73,233	11,080	1,96,213	
10. North Arcot	2,191	1,41,486	4,932	1,80,578	24,878	4,17,249	
11. South Arcot	7,388	4,89,079	12,488	4,81,586	54,251	8,97,576	
12. Tanjore	9,343	6,49,509	10,981	4,26,109	28,661	5,27,797	
13. Trichinopoly	2,{ 12	1,55,348	4,229	1,55,439	21,066	3,44,083	
14. Madura	2,590	1,73,456	4,956	1,85,949	23,870	4,02,034	
15. Tinnevelly	5,937	4,43,128	7,720	2,56,374	28,476	4,82,997	
16. Coimbatore	2,290	1,53,523	4,731	1,57,250	26,196	4,07,253	
17. Salem	1,225	81,657	3,988	1,44,374	34,531	5,48,631	
18. South Canara	4,979	3,43,418	5,674	2,20,673	10,881	2,05,503	
19. Malabar	4,376	2,87,603	5,388	2,17,056	21,850	3,50,331	
Total	79,329	53,99,368	1,21,237	45,24,689	4,55,718	77,30,788	

Roll for Fusly 1276.—(Concluded.)

Under 10	Rupees.	Total singl	e Puttahs.	Joint P	uttahs.	Grand total.		
Nos.	Assessment.	Nos.	Assessment.	Nos.	Assessment.	Nos.	Assessment.	
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
	RS.		RS.		RS.		RS.	
15,270	60,116	31,048	5,29,684	3,440	1,12,089	34,488	6,41,773	
885	3,902	3,935	1,73,002	21	12,706	3,956	1,85,708	
13,302	68,378	42,152	16,84,123	12,271	3,85,934	54,423	20,70,057	
37,850	1,78,767	97,959	23,91,667	32,440	6,90,264	1,30,399	30,81,931	
26,554	1,23,762	57,964	12,94,117	19,889	3,54,007	77,793	16,48,124	
81,347	3,07,147	1,26,062	14,87,093	21,954	3,43,720	1,48,016	<b>18,30,81</b> 3	
73,719	3,45,471	1,28,828	20,41,205	5,808	1,83,199	1,34,636	22,24,404	
40,602	1,90,070	68,900	10,56,432	16,937	2,48,402	85,837	13,04,834	
18,174	68,684	39,637	10,61,199	7,424	4,00,008	47,061	14,61,207	
89,205	3,11,236	1,21,739	11,20,667	39,645	6,08,348	1,61,384	17,29,015	
1,53,938	6,14,463	2,30,509	28,87,401	26,545	2,94,904	2,57,054	31,82,305	
59,294	2,12,868	1,17,124	40,38,584	1,015	32,626	1,18,139	40,71,210	
92,010	2,94,448	1,21,277	12,32,715	5,085	91,738	1,26,362	13,24,453	
85,916	2,81,615	1,18,114	11,73,226	4,683	1,02,268	1,22,797	12,75,494	
80,801	3,51,765	1,27,233	25,45,224	9,433	3,67,168	1,36,666	29,12,392	
83,087	3,92,900	1,16,985	12,33,738	98,140	12,63,265	2,15,125	24,97,003	
1,10,331	4,37,619	1,50,341	12,53,020	55,058	5,89,011	2,05,399	18,42,031	
14,827	55,392	39,161	13,79,731	•••		39,161	13,79,731	
1,30,938	3,27,943	1,65,793	17,27,710	996	18,336	1,66,789	17,46,046	
12,08,050	46,26,546	19,04,701	3,03,10,538	3,60,784	60,97,993	22,65,485	364,08,531	

### SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

#### GANJAM.

- 1. I have the honour to report on the results of the Revenue Administration of this District during Fusly 1276, and to submit the usual annual Statements.
  - 2. I. Settlement, Statement No. 1.—The Gumsoor talook was settled by Mr. Forbes at

    Russelcondah, the Chicacole talook by Mr. Leman

    Rota Bommali.
    Nursunnapeta.
    Silada.
    Calingapatam.

    Calingapatam.

    Calingapatam.

    Calingapatam.

    Calingapatam.

    Calingapatam.

    Calingapatam.

by Mr. Spedding, the Acting Senior Assistant, according to the Settlement previously made by Mr. Forbes.

3. II. Variations in the number and tenure of villages during the Fusly under notice are given below, and the decrease in the total number of villages is the result of the incorporation of Peddopadupeta, which was hitherto treated as a distinct village, with the neighbouring village of Peddapadu, Chicacole talook:—

Villages.	٠	Number in Fusly 1275.	Number in Fusly 1276.
Ryotwar		863 547 11	873 540 7
		1,421	1,420
Inam villages	•••	33	222 33 19
Total	•••	1,695	1,694



- 4. Ryotwar.—To 863 villages under this head in Fusly 1275, eleven have been newly added, (namely, nine from Joint-rent and two form Rents,) one village has, however, been struck off this head in consequence of its incorporation with its neighbouring village, as stated in the preceding paragraph. This accounts for the addition of ten villages to the number under this head during Fusly 1276.
- 5. JOINT RENT.—The number of villages under this head in Fusly 1275 was 547, from which nine have been transferred to Ryotwar; two have, however, been added from Rents for more than one year, thus showing a net decrease of seven villages as compared with the number under this head during Fusly 1275.
- 6. Rents for more than one year.—There were eleven villages under this head in the preceding Fusly, from which, however, four have been transferred to other heads, (namely, two to Ryotwar and two to Joint-rent,) as stated in paragraphs 4 and 5.
- 7. In 29,005 puttas no alterations were made; 4,673 puttas were altered in consequence of changes in the Ryots' holdings, and 808 fresh puttas granted for holdings in villages newly brought under Ryotwar, for lands newly brought under cultivation by persons who hitherto had no puttas, for excess discovered in certain Inam lands, and for Inam lands assessed with Jeroyeti cist.
- 8. III. Season and sanitary state of the District.—The fall of rain was not only copious and general but excessive inasmuch as the dry crops have partially failed in consequence. The sufferings of the people, however, for want of sufficient food did not abate until the new paddy was harvested, up to which period the distribution of raw rice to Ryots and cooked food to the other classes of the poorer population continued; and the timely advances made by Government both in cash and seed grain enabled the indigent ryots of the Berhampore talook to bring all their lands under cultivation, with the exception of about 4,342 acres subject to a cist of Rupees 9,590.

Rain-fall	from A	pril 1866	to	March	1867.
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				Mon	ths.						Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents
April	1866	•••				•••			•••		3	71		
May	,,	•••			•••	•••	•••				1	75		
June	,,	•••	• • • •	• • •							2	95	1	
Jul <del>y</del>	,,	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••			6	25	1	
August	,,	•••	•••			•••	• • •				11	$87\frac{1}{2}$	1	
Septem		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		8	771		O#1
October	• ••				•••		•••				10	60	34	67 <u>1</u>
Noveml		•••									0	75	1 1	
Decemb		•••		• • •		•••		•••	•••			•••	1	
January			•••		•••	•••	•••	•••			0	$37\frac{1}{2}$	1	
Febru <b>a</b> i	ry ,,			• • •	• • •	•••		•••			0	$27\overline{\frac{1}{2}}$		
March	"	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1	30	13	30
								Tota	al		•••	•••	47	974

9. During the Fusly under notice, Cholera, Small-pox, and Fever prevailed to a certain

Cholera	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	3,663
Small-pox	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	2,106
Fever	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	3,425
Starvation	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	6,661

Total... 15,855

extent, and the number of deaths from these diseases and from starvation, owing to the famine which continued during a portion of the year, amounted to no less than 15,855 persons according to the returns obtained by the Death

Registration Department. Only 95 head of cattle are said to have died in the Government talooks.

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- 10. IV. PRICES OF GRAIN, STATEMENT No. 2.—The prices of all the staple articles of consumption, which attained famine rates during Fusly 1275, continued so during the first part of the year, and even then they had not fallen considerably, owing to large exportations both by the Chilka lake and by sea to the neighbouring districts of Pooree and Cuttack, as well as to Madras and other places. The exportation of paddy and rice to Pooree and Cuttack by the Chilka lake still continues.
- 11. V. RYOTS' HOLDINGS, STATEMENT No. 3.—From this Statement it will be found that the lands relinquished amount to 13,015 acres, paying a cist of Rupees 27,388, and those taken up to acres 15,273, subject to a cist of Rupees 35,755. The waste remitted is 4,342 acres, cist 9,590, and the actual cultivation including the waste charged amounts to 2,78,571 acres, cist 6,32,183. To this total Rupees 32, being Teerwajasty or additional assessment, must be added, and Rupees 63,060 deducted therefrom on account of remissions of all sorts. This leaves a net demand of Rupees 5,69,155, independent of Rupees 69,438, being the demand on items of "Land Revenue Miscellaneous." The details of each of the above items will be found below.
- 12. ENCLOSURE A, of STATEMENT No. 3.—The item "Lands given up" consists of the following items:—
- 1stly.—Abandonment of lands taken on progressive Cowle, in consequence of the inability of the Cowle holders to bring them under cultivation, and of the high rates of cist originally fixed on them, as well as the exclusion from the list of Cowles of, and the charge of full cist on, certain lands, owing to the failure on the part of the cowle holders to fulfil the terms on which they were originally taken.
- 2ndly.—Transfer to the head of "Wet" of certain dry and garden lands on which Teerwajasty has hitherto been levied.
  - 3rdly.—Deficit discovered by measurement in certain villages at the instance of Ryots.
- 4thly.—Deduction of a small piece of land which formed portion of a plot sold under the rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands, and which was subsequently included in a putta through an oversight.
  - 5thly.—Transfers of lands from one village to another in consequence of boundary disputes.
- 6thly.—Transfer to the head of Inam of certain lands, the Cuttoobady of which has hitherto been erroneously credited to Ryotwar.
  - 7thly.—Abandonment of lands by certain poverty-stricken ryots.
- 13. The item "Lands sold or transferred" shows the result of transfers of lands both by private and public sale.
- The item "Lands rendered unfit for cultivation or taken up for Government purposes" comprises the saline soil lands and lands rendered unfit for cultivation by inundation from the sea; lands washed away by streams and covered with sand, as well as the lands taken up for roads, gravel pits, houses, and encamping grounds.
- The item "Lands taken on Durkhast" is made up of the excess discovered on measurement in certain villages; of the transfer of four villages from the head of "Rents" to that of "Ryotwar" and "Joint Rents;" of cultivable waste lands newly brought under cultivation; of waste lands given on progressive cowle; of the resumption of certain Inam lands and of the transfers of lands from one head to another, and from one village to another consequent on the settlement of boundary disputes.
- The item "Lands obtained by purchase or transfer" shows the lands transferred from one ryot to another either by private or public sale.
- 14. VI. WASTE CHARGED AND REMITTED.—The item "Waste remitted" consists of 4,342 acres of lands, subject to a cist of 9,590 rupees, left waste in 147 villages of the Berhampore talook, by impoverished ryots, in consequence of losses sustained by them during the late famine.
  - 15. The item "Waste charged" comprises lands left waste for grazing purposes.



15. VII. ACTUAL CULTIVATION.—The subjoined Abstract shows at one view the cultivation and settlement of the Fusly under notice in comparison with those of the preceding year:—

Items.	Last Fusly.			Current Fusly.			Ir	icrease.	Decrease.		
items.	Extent.	ent. Assessment.		Extent. Assessment.		Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.		
1	2 8		4	5		6	7	8	9		
	ACRES.	Rs.	A. P.	ACRES.	RS.	A. P.	ACDES.	RS. A. P.	ACRES.	RS. A. P.	
Dry				1,06,456 1,72,115		4 0 4 7		1,19 <b>2 3</b> 8 	 1,962	2,103 12 7	
Total	2,80,525	6,33,095	1 6	2,78,571	6,32,188	8 7	8	1,192 8 8	1,962	2,108 12 7	
Add— Second crop Assessment Additional do Water tax		2,488 	 8 2		 32	1 9				2,456 1 5 	
Road Fund Village Service Fund	•••••	•••			16,811	2 5	•••••	 16,811 <b>2</b> 5	•••••	*** *** ***	
Total		6,35,583	4 8		6,49,026	12 9	8	18,008 6 1		4,559 14 0	
Deduct Remissions. Road Fund Village Service Fund Remissions of other items as detailed		•••		*** ***	16,811	 2 5	•••••	 16,811 2 5			
in Statement No. 4.		1,25,044	11 4		63,060	4 11				61,984 6 5	
Total	•••••	1,25,044	11 4		79,871	7 4		16,811 2 5		61,984 6 5	
Net demand Miscellaneous items.	•••••	5,10,5 <b>38</b> 75,456	9 4 7 10		5,69,155 69,438	5 5 8 5		58,616 12 1		6,017 15 5	
Grand Total	•···•	5,85,995	1 2		6,38,593	13 10		58,616 12 1		6,017 15 5	

- 16. A Statement describing the principal sources of irrigation, the number of villages, and the extent of wet land irrigated by each, and the amount of actual revenue derived therefrom is annexed; from which it will be found that only one-fourth of the entire cultivated wet extent of the Berhampore talook enjoys any permanent source of irrigation; the rest is dependant either on rain-fed tanks, or entirely on rains; the Mohery Khandam of the talook labouring under a great disadvantage in this respect, inasmuch as only 135 of the 360 villages have any means of permanent irrigation.
- 17. The Mohery Khandam has five hill streams, namely, Godakanalla, Hulububiyanalla, Soronalla, Konkeyanalla, and Kharianalla. The first stream flows from the Mohery and Chikaty hills; and after irrigating four villages containing a cultivated wet extent of about 807 acres, subject to a cist of Rupees 2,333, passes into the Itchapur Khandam, where it irrigates 12 villages containing a cultivated wet extent of 2,879 acres, cist Rupees 7,429. The remaining four nullahs flow from Karandy-malo, &c., hills of Mohery, and irrigate ten villages containing about 1,920 acres, paying a cist of Rupees 5,661.
- 18. The Pubbakhanda Khandam has seven sources of irrigation, which irrigate 14,105 acres of seventy-four villages, paying a cist of Rupees 40,254.

The chief source of irrigation of the Pubbakhanda Khandam is the river Godahado, which flows from the Chinna Kimedy hills, and from which a canal called Jayamangala Nulla has been cut. This canal after irrigating twenty-two villages, containing 5,432 acres of cultivated wet, with a cist of Rupees 16,611, feeds a reservoir called Koratoli Tampara, which irrigates seventeen villages, containing a cultivated wet extent of 3,816 acres, subject to a cist of Rupees 11,042. The surplus water of this reservoir finds its way to a hollow called Soro of Bheempuram, and irrigates 331 acres of land, paying a cist of Rupees 842 of three villages.

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The second source of irrigation is a channel from the river Rushkullia called Heradarubuttay, which, after irrigating 1,093 acres of eight villages, subject to a cist of Rupees 2,734, feeds a reservoir called Dolabillo Tampara, which Tampara irrigates 669 acres of four villages, subject to a cist of Rupees 1,443, and the surplus water of this Tampara flows to a hollow called Chetura Ghaye, irrigating again 577 acres of three villages, paying a cist of Rupees 1,202.

The third is a hill stream from Seerghur called Nanduninalla; three-eighths of its water is taken for the benefit of the villages of the Kurla Estate, and the remaining five-eighths irrigates 814 acres of six villages, paying a cist of Rupees 2,486.

The fourth source of irrigation is a lake called "Chetterpore Tampara," which irrigates 547 acres of five villages, paying a cist of 1,645 rupees.

The fifth is a water-course flowing from the drainage of Kukudakhandi of the Mohery Khandam, and irrigates 303 acres of three villages, paying a cist of Rupees 795.

The sixth is in a hollow called Chatakumbaghayi, fed by the surface drainage of some of the villages of the Beredi estate; it irrigates 293 acres, paying a cist of Rupees 615.

The seventh is also in a hollow called Luhadharobhade, fed by the surface drainage of Jama-dayipuram jungles; it irrigates 230 acres of a single village, paying a cist of 834 Rupees.

20. The Itchapur Khandam has six sources of irrigation, which water 7,098 acres of land of thirty-eight villages, paying a cist of Rupees 22,102.

The first consists of sundry channels from the river Bahuda, which rises in the Pedda Kimedy hills. These channels irrigate 3,067 acres of fifteen villages, paying a cist of Rupees 11,594.

The second is "Godaka Gudda," which flows from the Mohery and Chikaty hills; this stream irrigates (besides the four villages of the Mohery Khandam alluded to in paragraph 18) 2,879 acres of twelve villages, paying a cist of Rupees 7,429 both directly, and by feeding the Muntreddy and Sasanam tanks and Narappabuttay through Haradangah Tampara.

The third is Konkeya Gedda, which flows from the Mohery hills and irrigates 226 acres of two villages paying a cist of 748 Rupees, besides the four villages of the Mohery Khandam.

The fourth and fifth are Dongala Gedda and Rajaghayi, which flow from Chikaty hills, and irrigate 559 acres of two villages, paying a cist of Rupees 1,196.

The sixth is Pudmapuram Gedda, which flows from the Jalantra hills, and irrigates 367 acres of four villages, paying a cist of 1,135 Rupees.

21. Of the Government talooks of this district, Chicacole has the best sources of irrigation; about one-half of the entire wet extent being irrigated by river channels, &c.

The principal sources of irrigation are eleven river channels, one hill stream, and three tanks, and the extent irrigated by these is 22,182 acres of 116 villages, paying a cist of 89,319 Rupees, besides Inam land of 5,175 acres subject to a cist of 21,770 Rupees. Of these eleven river channels eight irrigating 14,696 acres of seventy-seven villages, paying a cist of Rupees 58,954, have been taken, from the "Vamsadhara;" and three irrigating 5,983 acres of twenty-four villages, subject to a cist of 25,384 Rupees, from the Nagavali (commonly called Langula) river, both which rise in the Jeypore hills, Vizagapatam district. The hill stream called Garibula Gedda irrigates 839 acres, paying a cist of Rupees 2,547; and the three tanks called Krustna Sagaram of Guggela, Kottakota Charuvu, and Sylada Charuvu, irrigate 664 acres of six villages, paying a cist of 2,434 Rupees.

22. The Gumsur talook is for the most part irrigated by hill streams and surface drainage of jungles. It has three rivers and three principal hill streams and a reservoir, which irrigate 7,788 acres, paying a cist of 22,547 rupees.

The first is the Boda or Mahanadi which flows from the hills of Boad, and the channels of which irrigate 3,996 acres, paying a cist of Rupees 12,920; the second is the Loharakhandi river, which flows from the Gumsur hills; its channels irrigate 1,119 acres, subject to a cist of 3,619 Rupees: the third is the Budanadi which flows from the hills of Nyaghur in the Cuttack district; its channels



irrigate 278 acres, paying a cist of 980 Rupees. The three hill streams called Boranganalla, Jilimili Ghaye, and Noyiboronalla, all of which flow from the Gumsur hills, irrigate 1,173 acres, subject to a cist of Rupees 3,298. The reservoir called "Bory Sagaram," which was constructed by Government in the year 1857, is fed from the drainage of the neighbouring hills, and irrigates 1,222 acres, paying a cist of Rupees 1,730, besides 419 acres of Inam land, paying a water cess of Rupees 419.

- 23. As already stated in paragraph 22 of the report on the Revenue Administration for Fusly 1275, no ruined tanks have been made over to private enterprize in this district.
- 24. VIII. Special Products, Enclosure B. of Statement No. 3.—The decrease in the extent of land cultivated with Sugarcane and Cotton during the Fusly under notice is owing to the reduced state of the ryots, and the increased extent in the cultivation of Indigo is owing to Mr. Linares having cultivated it in a piece of land taken by him on cowle.
- 25. ENCLOSURE C. OF STATEMENT No. 3.—During the Fusly under notice ninety-six acres of land, subject to a cist of Rupees 126, were taken on progressive Cowle against 803 acres, with a cist of Rupees 1,085, in the preceding year, and 533 acres of land, bearing a cist of Rupees 733, have been abandoned under the following causes:—

One hundred and seventy acres of land, subject to a cist of Rupees 271, which were given on progressive cowles to six persons for eight and three years respectively, were abandoned owing to the poverty, death, and desertion of the Cowle holders.

A piece of land measuring forty-four acres, bearing a cist of Rupees 72, which was given on a progressive cowle of three years, was abandoned; the excavation of channels for extending the manufacture of salt at Womaravelly having interfered with its drainage.

Two hundred and forty-six acres of land, subject to a cist of 245 Rupees, which were given under Tope Rules to seventeen persons were assessed with full assessment in consequence of the cowle holders not having fulfilled the terms of the cowles.

Sixty-two acres of wet land, subject to a cist of Rupees 124, which were given to two persons on eight and three years' cowle respectively, were transferred to the head "Dry," with a reduced assessment of 62 Rupees.

A piece, eleven acres of dry land, cist 22 Rupees, was given to a person on eight years cowle, but subsequently it was transferred to the head "Wet" with the same assessment.

- 26. IX. Remissions, Statement No. 4.—In consideration of the destitute state to which the ryots of the Berhampore talook have been reduced during the late famine, special remissions to the extent of Rupees 51,928-2-4, being one-half of the amount remitted on account of loss of produce in Fusly 1275, have been granted under the orders of Government, dated the 9th April 1867, No. 823.
- 27. A remission of Rupees 346-15-10, being cist of Acres 139, Coon. 32, Vis. 10 of land inundated by the Jayamungalam Nalla, has been granted to sixty-two ryots of the village of Sunnadhara, of the Berhampore talook.
- 28. Remissions to the extent of Rupees 478-3-9, being the full amount of cist of Acres 169, C. 27, V. 4, C. 1 of land covered by sand have also been granted to the ryots of seventeen villages of the Gumsur talook, on condition of reclaiming the lands on progressive remissions, extending over a period of two, three, and four years, respectively.
- 26. A remission of Rupees 95-1-0 was granted for lands taken on progressive cowle during the year under report: those granted in the past and preceding Fuslies on account of this year, for lands given in those years, amount to Rupees 10,211-14-0, thus making a total of Rs. 10,306-15-0.
- 30. Besides these, a remission of Rupees 9,590, being cist of 4,342 acres of land left waste by the ryots of the Berhampore talook owing to poverty, has been granted as detailed in paragraph 14.



GANJAM. 7

31. The Tuccavi both in cash and seed grain given to ryots of the Berhampore talook, amounting to Rupees 27,654-9-5, has been remitted, and the old balance of Rupees 27,200-7-5, due on account of cist of Fusly 1275 by the ryots of the same talook, has also been decided to be remitted in consideration of the impoverished state to which the ryots have been reduced during the late famine—vide Government Order, dated the 9th April last, No. 823, above quoted.

32. The total amount remitted during the year under notice exclusive of Cowle remissions will thus be found to amount to Rupees Special remission Cist on lands inundated 1,07,604-6-9, as detailed in the margin, besides ••• Cist on lands covered with sand 478 the grant of weekly doles of raw rice from July 27.654 Tuccavi in cash and seed grain 7 Arrears of Fusly 1275 27,200 to December to about 20,000 souls, including 9 ryots and their families at 32 tolas each per 6 Total... 1,07,608 day. 10,306 15 Cowle Remissions ...

33. ABSTRACT OF GENERAL RESULT OF LAND REVENUE SETTLEMENT.—The subjoined table shows the Current Demand of Land Revenue compared with that of Fusly 1275:—

Items.	Fusly 1275.			Fusly 1276.			Increase.			Decrease.		
Land Revenue.	RS.	A.	Р.	Rs.	۸.	P.	RS.	۸.	Р.	RS.	۸.	P.
Permanently settled	4,31,575	9	7	4,31,575	9	7	•••				•••	
Not permanently settled— Shrotriem Jody, &c Ryotwar	25,387 5,10,538			24,857 5,69,155	8 5	0 5	58,616	 12	·ï	<b>5</b> 30	6	0
Total	5,35,926	7	4	5,94,012	13	5	58,086	6	1			
Miscellaneous	1,02,925	4	6	69,438	8	5		•••		33,486	12	1
Total Land Revenue	10,70,427	5	5	10,95,026	15	5	24,599	10	0		•••	•••

- 34. The decrease in Shrotriem Jodi, &c., is chiefly referrible to the fact of the quitrent imposed by the Inam Commissioner on the Inam villages of the Samastanam paiks of the Gumsur talook having been included in the Demand of Fusly 1275, whereas it has been struck out of that of the Fusly under notice, in reference to the Order of Government, dated the 30th April 1866, No. 650, authorizing their continuance on service tenure as before.
- 35. The increase in Ryotwar is chiefly due to the comparatively smaller amount of remissions granted to ryots during the Fusly under notice.
- 36. Of the decrease in "Land Revenue Miscellaneous" a sum of Rupees 27,468-12-8 is only an apparent deficit, as explained below; and for the remaining actual decrease of Rupees 6,017-15-5, vide causes given in paragraph 46.
- 37. It will be found that there is a difference of Rupees 27,468-12-8 between the amounts entered in the returns of Fuslies 1275 and 1276 on account of the demand of "Land Revenue Miscellaneous" for Fusly 1275, which is owing to the collections from the ryots of the Berhampore talook made in excess of the demand of that Fusly, and subsequently refunded to them under the Board's Proceedings, dated the 10th July 1866, No. 4,704, having been shown under this head in the Returns of the Fusly under notice; while it found no place at all under the head of demand; the item was erroneously included in the Ryotwar collections of Fusly 1275, as stated in the late Collector's letter to the Board, dated the 1st March 1867, No. 672.



- 38. XI. SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE, ABKARRY.—The decrease in "Abkarry" is the result of the want of competition during the time of sale, owing to the heavy losses sustained by the renter of Fusly 1275, as already stated in my predecessor's letter of the 5th June 1866, No. 1,136.
- 39. Salt.—The increase in Salt is chiefly owing to the enhanced rate of price having been in operation during the whole of the Fusly under review, while it was so during the last three months only of Fusly 1275.
- 40. SEA CUSTOMS.—The decrease in "Sea Customs" is mainly due to the falling off. in the export trade of dutiable articles, owing to the adverse nature of the season.
  - 41. STAMPS.—The trifling decrease in "Stamps" calls for no remark.
- 42. LICENSE TAX. The total increase in "License Tax" is referrible to the operation of Act XXI. of 1867.
  - 43. INCOME TAX.—The decrease in "Income Tax" requires no explanation.
- 44. For the variations in the Miscellaneous items under the above heads, see causes given in paragraphs 48 and 49.
- 45. XII. Sevoy Jumman, Statement No. 5.—The increase in the 1st, 6th, and 15th items is due to the following causes:—
- First.—Inclusion of quitrent imposed by the Inam Commission on certain Inams for which title-deeds were subsequently received.
- Second.—Larger extent of land brought to account subsequent to the close of Jummah-bundy.
  - Third.-Inams reverted during the Fusly under review.
- 46. The decrease in the 4th, 13th, 17th, and 45th items is referrible to the undermentioned causes:—
  - First.—Transfer of four villages from the head "Rents" to Ryotwar and Joint-rents.
- Second.—Absence of competition, in reference to the losses sustained by the renters of Fusly 1275, owing to the adverse nature of the season.
- Third.—Transfer from Deposits to this head during Fusly 1275 of a large amount, being sale proceeds of the produce of former years of certain Inams of the Polaki estate.
- Fourth.—Transfer to this head during Fusly under notice of the collections made in certain cases in excess of the Ryotwary demand of Fusly 1275, which were erroneously shown under the head Ryotwar in the accounts of that Fusly, and which were subsequently refunded under the Board's Proceedings, dated the 10th July 1866, No. 4,704.
- 47. The trifling variations in the 32nd, 37th, 40th, and 41st items need no comment; while those in the 43rd, 44th, 46th, and 51st items arise from their contingent nature.
- 48. The increase in Miscellaneous under "Abkarry" is chiefly referrible to the increased number of licenses granted for the sale of European liquors.
- 49. The variations in the Miscellaneous items under the heads of "Sea Customs," "Salt," and "Stamps" need no remark in reference to their contingent nature.
- 50. XII. ABSTRACT OF COLLECTIONS ON ACCOUNT OF LAND AND SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE.—
  The following is an Abstract showing the collections on account of Current and Arrears during the Fusly under review compared with those of Fusly 1275:—



Дептеля		4. P. BB, A. P.	14 8 3 4	2 6	11 1 1 1,354 11 5 0 0 0 2,561 11 2	11 1 23,442 5 5	13 7 23,442 5 5
Trease		Bs,		2 46,170	0 3 1,39,016 3  6 0 5,078	2 1,44,094	4 1,90,264
	Total.	BS. A. P 4,35,673 5 11		10,20,057 4	61,825 3 10 15,24,435 7 7 24,766 8 3 75,446 11 6 5,078 0 0	16,91,564 15	27,11,622 3
FUBLY 1276.	Current.	BB. A. P. 4.27,859 5 9	19,085 11 7 4,82,211 9 7 45,363 15 4	9,74,520 10 3	59,811 11 10 15,24,435 7 7 24,766 8 3 75,446 11 6 5,078 0 0	16,89,551 7 2	26,64,072 1 5
	Arrears,	BS. A. F. 7.814 0 2	7,161 6 6,848 12 23,712 7	45,536 9 11	2,013 8 0	2,013 8 0	47,550 1 11
	Total.	BS. A. P. 4,23,761 9 5	13,819 13 1 4,75,919 7 60,386 3	9,73,887 1 8	80,855 12 2 13,85,418 12 6 26,121 3 8 75,942 2 0	15,70,912 9 6	3 25,44,799 11 2
Fusir 1275.	Current.	вв. ф. Р. 4.23,761 9 5	13,780 10 4,73,651 14 60,190 6 1	9,71,384 9 1	68,070 0 10 13,85,418 12 6 26,121 3 8 75,942 2 0	15,56,268 7 2	25,27,653 0 3
	Агтеагв.	B8. ♣.	39 3 2,267 8 195 12	2,502 8 7	12,785 11 4	14,644 2 4	17,146 10 11
Ttems		Land Revenue. Permanently settled	Shrotriem Jodi, &c Ryotwar Miscellaneous	Total	Abkarry Salt Sea Customs Stamps License-tax Income-tax	Total	Grand Total

- 51. The increase in Permanently Settled is chiefly owing to the collections of arrears outstanding at the beginning of the Fusly under notice, whereas there were no such balances due at the commencement of the previous Fusly.
- 52. The increase in Shrotriem Jodi, &c., is referrible to the imposition of quitrent by the Inam Commission Department on the Inam villages.
- 53. The increase in Ryotwar is chiefly due to the cause assigned in paragraph 35, though a large balance is still outstanding owing to the impoverished state of some of the ryots. There is a discrepancy between the amounts entered in the returns of Fuslies 1275 and 1276, as Ryotwar collections of Fusli 1275, which is owing to the transfer in the accounts of the Fusly under notice of Rupees 27,468-12-8 from the item Ryotwar to Land Revenue Miscellaneous, as stated in paragraph 37.
- 54. The increase in Miscellaneous is the result of the collection of arrears of quitrent on Inams, and for the discrepancy in the amount of collections on account of Miscellaneous for Fusly 1275, as shown in the accounts of Fuslies 1275 and 1276—vide explanation given in paragraph 37.
- 55. For the variations under the heads of Abkarry, Salt, Sea Customs, Stamps, License-tax, and Income-tax—vide causes given in paragraphs 38 to 44.
- 56. XIV. DEMAND COLLECTION, AND BALANCE OF ALL SOURCES OF CUREENT REVENUE, STATEMENT No. 7.—Of the balance enumerated in column 4 of this Statement, Rupees 73,029-1-7 have been collected subsequent to the close of Fusly as detailed in Column 5, and for the realization of the remainder steps have been taken, and it is expected that a considerable portion of it will be collected with the ensuing kists of the current Fusly.
- A large balance of Rupees 1,24,098-15-2 was outstanding on account of arrears of former years at the beginning of the Fusly under notice, of which Rupees 47,550-1-11 have been collected during the Fusly, and Rupees 21,829-7-5 remitted under the Orders of Government, dated the 23rd August and 17th November 1866, Nos. 2,197 and 3,145, and Board's Proceedings, 13th September 1866, No. 6,562, leaving a balance of Rupees 54,719-5-10 uncollected at its close. By the subsequent collections, however, this has been reduced to Rupees 51,713-13-0, of which again Rupees 438-3-4 have been recommended for remission in paragraphs 53 and 54 of the report on the Revenue Administration for Fusly 1275, and Rupees 27,572-8-4 have now been recommended to be remitted under the Orders of Government, dated the 9th April 1867, No. 823, and for the recovery of the remaining sum of Rupees 23,703-1-4 stringent measures will be adopted during the approaching kists.
- 58. XVI. RECOMMENDATION OF IRRECOVERABLE ARREARS FOR REMISSION, STATEMENT No. 8.— The subjoined table shows the particulars of irrecoverable balances of Fusly 1275 now recommended for remission. Of the balance of Rupees 27,210-6-5 under the head of "Ryotwar," Rupees 27,200-7-5 are due by 9,578 impoverished Ryots of 347 villages (inclusive of twenty-five Khond hamlets) of the Berhampore talook, which have already been authorized to be remitted—vide Government Order, dated the 9th April 1867, No. 823, and the remaining sum of Rupees 9-15-0, by two pauper ryots of the Chicacole talook.

Talook	•	Ryotwar.	Mi <b>sc</b> ellaneous.	Total.
Berhampore	Total	27,200 7 5 9 15 0 27,210 6 5	362 1 11	27,200 7 5 372 0 11

- 59. Of the balance of Rupees 362-1-11 under the head of "Land Revenue Miscellaneous," a sum of Rupees 322 is the result of the inclusion, in the demand of Fusly 1275, of the quitrent imposed by the Inam Commissioner on two Inam villages in the Tekkali estate, the holder of which has not agreed to enfranchise them. Rupees 19-8-5 (being Cuttoobadi of two Inams) have been included, through an oversight, both in the demand of "Ryotwar" and "Cuttoobadi;" Rs. 16-8-0 is the Cuttoobadi of two Inams which have been resumed, and assessed with Jeroyeti cist. Rupees 3-13-6 is the Cuttoobadi of an Inam land taken up for the construction of a road in the Chicacole talook, and the remaining sum of Annas 4 is the quit-rent imposed by the Inam Commissioner on an Inam which is not in existence.
- 60. Under these explanations I request the Board will be pleased to obtain the sanction of Government for writing off the accounts the abovementioned irrecoverable balances of Rupees 27,572-8-4.
- 61. XVII. CORRCIVE PROCESS.—Coercive process was employed during the Fusly under notice only in seven cases in the Chicacole talook for the realization of arrears of Revenue as detailed in the Enclosure A, of Statement No. 8.
- 62. XVIII. CHARGES, STATEMENT No. 9.—The increase in Refunds of Revenue consists of the sums refunded to the Purlah Kimedy estate, in reimbursement of the Police charges formerly debited to it, and of sums refunded to the ryots of the Berhampore and Chicacole talooks, (being collections made in excess of the demand of Fusly 1275,) under the Orders of Government, dated the 29th May 1865 and Board's Proceedings, 10th July 1866, Nos. 1,122 and 4,704, respectively.
- 63. The increase in the "Salary of Collectors, Sub-Collectors, Head Assistant Collectors, Assistant Collectors, and Deputy Collectors" is chiefly the result of the disbursement during the Fusly under notice of the full amount of the Collector's salary, whereas only a portion of the salary was charged for some months of Fusly 1275, and the excess in the tent and house-rent allowances is mainly due to the increased rate of extra tentage allowed to the Junior Assistant Agent during the period he was on the Hills under the sanction of Government, dated the 4th January 1867, No. 21.
- 64. The increase in the Huzur and Talook establishments arises partly from the increase of salaries sanctioned to some of the public servants under the Orders of Government, dated the 20th November 1865, No. 2,940, having been disbursed for the whole of the year, whereas it was disbursed during Fusly 1275 only for a portion of the year, and partly from the grant of temporary allowance of Rupees 2 to each of the servants drawing 15 rupees and below during the late famine under the Orders of Government, dated the 13th July 1866, No. 1,743 A, and 19th September 1866, No. 2,514.
  - 65. The decrease in Saderward is chiefly referrible to the limited use of lamp oil.
- 66. The increase in medical charges is referrible to the debit to this head of the salary of the Apothecary appointed to have medical charge of the Chetterpore station, whereas it was debited to the head 22, Medical Establishment during Fusly 1275.
- 67. The increase in contingencies is the result of the supply of writing desks to most of the Talook Cutcherry servants, and of the debit to this head of the pay of two peons allowed to one of the newly appointed Assistant Collectors.
- 68. The increase in Miscellaneous is chiefly due to the debit to this head of the value of service postage stamps, and of the pay of the Niranikam Establishment.
- 69. The total increase in Refunds and Contingencies under Abkarry is the result of the refund of fees paid by a person for a license for selling European liquors, which license was disallowed; and the cost of registering the Muchilkas executed by the renters of the Abkarry Farm of the principal and sub-divisions of this District for Fuslies 1276 and 1277.
- 70. The total increase in Refunds under Sea Customs is owing to the refund to the Agent of Messrs. Shand and Co. of duty paid on 1,000 bags of rice originally exported from Ganjam to Colombo, the same having been again exported from Colombo to Cochin.—vide Board's Proceedings of the 26th October 1866, No. 7,760.

- 71. The increase in the establishment is referrible to the second cause given in paragraph 64.
- 72. The variations in Country Stationery or Saderwarid and Contingencies, require no remark.
- 73. The increase in the establishment under Salt, is referrible to the causes assigned in paragraph 64, and the small increase in Saderwarid and travelling allowance to officers and batta to, establishment and contingencies require no remark.
- 74. The increase in purchase of salt and manufacturer's share is due to the disbursement during Fusly under notice of the hire of a large quantity of Salt manufactured during Fusly 1275.
- 75. The increase in charges for conveying and storing Salt is also referrible to a large quantity of Salt manufactured in Fusly 1275 having been stored during the year under notice.
- 76. The total increase in Repairs is the result of the debit to this head under the orders of the Board of Revenue of the cost of repairs executed to Salt channels, &c.
  - 77. The trifling variations under the head of Stamps require no remark.
  - 78. Salt, Statement No. 10.—The increase in the balance of Salt is the result of the quan-

Fusly 1275	9,62,881
Fusly 1276	9,77,501
Increase	14,620

tity sold during the year falling short of that received into store, though there is a decrease both in the manufacture and storage of Salt as compared with the results of 1275.

79. The decrease in storage is chiefly referrible to the falling off in the manufacture.

80. The large decrease in manufacture is chiefly owing to the interference of early rains

Fusly 1275... 14,49,134 Fusly 1276... 5,59,861 Decrease... 8,89,273 and cloudy weather with the manufacturing operations, added to the difficulty of obtaining labourers in consequence of the considerable number of deaths among, and the reduced state

of, the labouring classes. Of the quantity manufactured during the year under notice, 4,41,352 maunds were stored within the Fusly under notice.

81. The increase in the sales of Salt is attributable to the resort of a smaller number of

Fusly 1275... 9;22,752 Fusly 1276... 9,28,782 Increase ... 6;080 purchasers, and to the circumstance of there having been no Salt on hand for a short time at some of the Salt works during Fusly 1275. The variations in the Home and Inland sales are

only nominal, as explained in the second part of paragraph 77 of the Settlement Report for Fusly 1274.

82. The increase in wastage (which includes also six maunds of inferior Salt thrown away)

is chiefly owing to a larger quantity having been disposed of by retail sale during the year under notice, as compared with the result of the previous year.

- 83. Sanction for writing off the accounts the above wastage of maunds 21,734, together with 15,309, which occurred in Fusly 1275, as stated in paragraph 79 of the Settlement Report of that Fusly, is now requested.
  - 84. STATEMENT No. 12.—This Statement requires no further notice.



- 85. XIX. Working of the New system of Village Accounts.—As already stated the new system of village accounts have been fairly brought into operation, except in some villages of the Gumsur and Berhampore talooks. The Village and Talook accounts have been examined by a Gumastah on the Huzur establishment, and certain omissions discovered which were pointed out to the parties concerned.
- 86. XX. REGISTER OF LANDS ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.—The annexed Statement shows the number of Public Servants and the extent of land held by them:—

Items.	Number of Servants.	Extent e	
Up to the end of Fusly 1275, as per Register	$\frac{3}{64}$	Acres. 2,807 277 2,530	Cents. 95 62 33
Total	64	2,530	33

- 87. XXI. RESULT OF THE SALES OF UNASSESSED WASTE LANDS.—Thirty-one acres of unassessed waste lands have been sold during the year under report for Rupees 297, and Rupees 15,143 collected, being stipulated instalments of the value and interest of all lands sold from Fusly 1273, besides Rupees 207, being twenty-five years purchase of revenue derived from the rental of Tamarind trees standing on a piece of unassessed waste land sold in Fusly 1275. The total collections on this account amount, therefore, to Rupees 15,350.
- 88. The following table shows the Demand, Collection, and Balance of interest charged on arrears of Land and Abkarry Revenue during the Fusly under review:—

Items.	Demand.	Collection.	Balance.		
Current. {Land Revenue	RS. A. P. 724 12 10 257 2 2	RS. A. P. 379 9 4 60 1 8	RS. A. P. 345 3 6 197 0 6		
Total	981 15 0	439 11 0	542 4 0		
Arrears. {Land Revenue	197 7 1 621 1 6	196 6 6 267 7 11	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
Total	818 8 7	463 14 5	354 10 2		
Grand total	1,800 7 7	903 9 5	896 14 2		

- 89. Of the balance of Rupees 896-14-2 outstanding at the close of Fusly, Rupees 76-8-11 have been subsequently realized, and for the collection of Rupees 426-11-8 steps have been taken: the remainder, namely, Rupees 353-9-7, being interest due on the balance of the Abkarry Farm of the principal Division for Fusly 1275, which was remitted under the Orders of Government, dated the 17th November 1866, No. 3,145, is irrecoverable, and I, therefore, request the sanction of Government for writing it off the accounts.
- 90. A Memorandum showing the full and clear explanation of the nature of each item of Land Revenue Miscellaneous is herewith sent.

- 91. Another Memorandum showing the extent of land on which the demand of some of the items shown in the Statement No. 5 was formed, also accompanies this.
  - 92. The Quinquennial Statements due for Fusly 1276 will shortly be submitted.

CHETTERPORE, 28th September 1867.

(Signed) D. F. CARMICHAEL, Collector and Agent to the Governor.

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#### SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

#### GANJAM.

With reference to the concluding paragraph of my report on the results of the Revenue

showing the number of villages, &c. A.B.C.D. Do. do. Circar Ayacut cultivation. different sources of Irrigation. Do. do. Houses and Population. Do. do. do. Ryots' Puttahs, &c.

Rent Roll. Do. do.

Administration of this district for Fusly 1276. dated the 28th September last, No. 3,022, I have the honour to transmit the Quinquennial Statements, as detailed in the margin, together with brief explanations regarding the variations between these and the Returns for Fusly 1271.

- STATEMENT A .- The net increase in the number of Jirayati villages of the Government talooks, shown in columns from 5 to 7, is the result of a gross increase of 197, and of a gross decrease of two villages under this head. The gross increase arises from the fact that certain Khond villages situated below the Ghauts, which hitherto paid no assessment whatever, were for the first time brought to account during Fuslies 1272 and 1273. The gross decrease is due to the incorporation with the neighbouring village of a small village in the Chicacole talook during Fusly 1276, and to the fact of a swamp, which had hitherto been classed as a distinct village, having been struck off the list of villages during Fusly 1275.
- The decrease of one village under the head "Fishery and uninhabited" in the Gumsoor talook, from which no revenue is derived, is owing to the exclusion from the list of villages of a fishery village which was abandoned by its inhabitants during the late famine.
- 4. The variations in the number of villages and hamlets of the Zemindary and Proprietary estates, as compared with that of Fusly 1271, are due, first, to a mistake made in the Quinquennial Statement of Fusly 1271, namely, 896 villages were inserted in the Return for Purlah Kimedy in the Quinquennial Statement of Fusly 1271, in reference to the figure given in the Ayacut account of Fusly 1261-62, instead of 858 villages, as shown in the annual Statement of Fusly 1271; secondly, to the incorporation of a small village which was hitherto classed as a distinct village with its neighbouring village, and partly to the insertion, in the Quinquennial Statement of the Fusly under review, of villages and hamlets in the newly sub-divided portions of the late Raghanadhapore, Nandigam, Burgam, and Karakavalasa estates, in reference to the Sub-division accounts lately prepared.
- STATEMENT B .- The increase under the head "Land in occupation" is partly due to the fact of several Khond villages, in the Gumsoor talooks, having been newly brought to account, and partly to the extension of cultivation.
- STATEMENT C .- There is a decrease in the number of all sources of irrigation, both Government and private, as compared with that of Fusly 1271. This is owing to the circumstance of the works, situated in the several Khond villages of the Gumsoor talook which were newly brought to guishing the works constructed merely for the benefit of people and cattle from irrigation proper.

- 7. STATEMENT D.—The increase in the population, as compared with the return of Fusly 1271, is due to the population residing in the Khond villages of the Gumsoor talook, which were newly brought to account, having been added to the general population of the district, to the Maharaja of Vizianagram and his retina happening to be at Causibugah on the day on which the census were taken, and to several Military pensioners and their families having settled themselves at Chicacole, and other places, in the Sub-division of this district.
  - 8. The increase in the agricultural population is referrible to the causes given in paragraph 9.
- 9. STATEMENT E.—The increase in the number of Ryots and Puttahs is due partly to the several Khond villages of the Gumsoor talook having been brought to account, partly to the extensive spread of cultivation, and the increase in the number of cattle is also referrible to the same cause.
- 10. Statement F.—The increase in the number of Puttahs, and the amount of shist, as compared with that of Fusly 1271, is the result of extended cultivation, and of the transfer to Ryotwary tenure of several villages which were formerly under renters.
- 11. The decrease in the number of ryots paying from 500 to 1,000 Rupees and upwards is owing to transfers of portions of holdings and to jointly rented villages having been brought under Ryotwary tenure.

Kinedy, 14th January 1868. (Signed) D. F. CARMICHAEL, Collector.

### SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

### VIZAGAPATAM.

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report on the management of the Revenues of this District for Fusly 1276 (A. D. 1866-67), with the usual explanatory Statements.

2. I. VILLAGES AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT WAS MADE.—Mr. Boswell, late Principal Assistant, commenced the Settlement in February; but as he was removed in March to Nellore, it came to a stand till resumed by his successor, Mr. Bliss, in April, by whom it was completed.

The following table shows where the Settlement was made. For particulars as to what extent each officer has acted, see Statement No. I. of the enclosures:—

	Talo	oks.					Villages at which the Settlement was made.
Sarvasiddhi Golgonda	•••	•••	•••	.•••	•••	•••	Kondakirlah, Polarum, and Yellamunchelli. Nursipatam and Kottakota.

3. II. Variations in the number and tenure of Villages.—In Golgonda and Sarvasid-dhi matters remained the same as in last year, as will be seen from the annexed Statement. Palcondah and Honjeram continued on rent to Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co., as usual:—

No.	Talooks.	Mode of Settlement.		Number of villages in Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
1 2	Sarvasiddhi Golgonda	Ryotwar Ryotwar and Joint-rent Rent for more than one	65 95	65 95	•••	•••
		year	95	95	•••	
			255	255	•••	

In the Settlement Report of Fusly 1275, it was stated that the new form of Putta circulated by the Board had not been universally issued in the Government Talooks, as a sufficient number of printed forms were not procurable in time; but this year it has been fully adopted. The following



Statement exhibits the number of Puttas issued during the past two years, showing a net decrease in the year under review of 169:—

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
1. Number of fresh Puttas	1,674 2,457	1,114 2,848 	2,848 	560  2 <u>,4</u> 57
Total	4,131	3,962	2,848	3,017
Deduct Puttas of rent for more than one year.		6	${f Net}$	169
Balance of Ryotwar and Joint-rent		3,956		

4. III. SEASON AND SANITARY CONDITION.—The season has been a most favourable one, cultivation was vigorously carried on throughout the district, and the result has been a most abundant harvest.

The rainfall for the year is given below, amounting, in the aggregate, to nearly 44 inches, or an increase of 14 inches in the year:—

	Mon	ths.			Inches.	Tenths.	Months.	Inches.	Tenths.
April May June July August September	1866		•••	Tota	  2 0 2 4 9 8	5½ 3 1½ 5 6	October 1866 November ,, December ,, January 1867 February ,, March ,,	0 0	5½ 0  8½ 3 8

The public health has, on the whole, been more satisfactory than in the preceding year, though the District has not been quite free from the three principal diseases, cholera, small-pox, and fever. Cattle murrain has also been less than in the past year.

5. IV. Prices.—Although the harvest as above described was abundant, yet the high rates of the previous year were not affected until January last, since which time every article of food is becoming cheaper every day. A Statement of the average prices for the last five years fellows:—

No.	Grains.	Fusly 1272.	Fusly 1273.	Fusly 1274.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Total.	Average.
1	Paddy, first sort Do. second sort Cholum, or Javary Cumbu or Bajree Horse-gram Raggy Harruck or Varageo	128	118	156	215	163	780	156
2		119	104	145	202	152	722	144
3		158	140	186	236	213	933	187
4		131	116	156	222	165	790	158
5		135	127	152	235	235	884	177
6		142	126	170	239	197	874	175
7		103	72	129	208	136	648	130

<sup>6.</sup> V. Ryors' Holdings.—The relinquishments in the year amount to Acres 8,447, of Rupees 15,487 assessment, against 3,236 Acres of land newly taken up, bearing an assessment of Rupees 5,456, showing a net decrease of Rupees 10,031.

The relinquishment was chiefly in dry lands, as the early part of the season in the Government Talooks was not quite favourable for cultivation, and is also partly attributed to the rule introduced in Fusly 1274 of charging a proper sist for jungle lands reclaimed, mentioned in paragraph-3 of the Settlement Report, dated 14th October 1865.

7. VI. ACTUAL CULTIVATION.—The actual cultivation in our Talooks amounted to Acres 69,435, bearing a sist of Rupees 1,73,275, against 73,740 Acres, and Rupees 1,72,696 sist, of the previous year, showing a decrease of Acres 4,305, but an increase in assessment of Rupees 579, owing, as the Acting Principal Assistant explains, to the "operation of the season which, in its early drought, "was unfavourable to the dry or least valuable, but more extensive cultivation, while the steady rains which set in from August stimulated the cultivation of wet crops, the average of which is "less, but the assessment greater."

Talooks	Fusly 1275.		75. Fusly 1276		Increase.		Decrease.	
Golgonda, Sarvasiddhi	36,208 37,532	SIST. 61,780 1,10,916	LAND. 30,236 39,199	sіsт. 58,021 1,15,254	LAND.  1,667	ывт.  4,338	LAND. 5,972	sist. 3,759
Total	73,740	1,72,696	69,435	1,73,275	1,667	4,338	5,972	3,759
				Net		579	4,305	•••

8. VII. CULTIVATION AND SETTLEMENT.—The following abstract Comparative Statement shows the details under this head, exhibiting a decrease in land, but a very great increase in assessment; this latter is owing to no remissions having been given:—

Items.	Las	TVSLY.	OUR	RENT FUSLY.	In	CREASE.	Ds	CREASE.
Items.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Ex- tent.	Assessment.	Extent	Assessment.
1	2	8	4	5	6	7	8	9
Dry	58,097 <b>24,0</b> 06	62,493 15 1,29,484 4	7 52,883 1 24,009	56,795 7 4 1,25,101 14 8		••• ••• •••	5,214	5,698 8 <b>8</b> <b>4,382 5 1</b> 0
Total	82,108	1,91,928 8	8 76,899	1,81,897 5 7			5,211	10,080 14 1
Add								
Second Crop Assessment Additional do Water tax Road Cess Village Service Fund	•••••	2,270 14	2	2,661 8 1  5,138 9 1		890 4 11 5,188 9		
Total  Deduct—	82,198	1,94,199 1	76,89	1,89,697 1 9			5,211	4,502 0 1
Remissions		·	8	5,188 9		5,188 9	1	5,004 <b>2</b> 8  39,482 0 9
Total	1,484	44,706 1	11	5,358 7			. 1,484	89,847 10 4
Remaining Beriz Add Miscellaneous Items	80,669	1,49,492 15 17,076 12		1,84,838 10 17,814 5			8 8,777	
Total	80,669	1,66,569 12	9 76,89	2 2,01,652 15	6	85,088 2	9 8,777	

According to the Kistbundy of the Talooks of Golgonda and Sarvasiddhi, the amount payable to Government from January to June inclusive is 57½ per cent. of the assessment. This will explain the apparent large amount collected as Road Cess.

The item of Road Cess includes the amount realized on that account on Inam lands as well.

9. VIII. PRINCIPAL Sources of Irrigation.—The following table shows the principal sources of irrigation, as also the ayacut and cultivation under them respectively:—

No .	Talooks.	Sources of Irrigation.	Extent of Ayacut.	Assess- ment.	Cultivation under each source.	Actual revenue derived.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Golgonda	1. Comaravolu Avah (lake) 2. Rivers and channels 3. Tanks	ACRES. 684 2,011 7,791	Rs. 3,441 16,866 31,523	ACRES. 684 1,974 6,574	RS. 3,441 16,610 29,163
1	•	Total	10,486	51,830	9,232	49,214
2	Sarvasiddhi	1. Kondakirlah Avah (lake) 2. Rivers and channels 3. Tanks	1,389 8,133 6,818	11,460 43,853 33,076	1,375 7,858 6,016	11,372 41,241 28,864
		Total	16,340	88,389	15,249	81,477
		Grand Total	26,826	1,40,219	24,481	1,30,691

- 10. IX. WASTE CHARGED AND REMITTED.—The favourable nature of the season was such that no remission on this account was found necessary.
  - 11. X. PARTICULARS OF REMISSION.—This is nil in both Talooks.
- 12. XI. PROGRESSIVE COWLE.—At the beginning of the year, the lands held under this head were 213 Acres, bearing an assessment of Rupees 425. During the year, fresh lands were taken up amounting to Acres 17, bearing a sist of Rupees 13, making in all Acres 230 and assessment Rupees 438. If from this be deducted Acres 119, bearing a sist of Rupees 378, on account of lands which attained their full assessment, the balance will be Acres 111, assessment Rupees 60: add to this Rupees 24 on account of Teervajasty charged, the gross sist comes to Rupees 84, as shown in enclosure C. of Statement No. 3.
- 13. XII. Special products.—These are given in the following tabular form in comparison with Fusly 1275; the information embraces both Zemindary and Government Talooks as well:—

				Fusly 1275.		Fusly 1276.		Increase.		Decrease.	
Names of p	roduci ted.	is cui	lti-	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
Sugarcane Cotton Indigo	•••		•••	21,591	55,589 48,100 12,681	5,712 16,813 2,848	29,726 55,295 16,891		7,195 4,210	1,594 4,778 202	25,863

Several reasons are given for the increase and decrease, but the following are the most probable.

As TO SUGARCANE—The closing of the Chittivalsa Sugar Factory, and consequent falling off in the demand, the exports of Jaggery have also fallen.

As TO COTTON AND INDIGO—The fall in price and to the unfavourable nature of the early part of the season during which the cultivation is usually undertaken.

14. XIII. General RESULT OF THE LAND REVENUE SETTLEMENT.—The following abstract Comparative Statement gives the details under this head for the last two years, showing a net increase of Rupees 37,417 in the year just expired:—

No.	Items.	Fusly 1	<b>27</b> 5.	Fusly 1	276.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	Peshcush of Zemin-	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
3	dary and proprietary estates Shrotriem Jodi Ryotwar Miscellaneous	9,70,291 50,838 1,49,492 1,75,761	4 0 15 11		10 2	34,845 10 3 3,025 6 4	453 12 4
	Total	13,46,383	15 8	13,83,801	3 11	37,871 0 7	453 12 4

The decrease in Shrotriem Jodi is owing to the reduction of quitrent on certain whole village Inams during the past year by the Inam Commissioner.

The increase in Ryotwar is owing chiefly to there being no remissions this year. That in Miscellaneous is owing (1) to an increase in the number of Inamdars made liable to quitrent; (2), to villages held under rent for more than one year at progressive rates of sist; (3), to the lapsing of Inam lands, the owners of which have failed to appear to establish their right, &c., and to other minor causes, all of which will be found in Statement No. 5:—

15. XIV. ABKARRY, SALT, AND OTHER SOURCES OF REVENUE.—The following is a Statement of the demand under the several heads of Extra Revenue during the last two years, showing a net increase of Rupees 21,504-12-2, which is explained below, item by item:—

Items.		Fusly:	1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Abkarry Miscellaneous				RS. A. P. 1,02,150 0 0 512 10 5	RS. A. P. 34,001 8 8 5 14 11	RS. A. P.
	Total	68,655	2 10	1,02,662 10 5	34,007 7 7	
Salt Miscellaneous	••• •••	3,15,670 37	0 2 13 2	3,24,109 11 0 64 8 11	8,439 10 10 26 11 9	
	Total	3,15,707	13 4	3,24,174 3 11	8,466 6 7	
Sea Customs Miscellaneous	•••	35,638 289	5 10 12 1	13,705 5 11 86 6 5	••• ••• ···	21,932 15 11 203 5 8
·	Total	35,928	1 11	13,791 12 4	•••	22,136 5 7
License-tax Miscellaneous	••• •••		•••	4,828 0 0	4,828 0 0	••• •••
1	Total			4,828 0 0	4,828 0 0	
Stamps Miscellaneous		1,10,801 5,600	10 6 11 11	1,08,906 3 0 3,835 7 0		1,895 7 6 1,765 <b>4</b> 11
	Total	1,16,402	6 5	1,12,741 10 0		3,660 12 5
Gran	d Total	5,36,693	8 6	5,58,198 4 8	47,301 14 2	25,797 2 0
				Net	21,504 12 2	

IN ABKARRY—The increase is owing to the high price the farms fetched at auction, on the expiration of the last lease.

In Salt—It is attributable to the enhanced monopoly rate from 1-8 to 1-11 per maund in force from March 1866.

In Sea Customs—There is a large decrease consequent on a falling off in exports of dutiable goods.

In License-tax—There is an increase, the Act (No. XXI. of 1867) having been introduced since May 1867.

In Stamps—There is a slight decrease arising chiefly from a decrease of litigation. .

Wastage in Salt—The wastage in salt has come down remarkably from 10½ to 2½ per cent., owing chiefly to an order from my predecessor to all Salt Superintendents, warning them that if the percentage of wastage should exceed five per cent. in any Cotaur during the year, the Superintendent of that division would be removed from his appointment, unless of course he showed good cause for the contrary.

The Acting Salt Deputy Collector exercises a healthy supervision which cannot be without its effect. The total wastage amounts to 3,004-10 Indian Maunds. Sanction to write off the same is requested.

16. XV. Collection of all sources of Revenue.—The total receipts under this head of Revenue amounted in the year to Rupees 19,43,370, being a net increase of Rupees 79,824, arising chiefly from there being no remissions, and from the increased bid on account of the Abkarry. The decrease in Sea Customs of Rupees 22,136 is attributable, as stated above, to falling off in exports of dutiable goods.

		Fusly 1275.			Fusly 1276		Increase		Į.
ITEMS.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks
Land Revenue.	R5.	RS.	RS.	RS.	R8.	P8,	28.	<b>28.</b>	
Permanently settled Jodi on Shro- triem and	16,158	9,42,145	9,58,803	28,147	9,44,955	9,78,102	14,799		
Inam villages	1,622	47,877	48,999	8,288	49,308	52,596	8,597		,
Ryotwar	4,069	1,47,968	1,52,087	1,288	1,82,965	1,84,258	82,216	•••	
Miscellaneous	84,190	4,42,780	1,76,970	82,708	1,46,889	1,79,597	2,627		
Total	56,089	12,80,270	18,86,809	65,481	18,24,117	18,89,548	58,289		
Abkarry	2,658	56,546	59,199	6,776	91,510	98,286	89,087		
Salt	1	8,15,708	8,15,708		8,24,174	8,24,174	8,466		
Sea Customs		85,928	85,928	]	18,792	18,792		22,186	,
License-tax		{	•••		4,828	4,828	4,828		i
Stamps		1,16,402	1,16,402	•••	1,12,742	1,12,742	•••	8,660	
Grand Total	58,692	18,04,854	18,68,546	72,207	18,71,168	19,48,870	1,05,620	25,796	
Net		•••				•••	74,824		

17. XVI. Demand, Collection, and Balance of all sources of Revenue.—The following Statement shows these results for the year under review. Out of a demand of nearly 19½ lacs, the whole, with the small exception of Rupees 13,000, was realized by the 31st July; at the same date, last year, there was upwards of half a lac outstanding. Of the Rupees 13,099 above referred to, Rupees 3,662 have been subsequently collected, so that up to date only a sum of Rupees 9,437 is the actual balance. The greater part of this is due by the Pachepenta Zemindar, a portion of

whose landed estate has been attached, and will in due course be brought to sale if the demand be not previously paid off:—

	Sources.								Amount.			
		Dem	and.				BS.		Ρ.	RS.	۸.	P
Land Revenue	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	1,38,38			İ		
Other sources	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	5,58,19	98 4	<b>8</b> .			
		0-11-								19,41,999	8	7
Wishin Alia Paul	_	Cone	ction.				10 81 1/	20 11	-	1		
Within the Fusl		•••			•••	•••	18,71,16					
Subsequent colle	ction	up to	31st July	1867	•••	•••	57,73	37 10	6		_	_
										19,28,900	6 2	1
06 111 0					ance	•••	•••	•••	•••	13,099	2	6
Of which the	ge fol	lowing	are the p	articul	ars:						_	
Peishcush	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	4,181	2	2
Shrotriem Jodi	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	806	5	
Ryotwar	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	691		
Miscellaneous	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,198		
Abkarry	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	6,220	14	10
								•••		13,099	2	6

18. XVII. Arrears.—At the beginning of the Fusly the arrears amounted in the aggregate to Rupees 79,721. Of this amount Rupees 72,206-15-9 were realized within the year just expired, Rupees 72-4-8 were written off under Government Order, dated 23rd August 1866, No. 2,197, and Rupees 315-13-3 were subsequently collected, leaving a balance outstanding of Rupees 7,126, almost all of which sum belongs to previous years and is irrecoverable, as will be presently shown:—

Balance of each sour	ce outstanding at the Fusly 1276.	beginning o	Amount	,
Abkarry  Collection within the ten off		amount writ-	33,662 9 10 33,266 4 8 12,792 1 4 	79,720 15 10 72,595 1 8
* Of It's a Post	Balance	olo and Ru-	•••	*7,125 14 2

19. XVIII. ARREARS OF PREVIOUS YEARS IRRECOVERABLE.—The irrecoverable arrears amounts to the end of Fusly 1276 to Rupees 6,783-12-8; a Statement in detail is given below with full explanation, and sanction is requested to write the amount off the books of this Collectorate.

	Explanatory Remarks.	σο	Due by certain ryots who have absconded. Their lands were put up to auction, and bought in on behalf of Government, no bidders having presented themselves; a proceeding sanctioned in Standing Circular, dated 16th June, and 4th December 1862, Nos. 3,851 and 7,906.  These items are the same as shown under Miscellaneous in the Settlement Report for Fusly 1275, paragraph 18, and are repeated here, as sanction to write off the same has not been accorded.		auction for arrears, and bought in on behalf of Government, no bidders having presented themselves. The amount entered in Column 3 was recommended for remission in the last annual report, subsequently the amount referred to in Column No. 4 was realized from some of the ryots who had come back. The amount entered in Column No. 5 remains	the same is now required.  9 This balance is outstanding on a land since enfranchised by the Inam Commissioner, and handed over to the Inamdar by Mr. Boswell, late	Principal Assistant. Collected during the present year. No sanction for remission thereof, as	OThis Jodi is due on an enfranchised Inam, which has lapsed to Government; should be written off.
	Total of columns Nos. 5 and 6.	7	228 5 0 30 1 0 0 6 0	258 12 0	360 2 11	. 11 15 9	:	12 0 0
	Now recommended for remission.	9	45 7 0	45 7 0	206 11 4	11 15 9		12 0 0
nded for	Balance to be written off.	5.	182 14 0 30 1 0 0 6 0	213 5 0	153 7 7		:	:
Amount recommended for remission in the last year.	Deduct amount realized subse- quently.	4			28 12 2 153	:	4 10 0	:
Amount	Amount recom- mended for.	8	182 14 0 30 1 0 0 6 0	213 5 0	182 3 9		4 10 0	:
`	Items.	5	Ryotwar Miscellaneous. Do.	Total	Sarvasiddhi Ryotwar	Đô.	Miscellaneous.	Do.
	Талоокв.	1	Golconda		Sarvasiddhi			

Abkarry 5,359 10 0 5,359 10  Do 656 14 0 656 14	am. Quit-rent on a detached Inam.  Ze. Abkarry 5,359 10 0 5,359 10	0 4 0 0 4 0 D	Jodi 114 10 0 114 10 0 Th	Total 186 13 9 33 6 2 153 7 7 240 3 1 393 10 8	Miscellaneous 1800 800 Balance outstanding on an Inam sold for arrests and bought in.  Do 180 This is a nominal demand owing to a clerical error, and requires written off.	Obalance outstanding on an Inam sold for arrears and bought in.  OThis is a nominal demand owing to a clerical error, and requires to be written off.  OThis Inam quit-rent payable at Vizianagram was received at the Talook Treasury at Bobbili, and was entrusted to a Talook peon to take to Vizianagram. He made away with the money, and was criminally tried and punished by rigorous imprisonment and fine under Section 406 of the Indian Penal Code; but there being no property of the prisoner from which to recover the amount misappropriated, it remains irrecoverable, and requires to be written off under profit and loss.  4 Obue on the enfranchised Inam which was purchased for public purposes, and referred to in the Board's Proceedings, dated 26th July 1867, No. 4,789.  OIn Settlement Report for Fusly 1274, it was requested that a sum of Rupees 5,963-3-4 might be remitted from the Abkarry demand for Fusly 1275. But as no orders were passed on that application, the sum of Rupees 116-6-0 were collected in the Talooks and carried to account, leaving a balance of Rupees 5,359-10-0. In Board's Proceedings, dated 31st October 1866, No. 7,863, orders were received on the first application to include the amount still outstanding shances. This was not done last year, as the Settlement Report had gone. Sanction is now requested to write off the amount still outstanding shown in Column 7, and a separate application will be made for authority to refund the amount already collected.  OThis is due by Abkarry defaulters who were put in Jail, where one died and the other was released in November last. There is no property from which to recover; sanction is therefore requested to write off what is due.	. rg	1 8 0 0 1 8 0 240 3 1 114 10 0 5,359 10 0 656 14 0	153 7 7	8 S	186 13	Miscellaneous Do, Total Shrotriem Jodi a detached Inam. Abkarry Do	Magram. gapatam ore Ze- dary.
Grand Total 400 2 9 33 6 2 366 12 7 6,417 0 1 6,783 12 8	Do 656 14 0 656 14 0 TE	5,359 10 0 5,359 10 656 14 0 656 14	5,359 10 0 5,359 10 656 14 0 656 14	114 10 0 114 10 0 4 10 0 4 10 0 4 10 0 4 10 114 10 114 10 114 10 114 10 114 10 114 10 114 10 114 10 114 10 114 10 114 10 114 10 114 114	186 13 9     33 6 2     153 7 7     240 3 1     393 10         114 10 0     114 10        0 4 0     0 4        5,359 10 0     5,359 10         656 14 0     656 14		6,783 12	6,417 0 1		33		Grand Total	

- 20. XIX. Coercive Process.—This sum now seems to be on the increase. In Fusly 1275 there were 356 cases, in the past Fusly 450, and these entirely in Sarvasiddhi Talook.
- Mr. Bliss, writing on this subject, says, that this state of things is attributable "partly to the "different nature of the people of the Golgonda Talook, and partly to its generally lighter assess-"ment. The arrears on account of which distraints were made amounted to Rupees 6,925, and "the value of the property distrained (lands included) to Rupees 6,791. Rupees 278 were realized "during the Fusly, from the sale of a portion of this property; Rupees 5,879 were paid up by the "defaulters before the date of sale, a clear proof that though the number of distraints was great, "the right was not oppressively exercised; and property estimated at Rupees 768 still remains to "be sold."
- 21. XX. CHARGES.—The following is a Comparative Statement of charges of the last two Fuslies, and shows an increase in the year just expired of Rupees 12,884, arising chiefly in Land Revenue and Salt. Full explanation as to the cause will be found in the remark appended to Statement 9 of the enclosure:—

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue	RS. A. P. 1,55,226 13 10 32 0 0 5,264 12 7  22,514 14 11 3,264 4 3	RS. A. P. 1,57,987 12 11 4 6 5 5,103 11 0 5 12 11 32,525 12 9 3,558 13 11	2,761  6 10,011 295	28 161 
Total	1,86,302 13 7	1,99,186 5 11 Net	13,073	189

- 22. XXI. VILLAGE, TALOOK, AND HUZUE ACCOUNTS.—In reference to those in the Talooks, Mr. Boswell gave a favourable account last year, but Mr. Bliss this year reports that he has found them in a very slovenly state, and that it is hopeless to attempt to do anything unless the forms are printed. I am going into the working of the Press Department, and hope soon to put it in a fair working order, so as to supply all departments under the Collector both in the Huzur and District with printed forms. Hitherto this has not been practicable, for reasons which it is not necessary to mention here.
- 23. XXII. LANDS ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.—Except in the case of Mr. McMurray, my Huzur Head Serishtadar, who last year obtained in gift from Mr. Fane, late Collector of this District, a house and ground in Galikonda Hill tracts about seventy miles from this, belonging to that gentleman, there has been no new acquisition of lands by Public servants.

The Serishtadar I find duly reported his acquisition with reference to Circular Order of the Board of Revenue, dated 13th October 1862, No. 6,843. The extent is not known, and being jungle land originally, was obtained from the Maharajah of Vizianagram on a quitrent of four annas a year.

The grounds have been planted to some small extent with coffee. The produce is stated to be very scanty.

- 24. XXIII. CONDUCT OF PUBLIC SERVANTS.—Seems to be satisfactory in every Department, as no complaints of any kind have come against any of them.
- 25. XXIV. Management of Palconda and Honjeram.—The annual report of the Agent for the Renters, together with the usual explanatory Statements A. and B., will be found amongst the enclosures.

The demand of the Renters was Rupees 1,56,927-9-7, of which Rupees 1,56,365-10-11 were collected by them within the Fusly, leaving a small sum of Rupees 561-14-8 outstanding at its close, as shown below:—

		I	usly 1275.			Fı	usly 1276.		Compar betwo Nos. 3	en
Items.	УіПадев.	Demand.	Cellection.	Balance.	Villages.	Demand.	Collection.	Balance,	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	8	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Ryotwar Jodi Tuckavy Total	93	Rs. A. P. 1,47,467 15 10 7,622 1 5  1,55,090 1 8	1,46,090 6 0	1,377 9 10	170 93 	7,622 1 783 0	RS. A. P 1,47,960 9 6 7,622 1 5 783 0 0 1,56,365 10 11	561 14	1,055	***

In the cultivated area there is an increase of 456 Acres chiefly in Paddy land, as is shown below:—

No.		N	ımes	of pro	oduce					Land in acres for Fusly 1275.	Land in acres for Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
1 2 3 4 5	Sugarcane Paddy Indigo Cotton Other grain	• •••				•••		•••	•••	343 9,267 840 2 2,143	263 9,902 605  2,281	635	80  235 2
							Tota	al	•••	12,595	13,051 Net:	773 456	317

The outlay on public works was Rupees 5,780-14-5, or Rupees 1,029-12-0 above that in Fusly 1275, and was entirely on ordinary works.

As usual no complaints of any kind have been made against the management of the Renters, the people under whom seem to be both prosperous and happy.

- 26. XXV. QUINQUENNIAL RETURNS.—I herewith submit the six returns marked A. to F. referred to in Circular Memorandum, No. 1,097, dated 1st November last. Explanation as to differences is given below.
- 27. STATEMENT A.—The Ryotwar and rented villages and hamlets of Sarvasiddhi and Golgonda in Fusly 1271 were 253 and 343; now they are 255 and 346 respectively, or two villages and three hamlets more owing to two Mokhassa villages (Hukumpett and Jamadavipett with their hamlets) having reverted to Jeroyati—33e paragraph 3 of Settlement Report for Fusly 1273, and paragraph 3 of Settlement Report for 1275.

The Shrotriem and Inam villages in the same Talooks were, in Fusly 1271, ninety-one; now they are ninety, owing to changes during the past five years. Under the head Zemindary the charges are owing to the re-arrangement of the Talooks in the District.

In Palconda there is no change in the ryotwar and rented villages.

In the zemindari portion there is some difference owing to the re-arrangement of the Talooks of the District.

28. STATEMENT B.—The lands in this District have not been surveyed. The extent given is as per Village accounts.

In the last Quinquennial Return, the Ayacut, exclusive of Porumboke, was 29,152 Acres, at an assessment of Rupees 1,92,985. In the present year the extent is Acres 87,106, sist Rupees 2,44,304, showing an increase of Acres 57,954, and of sist Rupees 11,319. This is owing principally to the change in the rule for converting veesums or garces into acres. The old rule was 1½ acre to every veesum; now it is two acres for every garce of wet, and four acres for every garce of dry, as reported in Settlement Report for Fusly 1274. In the assessment the increase is owing (1) to the transfer of certain permanently reclaimed Porumboke lands, (2) to certain Inams having lapsed to Government.

29. STATEMENT C.—The increase in Government Tanks is owing to certain private tanks having become Government property on the expiration of certain joint village rents held in Golgonda Talook, and to other tanks hitherto erroneously included under other heads being brought under this head. The gross number of tanks in last Returns is 613, in this it is 617, or an increase of 4. These are the property of private individuals alone.

In river channels there is a large increase owing to certain of the Gubbada channels being included under this head instead of under "Spring channels," as in last Returns.

In anicuts there is a decrease of 2. The correct number is 7. In last Returns the Talook Officers erroneously said 9.

30. STATEMENT D.—The census of the non-military classes was taken on the 1st March; the Military on the 1st May of the year.

The total population is 19,34,558, or 2,18,906 above that of the previous period in which the Military, amounting to 4,899, were not included. This increase is chiefly in the Jeypore Talook, from whence we have this year for the first time been able to get Returns. In last Returns the population of Jeypore was estimated at 3,00,000. The Returns now received show it to be 4,29,513.

- 31. Statement E.—This is in a very satisfactory state. There is an increase in every item except in two, viz., (1) Joint Puttahs, (2) Ploughs. The increase in single puttahs is chiefly owing to the decrease in joint puttahs. Many Ryots being now well off, they have settled down for themselves.
  - 32. STATEMENT F.—There are no particular remarks to offer.

Vizagapatan, 3rd October 1867. (Signed) J. H. MASTER,
Acting Collector.

# SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

## GODAVERY.

1. I have the honour to submit my Report on the Settlement of the Godavery District for Fusly 1276, together with the Statements prepared according to the prescribed forms and instructions contained in the Board's Circular Memorandum, dated 11th August 1866, No. 787. I send also the Quinquennial \* Returns from Fusly 1272

to Fusly 1276.

- 2. The introduction of the Ryotwar system has been fully carried out in the District for Fusly 1276, and individual Puttahs have been distributed. By this, the joint-renting system has been done away with, except in a few hilly, jungly, and unsurveyed villages of the upper parts of the talooks of Peddapur, Rajahmundry, Yernagudem and Ellore. This fact was reported in my letter to the Board referred to in their Proceedings of the 5th June 1867, No. 3,447, and under heir directions, these villages, which were held under joint and single rents, are included under Ryotwar and Land Revenue Miscellaneous respectively.
- 3. STATEMENT No. 1.—This statement shows the particulars as to by whom, when, and where the settlement of each talook was conducted, as well as the number of Puttahs distributed. I
  - † 1. Ramachendrapur.
  - 2. Amlapur.
  - ‡ Tanuku.
  - 1. Narsapuram.
  - 2. Undi.
  - §1. Rajahmundry.
  - 2. Peddapur.
  - ¶1. Yernagudem.

settled the two talooks† under my immediate charge and one‡ of the Sub-division. The late Sub-Collector Mr. Webster settled the remaining two || talooks of his division. The late Head Assistant Collector Mr. Wigram settled the two talooks of his own range and two of the Deputy Collector's division, as he was in charge of them in consequence of the absence of the General Deputy Collector on other duty. The

settlement of each talook was made within its own limits at two or more stations most suitable to the convenience of Ryots and public.

4. Variations in the number and tenure of villages.—The number of villages for Fusly 1276 is 977, while the same was for the preceding year 973. There is, therefore, a net increase of four villages, which is the result of a gross increase of eleven, and a gross decrease of seven as described in the following Memoranda Nos. 1 and 2 respectively. These changes were made by the Director of Revenue Settlement at the time of demarcation under such circumstances as seemed expedient to him. One of the above four villages is Ryotwar, and the other three pay no land Revenue to Government. These three were up to Fusly 1275 shown in the accounts separately as forming no portion of Government villages by reason of their not paying any Land Revenue to Government. This designation has been now altered, and these villages are now properly included in the number of Government villages.

No. 1.—Memorandum showing the particulars of the gross increase of eleven villages mentioned above.

No.	For Fusly 1275.	In what talook included.	For Fusly 1276.	To what talook now attached.
1 1 1 1	Hamlets converted into villages. Kaminy	Amlapur. Narsapur. Do. }	1 1 1 2	Ramachendrapur. Amlapur. Do. Narsapur.
5	Villages paying no Revenue to Government, hitherto shown separately and now properly brought under the head "Government villages."		5	
1 1 1	Pande	Amlapur.	3	Amlapur.
3	Villages hitherto left out from the accounts and now brought to account.	·	3	
1	Korutur	Yernagudem.	2	Yernagudem.
2	Villages hitherto clubbed with			
1	another and now separated.	Ellore.	1	Ellore.
11		-	11	

No. 2.—Memorandum showing the particulars of the gross decrease of seven villages amalgamated in others and converted as hamlets.

For Fusly 1275.	In what talook included.	How altered in Fusly 1276.	To what talook attached.
Villages amalgamated in others.  1 Malleveram	Amlapur.	Amalgamated in the village of	Amlapur.
1 Rebbanapalli		Tottaramudy. Do. of Komaragiripatnam.	Do.
1 Enugupeta		Do. of Kykeram. Do. of Kotta- pally.	Ellore. Rajahmundry.
1 Palakurtimetta	Do.	Do. of Raghu- devapuram.	Do.
Villages converted into hamlets.  1 Radheyyapalem  1 Kottatungapadu  7	Do}	Made as hamlets of Patatungapadu.	Rajahmundry.

The subjoined abstract shows the variations in the tenure of villages: -

Tenures.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.		
Ryotwar	943 8 22	859 32 83	 24 61	84		
Villages paying no Revenue to Go- vernment		3	3			
Total Government villages	973	977	88	84	Net increase 4	1.
Kattubady Agraharams Sarva Agraharams	88 43	90 46	2 3			
Villages paying no Revenue to Go- vernment	3			3		
	1,107	1,113	93	87	Do.	6.

5. Of the 859 villages under Ryotwar for the current Fusly, forty were held under joint-rents and included under this head—vide Board's Proceedings, dated 5th June 1867, No. 3,447. These 40 villages were not surveyed nor assessed by the Settlement Department owing to their inability to do so, as almost all of them are situated in the hilly and jungly tracts of the Rajahmundry, Peddapuram, Yernagudem, and Ellore talooks. There appears a net decrease of eighty-four villages under Ryotwar resulting from the transfer of 113 villages to other heads, and the addition of twenty-nine villages to this head as particularized below:—

Decrease
Villages transferred to single rents in Fusly 1276 106
Villages amalgamated in other villages and converted into hamlets as
per Memorandum No. 2 appended to paragraph 4 of this report 7
Total113
Increase
Villages transferred to Ryotwar from single rents 21
Hamlets converted into villages 5
Villages hitherto left out and now brought to account 2
Village hitherto clubbed with another and now separated 1
As per Memorandum No. 1 appended to paragraph 4 8
29
Net decrease84

6. Of the 115 villages under rents for one year and for more than one year in the current Fusly, nine are those that were in last year under this tenure and are continued so, while the remaining twenty-one of past year are transferred to Ryotwar in the current year as they have been surveyed and classified. The other 106 villages which were held in Fusly 1275 under joint rents, have been in the current year held under single rents. Of these, ninety villages are in the Peddapur, fifteen in the Rajahmundry, and one in the Ellore talooks. I understand that these villages yield very small revenue, that most of them are uninhabited, and that although they were included in last year under joint rents, they were always held by single individuals and outsiders. The Head Assistant Collector has, therefore, in this year properly included them under single rents instead of under Ryotwar. The explanation given above accounts for the increase of eighty-five villages under rents for one year and for more than one year.

- 7. The villages paying no revenue to Government have been included in the number of Government villages in the current year, while they were separately exhibited at the bottom of the abstract in the year preceding.
  - Havely, Lingapalem, and Venkatakrustnapuram.
     Tealam and Asinaguden.
- 8. The increase of two in the Cattubady Agraharams is owing to the four villages noted in the margin, which were hitherto in two num-

bers having been separated and demarcated into four by the Director of Revenue Settlement.

- 9. The increase of three in the number of Sarva Agraharams is owing to three hamlets of Government villages which were hitherto enjoyed as Inams having been enfranchised by the Inam Commissioner as separate Agraharam and included under this head.
- 10. The number of Puttas issued during the year amounted to 53,506, of which the individual Puttas are 53,347, and Puttas granted for joint and single rent villages are 159. The cause for the large increase in the number of Ryotwar Puttas, is the introduction of the new Settlement in six talooks in the year under review completing the whole District. All the individual Puttas were prepared according to the form forwarded with the Board's Circular, dated 7th February 1866, No. 122.
- 11. Season.—The season on the whole was decidedly a very favourable one. There was not, however, much rain in the early part of the season, i. e., up to June. The early dry crops were, therefore, affected to a small extent in parts of the District. Early Gingelly crops have also suffered from insects. From the month of July, sufficient and seasonable rains fell, and proved favourable for dry and wet cultivation. The freshes in the Godavery rose to 30 feet, or 2 feet higher than in the preceding year, and caused some damage to the early sown dry crops on the islands in the river bed. The anicut channels received full supply of water, and commanded the wet cultivation under them fully. The tanks in the upland talooks were filled, and the water was enough for wet cultivation under them. The lands under the Yelerroo were cultivated to their full extent. There is on the whole an increase in the extent of actual cultivation of all crops over that in the preceding year. The crops generally both in quality and quantity have been the best that the Ryots have had during the last twenty years. Garden crops such as Onions, Garlic, Turmeric, and Chillies have yielded a fair return. The Cocoanut, Arecanut, and Plantain gardens were injured by the prevalence of hot winds about the end of the Fusly year preceding the one under report. No second crop or Dalwa cultivation was carried on, in consequence of the insufficiency of water in the Godavery in March, April, and May, and of certain channels having been closed for repairs. Summer dry crops such as Bengal-gram, Green-gram, Black-gram, Horse-gram, Cow-gram, Coriander, Fenugreek, &c., were grown abundantly and produced very well from our having had a favourable north-east monsoon.

12. RAIN-FALL.—The subjoined abstract shows at one view the average fall of rain as compared with Fusly 1275:—

Year.	Months.	Fusly	1275.	Fusly	1276,	Increase Decrease	
1866	April	3 0 3 10	т. 12 78 87 41 42 49	1N. 2 3 0 6 6 3	T. 12 43 81 75 43 61	IN, 0 0 + 3 3 3	T. 35 6 34 99 88
	·	28	9	23	15	- 4	94
1867	October	0 0	26 98 15  13	8 0 0 1 0	59 80 4 95 8 7	+ 7 - 0 - 0 + 1 - 0 + 0	33 18 11 95 5 7
	Total	2	<b>52</b>	11	53	+ 9	1
	Grand total	30	61	34	68	+ 4	7

The total fall during the year exceeds that of the previous year by 4 inches and odd.

13. Sanitary condition.—In a sanitary point of view, the year was unfavourable though not so bad as the previous one. Cholera, small-pox, and fever prevailed much, and the two first were of virulent type throughout the District for some months in the year. The subjoined statement shows the attacks of, and deaths from, those diseases in comparison with those of the preceding year:—

	Fusly 1275.		Fusly 1276.		Increase.		DECREASE.	
Description of diseases.	Attacked.	Died.	Attacked.	Died.	At- tacked.	Died.	At- tacked.	Died.
Cholera Small-pox Fever Total	14,779 9,128 22,897 46,804	13,687 2,660 17,870 34,217	14,672 7,090 27,841 49,603	13,722 2,906 10,005 26,633	 4,944 4,944	35 246  281	107 2,038  2,145	7,865 7,865

The deaths entered in this Statement are according to the accurate Returns obtained through the

		No. of cattl
		died.
	1275	23.041
	1276	

Death Registration Department. Cattle murrain continued in parts of the District throughout the year, but the mortality was less than in the past year as shown in the margin.

- 14. STATEMENT No. 2, PRICES.—Statement No. 2 shows the average prices of grain for each talook as well as for the whole District, from which it will be seen that prices of every kind of agricultural produce have risen higher than those in the previous year. The rise in the prices is due to the great demand from other parts of the country which experienced scarcity.
- 15. RYOTS' HOLDINGS, STATEMENT No. 3.—In this Statement, Ryots' holdings, cultivation, and settlement are exhibited. The following is an abstract showing in one view the holdings at the beginning of the year, subsequent changes, and the waste remitted and charged:—

Items.	Area.	Assessment.
	ACRES. 5,89,697 2,70,778	
4311 1-4-1	3,18,924 2,87,707	
Total  Deduct waste remitted	6,06,631	
Remainder	6,05,970	12,86,018
Particulars.  Actual cultivation	4,33,003 1,72,96	

Particulars of the land given up and taken up are given in paragraphs 17 and 18.

16. Of the sum of Rupees 1,832 under "Waste remitted," Rupees 1,533 are in the Rajahmundry and Peddapur talooks for wet lands left uncultivated under certain tanks which received no water. The remaining Rupees 299 are in other talooks, of which Rupees 192 were the sist remitted on dry lands for the following special reasons, viz.

First.—On 164 Acres of land belonging to a ryot, Bandaroo Gangiah, purchased on behalf of Government in a public sale for arrears of revenue, no other holders having offered anything.

Second.—On 17 Acres of land which were flooded by water from a tank by a breach in the bund and rendered unfit for cultivation.

Of the 1,72,967 Acres, assessed at Rupees 2,03,031, under "waste charged," 1,53,007 Acres, assessed at Rupees 1,53,688, are of dry land, and most of which are in the upland talooks. The whole dry land and the remaining 19,960 Acres of wet land, assessed at Rupees 49,343, were left uncultivated at the pleasure of their holders for pasture, fallow, and other purposes.

	17. Particulars of lands given up—		
	The Tarmonian or man Prior ab	Acres.	RUPEES.
1.	By the adoption of new survey and settlement rates	39,225	3,82,822
2.	By the conversion of dry lands into wet, and permanently classed as	•	• •
	such under paragraph 2 of the Water-tax Rules, issued with the Govern-		
	ment Proceedings, dated 31st October 1865, No. 2,665	38,049	1,32,829
3.	By the change of wet lands erroneously classified as such in the accounts	,	-,0-,0-0
	into dry under the Board's orders, dated 6th May 1864, No. 2,738	18,812	32,319
4,	Lands which became useless or appropriated for public purposes and given	10,012	02,010
-,	in exchange of lands taken up for those purposes	660	9 977
5.	By the transfer of villages under joint rents, into single rents, as well as	000	2,277
υ.	Lanka lands under joint rents into miscellaneous	CC 040	0.00 #00
6.	By exclusion of grant lands from Ryotwar and of Ashalminha or tem-	66,948	2,09,760
0.	and the second s	1 140	1 400
, ·		1,142	1,493
7.	Lands given for dwelling sites and included under Gramakhantam under Board's Orders		
		10	106
8.	Enfranchisement by the Inam Commissioner of certain lands under		
_	Ryotwar as Inams	186	404
9.	Transfer of certain villages and lands from one talook and village to others		
	by the Settlement Department	914	
	By the transfer of lands from one Ryot to another	7,262	16,026
11.	Lands actually resigned	97,565	1,76,930
		270,773	9,60,765
18.	Particulars of lands taken up—	<del></del>	
10.	I di titulati di Tanas vanon ap	ACRES.	RS.
1.	By the adoption of new Survey and new Settlement rates		2,08,909
2.	By the conversion of dry land into wet, and permanently classed as such	102,100	2,00,000
	under paragraph 2 of the Water-tax Rules, issued with the Government		
	Proceedings, dated 31st October 1865, No. 2,665	38 040	1,32,829
3.	By the change of wet lands erroneously classified as such in the accounts	00,040	1,02,028
٠.	into dry under the Board's Orders, dated 6th May 1864, No. 2,738	18,812	20.010
4.	By transfer of villages under single rents into joint rents and Ryotwar	8,293	32,319
5.	By incorporation with Zirayaty certain Inams under Inam Commis-	0,200	10,015
	sioner's instructions	681	1,539
6.	By transfer of certain villages and lands from one talook and village to	001	1,000
	others by the Settlement Department	825	3,871
7.	Uncultivated wet lands under occupation of Ryots for which remission	020	0,071
	was granted and which were excluded from the holdings of Fusly 1275.	632	2,339
8.	By the transfer of lands from one party to another	7,262	2,339 16,026
9.	Lands actually taken up	31,018	61,497
	•	287,700	4,69,337

- 19. From the foregoing explanation it will be seen that the lands actually given up and taken up for Fusly 1276 are Acres 97,565, assessed at Rupees 1,76,930, and Acres 31,018 assessed at Rupees 61,490, respectively. These numbers are much higher than in any other previous years under joint rent system, but arise from the fact of actual relinquishments of land being possible under Ryotwar, which were not under the joint renting system.
- 20. A comparative abstract of cultivation and settlement is annexed as directed in Clause 4 of paragraph 4 of the Board's Circular Memorandum of the 14th August 1866, No. 787, and in accordance with the form A. therewith received, and it shows at one view the not settlement inclusive of waste charged in comparison with that of Fusly 1275. Remissions are deducted and the amount of Miscellaneous items is added so as to show in one sum the whole settled demand:—

	La	ST Fusly.	PRI	ESENT FUSLY.	Increase.	DEC	REASE.
Items.	Extent. Assessment		Extent.	Assessment.	Extent. Assessment.	Ex- tent.	Assess- ment.
	ACRES.	RS. A. P.	ACRES.	RS. A. P.	ACRES. RS.	ACRES.	RS.
Dry Wet	872,541 217,156	10,72,802 6 11 7,06,476 4 9	382,794 223,176	6,46,804 12 1 6,39,218 8 8	10,253 6,023	:::	4,25,997 67,263
Total	589,697	17,79,278 11 8	605,970	12,86,018 4 9	16,273		4,93,260
Add—							
Second crop assessment Additional assessment. Water-tax Road Fund Village Service Fund.		8,42,998 0 8		1,135 6 8 7,82,903 5 8 34,455 5 8	1,136 34,455		60,095
Total		8,42,998 0 3		8,18,494 1 2			24,501
Deduct Remissions.  Road Fund  Village Service Fund. Other remissions as particularized in Statement No. 4		7,225 6 10 19,391 13 8 5,148 12 8		59,961 9 8 143 8 0 2,067 15 0	52,736	 	 19,248 3,081
Total		81,766 0 9		62,173 0 8	30,407		
Remaining Beriz Add Miscellaneous items as particular- ized in Statement		25,90,510 11 2		20,42,339 5 8		•••	5,48,171
No. 5	•••••••	8,09,535 10 10	••••••	10,26,959 5 0	2,17,423	•••	
Total		84,00,046 6 0	•••••	30,69,298 10 8			3,30,748

21. The Ryots' holdings inclusive of waste charged for Fusly 1276 amount to Acres 605,970, bearing assessment of Rupees 12,86,018, and exhibit an increase in area of Acres 16,273, and a decrease in assessment of Rupees 4,93,260. It will be observed that though Fusly 1276 was an exceptionally favourable one to agriculture, the result of the settlement exhibits a net falling off of nearly three lacs of Rupees as particularized below:—

Total January of	RS.
Total decrease of	
Ryotwar to Miscellaneous being only nominal	2,03,788
Remainder	2,89,472
This decrease arose—	
First.—By reduction of assessment in consequence of the adoption of the	
new settlement rates	1,73,912
Secondly.—By relinquishment of lands, the Ryots being at liberty to do	
so under the Ryotwar system	<b>1</b> ,15,5 <b>60</b>

- 22. Rupees 1,136 under additional assessment is the wet assessment imposed on dry lands cultivated with wet crops under tanks.
- \*Rupees 60,695.

  23. The decrease in water-tax is chiefly due to the cultivators not having used anicut water for their dry crops as in the past year in consequence of the fall of seasonable rains and partly to much land having been relinquished in the Undi talook from the Ryots thinking the water-rate unduly high. This was, however, I believe, only an assigned and not an actual cause. They had too long tasted the sweet of a ridiculously low rate to be reconciled at once to the idea of a proper one. Much of the land so relinquished has been taken up for the Fusly 1277.
- 24. The increase of Rupees 34,455 on account of Road Fund was the amount charged on Government Zirayaty at two Pies per Rupee on land assessment, and at six Pies per Rupee on water-tax under the provisions of the Road Cess Act No. 3 of 1866; and it being distinct from Land Revenue is entered in Column 52 of the No. 3 Statement. The Road Fund, namely, Rupees 59,961 for Fusly 1276 under the head of deductions, includes the above sum of Rupees 34,455, as well as Rupees 25,506 which are included in the settlement rates and deducted from the demand. These two sums are exhibited as an item of remission in Column 55 of the same statement. The amounts in Columns 52 and 55 do not agree, because in this District the cess is of two kinds, viz., one is distinct from Land Revenue, and the other is included in it. The cause for the increase of Rupees 52,736 in Road Fund for Fusly 1276, as compared with Fusly 1275, is simply because the Road Cess was in Fusly 1276 collected under and at the rate mentioned in the Road Cess Act, while in Fusly 1275 it was collected at only 2 per cent. from the Land Revenue of the Sub-division talooks in which the settlement rates were then under operation.
- 25. The decrease of Rupees 19,248 in the item of Village Service Fund under deductions is due to the abolition of the joint renting system in which it was collected under the head Gramakharch or village charges. The sum of Rupees 143-8-0 was collected in a few villages of the upland talooks where the joint rents still prevail in consequence of no survey or classification having been made in them.
- 26. The particulars of the other remissions in Statement No. 4, and of miscellaneous items in Statement No. 5, are fully noticed in paragraphs 30, and 31 to 33 respectively.
- 27. On the whole, the increase in cultivation would have appeared much larger because the increase in area by Survey is on an average a little more than 25 per cent. over the estimated area of the past year but for the exclusion of 133,495 Acres which were both unoccupied and transferred to miscellaneous. The large decrease in the assessment is partly owing to the above cause and partly to the introduction of the reduced settlement rates.
- 28. Principal sources of Irrigation.—The following statement shows the principal sources of Irrigation, the extent of Government Ayacut and cultivation under such Irrigation works with the assessment and actual Revenue derived therefrom for Fusly 1276:—

ATACUT.			XACUT.							Cur	rivation.					
tion.	Extens	t.	Assessm	ent	;.	Exten	t.	Аввевяп	ent	; <b>.</b>	Water-	tax.		Total	ı.	
	۸.	С	RS.	A.	P.	Δ.	c.	RS.	۸.	P.	Rs.	۸.	P.	B8.	۸.	
Anicut channels Other channels such as Mountain	324,813	8	6,84,090	2	5	176,229	76	4,66,784	11	1	7,08.006	0	8	11,69,790	11	8
streamsTanks	8,967 63,160 35		58.238 1,88,885 81	13		6,250 89,474 35		46,954 1,30,195 81	7		******		•••	49,954 1,80,195 81	7	10
Total	396,977	12	9,26,290	13	7	221,991	36	6,44,015	15	5	7,08,006	0	8	13,47,028	0	

RUINED TANK.—No ruined tanks have been made over to individuals during the year under report, as none were applied for.

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29. CULTIVATION OF SUGARCANE, COTTON, AND INDIGO.—In Enclosure B. of Statement No. 3,

Sugarcane Cotton Indigo	Fusly 1275. 5,810 2,115 460	Fusly 1276. 5,453 83,128 850	Increase or Decrease. — 367 + 12,008 + 390	cultivation of Sugarcane, Cotton, and Indigo is exhibited for the current Fusly, as compared with the preceding. The small decrease in the extent of Sugarcane cultivation is owing to the falling off of the price of Jaggery, in consequence of less
Indigo	460	850	+ 890	off of the price of Jaggery, in consequence of less

demand for it from other parts. The large increase in Cotton cultivation is owing to the facilities afforded to the agriculturalists, for the growth of this article, by the fall of seasonable rains, and to the hope of remunerative prices continuing.

The increase in the Indigo cultivation is 390 acres, and is due to the favourable rains in those

parts where it is cultivable.

- 30. Statement No. 4.—This Statement shows the particulars of remissions from the gross assessment. They amounted to Rupees 2,068, or 3,081 below the remission of Fusly 1275. The remissions granted for withered crops and loss of produce are only Rupees 123, while it was in the past year Rupees 2,895 for these two items and for Shamlat Bunjer. The increase of Rupees 449 under Pani Boodity and Payamally is owing to the remission having been given in the current year for lands flooded by water in a few villages of the Tanuku talook where it had happened, the bunds of a channel having been overflooded by too much anicut water added to a heavy fall of rain. The fluctuations in remissions under Miscellaneous items require no other explanation, than the reasons assigned to each item in the statement.
- 31. Statement No. 5.—This statement shows the demand, collection, and balance, of the items of Land Revenue, Miscellaneous, for Fusly 1276, as compared with the preceding Fusly, together with the collections made on account of current demand and arrears. An explanatory Memorandum is separately submitted, showing the nature of each item and particulars of the mode in which the settlement was made. As there are certain special items other than those given in the form of Statement, they were included under the head of other items, and particulars of them are given separately in the explanatory Memorandum. Full particulars of water-tax on Government zirayati, Zemindary, and Inam lands are given in a separate statement, which is an enclosure of the explanatory Memorandum. Of the items entered in Statement No. 5, those in which there are large increases and decreases as well as new items, are noted in the margin, and causes for their variations are given below:—

Items of increase as well as new items.

		Rs.
1. Tax on trees on unassessed lands	•••	3,132
2. Cess for repairs of tanks		350
3. Revenue from rented villages		1,112
4. Land cultivated but not included in the Jummahbundy		16,108
5. Cultivation of Porumboke lands		
6. Rent of Gardens and Topes		946
7. Revenue from lands assessed at favourable rates	•••	442
8. Rent of Islands situated in rivers		
9. Other items	•••	66,458

32. The increase of Rupees 3,132 in the first item is chiefly owing to the tax properly creditable to this head, having been in Fusly 1275 included under the head "Rent on fruit trees." The cess for repairs of tanks was collected from Inamdars, whose lands were irrigated from those tanks, for which the cess is levied at so much per putty of land, under the head of "Ghattu tooms shists." This was up to last year included in the Kattubady payable on Inams, but in the year under review, it is inserted under its proper head, and therefore appears to be an increase. The increase in the third item is owing to some villages, under joint rents in Rajahmundry and Peddapur talooks, which were not surveyed, nor assessed by the Settlement Department for causes specified in paragraph 6 of this report, having been rented out to single individuals, and their shists having been transferred to the

Land Revenue, Miscellaneous. The increase in the fourth item is due to the cultivation of Government assessed lands by Ryots without obtaining permission, there being many lands of the kind unoccupied under the Ryotwary system. The increase in the fifth item is owing partly to the increased extent of surreptitious cultivation of Porumboke lands, such as pathways, tanks, &c., in consequence of high prices of agricultural produce, and partly to the assessment charged on it being double or treble, in order to prevent the cultivation of such public paths, &c., in future. 946 in the sixth item are rents of certain Cocoanut gardens belonging to Government in the Narsapur These rents were hitherto erroneously credited under Ryotwar, and in this year transferred to their proper head. Rupees 442 under the seventh item are on account of favourable assessments on bona fide waste lands granted by the former Zemindars, under Section 15, Regulation XXX. of 1802. This assessment, which was hitherto included in Ryotwar under joint renting system of the villages in which they are situated, being in this year shown under this item appears to be an increase. The eighth item shows a large increase. It is attributable to the rents of unassessed islands in the bed of Godavery, which were hitherto included under Ryotwar, having been in this year excluded from it, and included under Miscellaneous. The full particulars of the ninth item, i. e., "other items," are given in the explanatory Memorandum, which accompanies the Statement No. 5. They consist chiefly of the following items, viz.:-

- Sale proceeds of Government Zirayati lands. 1.
- 2. Arrear balance of water-tax on Zirayati lands.
- Quit-rent of Puppalawary gudem. 3.
- Water-tax on second or summer crop lands cultivated in Fusly 1275.

The sum of Rupees 1,710, under the first item, was realized some years before by the sale proceeds of Government unoccupied lands, and held under deposit. This amount was under the

Board's Proceedings, 29th October 1866, No. 7,810.

orders noted in the margin credited under this head in the year under report. The second is the balance of arrears of water-tax on zirayati

lands demanded up to Fusly 1275, and included under Miscellaneous; while such water-tax has been included under Ryotwar in this year, agreeably to the instructions contained in the Board's Telegram, dated 5th August 1867. The third is the quit-rent on Puppalawarygudem village; it has been, as directed by the Board in paragraph 10 of their Proceedings, dated 31st October 1866, No. 7,880. adujsted by debiting it to "Advances Recoverable," and crediting it to "Land Revenue, Miscellaneous." The fourth is water-tax on second crop lands irrigated in Fusly 1275, which could not have been included in the demand of that year, in consequence of non-receipt of the necessary accounts from the talooks, within the end of the Fusly. This amount has, under the circumstances and directions contained in paragraph 4 of the Board's Proceedings of 12th May 1865, No. 2,431, been demanded in the current year separately under Miscellaneous.

	Items of	Decreas
	•	RS
1.	Jody on Inams	15,686
	Grazing tax	
8.	Revenue from sequestered Inams	2,456
	Rent on Palmyra trees	
5.	Do. on Fruit trees	
	Water-tax on Zemindary and Inam lands.	

Mungonda. Sakurru. Nandampudi.

The decrease under the first item is owing partly to the quit-rent on sundry Inams payable for previous years having been demanded and collected in Fusly 1275, in which quitrent registers were received from Inam Commissioner, while this is not the case in the current year; and partly to the quit-rent of the three Harsalmakhta villages noted in the margin, enfranchised by the Inam Commissioner, which was erroneously credited to Miscellaneous in Fusly 1275, having been now transferred to

In the second item, "Grazing-tax," the decrease is caused its proper head "Shrotriem Jodi."

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by the lands, which were hitherto rented out for grazing, having been left for pasture of village cattle in common. The decrease in the third item is due to the shists of sequestered Inams, which were held in deposit up to Fusly 1274, having been largely credited in Fusly 1275; while only a small amount was credited in Fusly 1276. In Palmyra tax, item No. 4, there is a large decrease of nearly 10,000 Rupees. Up to Fusly 1275, the Palmyra tax was collected on trees in lands under occupation of ryots under the head of "Tadivala;" but from Fusly 1276, in which the Ryotwar system is introduced, no tax on such trees is collected, and it is the only cause for the decrease. The decrease in the 5th item is only nominal; it is owing to the transfer of the amount to its proper head "Tax on trees on unassessed lands" as explained in the above paragraph. A large decrease appears in the last item or "Water-tax on Zemindary and Inam lands," most of which is attributable to there having remained larger arrears at the beginning of Fusly 1275, than there were at the beginning of the current year, as shown in the margin, and the remaining portion, namely, Rupees 8,305, is

 owing to the smaller extent of dry lands irrigated in Zemindary and Inam tracts in this, than in the preceding year.

34. Statement No. 6.—In this statement, the demand, collection, and balance of Zemindary and Proprietary estates are shown together with the particulars of Shrotriem and rented villages. There is a net increase of three in the number of villages under the head "Inam villages," resulting from

No. 30. Lingaravupalem Agraharam.

,, 81. Kristnapuram. ,, 82. Mankenapalli. the following alterations, namely, three villages in the Ellore talook as per margin, formerly paying no quit-rent to Government, have been

enfranchised by the Inam Commissioner, and the quit-rent demanded in the year under review. village called Mokkala Tippa, No. 7, under the head "Inam villages" in the last year, having been included by the Settlement Department as part of Pallamkurru, a Government village, it is struck off this current year's Statement, and its Jody and quit-rent are included under Land Revenue. Miscellaneous, of Pallamkurru. A hamlet called "Turpulanka" attached to a Government village of Mogallamory, which has been enfranchised by the Inam Commissioner, having been separated by the Settlement Department as an Agraharam, this is included as an Inam village in the Statement No. 6 in this year. Of the three villages, Nos. 33, 87, and 88, under the head "Shrotriem," in Statement No. 6 of Fusly 1275, one is hamlet of a Government village, and the other two are Zemindary Agraharams; but they were by mistake hitherto entered under the above head, and are therefore excluded from the statement of the current year. They are substituted by an equivalent number of villages, viz., Mangonda, Sakurru, and Nundampudi, which were enfranchised by the Inam Commissioner as Agraharams, and were erroneously omitted in the statement for past Fusly. There is an increase of two in the number of Shrotriem Agraharams over that of Fusly 1275, as explained in paragraph 8. The two hamlets called "Poolugogulapadu" and "Kotturpadu" inserted at the bottem of the "villages rented for one year" are attached to the village of Gontavanipalem in the Peddapur taloak. The latter has been surveyed and assessed by the Settlement Department, but not the former. They are, therefore, separately rented out to single individuals, and entered in the Statement No. 6, and their rents are included in the current demand under item No. 4 of the Statement No. 5.

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35. STATEMENT No. 7.—This statement shows the demand, collection, and balance of all sources of revenue, current, and arrears. The following abstract exhibits the entire revenue demand of the year inclusive of all sources, as contrasted with the revenue of Fusly 1275.

	Item	18.					Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Peshcush on per Jody on Shrotric Ryotwar Miscellaneous					•••	••••	Rupees. 7,37,016 30,215 17,47,513 16,52,533	Rupees. 7,36,926 31,531 20,42,339 10,26,959 38,37,755	Rupees.  1,316 2,94,826  2,96,142	Rupees. 90 6,25,574 6,25,664
					Net	$\cdot$	•••	•••	•••	3,29,522
Sundry Abkarry Income-tax License-tax Sea Customs Land Customs Salt Stamps	/ source	8 of	Reve	 	•••		1,79,688 1,308  47,088 695 3,58,834 1,45,942	1,85,987 38 25,238 48,523 485 4,61,132 1,49,680	6,299  25,238 1,435  1,02,298 3,738	1,270  210
					Total.	ŀ	7,33,555	8,71,083	1,39,008 1,37,523	1,480
			G	rand	Total.	ŀ	49,00,832	47,08,838	4,35,150	6,27,144

- 36. In the Peshcush of the permanently settled estates, there is a decrease of 90 Rupees. This amount has been ordered by Government in their Proceedings of 21st June 1866, No. 1,518, communicated with the Board's Proceedings, dated 5th July 1866, No. 4,751, to be reduced from the Peshcush of the Palivala estate on account of certain extent of the proprietary land given in exchange for an Inam taken up by Public Works.
- 37. Under the head of Shrotriem Jody an increase of Rupees 1,316 occurs, and is chiefly attributable to the quit-rent imposed by the Inam Commissioner on three Government Harsalma-khta villages called Mungonda, Sakurru, and Nandampudi.
- 38. The demand under Ryotwar shows an increase of Rupees 2,94,826. It is only nominal. This should apparently have been much larger, because water-tax on Government zirayati lands to the amount of Rupees 7,82,903 being included under Ryotwar, under the Board's instructions contained in their telegram of the 5th August 1867; while it was included in the year preceding under Land Revenue, Miscellaneous. But this difference has been counterbalanced by a large decrease in Ryotwar for the following reasons:—
  - 1st.—By favourable rates of new survey assessment.
  - 2nd.—By relinquishment of lands under Ryotwar system.
- 3rd:—By transfer of assessment of Godavery islands and single rented villages to Miscellaneous, as explained in paragraph 32 of this Report.
- 39. There is a decrease of Rupees 6,25,574 under the head of "Miscellaneous," and it is also nominal, and is due to the transfer of water-tax on Government zirayati lands to Ryotwar. This decrease would have appeared still greater, had it not been counterbalanced by the transfer of assessment of Godavery islands and single rented villages from Ryotwar.

- 40. The abkarry demand shows an increase of Rupees 6,299, and has been occasioned by the re-sale of the Rajahmundry Abkarry Farm for reasons stated in my letter to the Board, conveyed in their Proceedings of the 15th June 1865, No. 3,261.
- 41. The demand of other items, under sundry sources of revenue, consists of only the collections which were made within the Fusly. Their variations for increase and decrease will be explained below in paragraphs 48 to 52.
- 42. The following Abstract, which is in the Form B., separately received with the Board's Circular Memorandum of 14th August 1866, shows the collections of Land Revenue inclusive of all other sources, current and arrears, as contrasted with those of Fusly 1275:—

Items.		Fusly 127	75.		Fusly 1276	•			
	Arrears, Current. Total		Total.	Arrears.	s.   Current.   To		Increase.	Decrease	Remarks
Land Revenue.	28-	RS.	RS.	Rs.	RS.	Rs.	Rs.	RS.	
Permanently settled. Jodi on Shrotriem,	50,860	7,04,885	7,55,195	29,297	7,15,558	7,44,850	•••••	10,845	
&c., villages	772	25,998	26,765	8,719	29,641	83,360	6,595	I	
Ryotwar	42,198	17,24,126	17,66,824	22,956	19,96,756	20,19,712	2,58,888		
Miscellaneous items.	1,94,891	15,07,601	17,02,492	88,871	9,13,611	10,02,482	•••••	7,00,010	Net decrease.
Total	2,88,721	89,62,055	42,50,776	1,44,843	86,55,561	88,00,404	2,59,988	7,10,855	4,50,872
Abkarry	19,716	1,62,728	1,82,439	16,965	1,75,754	1,92,719	10,280		
Income-tax	10,101	1,308	11,409	•••••	88	88	***	11,871	1
License-tax		•••••		•••••	25,238	25,238	25,238		
Salt		8,58,834	8,58,834	•••	4,61,132	4,61,182	1,02,298	••••	i
Sea Customs		47,088	47,088	•••••	48,528	48,523	1,485	!	
Land Customs	•••	695	695	•••	485	485	•••••	210	
Stamps	•••••	1,45,942	1,45,942		1,49,680	1,49,680	8,788		
Grand Total	8,18,538	46,78,645	49,97,188	1,61,808	45,16,411	46,78,219	4,02,972	7,21,986	3,18,964

- 43. In the collection of peshcush, there is a net decrease of Rupees 10,345 resulting from the gross decrease of Rupees 21,563 in the collection of arrears and gross increase of Rupees 11,218, in the collection of current demand in this year over that in the preceding. The former is owing to the less demand of arrear at the beginning of Fusly 1276 than in the preceding, in consequence of speedy realization of peshcush of Fusly 1275, than that of Fusly 1274. The latter is due to the more punctual collection of current demand of peshcush in Fusly 1276 than in Fusly 1275.
- 44. The increase of Rupees 6,595 in the collection of Shrotriem Jody is partly due to the greater demand in Fusly 1276, the quit-rent imposed on the three Harsalmakhta villages alluded to in paragraph 33 being included under this head, and to the more speedy realization of the current demand of Fusly 1276 than that of Fusly 1275, and partly to the demand of arrear at the beginning of Fusly 1276 being greater than that of Fusly 1275.
- 45. The increase of Rupees 2,53,388 under Ryotwar is not which is resulted from the gross increase of Rupees 2,72,630 in the current collections, and from the gross decrease of Rupees 19,242 in the arrear collections. The former is owing to the transfer of water-tax on Governments zirayati lands, from Land Revenue, Miscellaneous, to this head, and the latter is attributable to the lower arrear demand at the beginning of Fusly 1276 than in Fusly 1275; the collections of the demand of Fusly 1275 having been made with greater punctuality than that of Fusly 1274. The chief cause for the large decrease in the collection of Miscellaneous items is the exclusion from this head of the water-tax on Government zirayati lands.
- 46. The total collections of Land Revenue show a net decrease of Rupees 4,50,372, which is due to the following causes, viz:—
  - 1st.—Favourable rates of new settlement shists.
  - 2nd.—Relinquishment of lands.
  - 3rd.—Decrease in the demand of water-tax.
  - 4th.—Demand of arrear in Fusly 1276 being less than that in

- 47. In the collection of Abkarry revenue, there is a net increase of Rupees 10,280, which is caused by the gross increase of 13,031, and a gross decrease of Rupees 2,751. The former is due partly to the increased demand by the re-sale of the Rajahmundry farm, and partly to punctuality of collections. The latter is owing to the smaller balance of arrears at the beginning of Fusly 1276 than in Fusly 1275.
- 48. The cause for the decrease of Rupees 11,371 in Income-tax collections is the abolition of the tax from August 1865, and the collection of Rupees 10,101 made in Fusly 1275 on account of the demand of former years, while only Rupees 38 were collected in Fusly 1276 on account of deductions made from interest on certain Government lands, for the period during which the tax was in operation.
- 49. The increase in the collection of License-tax is ascribable to the operation of Act XXI. of 1867 from 1st May 1867.
- 50. The revenue derived from salt during the year amounted to Rupees 4,61,132, showing an increase of Rupees 1,02,298 over that of Fusly 1275. This increase is attributable partly to the enhanced price of the article having been in operation throughout this year, while it was so from March only in Fusly 1275, and partly to the increased sales, the boat traders having resorted in larger numbers than usual to our pans. These are the traders about those parts close to the Kistna District Salt-pans where they used to purchase. They brought paddy and other grains in their boats to Cocanada, and on their return they preferred taking salt in their empty boats to returning without freight.
- 51. The variations in collections of Sea and Land Customs being small, call for no particular remarks.
- 52. The revenue from Stamps exhibits an increase of Rupees 3,738 over that of the preceding Fusly; this increase is due to the greater number of suits filed in the Small Cause Courts, and to the operation of the Indian Registration Act.
- 53. The following is an Abstract of Statement No. 7, showing the current Demand, Collection, and Balance of all sources of revenue for Fusly 1276:—

Items.	Demand.	Collections within the Fusly.	Balance.	Subsequent collections up to 30th Sept. 1867.	Balance.
Permanently settled Shrotriem Jody Ryotwar Miscellaneous	7,36,926 31,531 20,42,339 10,26,959	RS. 7,15,553 29,641 19,96,756 9,13,611	RS. 21,373 1,890 45,583 1,13,348	16,664 1,255 31,762 31,460	R8. 4,709 635 13,821 81,888
Total Land Revenue Sundry sources of revenue	38,37,755 8,71,083	36,55,561 8,60,850	1,82,194 10,233	81,141 10,233	1,01,053
Grand Total	47,08,838	45,16,411	1,92,427	91,374	1,01,053

Out of the entire demand of Rupees 47,08,838 above shown, Rupees 45,16,411 were collected within the year, leaving a balance of Rupees 1,92,427. Subsequent collections up to the end of September 1867 reduced this balance again to 1,01,053, or little more than two per cent. of the Demand.

54. Of the balance of Rupees 4,709 in the permanently settled estates, Rupees 951 are on account of Peshcush due by the Proprietor of Billumilly and Bayyanagudem estates. It is as usual not collected, in consequence of his lands of that value not having been cultivated this year by the non-completion of the repairs to the Bayyana dam. The remaining Rupees 3,758 are due on the estates of Tyajampudi and Kurukur. The proprietor having failed to pay the Peshcush balance

for reasons reported in my letter to the Board of Revenue, under date the 3rd May 1867, No. 86, the estates have been attached under the Board's Orders, dated 19th June 1867, No. 3,784. Most part of the balance under Shrotriem Jody and Ryotwar is in the talooks of sub-division. Property nearly equal to the amount of the balance has been attached, and I have no doubt that the balance will be recovered soon. Of the balance under Miscellaneous, nearly half is the water-tax on usual wet Zemindary Agraharams and Inam lands in the sub-division, and is kept in abeyance, pending enquiry into whether they are really mamool Nunjah or not, and strict orders have been issued for the speedy realization of the remaining portion of the balance.

55. STATEMENT No. 8.—The Demand, Collection, and Balance of all sources of revenue for previous years are shown in the following abstract. Out of the total demand of Rupees 4,37,259 at the beginning of Fusly 1276, Rupees 1,61,808 were realized within the Fusly, and Rupees 24,424 were remitted, leaving a balance of Rupees 2,51,027, subsequent collections up to the end of September 1867 further reduced this balance to Rupees 2,44,078, which are classed as under:—

		Collec-	Remis-		Subse- quent			BALANCE.	
I <del>t</del> ems. I	Demand.	tion.	sion.	Balance.	collec-	Recover- able.	Doubt- ful.	Irrecoverable.	Total.
Land Revenue. Permanently settled Shrotriem Jodi Ryotwar Miscellaneous	84,705 4,741 58,579 8,24,640	8,719 <b>22</b> ,956	28 16,286		2,088 17 1,541 8,808	191 5,487	21		2,246 977 12,796 2,25,480
Total Land Revenue	4,17,665			2,48,398 2,629		28,986	1,08,672	1,08,790 11 11 2,628 14 8	
Grand Total	4,87,259	1,61,808	24,424	2,51,027	6,949	28,986	1,08,672	1,06,419 10 7	2,44,078

56. The recoverable balance of Rupees 345 under permanently settled is outstanding on the estates of Tyajampudi for reasons explained in my letter to the Board of Revenue, referred to in their Proceedings of the 19th June 1867, No. 3,784, and it is in course of collection. Of the

Rs. \* 191 †5,487 †28,018

10th February 1865, No. 775.

balance under Shrotriem, Jody, Ryotwar† and Miscellaneous‡ classed as recoverable, about 4,000 Rupees are water-tax on the Ingeram estate for Fusly 1268 to 1275, the collection of which was hitherto suspended under the Board's orders noted in the margin. The claim of the proprietor for exemption of water-tax having

been rejected by the Board in their Proceedings, dated 31st July 1867, No. 4,905, this amount will be brought to account soon. About 18,000 Rupees are of Fusly 1275, and the remaining 6,000 Rupees are of the years prior to it. Property is under attachment for greater part of the whole balance, and measures have been adopted for speedy collection of the arrears.

- 57. Of the doubtful balance under Ryotwar, Rupees 1,000 are quit-rent on Service Inams imposed by the Inam Commissioner, as Shrotriem Inams. The matter as to the legality of levying the quit-rent is under inquiry according to the Inam Commissioner's directions, and will be settled soon. The remaining 1,002 Rupees are on account of sundry items, and are classed as such, pending further inquiry which will be made during the ensuing Jummahbundy.
  - 58. Of the doubtful balance under "Miscellaneous," Rupees 10,000 are due from the estates of Nidadavole and Baharzhally in the sub-division, on account of water-tax for Fusly
- 1271. This amount has been left in abeyance as explained in the Settlement Reports of Fuslics

1271 and 1272, pending the settlement and classification of lands in those estates by the Sub-Collector, as mamool wet or dry, about which an inquiry is being carried on. The remaining Rupees 96,649 are on account of water-tax on usual wet Service Inams and Zemindary, &c., lands; the collection of which was suspended pending the enfranchisement of the former, and inquiry into the latter as to whether they are really mamool nunjah or not, and these are expected to be settled soon.

59. Of the irrecoverable balance of Rupees 1,06,419-10-7, Rupees 89,913-7-2 were recommended for remission in my last year's report, and approved by the Board in paragraph 85 of their Proceedings, dated 11th June 1867, No. 3,569. Of this amount, Rupees 390-3-0 have been since realized and the remainder when sanctioned will, after deducting the subsequent collections, if any, be struck off the accounts.

60. The arrears now classed as irrecoverable amount to Rupees 16,896-6-5, for causes particularized below:—

PERMANENTLY SETTLED.—Due from the estates of Billumilli and Byanagudem for Fusly 1275, the payment of which is as usual withheld in consequence of the non-completion of the repair to Bayana Calingulah	Rs. 950 7
Shrotriem Jody.—Quitrent demanded in accounts for Fuslies prior to the issue of Title-deeds, and the collection of which was declared by the Inam Commissioner as improper in his letter, dated 28th March 1866, No. 359	652 12 5
rent and purchased by Government in default of bidders	40 0 0
Total Shrotriem Jody	<b>765</b> 2 11
RYOTWAE AND MISCELLANEOUS.—Due by deceased Ryots who have no more property or holdings than those sold in satisfaction of the balance against them  Do. by deserted do. do. do.  Do. by poor do. do. do.  Water-tax on usual wet Inam, Zemindary, &c., lands which have been classed as such by inquiries under Government Orders and by entries in Title-deeds.  Quitrent on Personal Minor Inams demanded in the accounts for Fuslies prior to the issue of Title-deeds for reasons above assigned for the first item under Shrotriem Jody.  Balance of quitrent and water-tax due by Inamdars whose Inams have been sold for arrears and have no more property.  Quitrent on do. demanded in the accounts according to the Registers furnished by the Inam Commissioner, and subsequently reduced by the same officer.  Collections of assessment, quitrent, and water-tax erroneously credited to	567 3 5 865 0 5 1,960 11 7 6,007 6 7 1,482 4 3 572 4 4
other heads than those to which they properly belong by the Curnums and Talook officials  Shist and water-tax erroneously demanded in the accounts during Jummahbundy on lands washed away by the Godavery, freshes, and since	72 7 6
remitted on inquiry	190 9 10
Shist and other miscellaneous items over-demanded in the accounts  Do. do. on lands occupied by the Public Works Department  Water-tax erroneously charged in the accounts and subsequently reduced	$\begin{array}{cccc} 773 & 0 & 5 \\ 742 & 1 & 0 \end{array}$
by corrections in the classification of wet into dry	1,471 10 5
pay itQuitrent on a Government land taken up for building purposes erroneously demanded in the accounts after it has been redeemed	61 5 0
Total Ryotwar and Miscellaneous	15,180 12 1
Total Land Revenue	16,896 6 5

- 61. From the reasons and particulars above detailed, it will appear that the balances have been, on careful inquiry, considered as irrecoverable; and could not be collected before the period prescribed by Law had expired, or subsequently; I therefore request sanction for writing off the the arrears, amounting to Rupees 16,896-6-5, the recovery of which is hopeless.
- 62. The enclosure A. in Statement No. 8, shows the extent to which coercive process was employed in the collection of the revenue during the Fusly. Processes were issued in 290 villages against 1,711 defaulters for the recovery of Rupees 49,085. The estimated value of the property attached amounted to Rupees 42,352, but the value of the property actually sold amounted to Rupees 10,919. Of this amount, Rupees 6,159 were realized by the sale of landed property, and the remainder by the disposal of moveable personal property.
- 63. Statement No. 9.—Statement No. 9 shows the particulars of collections and charges under different heads of Revenue. The following abstract shows the charges of the year compared with the preceding year, together with their percentage on the receipts:—

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Receipts	RS. 49,97,183	RS. 46,78,218	RS.	. Rs. 3,18,965
Management charges	1,62,771 52,871	1,61,880 56,938	4,067	891
Total charges	2,15,642	2,18,818	3,176	:
Per centage of Charges to Receipts	4.32	4.67	0.35	•••

64. Explanation for the decrease in the Receipts has been clearly detailed in the above paragraphs of this Report. The charges incurred during the year on account of management amounted to Rupees 1,61,880, or 891 below those of the preceding year. The decrease is chiefly owing to a gross decrease of Rupees 6,296, and to a gross increase of Rupees 5,405 on account of the items as per subjoined Statement:—

	Decrease.	Rupees.
1. 2. 3.	Collectors' salaries Salt Deputy Collector's salary Establishment and Saderwarid, except Land Revenue Establishment shown be-	3,583 247
	low	2,466
	Total decrease	6,296
	Increase.	
1.	Land Revenue Establishment	5,405
	Net	891
•	j	

The decrease of Rupees 3,583 in the first, is principally due to the salary of the Sub-Collector having been drawn for a few days in Fusly 1276, the permanent Sub-Collector having been absent on duty in other Districts, while it was drawn for five months in the preceding year. The decrease of Rupees 247 in the salary of the Salt Deputy Collector is due to his having received only 250 Rupees a month throughout this year, while he received at 50 Rupees a month for about five months in excess of his permanent salary, he having been appointed to act as Third Class Deputy Collector during that time. The decrease of Rupees 2,466 in the Establishment, other than that of Land Revenue, and in Saderwarid, is partly due to the payment in Fusly 1275 to the Salt Superintendent and Peishkar at Karapa of the differences of their

Government, 14th May 1866, No. 1,151, communicated with Board's Proceedings, 2nd June 1866, No. 3,812.
Government, 6th September 1865, No. 2,112, communicated with Board's Proceedings, 12th idem, No. 5,651.

salaries as sanctioned in the Board's Proceedings noted in the margin, while it is not the case in this year, and partly to the smaller expenditure on account of Saderwarid in Fusly

1276 than in Fusly 1275, in which certain articles were purchased in the local market in consequence of the delay in the receipt of the Stationery, &c., from Madras.

- 65. The large increase in Land Revenue Establishment is owing to the payment of the increased salaries to some of the Huzoor and Talook servants, and to the increased Establishment as sanctioned by Government in their Proceedings, dated 12th September 1865, No. 2,184, and 28th November 1865, No. 2,940, throughout this year, while it was only paid for a portion of the preceding year.
- 66. There is an increase of Rupees 4,067 in the extra charges; it is owing partly to the payment of a portion of Kudivaram in Fusly 1276, on account of salt manufactured in Fusly 1275, and partly to the increase in the contingencies, temporary Gumastahs having been entertained for the arrangement of Talook Records in this year at a cost of Rupees 1,743, while they were employed in Fusly 1275 for the arrangement of Huzoor Records at a cost of only 750 Rupees.
- 67. STATEMENTS Nos. 10 and 11.—Statements Nos. 10 and 11 exhibit the salt transactions of the year under report. The following is an abstract of Statement No. 10, showing the receipts and sales of salt:—

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Receipts.	IN. MDS.	IN. MDs.	IN. MD8.	IN. MDS.
Salt in store at the beginning of the year Salt manufactured and received in Store during	3,18,975	4,66,731	1,47,756	
the year	4,33,566	2,52,153	•••••	1,81,413
Total	7,52,541	7,18,884	1,47,756	1,81,413
Sales.			Net	33,657
Home consumption	2,12,751 17,779 54,200 1,080	2,68,609 1,873 33,200 1,080	55,858 •	15,906 21,000
Total	2,85,810	3,04,762	55,858	36,906
		Net	18,952	
Remainder	4,66,731	4,14,122 29,876	29,876	52,609 
Remaining	4,66,731	3,84,246	••••	82,485

- 68. The decrease in the quantity of salt manufactured in Fusly 1276 is 1,81,413 Maunds, which is owing to a larger quantity of salt having remained in store at the beginning of the year than that at the beginning of the year preceding. The increase in the sale of salt occurs in the Home consumption, the causes of which have already been explained in paragraph 50. The decrease under Inland consumption, and exportation requires no explanation, as they are of a fluctuating character. The wastage of salt, viz., 15,636 Maunds, entered in Column 6 of the Statement No. 11, is less by 12,122 Maunds than that of Fusly 1275, and it is below the per-centage allowed. I request sanction for writing it off the accounts.
  - 69. No salt has been imported by sea or by land during the year under report.
- 70. STATEMENT No. 12.—This Statement shows the collections at each port and Chowky on account of Sea and Land Customs. It will be seen from it that the port of Coconada has far exceeded in Revenue the other ports in this District.
- 71. Examination of Talook and Village accounts.—Agreeably to the instructions contained in the Board's Standing Circular, dated 18th January 1864, No. 5, Talook Accounts have been examined by the officers conducting the Jummahbundy and found to be tolerably correct; but in the talook of Tanuku, in the Sub-division, which I settled for Fusly 1276, I found that most of the accounts of talook and village have been prepared incorrectly. Omissions have been pointed out. Due notice has been taken for the preparation of accounts in future carefully and correctly. The Village Accounts of all talooks have been found to be generally correct. The Talook officers and Village Curnums have all been supplied with printed forms of accounts.
- 72. HUZOOR ACCOUNTS.—Huzoor Accounts have been correctly and neatly kept under the immediate supervision of the Deputy Collector in charge of the Account Department. The instructions contained in the Board's Circular Order, dated 26th March 1867, No. VIII., have been carefully attended to.
- 73. REGISTEE OF LANDS ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.—The annexed is an abstract showing the number of Public Servants who hold lands, and the extent thereof:—

Items.	Number of ser- vants.	Extent of land.
Up to Fusly 1275, as per Register in the last year's Jummahbundy Report	124 9	3,970 92 244 29
Remainder	115 13	3,726 63 358 68
Total	128	4,085 31

From the Register of lands received from the Tahsildars and Sub-Magistrates, it appears that none of them hold lands in their respective ranges except the Tahsildar of Amlapur. He holds zirayaty land in his talook which he had acquired before he was appointed to it. His land included in the above Statement is A. 14 C. 45 in a village of Palugummy as entered in the Register furnished by him; but I find from the Revenue Accounts that he had for Fusly 1276 A. 14 C. 13 of zirayaty land in a village of Gangalakuru, also in the same talook, for which he obtained a Ryotwar Puttah. This land was acquired by him previous to his coming to this talook. He mentioned in his Register for the year 1865, that he sold this land to Veeravilli Somgameswarraw of Rajahmundry; but he has only about two months ago addressed an Arzee to me request ing the land to be transferred in the accounts in the name of Akalla Ramanna, an inhabitant of

Gangalakurru, as he purchased it from Veeravialli Somgameswarraw, and this matter is under inquiry. The Deputy Collectors' hold no land in this District.

. 74. LAW Sults.—The subjoined is a Statement showing the costs awarded and recovered in Fusly 1276:—

		Parties	Amount	of costs awa	rded.		
No.	Number and year of the Suit.	against whom the amount of costs was awarded.	Balance at the beginning of the Fusly.  Amount charged within the Fusly.		Total.	Amount received.	Balance.
1	Original Suit No. 304 of 1865, Narsapur District Munsiff Court's file.	Vanamudy	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P. 0 13 2	RS. A. P. 0 13 2		RS. A. P. 0 13 2
2	Do. do. No. 399 of 1865 of Ellore District Munsiff Court's	Plaintiff— Tallapragada Durga Vara Prasadarayu- du	<b>}</b>	9 11 9	9 11 9	9 11 9	
				10 8 11	10 8 11	9 11 9	0 13 2

The small balance of 13 Annas and 2 Pies will be collected soon.

75. Sub-Collector's Report.—The Sub-Collector's Report will be sent when received.

Cocanada, (Signed) J. FRASER,

31st October 1867.

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# SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

# GODAVERY.

Statement showing the number of villages and hamlets.

Do. showing the Circar Ayacut and cultivation.

Do.

A.B.C.D.E.F. of Irrigation sources.
of Houses and Population.
Byots and Puttahs, &c. Do.

Do.

of Bent Roll.

In continuation of my Settlement Report for Fusly 1276, dated 31st ultimo, No. 302, I have the honour to submit the Quinquennial Returns as per margin from Fusly 1271 to Fusly 1276. They have been prepared in the forms received with the Board's Circular Memorandum. No. 1,097, dated 1st November 1866, and with care and attention to the detailed instructions

contained in the above Memorandum, as well as in the Board's Circular, dated 19th March 1862, No. 1,846.

STATEMENT A .- This Statement shows the number of villages and hamlets held under each tenure. The extent in square miles entered in Column 2 is the entire area of the District excluding Zemindaries not forming portions of Revenue talooks, the extent of which is shown in Enclosure No. 1 of this Statement. The extent in acres entered in Column 3 is the entire Ayacut This is according to the present of each Government village including Porumboke and Inam.

For Fusly 1271..... 1,757,800 1276..... Increase.... 559,971 Return 1,757,300 Acres, showing an increase of 559,971 Acres over that entered in the last Return, and is owing to the entry in the present Return being the survey area, while that in the former one was the estimated area.

Annexed is an abstract showing the variations in the numbers of villages and hamlets of each description according to the present Return as compared with that last submitted:-

Items.	of F	Return Tusly 71.	As per Return of Fusly 1276.		Increase.		Decrease.		
	Vil- lages.	Ham- lets.	Vil- lages.	Ham- lets.	Vil- lages.	Ham- lets.	Vil- lages.	Ham- lets.	
Ryotwar	3 975	3 577	859 115	546 41	856 	543		 536	
Villages paying no Land Revenue	•••		3		3		•••	•••	Net In.De.
Total Government	978	580	977	587	859	543	860	536	Villages. 0 1 Hamlets. 7 0
Shrotriem and Inam villages	465	127	136	91		···	329	36	Tramieus. 7
Zemindaries and Muttahs	. <b>7</b> 37	466	1,087	511	350	45		···	Net Inc.
Total	2,180	1,173	2,200	1,189	1,209	588	1,189	572	Villages 20 Hamlets 16
Moturpha	3	•••	•••				3	•••	Net Inc.
Grand Total	2,183	1,173	*2,200	*1,189	1,209	588	1,192	572	Villages 17 Hamlets 16

N. B.—Include uninhabited villages and hamlets,

4. From the foregoing it will be seen that there is a net decrease of 1 in the number of Government villages, resulting from the gross increase of 12 and a gross decrease of 13 as follows:—

### Gross increase.

Hamlets converted into villages	Ę.	
Hitherto unnoticed in the accounts and now brought to account	2	
Dowlaishwaram, a proprietary village transferred to Government by exchange of two Government villages Wuppada and Aminbada	1	
villages	3	
// // // // // // // // // // // // //	1	
	_	
	<b>12</b>	
Gross decrease.		
Villages amalgamated in others by the Director of Revenue Settlement	5	
Enfranchised as Inam villages by the Inam Commissioner	4	
Converted as hamlets	2	
Transferred, to a Proprietor in exchange of his village taken up by Govern-	_	
ment	2	
	13	

The net increase of 7 in the number of hamlets (Government), is caused by a gross increase of 15 and a gross decrease of 8 as follows:—

#### Gross increase.

Villages converted into hamlets	
sender to account	10
	<u>15</u>
•	_
Gross decrease.	
Converted into villages	5
Enfranchised as Shrotriem Agraharams	3
	_
333 333 333	5 3 — 8

- 5. The chief cause for the large increase in Ryotwar villages and large decrease in rented villages is the introduction of the Ryotwar system and abolition of the joint renting system.
- 6. The three villages paying no Land Revenue are separately exhibited as such, because they were shown in the last Return as Moturpha villages, and this designation has since been altered in consequence of the abolition of the Moturpha-tax.
- 7. The decrease of 329 and 36 in the number of villages and hamlets respectively under Shrotriem is the result of a gross increase and a gross decrease as stated below:—

Gross increase.		Hamlets.
Four villages hitherto clubbed as two in the accounts and disgrouped b	▼ .	0
the Director of Revenue Settlement	. 2	0
Hitherto unnoticed in the accounts and now discovered	. 0	3
	. 9	3

#### Gross decrease.

Villages. Hamlets.

Villages belonging to Rampa Estate hitherto in	ncluded under Shrotriem and	
now transferred to Zemindary and Muttas	338	39

8. There is a net increase of 350 villages and 45 hamlets respectively under Zemindaries and Muttas. It is caused by a gross increase and a gross decrease as shown under:—

Gross increase.	Villages.	Hamlets.
Hamlets converted into villages and transferred from one talook to another		
by the Director of Revenue Settlement	3	0
Hamlet which is only an estate has been classed as village by do. do	1	0
Village belonging to the Vizianagrum Zemindary hitherto erroneously		
omitted in the accounts and now entered	1	0
Hamlet belonging to do. classed as village by the Director of Revenue		
Settlement and transferred from one talook to another	1	0
Government villages given to a Proprietor in exchange of his village taken		
up by Government ·	2	0
Two villages hitherto clubbed as one and now separated into two	1	0
Villages of Rampa estate hitherto under Shrotriem now transferred under		
Zemindaries and Muttas	338	39
Hitherto unnoticed and now discovered	4	10
	351	49
Gross decrease.		
Dowlaishwaram taken up by Government in exchange of two Government		
villages	. 1	0
Hamlets converted into villages	. 0	4
	1	4

- 9. The numbers of villages and hamlets of each description include those of Bechirakh or uninhabited.
- 10. Statement B.—This Statement shows the particulars of the extent and assessment of the ayacut and the proportion cultivated and waste in regard to Government lands, as well as percentage of waste to the total Government Ayacut.
- 11. The following is an abstract showing the Circar Ayacut in occupation and left waste and their assessment for Fusly 1276, as compared with those of Fusly 1271:—

Ţ.	Fusly 1271.		Fusly 1276.		Incr	EASE.	DECREASE.	
Items.	Acres.	Rupees.	Acres.	Rupees.	Acres.	Rupees.	Acres.	Rupees.
Land in occupa-	564,002	17,98,381	658,491	15,08,706	94,489			2,89,675
Do. left waste.	61,447	156	228,001	<b>2</b> ,53,199	166,554	2,53,043		
Total	625,449	17,98,537	886,492	17,61,905	261,043	2,53,043	•••	2,89,675
							Net	36,632

- 12. The land in occupation shows an increase in area by 94,489 Acres, and a decrease in assessment by 2,89,675 Rupees, and the land under waste shows an increase of 1,66,554 Acres, assessed at Rupees 2,53,043. In Fusly 1271, almost the whole Government land was in occupation of Ryots under the joint-renting system, while now the land has been assessed by the Settlement Department, and much of it is unoccupied under the Ryotwar system now introduced. The large increase in area of the Circuit Ayacut both in occupation and waste is owing to the correct survey area being entered in the present Return instead of the estimated area as in the last Return. The net decrease in assessment of lands in occupation and waste is 36,632 Rupees, and is caused chiefly by the new settlement rates being lighter than the joint rents of Fusly 1271. The decrease in the assessment would have appeared greater by the adoption of the new settlement rates, had it not been for the large increase in the assessment of the unassessed Islands in the bed of Godavery during the past two or three years.
- 13. STATEMENT C.—This Statement exhibits in detail the various sources of Irrigation for Fusly 1276, both public and private, in each talook. An abstract is appended to show the works as compared with Fusly 1271:—

Sources of Irrigation.	As per Fusly 1271.	As per Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Government tanks, both in and out of repair	. 1,856 . 1,545 . 14 	1,710 1,973 64 1 32 522 22  512	428 50 1  479	146  36 160 54 3 134 533

- 14. The decrease in the number of Government tanks is due to their having been assessed by the Settlement Department as Zerayaty as they were no longer required after the construction of the Anicut channels. The large increase under the head of "River channels, Government," is the consequence of the excavation of a greater number of channels at public cost for irrigating lands dependent on the Godavery anicut. The increase in the spring canals is owing to some of them having been erroneously included under the head of "River Channels" in Fusly 1271, and some unnoticed and now brought to this head. The anicut is that across the Godavery at Dowlaishwaram. The decrease in the number of wells is from certain Government villages in which they are, having been enfranchised by the Inam Commissioner as Shrotriem, and certain wells having been destroyed as they were neglected by the Byots, &c., who now use Anicut water instead.
- 15. The decrease under all heads of private works is due to their having been filled up and destroyed as they were not needed by their owners, they having got the benefit of a supply of water from the anicut sources.
- 16. Statement D.—This Statement contains the particulars of houses and population according to the present census. The instructions detailed in paragraph 5 of the Board's Circular Memorandum, dated 1st November 1866, No. 1,097, were duly observed, and every precaution has been taken to render these Returns as accurate as possible. According to the present census the



total number of houses is 399,919, or 25,972 below that of Fusly 1271, and the total population is 1,427,472, or 60,641 above that of Fusly 1271, as will be seen from the following Comparative Abstract:—

			Item	<b>8.</b>					As per Census of Fusly 1271.	As per Census of Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Houses	•••	•••		•••	•••		•••	<del></del>	425,885	399,913		25,972
	Poj	pala	tion,	viz.,	,				,	·		
Hindus Mahomedans Christians	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,335,177 30,338 1,316	1,394,453 31,496 1,523	59,276 1,158 207	•••
					1	Total	•••	•	1,366,831	1,427,472	60,641	
	F	arti	cula	78.								
Males Females	410 4	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	696,227 670,604	722,713   704,759	26,486 34,155	•••
					T	otal	•••		1,366,831	1,427,472	60,641	
Agricultural Non-Agricult	 uraľ	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		846,827 520,004	991,207 436,265	144,380	83,739

17. The large decrease in the number of houses is caused by the erroneous preparation of the last Census Returns as explained below:—

First.—One house inhabited by two or more persons was erroneously entered as two or more houses.

Secondly.—Two or more outerhouses such as are used for cattle sheds, &c., in a compound belonging to one house owner were erroneously entered as separate houses.

But in the present census, the recurrence of such mistakes was carefully guarded against Returns prepared correctly. The large increase in the population under all classes is chiefly owing to the great number of immigrants from the north, chiefly Ganjam and Vizagapatam. This immigration has been caused by the late distress and scarcity in these Districts. Some of these immigrants are now returning to their former homes, but many have settled in this District for good. There is also a large increase in the population of agricultural class, and a large decrease in the population of non-agricultural class. This is attributable to the facilities afforded to the people for cultivation by the highly remunerative prices of agricultural produce, and by the abundant supply of water from the anicut channels, as well as by the favourable rates of the new survey assessment.

18. Statement E.—This Statement shows the particulars of farmers and agricultural stock; and the results of comparison between it and the similar Return for Fusly 1271 are exhibited below:—

Items.	As per Fusly 1271.	As per Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Ryots.				
Registered Ryots	39,302	54,216	14,914	•••••
Sub-tenants	6,419	8,222	1,803	••••
Total	45,721	62,438	16,717	•••••
Puttahs.				
Single	184	41,318	41,134	•••••••
Joint	971	12,073	11,102	•••••
Total	1,155	53,391	52,236	
Ploughs	72,569	78,544	5,975	
Tilling cattle	152,217	165,905	13,688	••••••
Cows	65,453	66,171	718	
She-Buffaloes	39,447	41,614	2,167	
Sheep	32,091	38,279	6,188	••••

19. There is an increase in every item in this Statement. In columns 2 and 3 of the present and former Statements, the Ryots are designated as "Mirassidars" and "Payakaries" respectively. The term "Payakaries" is meant in this District to designate non-resident Ryots who are registered holders. In column 3 of the last Return, all non-resident Ryots were consequently included, and in column 2 resident Ryots; but no notice was taken of the sub-tenants. Having found that it is erroneous, and that it is the intention of the Board that column 2 should contain all registered Ryots whether resident or non-resident of the village in which they hold lands, and that column 3 should contain all under-tenants who temporarily cultivate lands on lease from the registered holders, I have accordingly obtained accounts and entered the number in the present Statement correctly. The increase in the number of registered Ryots is 14,914 over that of the last Return, and is partly due to the above cause, and partly to the increased extent of land brought under cultivation during late years from the facilities afforded by Anicut irrigation and the high prices of agricultural products.



- 20. The number of under-tenants for Fusly 1276 is 8,222, and no comparison should be taken with the corresponding figure in Fusly 1271, as it was not what it ought to be as explained above.
- 21. The large increase in the number of Puttahs is owing to the introduction of the Ryot-wary system and distribution of individual Puttahs throughout the whole District, except in a few hilly villages, in Fusly 1276, while in Fusly 1271 the joint renting system existed throughout the whole District and single village Puttahs were granted for each village.
- 22. The totals of the Puttahs in Columns 5 and 6 of this Statement do not tally exactly with the totals of columns 2 and 4 respectively of the Rent Roll F., because the number of village-war Puttahs for the joint-rent villages is included in Statement E, while the number of Ryots in those villages is included in Statement F. The prices of Cattle of all sorts have greatly risen during the last five years, and it is owing to the great demand for ploughing cattle, especially by agriculturists whose condition is now much better than it used to be.
  - 23. The mortality among the cattle was also great, in consequence of the usual epidemics.
- 24. STATEMENT F.—The last Statement F. is the Rent Roll or classified list of Ryots and of the assessment payable by each class. The following is a comparative abstract:—

	Fost	¥ 1271.	Fusi	y 1276.	Inci	REASE.	Di	CREASE.
Fusly.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.
Under 10 Rupees	12,202	59,899	17,371	89,739	5,169	29,840		••••
From 10 to 30 Rupees.	13,818	<b>2,</b> 59,965	19,044	3,67,691	5,226	1,07,726		•••••
,, 30 to 50 ,,	6,699	2,62,270	7,375	2,94,764	676	32,494		•••••
,, 50 to 100 ,,	6,308	4,63,209	6,417	4,54,422	109	•••••	•••	8,787
,, 100 to 250 .,	3,716	5,57,619	3,423	5,08,304	•••	•••••	293	49,315
,, 250 to 500 ,,	716	2,40,636	619	2,06,069	4.	•••••	97	34,567
,, 500 to 1,000 ,,	152	98,323	137	96,946	•••	*****	15	1,377
Upwards of 1,000 ,,	51	1,12,800	37	52,122	•••	••••	14	60,678
					11,180	1,70,060	419	1,54,724
Total	43,662	20,54,721	<b>54,42</b> 3	20,70,057	10,761	Net 15,336		
Single Puttahs	39,721	17,69,181	42,152	16,84,123	2,431			85,058
Joint Puttahs	3,941	2,85,540	12,271	3,85,934	8,330	1,00,394	•••	•••••

25. It will be observed that there is a large increase in the classes of Excts paying 100 Rupees and under, and a small decrease in those paying 250 Rupees and upwards. The former result is caused by improvement in the resources of the Ryots, and the latter by the falling off in the rates of assessment in consequence of the new Survey rates being much below those of the joint rent system.

Cocanada, 25th Nowember 1867. (Signed) J. FRASER, Collect or.

# SUB-COLLECTORATE.

- 1. I have the honour to report on the annual settlement of the Sub-division for Fusly 1276, (1866-67).
- 2. The Stations at which the annual Settlement was made.—The following Statement will show the stations at which the settlement of each talook was made, and the number of villages settled, and the period occupied at each station. I joined the division in April last, or shortly after the Jummahbundy was finished:—

Nos.	Talooks.	Stations.		No. of villages settled in each.	INA AT	Number of Puttahs distributed.				
1	Narsapur	Razole Narsapur	•••	51 69	17 14	2,305 4,830	Individual Do.	Puttahs.		
		Total	•••	120	31	7,185	-			
2		Bhimavaram Viravasaram	•••	78 10	28 1	3,481 871	Do. Do.	do. do.		
		Total	•••	88	24	4,352	_			
		Grand Total	•••	208	55	11,487	<b>,</b>			

Of the three talooks in the Sub-Collector's charge, Narsapur and Undi were settled by Mr. Webster, and Tanuku, by yourself. My remarks are, therefore, as regards the two former only.

The settlement of the two talooks was finished in 55, or in 28 days less than last year, owing to all the required accounts being prepared by the Curnums in time. The whole settlement was made within the limits of the respective talooks. The form being altered, all the Puttahs were renewed, and no remarks are, therefore, called for on the subject.

### 3. Variation in the number and tenure of villages.

, Talooks.	Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Narsapur	Government villages Agraharams Zemindary and Proprietary villages.	118 6 13	120 6 13	2	•••
		137	139	2	
Undi	Government villages Agraharams Zemindary and Proprietary villages.	88 3 57	88 3 57		

No variation took place in the number and tenure of the villages except in the Narsapur talook, where an increase of two villages was effected, as Kattimanda and Battelanka, which were formerly hamlets of Gudimellanka, were formed into two separate villages by the Demarcation Department. The new Ryotwarry settlement was also introduced in the remaining joint rented villages of the Narsapur talook in the year under report.

4 SEASON.

Years.	Months.				•		Fusly 1275.		Fusly 1276.		
								Inches.	Tenths.	Inches.	Tenths.
1866.	April		••			•••	•••	•••	94	·	l
	May	•••						5	31	1	
	June		•••					•••	5	1	6 3 5 <del>1</del>
	July							4	6 <del>1</del>	8	51
	August	•••	•••					15	51	8 6 6	5
	September	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	6	48	6	5 6
						Tota	al	33	41/2	- 24	51
	October	•••		•••	•••	•••			9	12	11-
	November				• • •	•••		•••	8 <u>‡</u>	1	1½ - 8
	December			•••	•••	•••	[	1	8	•••	4
1867.	January			•••	•••	• • •			•••	2	2
	February	•••			•••	• • •			•••	•••	
	March	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	
						Tota	al	2	51	16	2
				G	rand	Tota	ıl	35	93	40	71

The season was a remarkably favourable one. The rain-fall was greater by 4 inches and 72 tenths than last year. Both dry and wet crops were largely cultivated, and the out-turn was abundant. No special losses were reported on any account. The supply of anicut water was as abundant as usual.

#### 5. SANITARY CONDITION.

Fuslies.	Deaths from Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fever and other diseases.	Loss of cattle.
1275	3,405	557	1,546	2,455
1276	938	423	2,685	2,353

The sanitary condition of the division was far better than last year. The deaths from cholera amounted to only 938, while they amounted to 3,405 in the preceding year. This disease broke out in last year and continued for a time in the early part of the year only. Small-pox prevailed throughout the year nearly all over the division, but the deaths from it were, less than last year by 134. The deaths from fever and other diseases were 2,685, being 1,139 more than last year. Nearly all these cases occurred in the talook of Undi alone. Most of its villages are surrounded by water, and are therefore unhealthy. Cattle disease did not prevail to any noticeable extent.

6. PRICES.—Prices of all grains continued as high as they were at the termination of last year, owing to the distress then prevailing in the neighbouring districts. The merchants and cultivators were well off, and the rest, on small monthly incomes, greatly suffered from the famine rates prevailing.



### 7. AMARAKAM OR RYOTS' HOLDINGS.

Descriptions.	Acres.	Shist.	
Ryots' holdings of 1275	47,061	71,080	Exclusive of waste remitted Acres 369 of Rupees 1,295.
Total holdings of Fusly 1276	1,10,107		Rupees 1,255.

Of the extent entered opposite the head "given up," Acres 27,600, bearing an assessment of Rupees 55,657, were actually thrown up; and of that opposite the head "taken up," Acres 6,564, bearing an assessment of Rupees 15,642, were actually taken up, the difference being Acres 21,036, with an assessment of Rupees 40,015; and the rest of the lands under the same heads are no more than mere transfers from one head to another, as a matter of account. The net Amarakam of the current year was less than last year by Acres 16,554, bearing an assessment of Rupees 91,786, and the reasons for the same will be explained below:—

### 8. CULTIVATION AND SETTLEMENT.

	Last ]	Fusry.	Present	Fusly.	Incr	EASE.	DEC	REASE.
Items.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
Dry Wet		Rs. 1,93,935 1,68,872	52,336 57,761			RS	5,440 11,124	RS. 74,367 17,419
Add Water-tax Add Road Fund charged	1,26,661	3,62,807 2,92,773	1,10,097	2,71,021 2,67,797			16,564	91,786 24,976
over two per cent. al- ready fixed		•••••	•••••	9,407		9,407	•••	
·		6,55,580		5,48,225				1,07,355
Deduct Remissions.  Road Fund  Village Service Fund  Other remissions as particularized in State-	•••••	4,272 1,924	•••••	14,828		10,556		1,924
ment No. 4	•••••	1,569		78	3			1,491
Total		7,765	•••	14,906		7,141		
Remaining Beriz Add Miscellaneous items		6,47,815 2,23,266		5,33,319 2,80,231		56,965		1,14,496
Total Beriz	••••	8,71,081		8,13,550	)	<b></b>		57,531

The above is a Comparative Statement of cultivation and settlement of the present and past years.

The decrease under the heads "Dry" and "Wet" was owing to lands given up greatly exceeding those taken up to lanks in the Godavery being transferred from Ryotwar to Miscellaneous; and also to the introduction of the new Ryotwar settlement in the remaining joint rented villages of the Narsapur talook, by which the dry land assessment paid in the preceding year was largely reduced. The decrease under water-tax was chiefly owing to more lands given up than those taken

up. The increase under Road Cess calls for no special remarks, as it solely resulted from the additional charge made this year on Jerayati lands, which have been already charged by the Settlement Department at 2 per cent., of the assessment. The net decrease of Rupees 57,531 was chiefly due to the lands given up this year. The ryots seem to have thrown up more lands than usual, in consequence of the increased rates of water-tax, and owing to the erroneous notion which they at first entertained that the present rates would further be raised. The provision in the Darkhast Rules that ryots whose relatives have thrown up their lands within a year have prior claim to the same, has also, I believe, greatly tended to the giving up of lands.

#### 9. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF IRRIGATION.

		JIRAYATI	AYACUT.	C				
Irrigation works.	Talooks.	Acres.	Shist.	Arrears.	Shist.	Water- tax.	Total.	
Anicut channels.	Narsapur Undi	38,987 29,923	99,127 71,472	31,875 27,852	92,989 67,229	1,25,985 1,16,553	2,18,974. 1,83,782	
	Total	68,910	1,70,599	59,727	1,60,218	2,42,538	4,02,756	

The irrigation channels and drainage works of the Sub-division were greatly improved in the year under report. Still much more remains to be done, more especially as regards drainage. There are no tanks under which cultivation was carried on to any noticeable extent.

#### 10. WASTE CHARGED AND REMITTED.

Items.	Acres. Shist.		Rem	Remarks.			
Waste charged. Fuslies 1275 Do. 1276 Waste Remitted.	32,216 22,869	83,015 31,476	Decrease	Acres. 9,347	Shist. 51,539		
Do. 1275	<b>369</b> 9	1,395 27	Decrease	360	1,368		

The decrease in waste charged and remitted was owing to decrease in the holdings of the ryots, and to no other cause. In former years the ryots used to retain more land than what they could cultivate; but in the year under report each man kept only as much land as he actually wanted.

### 11. REMISSIONS.

Description.	1275.	1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Occasional	RS. 1,067 501	RS. 21 57	RS.	RS. 1,046 444
Items allowed from the entire Beriz of the villages	1,924		···	1,924

Of the remission of Rupees 21 granted this year under the head "Occasional," Rupees 15-0-10 were in the Narsapur, and the remainder in the Undi talook for crops entirely destroyed from want of water. The amount of Rupees 57 under the head "Fixed Remissions" was on Jirayati lands taken up by channels measured in the year under report. The decrease under the last head was the result of abolishing the allowances hitherto paid to the village establishments from the assessment of the joint rented villages in the Narsapur talook, in consequence of the introduction of the new Ryotwar settlement.



#### 12. CULTIVATION OF SPECIAL CROPS.

Items.					Fusly	1275.	Fusly	1276.	Decrease in Acres.	
Sugar-cane Cotton Indigo	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	Acres. 1,112 986	Rupees. 6,185 2,244 	Acres 873 950 143	Rupees. 4,256 2,137 158	 239 36 

The decrease in the Sugar-cane cultivation was owing to the closing of the channels in the Nagaram portion of the Narsapur talook for repairs for a time in the cultivation season.

The decrease in Cotton cultivation was very trifling, and therefore calls for no remarks. The Indigo cultivation had gradually fallen off in the Sub-division, but this year it was again cultivated to some extent in the Narsapur talook.

## 13. DEMAND OF ALL SOURCES OF REVENUE.

Description.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Shrotriem Jody	6,49,519	Rs. 3,858 5,33,319 2,80,254	RS. 120 56,987	RS. 1,16,200
	8,76,524	8,17,431	••••••	59,093
Particulars.	Ī			
1. Narsapur	4,90,544 3,85,980	4,94,262 3,23,169	3,718	62,811

The increase under Shrotriem Jody was owing to the additional charge included in it as per quit-rent Registers subsequently furnished by the Inam Commissioner. The large decrease under ryotwar was for the reasons in paragraph 8, and the variations in the Miscellaneous Revenue will be explained in the next paragraph.

# 14. MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE.

Descriptions.	Fusly 1275	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
1. Inam quit-rent inclusive of former Jody 2. Assessment in Godavery Lankas	29,471 	88. 35,218 30,070 1,83,950 31,016 2,80,254	88. 5,747 30,070 9,814 11,357	RS.

The increase under quit-rent was the additional charge made this year, with reference to the Supplemental Registers received from the Inam Commissioner. The assessment on Lankas in the Godavery amounted to Rupees 30,145 in the last, and Rupees 30,070 in the current Fusly.

In the Nagaram portion of the Narsapur talook, certain Lankas, which were under joint rents, have been brought this year under new settlement. By this change there is a large decrease under this head, but the remaining Lankas being rented this year for higher sums than last year, the net decrease appears to be only Rupees 75.

The increase under water-tax resulted from extensive wet cultivation under anicut channels. The consolidated amount of water-tax, viz., Rupees 28,488 payable by the Zemindars of Nidadavole and Baharzalli Estates, is included in the amount of Rupees 1,83,950. The inquiry into the usual wet lands of these estates has been nearly completed, and the result will shortly be reported. The increase under the last head was chiefly owing to the Amarakam, subsequent to October last, being credited under the head "Miscellaneous," and also to the tax on certain cocoanut gardens, which are still under joint rents, being included this year under the same head.

## 15. WATER-TAX BEMISSIONS.—The following are the remissions granted in water-tax:—

			RS.	A.	Р.	
1.	On account of lands, the crops of which sus- Jirayati tained entire loss from want of water Inam	•••	97 9	0	0	
	tained entire loss from want of water) Inam	• • •	9	0	0	
0	Do. do. from too much water {Jirayati	•••	7	0	0	
4.						
Q	Lands lying waste from want of water {Jirayati Inam		1,107	0	0	
IJ.	Lands lying waste from want of water {Inam	•••	992	0	0	
4.	Lands lying waste from too much water Jirayati .		306	0	0	
5,	Amount let off on account of the gradual					
	imposition of the Settlement assessment. Do	•••	<b>4</b> 3	0	0	
			9 901		_	
			2,891	_ບ	U	

	Rupees.
Narsapur talook	15,724
Undi talook	12,828

The amount of water-tax remitted last year was Rupees 28,552, or Rupees 25,661 more than the present year. The decrease under this head is chiefly due to the falling off in the ryots'

holdings, and partly to the good season.

## 16. COLLECTIONS.

	F	usly 1275	•	F	USLY 1276	•		
Items.	Arrears. Current. Total.		Arrears.	Arrears. Current.		Total.		
Shrotriem Jody Ryotwar Miscellaneous	36,300 75,502	88. 3,604 6,17,645 1,56,487 7,77,736	6,53,945 2,31,989	10,577 39,983	5,02,809 1,89,170	5,13,386		Rs. 315 1,40,558 2,836 1,43,709

The decrease in collections below those of last year is mainly the consequence of the reduced Amarakam of the current year. The current balances against the talooks amounted thus:—

Narsapur ... ... 38,429 up to end of August 1867.

Of the balance against Narsapur, Rupecs 4,938 have since been collected, about Rupees 26,222 are held in abeyance, being water-tax on wet Service Inams, and also on dry lands which were erroneously classed as wet, and which are now being corrected to dry, with reference to the Board's Proceedings of the 26th March 1867, No. 1,907, and the remainder, viz., Rupees 7,269, will soon be collected.

Of the balance against Undi, Rupees 6,880 have been subsequently collected, Rupees 34,853 are held in abeyance, being water-tax charged on wet Service Inams, and also on wet lands which are being corrected to dry in consequence of their erroneous classification, and the remainder, viz., Rupees 8,704, will soon be collected.



The total balance to be collected in these two talooks is Rupees 15,973. The Tahsildars have been strictly directed to collect the same as soon as possible. The Tahsildar of Undi has reported that property has been already attached under Act II. of 1864, for the balance in his talook.

### 17. OLD ABREARS.

		Amount		Irrecov	erable a	Amount re- commended				
Fuslies.	Balance.	classed as recover- able.	Doubt- ful.	Ву	By de-By po- sertion verty.		other Total.		for remission in Fus- ly 1275, mi- nus the sub- sequent col- lections.	
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	Rs.	RS.	
1275	56,211	13,085	38,609	125	293	250	3,849	4,517		
1274	46,270		12,005		67	115				
1273	16,950				60					
1272					7	12	162	188		
1271	10,454	49	10,380				5	5	20	
1270	3,313			17	· 1	186	10	214		
	1,34,615	20,608	65,070	281	428	643	5,528	6,881	42,055	48,936

The old balances against Narsapur and Undi amounted to Rupees 1,96,240 at the end of Fusly 1275; of which Rupees 50,808, were collected, and Rupees 10,817 were written off the accounts under the orders of the Board of Revenue during the current Fusly. There remained a balance of Rupees 1,34,615 to be disposed of.

Of this sum, Rupees 20,608 have been classed as recoverable, for the collection of which orders have been issued to the Tahsildars. Of the large sum of Rupees 65,070 classed as doubtful, Rupees 10,380 are water-tax on Baharzalli and Nidadavole Estates for Fusly 1271, the collection of which was suspended pending the disposal of the contract question; Rupees 53,274 are water-tax on Service lands entered in the old accounts as wet, and also on dry lands erroneously classed as wet; and the remainder was on account of sundry items pending further inquiry.

The irreceverable balance is Rupees 6,881, the collection of which seems hopeless after careful inquiries made at the time of Jummahbundy. The defaulters under the heads of "by death," "by desertion," and "by poverty," have left neither heirs nor property whereby their balances could be realized. Of the balance of Rupees 5,528 under the head "by other causes" Rupees 305 are on lands occupied by Public Works; Rupees 22 on land washed away by the Godavery; Rupees 2,082 have proved to have been erroneously charged. The amount recommended last year for remission was Rupees 42,119, of which Rupees 63 have since been collected, leaving a remainder of Rupees 42,055, I have therefore the honour to request you will be good enough to obtain the sanction of Government to write off the accounts the total amount of irrecoverable balance, viz., Rupees 48,936, up to Fusly 1275.

- 18. Coercive process.—The arrears, for the collections of which processes of attachment were issued under Act II. of 1864, were Rupees 30,345, of which property to the value of Rupees 25,919, was brought under actual attachment. The amount collected by the sale from the latter was Rupees 7,170, and the rest of the attached property was released.
- 19. VILLAGE AND TALOOK ACCOUNTS.—Mr. Webster not having examined the talook Accounts of the Narsapur and Undi talooks, I have examined them myself. The Village Accounts were examined by the Huzoor and talook establishments, and the discrepancies found in them were then and there pointed out to the Curnums for correction and for their future guidance.
- 20. Records.—The records of the talooks and of the Huzoor have been arranged and kept clean, and the useless records destroyed and sold.



- 21. LANDS ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.—The public servants acquired no landed propery in the year under report.
- 22. QUINQUENNIAL RETURNS.—The Quinquennial Returns due for the year under report have been already despatched to your Office.
- 23. CONDUCT OF THE SUBORDINATES.—The conduct of the subordinates has been in every way atisfactory.

(Signed) J. G. HORSFALL, Acting Sub-Collector.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) J. FRASER
Collector

## SETTLEMENT REPORT

of

## KISTNA.

- 1. I have the honour to submit the Jummahbundy Report of this District for Fusly 1276.
- 2. In the annexed Statement are shown the Officers by whom the several Talooks were settled, and the actual time during which it was in progress in each:—

Names of Officers.	Names of Talooks.	Number of Villages.	Period occupied for the settlement of each talook.
G. Thornhill, Esq., Collector	1. Repalli	149	Days. 17
d. Zhormin, Zbq., corrotte	2. Gudiwada	198	17
	3. Bunder	72	11
•	4. Rajapetta	122	16
	5. Vinukonda	83	14
W. Wilson, Esq., Acting Sub-Collector	6. Guntoor	130	5 7
	7. Bapetla	. 91	7
	8. Krosur	162	6
A. J. Stuart, Esq., Acting Head Assistant	9. Nundigama	120	16
Collector.	10. Bezwada	<b>72</b>	13
	11. Vissannapetta	15	4
V. Venkatachellem, General Deputy Collector.		137	26
	Total	1,351	152

- 3. Besides the three Talooks under his immediate control, Mr. Thornhill settled Rajapetta and Vinukonda, which are part of the charge of the General Deputy Collector. The Divisions of the Sub and Head Assistant Collectors were settled by the Officers then in charge of these offices. To the revenue charge of the Head Assistant were added, in the year under review, the 14 villages comprised in the escheated estate of Vissannapetta.
- 4. The introduction of the revised Settlement in the Bunder portion of the District led to the abolition of Joint-rents, and the introduction of Ryotwary in their stead. A Comparative Statement of tenures for Fuslies 1275 and 1276 is given in the subjoined Statement. The net increase in the number of villages is four; of the whole rented villages, one in Bezwada from the conditions of its lease remains as it was unaffected by the new settlement, the terms of which will be applied to it with the expiration of the lease; four hitherto hamlets have, under the new order of things, became independent villages, while three have lost their separate existence, and been incorporated with others. Two belonging to Goodoor Zemmee have been properly classed, instead of appearing



as Agraharams in a Government Talook. Another, Poollapad, within the limits of Goodoor estate, belongs to the Nizam, and though in the Kistna is not of it, and now disappears from its returns. The large increase in the number of puttas is attributable solely to the displacement of Joint-rents and their single village Cowle by the Ryotwary system, and its individual puttas. The revised form of putta circulated with Board's Circular Memorandum, No. 1,206, dated 3rd December 1866, was received too late to admit of its adoption in the Fusly under review, and with the sanction of the Board, the form theretofore circulated was retained from the necessity of the case. The new form will be introduced in the current Fusly.

Particulars of Villages,	Fusly 1275.	Fuely 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Joint-rented Villages Ryotwar Villages Whole or entire rented Villages Shrotriem Jodi Villages Surva Mokhasa Villages Jaghire Villages Villages on which Sist is not assessed	372 935 29 209 15 2	1,351 1 205 15 2 5	416 	372  28 4 
Total	1,567	1,579	416	404
Deduct decrease	•••		404	
Net increase	•••	<b>.</b>	12	

5. Season.—The rain-fall was (vide the subjoined Statement) somewhat scant, and especially so in the early part of the year. The deficiency seriously affected the Poonasa crops. The latter part of the year was anomalous:—

		Mon	ths,				Fusly 1275.		Fusly 1276.	
May June July August	,, ·		•••	•••			1. 2 3 1 1 8 4	C. 46 0 78 87 64 99	1. 0 0 0 3 4 3	c. 7 61 78 10 58
						Total	22	74	12	24
December January 1	,, 867 .	•••••				Total	1 1 0  0 	7 91 17  38 	8 0 0 0 	68 80 9 47 
				G	rand	Total	26	22	22	28

From excess of rain in October, the Pedda Jonna was throughout the district almost a total failure, while from defective supply later in the season, black paddy, another of the dry staples of the district, suffered much. The cause which led to the failure of the cholum crop resulted in an outturn of paddy above the average. The crops in the Colair Islands, Sarwa and Dalwa were indifferent from deficient rain, and the ravages of insects. The general health was as good as usual, but there were some sharp outbreaks of Cholera of a very fatal kind. The western talooks

are fruitful in fevers from which no one resident or stranger seems exempt at certain periods of the year. The mortality of the year, and its causes, is shown in the register below:—

77 34					DEA	THS IN
From disease or vi	olenc	e. 			Fusly 1275	Fusly 1276.
Cholera Small-pox Jungle fever Old age Other discases Snake bites Wild beasts Other accidents Hanging Drowning Poison Other accidents Murders Of wild with the state of the st	    		Tota  Male emale	s	3,708 569 2,310 2,258 8,803 163 63 3 104 6 16 1 2 2 2 18,008 9,616 8,392	6,641 967 3,551 2,997 11,207 174 62 11 74 2 26  9 3 25,724 13,649 12,075

6. STATEMENT No. 2.—Prices it will be noted ranged high; there was in all the principal staples of consumption a large and marked advance on the prices of the previous year; no local distress, but the demand for exportation to famine districts is the principal, if not the sole cause of

Food products exported. Value.

RS. A. P.

From July 1866 to June 1867 ..... 15,90,289 14 5

the sudden rise. In the margin is given an abstract of the exports of food products from the district during the Fusly. Any rise in prices unaccompanied by famine cannot much affect the

fixed agricultural labourers of the district, who are paid in kind, if not always wholly to a very considerable extent,

- 7. STATEMENT No. 3.—The figures entered in this Statement are, so far as concerns the Government division, based with the exception of those for the Vissannapetta estate on the new Survey and Settlement. The "water rate" in column 51 of this Statement, as in the Memorandum accompanying No. 5, is "Teerwajastee" properly so called, that is, the charge for the use of water for any lands whatever not classed as "Wet."
- 8. ENCLOSURE A.—The increased assessment which the new Settlement imposed, especially in the Gudiwada Talook, which had been therefore much under-assessed in many cases, led to the relinquishment of Acres 65,374, bearing an assessment of Rupees 2,72,406. Acres 40,201, assessed at Rupees 1,08,428, were subsequently taken up, and the actual financial result of the introduction of the Settlement was at the commencement of the Fusly on occupation of Acres 4,00,888, assessed at Rupees 8,93,014, against a reputed Amarakam of Acres 3,79,330, assessed at Rupees 6,06,213, or an increase of Rupees 2,86,801 on the joint-rent of the previous Fusly.
- 9. ENCLOSURE B.—There is no Sugarcane in this district. In the Cotton area there was an increase of some 14,326 Acres, and in the Indigo a decrease of some 3,000 Acres as compared with the previous Fusly. Neither of these crops is, as a rule, grown by the ryot at his own risk: the crop is generally paid for long before it is gathered, or even sown, so that the varying demands of the merchant rule the area of production.

10. ENCLOSURE C.—The system of Cowle has not been extended during the Fusly. In many parts of the western jungles of Krosur, Vinukonda, and Rajapetta, I am not convinced that a liberal system of cowle would not be the best method of reclaiming land from its present wildness and tiger-haunted condition. Something is wanted to attract labour to such at present desolate spots, and a liberal lease for years might not improbably have the effect. They are now terribly dreary and unat ractive, yet not less incapable of improvement than lands near them. Subjoined is an abstract of the Settlement of the past and present Fuslies:—

Thomas .	Fusly 1275.			Fusly 1276.			Increase.		DECREASE.	
Items.	Land.	Assessment.		Land.	Assessment.		Land.	Assess- ment.	Land.	Assess- ment.
1	2	8		4	5		6	7	8	9
Dry Wet	ACRES. 14,03,578 1,65,632	RS. A. 21,12,105 10 7,66,473 3	9	ACRES. 14,56,440 1,53,386	RS. 22,23,039 8,47,333		Acres. 52,862	RS. 1,10,984 80,860	ACRES.  12,296	R8.
crop. Additional assessment. Water rate Road Fund Village Service Fund		 15,382 10 542 2 19,296 4	 0 2 7	 	1,179  9,282 46,678 64,617	 2 4 2 9		1,179  46,186 45,821	 	6,050
Grand Total	•••	29,13,749 15			81,92,130			2,84,430		6,050
Deduct Remissions.  Bond Fund  Village Service Fund Other remissions enumerated in State-		542 2 19,296 4	2 7	 	46,678 64,617	2 9 2 0		46,136 45,321	 	•••
ment No. 4	•••	78,495 2			1,55,886			82,841	•••	•••
Total Remaining Demand		93,333 9			2,67,131		•••	1,78,798		
Add Sundry Items	•••	8,43,634 8	2		3,01,989			1,04,562	 	41,695
Total	***	81,64,050 14	1	::	32,26,987	11 5	•••	62,887	•••	

In the dry an increase of Acres 52,862 in area, and of Rupees 1,10,934 in assessment, is shown. This is attributable chiefly to the results of the Survey and Settlement, and in a smaller degree to the ordinary extension of cultivation. The wet shows a decrease in area of Acres 12,296, but an increase in assessment of Rupees 80,860. The decrease is owing to the extensive relinquishments consequent on the introduction of the new Settlement, to which is due also the increase in the assessment of the area now occupied. Under joint-rents many hundreds of acres were assessed at consolidated wet rates very much below the present water rate of Rupees 4 an acre. The introduction of the settlement, and the imposition of a water rate of 4 Rupees in addition to a land assessment, had the effect of at once increasing the rates as much as one, two, and three hundred per cent., and in some cases in a still greater ratio. Extensive relinquishments as a first result might naturally be looked for, and they occurred as anticipated. In the course of a few years all that has been relinquished will probably be again taken up; if not, it may be fairly inferred that the rates are in these particular instances too high.

- 11. Road Fund as a feature of taxation was new up till the year under review except in the Coast Talooks of Repalli and Bapetla, in the sandy tracts of which a road cess at the rate of 4 Pies in the Rupee has been levied under Government Order, No. 148, dated 7th February 1857, since Fusly 1267.
- 12. Though levied, I am not, from personal experience, or from the information of others, aware that the proceeds of the cess have been expended either in the improvement or making of roads in the parts for which only it was undoubtedly intended. In the new Settlement of the



Bunder portion, road cess at the rate of Rupees 2 per cent. is an item of the demand, so that the amount leviable on account of land assessment in this part of the District is only two Pies in the Rupee; water rate is charged in full. The increase in the collections for Village Service Fund is caused chiefly by the order in the Sub-division that fees in all villages should be brought to account, which theretofore had been the case in twenty-three villages only.

13. The principal sources of Irrigation are the Kistna, the Colair lake, and the tanks of the uplands. In the Palnad, too, is the perennial hill stream, the Nagoolaroo, irrigation from which is obtained by three "Kuttoovas" or wiers, solid embankments of lime stone, just above Dachapully; on this and on the Goondlacumma, in the taluk of Vinukonda, are built stone-faced wells from which are irrigated patches of garden lands on the banks. The question of their classification and assessment as wet or dry is now under reference to the Board.

14. The occupation and cultivation of the wet ayacut of the District is detailed below:-

Sources of irrigation.	Ayacut.	Assessm	ent.	Cultiva- tion.	Assessm	ent.	Remission.		Balance or demand leviable.		
1. Kistna. 2. Colair 3. Tanks 4. Hill Streams.	14,238	58,493 2,43,671	11 0 9 4	1,06,687 14,238 30,297	6,17,017 58,493 1,63,372	11 0 1 9	7,952 14,963 6,778	9 3 10 0	6,09,065 43,530 1,56,593	1 ( 5 1)	8 0 1
Total	2,35,453	12,44,192 First Crop Second do.	assess:	<u>!</u>	8,47,333	12 6		9 4	8,18,786	5 1	1

15. Subjoined is a Statement of ruined tanks surrendered to private enterprise up to the close of the Fusly, their position, ayacut, assessment, and cultivation:—

Talooks.	No. of Tanks.	Ayacut.	Assessment.	Cultiva- tion.  ACRES. 56 19 48 48	Assessment.		
Guntoor	2	ACRES. 56 55 109 48	RS. A. P. 166 9 2 138 0 0 271 14 0 106 13 2		RS. A. P. 166 9 2 48 12 0 119 9 0 106 13 2		
Total	10	268	683 4 4	171	441 11 4		
Particulars.  As per last year's account  This year	8 2	159 109	411 6 4 271 14 0	123 48	322 2 4 119 9 0		

16. STATEMENT No. 4.—In Statement No. 4 are shown the various items of remission granted. The "Occasional" item shows an increase of Rupees 44,127, which is due solely to the diminution in the total new settlement demand which the grace of the gradual imposition, or the new assessment necessitated; but for this necessity the item instead of an increase would have shown a net decrease of Rupees 15,715. The remissions granted in accordance with the Board's Order No. 7,009, dated 1st November 1865, were so granted after full and personal inquiry by the settling officers at Jummahbundy. The valuable aid of the efficers of the Public Works Department in disputes in the Delta lightens the labour of Revenue officers very materially, and I have to record my acknowledgment of the readiness and completeness with which the information they can give is always afforded.

- 17. Shavy.—Under the head of Shavy was remitted a sum of Rupees 637, being a decrease of Rupees 8,403 on last year.
- 18. Loss of Produce.—For loss of produce a sum greater by Rupees 15,367 than in last year was allowed. The difference is due chiefly to the extraordinary demand for consideration which from drought and the ravages of insects, Mr. Thornhill, after personal inspection in company with the officers of the Department of Public Works, found to be due to the cultivation of the Colair.
- 19. The decrease in Bunjer remission is due to the absolute relinquishment (1) of wet lands, the assessment of which had been largely increased by the new settlement, and (2) of wet lands which by the efflorescence of Salts had become unfit for paddy cultivation though water was available. Under existing rules these lands, so long as water is available, cannot be re-converted into dry, the only chance of their recovery; so to avoid assessment, which in their present condition they cannot bear, they are totally abandoned.
- 20. PAYAMALI AND PANEE BOODTHEE.—The remission granted for loss, by flooding which these expressions signify, was insignificant, Rupees 193.
- 21. Cowle.—The decrease under this head is due to the natural increase by progress of time of assessment of Cowle lands to which no addition has been made in the year under review.
- 22. VUNDEA.—This item, an allowance of 25 per cent. to certain Curnums and Brahmins, is found only on the Guntoor side. The decrease in the amount is due to the charge from lapse of the allowance hitherto made in certain cases.
- 23. Fuzl Cummer.—This item occurs only in the recently escheated Vissannapetta Estate, according to the custom of which two-crop land if cultivated but once was entitled to remission. It has been thought expedient that, pending the decision on the appeal to the Privy Council, the "Zummee rivaz," or custom of the estate in questions of assessment and remission, should be observed.
- 24. Share of Sheotriem Produce.—Under the orders of the Inam Commissioner, (No. 739, dated 14th July 1866,) Government lands were granted as Inams to certain Shrotriemdars in lieu of money payments made to them as their share of Shrotriem. This accounts for the decrease under this head.
- 25. ALLOWANCES FOR VILLAGE MOONSIFFS, &c.—The decrease of 71 rupees is the savings in the pay of certain Village Moonsiffs suspended.
- 26. Badoo Inams.—The Badoo Inam, that is, money grants of land revenue at the rate of 6½ and 12½ per cent. on the Sarva and Dalwa assessment of the Colair islands ceased with the introduction of the new Settlement, which included every demand to be made from the ryot. A reference to the Board, No. 156, dated 22nd May 1867, has been made: further information\* has been called for, and will be submitted when received from the talook.
- 27. Assignments.—This item is the annual money payment continued under orders of the Commissioner, Northern Circars, to the holder of an Inam which, while Zemindary was yet the prevailing tenure of the district, had been resumed by the Zemindar, an allowance in money being substituted. The payment will, under the Commissioner's orders, lapse with the death of the present recipients.
- 28. ROAD CESS.—This item is new, and is due to the four Pies in the Rupee included in the demand of the new Settlement on the Bunder side, and to the six Pies in the Rupee on the demand of the Guntoor side.
  - 29. STATEMENT 5 AND 6.—Statements Nos. 5 and 6 call for no remark.



30. STATEMENT No. 7.—A comparative abstract Statement of collections in the past and present according to Enclosure B. is subjoined:—

		Fusly 1275.			Fusly 1276		Increase.	Decrease.
ITEMS.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue.	BS.	RS.	RS	RS.	Rs.	PS.	28,	28.
Permanently settled Shrotriem, &c., Jodi Byotwary Miscellaneous	52,671 1,064 21,969 12,018	1,92,748 82,332 27,56,610 2,70,074	2,45,414 38,896 27,78,579 2,82,092	60,567 958 42,898 92,100	1,58,066 31,894 28,55,055 2,26,809	2,13,638 82,847 28,97,453 3,18,909	 1,18,874 86,817	81,781 549 
Total	87,722	82,51,759	38,89,481	1,96,018	32,66,824	84,62,842	1,55,691	82,880
Abkarry Salt Sea Customs Land Customs Stamps License tax Total	17,425   17,425	1,20,836 7,50,680 5,936  1,05,467  9,82,919 42,84,678	1,38,261 7,50,680 5,986  1,05,467  10,00,844 48,39,825	7,806	1,28,424 18,00,878 7,480  99,882 16,150	1,31,230 13,00,878 7,480  99,832 16,150 15,55,070 50,17,912	5,49,698 1,544  16,150 5,67,392 7,23,083	7,081  5,685  12,666
Grand Total	1,05,147	42,04,075	48,89,825		48,14,088  Deduct decre	1		44,990
						orease	6,78,087	<u> </u>

- 31. PERMANENTLY SETTLED.—The decrease of Rupees 31,781 in this item is due (1) to the arrears of the Nuzid and Devaracotta estates, in consequence whereof they are now attached in part or whole, and (2) to the escheat of the Vissannapetta estate, and the returns therefrom being credited to Ryotwary.
- 32. Jodi in Shrotriem, &c., Villages.—There is a slight decrease in this item. Of the "recoverable" balance, Rupees 653 have been collected since the close of the Fusly.
- 33. Ryotwary.—The increase in this is due (1) mainly to the introduction of survey areas and settlement rates, (2) to the natural extension of cultivation, (3) to the credit of the peishcush of the escheated Vissannapetta estate to Ryotwary, and (4) to the realization of the Ryotwary arrears outstanding at the commencement of the Fusly.
  - 34. MISCELLANEOUS.—Shows a net increase of Rupees 36,817.
- 35. ABKARRY.—The decrease in arrears collection is due solely to there being less to collect under this head than in Fusly 1275.
- 36. Salt.—The excess is due chiefly perhaps to the enhanced price, which affected the returns of only the latter half of the previous year: an increase in the sales of Indian Maunds 2,96,901 is another cause.
  - 37. SEA CUSTOMS.—Increase is due to an increased export trade.
- 38. STAMPS.—The decrease in this item is due to the Abkarry Sub-renters, &c., having already supplied themselves with the Stamps necessary for their Muchilkas.
  - 39. LICENSE TAX.—Is a new item of taxation dating only from 1st May 1867.

	40. STATEMENT No. 8.—Arrears recoverable, doubtful, and irrecoverable. T	he last (	of th	1620
hea	ds shows a total of Rupees 10,182-2-0, and is composed of the following items:-	BS.	Δ.	P.
1	Amount due by deceased ryots		15	
	Do. by absconding ryots			10
	Do. by Pauper ryots			
4	Water rate on Inams left waste from non-supply of water	110		4
<b>5</b> .	Wet assessment of certain Seri lands in Gudiwada Talook left waste from			2
Ŕ	deficiency of water supply	J.	10	4
υ.	Commissioner having issued title-deeds. The assessment of former years	I		
	has been already remitted	60	2	2
7	Arrears due after selling all available assets	42	í	
Q.	Bediga charge on certain Village Service Inams. (This should be struck off for	. 74		9
0.	Dediga charge on contain 4 mage service manus. (This should be served on for	321	4	0
Q	ever)	021	*	v
٠.	Guntoor Talook	144	0	0
10	Usual Vandra not deducted during the Jummahbundy pending further inquiry.	29	3	-
11	Vandra discontinued on the death of an Inamdar, but allowed afterwards for	. 20	U	U
11.	that year, the land having been cultivated before the death of the individual.	10	8	0
12	Increase of pay of a Village Moonsiff which was not deducted from the demand		·	v
	within the Fusly	7	14	10
13.	within the Fusly	•		
	Guntoor Talook		1	4
14.	Sist on decrease found by Survey in certain lands of Guntoor Talook	26		Ò
15.	Difference of Jareeb and highest dry rates of certain well lands in the Talook of	•		•
	Guntoor; this item is irrecoverable by virtue of Board's Order, No. 593,			
	dated 25th January 1866		1	9
<b>16</b> .	Jodi payable to Inamdar, but erroneously credited to Government, is now re-		_	-
	imbursed by remission of the present year's demand		11	7
17.	Sist of Seri land yearly remitted on account of Mohtad's Service in Gungala-			•
	goonta village, Palnad Talook		1	4
<b>18</b> .	Bediga on Service Inams relinquished	6	11	4
19.	Quit-rent of Inam usually remitted on account of Village Mohtad Service			
	(should be struck off for ever)	23	2	5
<b>20</b> .	Water Cess on Inams flooded	<b>54</b>	1	10
21.	On account of quit-rent charged twice by mistake	91	1	7
<b>22</b> .	Quit-rent on Inams which at present exist only on paper, and have no defined			
	locality	180	_	
	Quit-rent on Inams left waste from the effects of the Cyclone	13		0 5
24.	Sist of Seri lands taken up for channels	7		5
	Balance of Sist due from the sold up cultivator of a resumed Inam			0
26.	Dasabhogum on Bunjer Inam lands	12	8	0
27.	Sist of lands taken up after the cultivation season was over in Krosur Talook,		_	
00	and left waste	15		0
20.	Reduction of quit-rent by the Inam Commissioner	218	12	0
<b>4</b> 9.	Collections of the Village of Bhavadavarapully in Bunder Talook, washed away		10	_
ያበ	by the Cyclone	205	13	8
υv.	1 1 MÅ \		<b>P7</b>	
21	Water Cess on wet Inams subsequently declared by the Inam Commissioner to	16	7	11
OI.	be usual wet	15	15	Δ
32.	Seri assessment of Ayadavara Narsingaroydu's Inam, for which title-deed was		19	0
	subsequently issued	734	14	Λ
33.	Bediga on resumed Inams	103		0
	Assessment of land converted into freehold	105		0 11
	Quit-rent not agreed to	10	ŏ	0
36.	Quit-rent of Inams submerged in the bed of a tank	22	8	9
<b>37</b> .	Sist of waste lands not in occupation, but included for purposes of Survey in		J	•
	numbers, portions of which are held on pu ta	20	5	0
<b>3</b> 8.	Balance outstanding on lands injured by the Cyclone in Bunder Talook on	20	J	v
	account of Fuslies 1274 and 1275	864	13	11
		4,514		$\frac{1}{3}$
Add	amount of items entered in last year's report, to write off which no sanction	-, UIT		. J
30		5,667	6	9
	Grand Total			<del>-</del> 0
	CAROLLA AVIOL	~~)~~~	-	v

- 41. STATEMENT No. 9.—The increase in the item of arrears is due to the large balance to be collected, and its realization to a greater extent than in the past Fusly; the current item shows a greater demand, and an increased collection from the realization of the demand.
- EXTRA Sources.—The increase and decrease in the component items have been already explained in full, (paragraphs 12, 28, and 34—39.)
- CHARGES.—(1.) Refunds.—There is a net increase in the item of refunds of Rupees 1,764, which is due to the following causes:-

1. Refund of water rate on lands inundated by the sea in the Srinivassapuram Agraharam-	RS.
vide Government Order, No. 1,839, dated 20th July 1866	675
3. Do. to Public Works Department on account of sale proceeds of grass grown on channel banks	
4. Do. of Sundry items	103

Total ... 1,764

- (2.) Salaries of Collectors, &c. In the salary of the Collector there was an increase of Rupees 6,700, and in that of Assistant Collectors of Rupees 4,876, the former being due to the full pay of Mr. Thornhill, and the latter to the salary of the Extra Assistant. In the salary and deputation of the Sub-Collector there was a decrease of Rupees 3,533 and 846 respectively. There was no confirmed Officer of the grade in the District during the year; there were frequent changes and under the rules then existing, the Officers of the District in charge could only draw the allowance after the first month. The next increase in this is Rupees 7,197, of which one-fifth being credited to Law and Justice, there remain Rupees 5,758 on the credit, side of the revenue balance sheet.
- 44. ESTABLISHMENTS.—The decrease of Rupees 2,064 in the pay of Talook establishments is due to the salaries of May 1865 having been debited to Fusly 1275.

  45.—Sadie and Miscellaneous.—The decrease in these items is due to there being less
- cause for incurring expenditure on their account.
  - 46. ABKARRY AND SEA CUSTOMS.—The decrease is so trifling as to require no remark.
- SALT DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S PAY.—The decrease in the Deputy Collector's salary is that
- portion of it due for that part of the Fusly during which he was absent on privilege leave.
  48. ESTABLISHMENTS.—The new scale of salaries sanctioned in Government Order, No. 1,845, dated 20th July 1866, were paid throughout the year: this is the cause of the increase.
  - 49. Sadir.—The remark made on this item under land revenue applies equally to this.
- 50. Purchasing, Storing, &c., Salt.—The decrease of Rupees 11,769 and 808, is due solely to the more limited manufacture sanctioned.
- 51. STAMPS.—The increase is small, and is due first to the discount system (Rupees 313) and to the refund of Rupees 200 for two unused stamps.
- 52. STATEMENT No. 10.—At the beginning of the Fusly there were in store throughout the District Indian Maunds 15,88,868; to this were added during the year Indian Maunds 4,61,841, making a total of Indian Maunds 20,50,709. Out of this amount, Indian Maunds 8,00,370 were sold. and Indian Maunds 45,679 were debited to wastage, so that the estimated balance in store at the close of the year was Indian Maunds 12,04,659. There was neither export nor import of salt throughout the Fusly.
- 53. STATEMENT No. 11.—In 169 heaps sold by retail, which when stored contained Indian Maunds 1,89,823, there was found a decrease or wastage of Indian Maunds 13,002, for writing off which, and the Indian Maunds 3,75,215 of wastage by cyclone, as mentioned in last report, sanction is requested.
  - **54**.
- STATEMENT No. 12.—Explains itself.

  VILLAGE ACCOUNTS.—In the principal Division Mr. Thornhill examined these accounts and noticed errors or marked carelessness by fine. In the Sub-division I personally examined the whole of the accounts of each Talook, and the accounts of a selected number of villages of each Talook. The Talook accounts are always correct in forms, but not in all cases kept with sufficient care and regard to neatness and cleanliness. In some of the village accounts Telugu figures were used instead of English as ordered, consistently since 1859. These cases were punished by fine. Since I have been in charge here I have found the same thing in the Bunder Taluk. A suggestion that I made in 1864, that all village and talook accounts forms should be struck off at the Press, I am now taking steps to execute.
- 56. LANDS ACQUIRED, &c.—Punganamamula Rungarow, a Gumastah of the Bapatla Talook, acquired by durkhast one acre of dry land assessed at one Rupee, in the village of Bapatla, in the Talook of Bapatla, for the purposes of a garden; and V. Seshiah, Tahsildar of Guntoor, in security for a loan of Rupecs 5,000, got a mortgage on 310 acres of Inam land in the village of Gayampadu and Tamedapad hamlets, in the Talook of Gudiwada, from the Inamdar and borrower who retains possession.

57. Subordinate Officers.—Remarks on Subordinate Officers, were any called for, would find a place rather in a report on Administration than on the Annual Settlement of the revenue.

58. Sub-Division Report.—Mr. Hughesdon has joined but recently, did no part of the Jummahbundy, and has been excused from sending in any separate report for the Sub-division.

MASULIPATAM, 20th September 1867. (Signed) W. WILSON,

Collector.

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# SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

## KISTNA.

- 1. I have the honour to submit the Quinquennial Returns, called for in Official Memorandum, No. 1,118, dated 20th ultimo.
- 2. Below is a Comparative Statement of villages, their number and tenures, in Fusies 1271 and 1276. The result of the Survey and Settlement, introduced in the latter year:—was to split one village into five, and to merge into four, four villages which, till then, had separate existences.

#### Statement A.

14	.11.		DEDUCT				ADD.		
Description of Villages.	As per Fusly 1271	Amalgamated.	Reverted to Zemindary.	Granted as Agraharams.	Remainder.	Increase by Settlement.	Annexations from and to Zemindaries.	Granted as Agraharams.	Total.
Ryotwary	1,393 225 512	3 1	49 4 14	2	1,339 220 498	4	14  53	2	1,357 222 561
<u>,</u>	2,130	4	67	2	2,057	14	67	2	2,140

The re-grant of the Chintalapaty Chinna Vuntoo estate and the Gudur Purganah to the Zemindars, in Fuslies 1271 and 1273, accounts for the reversion from Ryotwary to Zemindary of fifty-three villages, while the escheat of the Vissannapeta, estate in Fusly 1276, is the cause of the conversion of fourteen villages from Zemindary to Ryotwary. Two "Pootla Kattoobady" villages were, in Fuslies 1274 and 1275, enfranchised by the Inam Commissioner as Mokhasas.

3. From the subjoined Statement there will be seen an increase in land occupied of A. 1,04,874, or 5½ per cent., and an increase of assessment of Rupees 6,20,472, or eighteen per cent. These increases are due partly to the results of the Survey and Settlement on the Bunder side, but in, perhaps, a still greater measure to the increased stimulus to the occupation of land which has cha-



racterized the last few years. The abolition of "Garden," and the classification of all lands theretofore known as such, under the heads of Wet and Dry, accounts for some part of the increase in those heads:—

Statement B.

Items.	Fusly	1271.	Fusly	1276.	Incri	SASE.	DECREA	ASE.
100ms	Acres.	Sist.	Acres.	Sist.	Acres.	Sist.	Acres.	Sist.
Garden	11,557 2,57,468	51,443 9,83,576	2,71,327	14.35, <b>2</b> 93	13,859	Rs. 2,20,198  4,51,717 6,20,472	11,557 	RS. 51,443
i (Dry	10,15,435 9,135 1,31,906	15,79,004 42,537 5,74,711	1,55,911	22,23,220  8,58,711	4,41,091	6,44,216 2,84,000	9,135	42,537
ට් ( Total	11,56,476	21,96,252 	16,12,437	30,81,931	4,55,961	8,85,679	••	•••

4. The Comparative Statement shown below shows a net increase of sources of irrigation of ninety-one. I have to observe that this number will be considerably increased when revised Returns are received from the talook of Bapatla in correction of those hitherto submitted, which were to my knowledge inaccurate. I have not thought it necessary to detain this report on this account however. The correction will be sent when received. The decrease in the number of tanks is due chiefly to their supercession in the delta by the Kistna channels, which are yearly extending, and to the surrender of others in the uplands, either to private enterprise, or because considered unworthy of repair. The decrease observable in private channels is due to those of the Chintalapaty Chinna Vuntoo no longer appearing in the Returns. The increase in wells is not great in all; the operation of the well rules tends to the old ones being kept in repair and to the gradual extension of new, as the rules become better and more generally known. The increase in Government wells is due to the lapse of certain whole village rents:—

Statement C.

	Items.	In Fusly 1271.	In Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Tanks"	Government	873 472 40 387	838 232 23 697		35 240 17
River Channels	Government Private Dasabantham	•••	17 	310	
Spring Channels.	Government Private Dasabantham	66 19	95 4 	29	15
Annicuts	Government	131 12 3	75 28 3	16	56
Wells	Government	12 2,639 	2,689 2	30 50 2	•••
		4,654	4,745	454	363
	Net Increase	*****		91	•••

Annexed is a Comparative Statement of houses and population; the increase in the former is 27,436, or eleven per cent., in the latter 1,02,231, or eight per cent. The last census was taken

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on 1st the current year. In the Delta talooks of Repally and Bapatla especially the increased wealth which channel irrigation has brought to the ryots is shown in the numerous well and substantially built tiled-houses of brick which are fast superseding the traditional mud hut:—

Statement D.

Fuslies.	Houses.	Families.	Population.	Average number in a family.
1271 1276	2,46,414 2,73,850	2,93,474 3,23,600	11,94,421 12,96,653	4 4
Increase	27,436	30,126	1,02,231	

The subjoined Statement shows an increase in all items except Cows and she Buffaloes. The necessities of agriculture and its increase keep up and increase the number of ploughing cattle; the decrease in milch cattle is due to the drought and plague of some late years. The increase in the number of Puttahs single and joint is 19,928 or eighteen per cent.; not a little of this is, of course, due to the abolition of joint rents, and the substitution of Ryotwary holdings in the Bunder portion:—

		RYOTS.			Puttaes.	IS.		.9		·s	
	Mirassi- Paya- dars. karies.	Paya- karies.	[otal.	Single. Joint.	Joint.	Total.	Ploughs.	liling Catil	.вжоО	She Buffaloe	Среер.
1271		27,215	1,15,688	90,674	19,797	88,473 27,215 1,15,688 90,674 19,797 1,10,471		2,23,310	97,185 2,23,310 2,07,920 1,35,149 2,62,417	1,35,149	2.62,417
1276	1,10,820	41,111	1,51,931	97,959	32,440	1276 1,10,820 41,111 1,51,931 97,959 32,440 1,30,399 1,06,170 2,25,884 1,78,327 1,21,450 2,64,303	1,06,170	2,25,884	1,78,327	1.21.450	2.64.303
Increase.	22,347	22,347 13,896	36,243 7,285 12,643	7,285	12,643	19,928	8,985	2,574			1.886
Decresse,	:	:		:	:		:	:	29,593		
							-				

Statement E

The value of ploughing Cattle has of late years advanced quite 100 per cent., and that of milch Cattle at least fifty.

Statement F.

			Numbei	R OF PUT	TAHS.				
Fuslies.	Individuals assessed below 10 Rupees	Individuals assessed below 30 Rupees.	Individuals assessed below 50 Rupees.	Do. 100 Rupees.	Do. 250 Rupees.	Do. 500 Rupees.	Do. 1,000 Rupees	Do. 1,000 Rs. and upwards.	Total.
1271 1276	43,548 51,601	41,444 48,645	13,641 15,786	8,717 10,524	2,784 3,422	299 366	36 48	2 7	1,10,471 1,30,399
Increase	8,053	7,201	2,145	1,807	638	67	12	5	19,928

The Comparative Rent-rolls of Fuslies 1271 and 1276 show in favour of the latter an increase of 19,928, or eighteen per cent.

MASULIPATAM, 16th November 1867. (Signed) W. WILSON,
Acting Collector.

## SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

### NELLORE.

- 1. I have the honour to submit my Jummahbundy Report for Fusly 1276, together with the Annual and Quinquennial Returns in the prescribed forms as per accompanying list, and the Reports of the Sub-Collector and the Deputy Collector in charge of the Salt Department.
- 2. VILLAGES AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT WAS MADE.—The subjoined is an Abstract of Statement No. 1, showing where and by whom the Settlement was made, and the dates on which the Jummahbundy of each talook was concluded:—

By whom made,	Names of Talooks.	Where made.	Dates by which completed.
J. W. B. Dykes, Esq., Collector	Rapur	Podalakur	1st Feby. 1867.
	Atmakur	Atmakur	23 <del>r</del> d ,, ,,
J. W. B. Dykes, Esq., Collector Hon'ble J. C. St. Clair, Sub-Collector in charge, and	Nellore	{Nellore {Allur	} 18th May ,,
J. A. C. Boswell, Esq., Acting Collector) Hon'ble J. C. St. Clair, Sub-Collector in charge, and J. A. C. Boswell, Esq., Acting Collector.	Gudur	Krishnapatnam Nellore Sarvapalli	11 30.3
	Kanigiri	Pedacherlopalli Kanigiri	16th January ,,
Hon'ble J. C. St. Clair, Sub-Collector	Ongole	1 4 3 3 3 4 4	13th February,,
Hon'ble J. C. St. Clair, Sub-Collector, and F. R. H. Sharp, Esq., Acting Sub-Collector.	Kandukur.	Kandukur Ramapatam	} 11th May ,,
A. Tolasinga Mudaliar, Deputy Collector,	Udayagiri.	Udayagiri Duttaluru	6th February ,,
in charge of the Zemindary tracts	Kavali	. Kavali Jaladanki	28th ,, ,,

I. With the exception of the anicut villages of the Gudur talook, all other villages were settled within the limits of their respective talooks.

- II. The survey areas have been introduced into nearly all the villages of the talook of Nellore, and the anicut villages of the Gudur talook. To facilitate the preparation of the requisite accounts, the Curnums of the latter villages having been summoned to Nellore to prepare the accounts under the superintendence of the Nellore Tahsildar, it was found convenient to settle them at Nellore.
  - III. With the exception of five villages\* in the Nellore talook, and one village (Sarvapalli)
    - \* Koduru.
      Koruturu.
      Penubali.
      Annareadipalem.
      Amancherla.

in the Gudur talook, the remaining villages were settled with reference to the new survey areas on the same principle on which the Jummahbundy of the Atmakur talook was conducted in Fusly

- 1275. As the requisite accounts were not ready for the six villages referred to, I settled them as usual, and directed the Tahsildar to prepare the Land Registers, &c., in Mr. Dykes' forms hereafter.
- IV. In the Atmakur talook the survey areas already introduced were entered this year also; but as the Board are aware, no change has been made in the assessment, either in this talook or in the villages of the Neltore and the Gudur talook above referred to.
- 3. Fluctuations in the number and tenure of Villages.—The variations in the number and tenure of villages are shown in the following Statement:—

	Items.	Fusly	Fusly	Comp	arison.
	Items.	1275.	1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Ryotwar	Smalley's surveyed villages Do. Makta do. Traver's do. do. Settled by Mr. Stonnhouse Transferred from Kurnool Do. from Madras Settled by Mr. Dykes	380 127 74 76 47	86 380 127 74 76 47 80		1 
Favourable tenure	Shrotriems	295 19 8 4 777	870 295 19 8 4 777		1
	Grand Total	1,974	1,973		1

- I. Quinquennial Returns, Enclosure A, Villages.—The changes in the number and tenure of villages under the different heads as compared with the Quinquennial Returns of Fusly 1271 having been fully accounted for in the Jummahbundy Reports of past years, the only variation now requiring explanation is the decrease of one village under "Smalley's surveyed villages," which is owing to the lands of Navalaka, hitherto entered as a village in the Nellore talook, having been surveyed with the villages with which the lands have been amalgamated.
- II. Hamlets.—The total number of hamlets shown by the present Returns is 1,524 against 1,494 entered in the accounts of Fusly 1271, showing an increase of thirty hamlets, six of which belong to the Sriharicotta Division since transferred to this District.

NELLORE. 3

III. Uninhabited Villages.—There are twenty-six villages under Ryotwar, and fifty-six under Shrotriems shown as uninhabited. Similar information was not recorded in the last returns.

- IV. Circar Ayacut and cultivation, Enclosure B.—The total Circar Ayacut exclusive of Porumboke, and inclusive of Inams, is given at 15, 29, 329 acres, assessed at Rupees 27,75,488. A little more than 4½ lacs in acres, or thirty per cent., is unoccupied, against forty-nine per cent. in Fusly 1271.
- V. Sources of Irrigation, Enclosure C.—The particulars of the Sources of Irrigation during the year under report are compared in the following Statement with the similar details given in Statement No. 18 in Fusly 1271:—

		Fusly	1271.	Fusly	1276.	Incr	EASE.	DECR	EASE.
Sources	of irrigation.	In Repairs.	Out of Repairs.	In Repairs.	Out of Repairs.	In Repairs.	Out of Re- pairs.	In Repairs.	Out of Re- pairs.
Tanks {	Government Private Dasabandam	No. 660 67 16	No. 154 18 3	No. 665 93 15	No. 127 30 10	No. 5 26	No.  12 7	No.   1	No. 27 
River Chan- {	Government Private Dasabandam	86 7 	17 2 	84 9 	20 2 	<sub>2</sub>	3	2	•••
Spring Chan- {	Government Private Dasabandam	55 267 	13 47 2	25 336 	26 64 1	 69 	13 17 1	30 	•••
<b>A</b> nicut {	Government Private Dasabandam	79 35 3	43 44 2	83 55 4	66 39 7	20 1	23 <sub>5</sub>	•••	 5
Wells	Government	1,709	264	671	147		•••	1,038	117
-	Private — Old New Dasabandam	5,382 2,675 	1,794 422 19	7,321 3,277 3	1,489 882 	1,939 602 3	460 	 	305  19

The variation in the number of Sources of Irrigation is attributed to the following circumstances:—

First.—The sources of irrigation in the Sydapur villages of the Rapur talook, which were rented in Fusly 1271, and of certain Shrotriem villages which were under attachment at the time, as also the irrigation works of the Sriharikota Division which then formed a part of the Madras District, were not included in the last return.

Second.—The transfer of certain tanks and channels under the rules laid down for the disposal of ruined tanks, and the exemption of wells beyond ten yards from a public source of supply also account for the variation in the number of the irrigation works.

VI. Population, Enclosure D.—The population according to the present census is 11,68,664, showing an increase of 1,69,410 over the census of 1271, and of 2,16,632 over the census of 1266. The increase during the five years from Fusly 1266 to 1271 was at the rate of 9,444 per annum,

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while the increase during the five subsequent years was at 33,882. To enable the Board to judge of the accuracy of the census, I beg to subjoin a Memorandum showing the results of the examination by the Talook Officials. Out of 192 villages examined, 173 were found correct. There was an increase of 699 persons in sixteen villages, and a decrease of 214 in three villages. The results of the examination in the talooks of Udayagiri and Kavali and Venkatagiri Division have not been reported. It is to be regretted that the returns have not been verified by the agency of the

Sub-Collector, No. 17. Head Assistant Collector, No. 4. Deputy Collector of Nayadupett, No. 81. Divisional Officers of the District, although Mr. Dykes requested the Officers marginally noted to examine some villages at random and report the results in due course:—

Talooks and Divisions.	No. of villages examined.	No. of villages found correct.	Remarks.
Gudur Rapur Nellore	19 10 41	15 10 41	Increase of forty-three in four villages.
Atmakur	1 0	1	Increase of 362 in five villages, and decrease of eight in two villages.
Kandukur	91	90	Increase of four in one village.
Kanigiri		1	Increase of 249 in four villages, and decrease of 206 in one village.
Ongole	7	5	Increase of forty-one in two villages.
Polur	1	1	, and a second
Podile	1 =	5	ſ
Darsi	4	4	Ĺ
Total	192	173	Total increase of 699 in sixteen villages.  Total decrease of 214 in three villages.
	]	1	Net increase 485

The Board will observe that, as the majority of cases verified show an increase, the population may fairly be assumed to be not less than the number returned.

Second.—The abstract given below shows the population in the last three Quinquennial Returns arranged according to religion, dividing the total into agricultural and non-agricultural classes. The Board will observe that the proportion of the agricultural class was respectively fifty-three, sixty-two, and sixty-four per cent. in 1266, 1271, and 1276 to the total population:—

	C	lass.						Fusly 1276.	Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1266.
Hindus Mahomedans Christians	•••	•••	•••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	•	11,10,942 56,418 1,304	9,51,869 45,768 1,617	9,08,248 42,916 868
					Tota	al		11,68,664	9,99,254	9,52,032
Agricultural Non-Agricultural	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	7,50,784 4,17,880	6,16,55 <b>2</b> 3,82,702	5,05,670 4,46,362

Third.—It will also be observed that the male population, whether as adults or children, exceeds the female population in the three quinquennial years above referred to, as shown in the following Memorandum:—

									Fusly 1276.	Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1266.
Male adults						•••			4,12,633	3,52,394	3,37,774
Female adults Male children		•••		•••	•••	•••	•••		3,90,217 1,93,322	$3,29,464 \\ 1,74,641$	3,09,745 1,62,173
Female children	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,72,492	1,42,755	1,42,340
•						Tot	al	•••	11,68,664	9,99,254	9,52,032

Fourth.—The population of the Sriharikota Division is given at 11,031. So that the increase of population in the District is not the result of territorial addition, and is attributable to natural causes.

Fifth.—The details of houses during the three quinquennial years referred to are exhibited in the subjoined abstract. The total number of houses being 2,30,781, and the total population 11,68,664, the result is an average of five persons to a house, which corresponding with the standard referred to in the Board's Standing Order, No. 346, strengthens belief in the approximate accuracy of our returns:—

	Det	ails	of ho	uses.					Fusly 1266.	Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.
Terraced houses Tiled do. Thatched do.		•••	•••	•••	•••	Tota	al	•••	1,999 8,136 1,70,236 1,80,371	2,481 8,751 1,95,759 2,06,991	2,918 11,026 2,16,837 2,30,781

VII. Agricultural stock, Enclosure E.—The subjoined abstract shows the agricultural stock during the same period. There is a decrease in the number of Buffaloes when compared with Fusly 1266, and the number of cows though larger than in Fusly 1271, is still smaller than in Fusly 1266. With these exceptions the results of the year show an increase over those of the two preceding years.

										Fusly 1266.	Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.
Ploughing ca	ttl	θ		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		99,652	1,13,143	1,34,806
Cows Buffaloes		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		$1,64,946 \\ 72,026$	1,31,341 57,369	$\begin{array}{c c} 1,41,754 \\ 62,283 \end{array}$
Sheep		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		3,73,703	3,35,012	3,98,338
Ploughs .	•	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	33,537	41,782	59,961

VIII. Rent Roll, Enclosure F.—From Enclosure F, the Board will observe that nearly half the number of ryots pay under 10 Rupees, while a third part pay from 10 to 30 Rupees. This large preponderance of pauper holdings is simply the effects of Ryotwary. Reduction of assessments will only aggravate the evil, and still further check the prosperity of the country.

4. PUTTAS.—The following Statement shows Talookwar details of Land Revenue and Miscellaneous Puttas granted during the year under report, with details of "renewed" and "not renewed" as regards the Land Revenue Puttas:—

	,				RNUE PUT BENEWED.		Land	Total	35.
Divisions.	Talook	<b>8.</b>		Alto- gether unaltered.	Modified by addi- tional entries.	Total.	Revenue Puttas "renew- ed."	Land Revenue Puttas.	Miscel- laneous Puttas.
	Kavali Udayagiri		•••	584 10,331 5,180 3,509	1;197 950 29 409 881 658	7,127 4,384 613 10,740 6,061 4,167	1,602 1,082 13,701 1,756 850 613	8,729 5,466 14,314 12,496 6,911 4,780	8,104 5,381 13,621 10,099 6,447 3,309
	Kandukur Kanigiri Ongole	otal	•••	28,968 8,588 2,400 9,524 20,512	1,438 905 1,110 3,453	33,092 10,026 3,305 10,634 23,965	19,604 456 503 173 1,132	52,696 10,482 3,808 10,807 25,097	10,398 32 10,801 21,231
	Grand to	otal	•••	49,480	7,577	57,057	20,736	77,793	68,192

I. The new form of Putta circulated with the Board's Circular Memorandum, No. 122, dated

\*Vide letter to the Sub-Collector, dated 4th January 1867, No. 1.

7th February 1867, has not yet been introduced.
With reference to the Board's Proceedings, dated
21st December 1866, No. 9,079, Mr. Dykes
decided that Puttas should be issued as in the previous year.

II. The number of Puttas granted during the year exceeds those in the previous year as shown below, owing partly to the operations of the new survey, and the increase in the holdings of ryots:—

Fusly.	Land Revenue Puttas.	Miscellaneous Puttas.
1276	73 119	68,192 64,989
Increase	4,351	3,203

5. Season.—The season during the year under report was a decided improvement on that of the preceding year, although its commencement was very unfavourable. Up to the end of June the rains were very partial and scanty throughout the District, and there was great difficulty experienced in obtaining water even for ordinary domestic purposes. The later rains were more copious and abundant. Most of the tanks received a good supply of water by the month of December, and the rice crops came on well, although the dry crops suffered from excessive rain.

The average fall of rain in each month is given below:-

Months.	Inches.	Months.	Inches.
1866.	0.15	1866	2.50
April	0.15	October	6.59
May	0.47	November	7.14
June	0.13	December 1867	9.81
July	1.86	January	0.59
August	3.09	February	
September	2.14	March	0.43
First half-year	7·84 Total	Second half-year rain-fall for the year.	24·56 32·40

6. Sanitary State.—In the early part of the year cholera broke out in three of the eastern talooks and Atmakur. It was prevalent throughout the District in the months of August and September, and the number of deaths from this epidemic was nearly five times the number carried off in the previous year. Small-pox and fever also prevailed, but to a much less extent, and in a milder form, with the exception of the Ongole and Rapur talooks, where the attacks of fever were rather severe. The mortality from other diseases was, however, very great, as will be seen from the comparative abstract shown below, the information being collected from the registers kept by the special establishment allowed for the purpose. The loss among cattle is shown to be less than in the previous year. We have no accurate details on the subject. In the course of six weeks from the 1st April 1867, upwards of 400 head of cattle are reported to have perished, out of 2,600 cattle, in the town of Nellore alone. The various forms which the cattle diseases assume and the remedies usually resorted to are given in my letter to Mr. Thacker, recorded 'in the Board's Proceedings, dated 7th June 1867, No. 3,499. I regret to add that the remedies he supplied were not generally successful, so that the people were more than ever confirmed in their prejudices against their use:—

Causes.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.
Cholera	1,520 538 3,004	No. of deaths. 7,329 589 2,286
Ague Other diseases N. B.—The figures for Fusly the month of June, as the re not ready,	7,992 7 1276 do not incl	3,134 10,582 ude the deaths in or that month are

7. PRICES OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS.—The following abstract shows the prices of the principal products as compared with the last year's quotations, and the averages of the preceding ten years:—

Products.	Average price per Madras garce for ten years up to Fusly 1275.		Fusly 1276.	Percentage of columns 4 and 2.	Percentage of columns 4 and 3.
Paddy, first sort	158	193	222	41	15
Do., second sort	143	178	203	42	14
Cholum	175	197	272	55	38
Cumboo	. 158	197	242	53	23
Raggy	153	177	285	54	32
Horse-gram	201	246	364	81	48
	l	l		j	]

- I. Notwithstanding the favourable character of the season, prices have ranged very high. The increased demand from the neighbouring Districts considerably reduced the stock of grain in hand and the unpropitious commencement of the present season tended, in a great measure, to keep up prices.
- II. From the monthly returns the Board will observe that, as a general rule, prices continued to rise until the month of January, and that from the month of February there was a gradual fall.
- III. The price of cotton was Rupecs 156 per maund on an average, or Rupees 20 less than the average for 1275, at thirteen per cent. The price of Indigo also shows a decrease of 2 Rupees. From Rupees 48 in Fusly 1275, to Rupees 46 in Fusly 1276.
- 8. Ryots' holdings.—In Enclosure A. in No. 3 the item "Lands resigned" comprises all lands for which relinquishments were formally presented, including the portions thereof taken up by the same or other ryots subsequently; the lands thus taken up being included under "Lands taken on Durkhast," which item also includes lands taken without any Durkhast. "Lands sold or transferred" includes Lands purchased by Ryots or Government at a nominal price, as also lands transferred from one head to another. And the "Lands purchased or obtained by transfer" includes similar items, with the exception of lands purchased on behalf of Government for want of bidders, and lands transferred to the head of Inams. As the printed form does not provide for these transactions being otherwise shown, I subjoin a Memorandum showing the details:—

Items.	Q	Dry.	W	Wet.	To	Total.
Dry and Wet lands held at the ordinary rates of assessment in Fusly 1275	ACRES. 5,69,431	вв. 7,60,722	ACRES. 1,66,416	RS. 8,65,804	ACRES. 7,35,847	RS. 16,26,526
Deduct (Relinquished and taken up by the same ryots afterwards (Relinquished and taken up by other ryots afterwards (Relinquished and remaining unoccupied	1,348 1,959 20,513	1,466 2,865 20,856	142 506 2,725	763 2,634 12,017	1,490 2,465 23,238	2,229 5,499 32,873
Total	23,820	25,187	3,373	15,414	27,193	40,601
"Lands sold but purchased on behalf of Government for want of bidders "Lands sold or transferred to ryots.  Lands transferred from the head of "Wet" to the head of "Dry"  Lands transferred to the head of Inams	48 720 32	78 711 711 13	120 670 2,364	603 3,449 12,133	168 1,390 2,364 33	681 4,160 12,133
Total	800	803	3,155	16,188	3,955	16,990
Total deduction	24,620	25,989	6,528	31,602	31,148	57,591
Remainder	5,44,811	7,34,733	1,59,888	8,34,202	7,04,689	15,68,935
Lands taken up on Taken up out of the area for which relinquishments were Durkhast Taken up out of the unoccupied area	3,307 62,203	4,331 63,943	648 25,810	3,397 54,992	3,955 88,013	7,728 1,18,935
Total	65,510	68,274	26,458	58,389	91,968	1,26,663
Lands purchased or Lands sold or transferred to ryotsobtained by transfer Lands transferred from	720	3,550	670	3,449	1,590 2,364	4,160 3,5£0
Total	3,084	4,261	670	3,449	3,754	7,710
Total addition	68,594	72,535	27,128	61,838	95,722	1,34,373
Total or holdings in 1276	6,13,405	8,07,268	1,87,016	8,96,040	8,00,421	17,03,508
Increase	43,974	46,546	20,600	30,236	64,574	76,782

I. Two thousand three hundred and sixty-four acres have been transferred from the head of "Wet" to the head of "Dry," with reference to the Board's Standing Order, No. 121, dated 6th April 1866. In Statement No. 2, submitted to the Board with letter, dated 1st March 1867, No. 53, the result of the revision on lands irrigated from wells beyond ten yards from a Government channel, and within fifty yards thereof, as also from wells situated on the banks of rivers and jungle streams in remote localities was shown, as detailed in the subjoined Statement, for easy reference. The Board will observe that the order in question has been brought into operation only in the principal Division, the remissions involved being Rupees 8,583. The Sub-Collector will be requested to give effect to the order during the current year:—

Divisions.	Well lands on which the assess- ment was reduced.	Former assessment.	Present assessment.	Remissions	
Principal Division Sub-Division	ACRES. 2,364 1,549	RS. 12,133 7,841	RS. 3,550 3,394	8,583 4,447	
Total	3,913	19,974	6,944	13,030	

- II. With reference to the settlement of the Inam Department, 32 acres of dry land, assessed at Rupces 13, in a village of the Kanigiri talook, were transferred to the head of Inam, whilst an acre of wet land, bearing an assessment of 3 Rupees, in the village of Penubarti, in the Rapur talook, was similarly transferred under the orders of the Board, dated 5th July 1866, No. 4,556.
- III. The total extent for which relinquishments were formally presented was 3½ per cent. on the area, and 2½ per cent. on the assessment of the holdings of Fusly 1275; but the extent relinquished outright was only 3 and 2 per cent., respectively. The extent shown as taken up was upwards of 12 per cent. on the area, and 7½ per cent. on the assessment; the extent newly taken up out of the unoccupied lands being 11 per cent. on the area, and 7½ per cent. on the assessment. Thus upon the whole, the holdings for the year under report show an increase of 64,574 acres, valued at Rupees 76,782, in the proportion of 9 per cent. in acres, and 5 per cent. in rupees. The result is satisfactory, and shows that cultivation is extending; but until a check be put on the increase of pauper holdings, it cannot be said that the prosperity of the country is increasing in the same ratio.
- 9. Actual cultivation.—The actual cultivation, including the second crop and additional assessments, also show an increase of 61,897 acres, valued at Rupees 1,27,910, as shown in the following Statement. It will be observed that compared with the total holdings the value of actual cultivation is 89 per cent. against 84 in the previous year:—

Items.	Fusly 12	75.	Fusly	1276.	Inc	rease.	Decrease.	
Dry		,66,199 6,612 22,027	1,61,526 6,83,778 	7,88,225 14,91,365 5,686 25,697	27,089 61,897	85,573 1,25,166  3,670		926
Net						1,27,910		<i>02</i> 0

10. Waste Charged and Remitted.—Acres 1,16,643 of land, assessed at Rupees 2,11,943, were left waste during the year, being 15 per cent. on the value of the total holdings, against 16 per cent. in the previous year. Out of the total waste a little more than a third or 40 per cent. was remitted. The details are given below in the usual form:—

Items.	Waste	charged.	Waste re	emitted.	Total.		
Entire fields left Wet	ACRES. 75,178 4,889	RS. 83,649 17,476	ACRES. 4 14,370	RS. 8 64,294	ACRES. 75,182 19,259	RS. 83,657 81,770	
waste Total	80,067	1,01,125	14,374	64,302	94,441	1,65,427	
Portions of fields Wet	15,971 1,271	20,471 5,049	4,960	20,996	15,971 6,231	20,471 26,045	
left waste Total	17,242	25,520	4,960	20,996	22,202	46,516	
Grand Total	97,309	1,26,645	19,334	85,298	1,16,643	2,11,943	

I. The remission of Rupees 8 under the head of "Dry" was granted as usual on a certain land in the Sriharikota Division under the Tope rules. With this exception no remission on dry land was granted; and the total extent to which the dry waste was charged amounted to Rupees 1.04.120 on 91,149 acres, most of which was left fallow for pasture.

II. The details of the waste charged and, remitted on wet lands in the several talooks, contrasted with the total wet area in occupation, are exhibited in the following Statement:—

	WA	STE CHARG	ED.	WA	STE REMIT	Percentage of column	Percentage of column	
Divisions.	Whole Fields.	Portions of Fields.	Total.	Whole Fields.	Portions of Fields.	Total.	4 on the total wet area in occupation.	7, on the total wet area in occupation.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Principal	RS.	RS.	Rs.	RS.	Ŗş.	RS.	RS.	28.
Division. Gudur	3,745	2,574	6,319	8,439	4,187	12,626	3	۾ ا
1 70	1,056	516	1,572	1,431	91	1,522	8	6 6
Rapur Nellore	8,848	354	9,202	30,588	6,390	36,978	6 2 2 2 1	10
Atmakur	1,244	417	1,661	3,811	829	4,640	2	6
Kavali	1,765	364	2,129	6,953	. 2,864	9,817	2	11
Udayagiri	48	78	126	1,073	208	1,281	11	15
Sub-Divi-	10	, ,		_,,,,		1,201		10
sion.					1			l
Kandukur	493	547	1,040	10,545	5,673	16,218	1	21
Kanigiri	62	26	<sup>*</sup> 88 i	<b>96</b>	14	110	$\begin{vmatrix} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 2 \end{vmatrix}$	i
Ongole	215	173	388	1,358	740	2,098	<b>2</b>	15
Total	17,476	5,049	22,525	64,294	20,996	85,290	21	91

III. The proportion of waste remitted was 9½ per cent. less than in the previous year, owing to the more favourable character of the season and the increased cultivation.

- IV. The only ground recognized for remission was the want of water, but I consider Mr. Dykes's system of calculating remissions to be a faulty one. Taking the cultivation under each tank he examines the official reports as to what supply of water the tank received, and grants remissions in proportion. If a tank received half its supply he remits all the waste up to half and charges the rest. This system is open to much abuse, and leads, I should consider, to the grant of a far larger remission than is necessary.
- 11. Particulars of Remission.—The following is a Comparative Abstract showing the remissions granted in Fuslies 1275 and 1276:—

•	Fusly	Fusly	Comparison.		
Items.	1275.	1276.	Increase.	Decrease.	
Part waste	346	20,996 387 882	RS. 41 882	RS. 8,631 	
	29,973	22,265	923	8,631	
Net				7,708	

- I. Part waste.—The remission under this head has been already referred to.
- II. Allowance to the heads of villages.—The variation under this head calls for no remarks.
- III. Shavi.—The remission of Rupees 882 under Shavi was granted by the Sub-Collector in charge in the village of Kota, in the Gudur talook. The amount of Shavi during the year under report was considerably less than in the preceding year, and this is the only instance in which the remission was allowed at the Jummahbundy, as the requisite accounts were ready by that time. The increase shown under this head is nominal, as the remissions of 1275 were adjusted subsequent to the Annual Settlement. Rupees 205 remitted for 1276 subsequent to the Jummahbundy will be referred to in the proper place.

				Fusl	lies.					·	Shavi remitted at the Jum- mahbundy.	Shavi remitted after the Jummah- bundy.	Total Shavi remissions.
1275 1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	 De	 ecrea	 	882	9,185 205	9,185 1,087 

12. Comparative Statement of Cultivation and Settlement.—The Comparative Statement of cultivation and settlement is entered below in the form prescribed by the Board:—

	]	Fusly 1275.	F	usly 1276.	Incr	ease.	Decr	886.
Items.	Acres.	Assessment	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assess- ment	Acres.	Assess- ment.
1	2	8	4	5	6	7	8	9
Dry Wet	5,69,481 1,66,416	RS. A. P. 7,60,721 12 3 8,65,804 2 6	6,13,405 1,87,016		48,974 20,600	Rs. 46,546 80,236		Rs.
Total	7,35,847	16,26,525 14 9	8,00,421	17,08,307 12 9	64,574	76,782		
Add—								
Second crop Assessment. Additional Assessment Water tax Road Fund		6,612 4 5 22,026 18 7  18,567 4 8		5,686 7 8 25,697 0 9  47,905 1 9	*** ***	8,670 34,888	••••••	926
Village Sorvice Fund		913 11 9		1,008 12 8		90		
Total		16,69,646 4 2		17,83,600 2 9		1,14,880	··· ··	926
Deduct—  Remissions Road Fund Village Service Fund Other remissions as per No. 4 Statement		1,11,791 18 0 13,567 4 8 913 14 9 29,972 10 0		64,802 1 9 47,905 1 9 1,008 12 8 22,265 0 4		 <b>84,83</b> 8 90		47,490  7,708
Total	****	1,56,245 10 5		1,85,476 0 1	<b></b>	84,428	••••	55,198
Remaining Beriz Add Miscellaneous Items		15,13,400 9 9 2,58,387 12 9		16,48,124 2 8 2,88,188 18 4	•••••	80,452 84,746		54,272
Total		17,66,788 6 6		19,36,258 0 0		1,69,470		

- I. The large increase under the head of Road Fund is owing to the cess being levied on all lands at the new rate, whilst up to Fusly 1275 only those lands on which a reduction of assessment was made, were held liable to pay the cess at two per cent.
- II. Village Service Fund.—This item appertains to the Sriharikota division, where the fees due to village servants are deducted from the gross beriz.
- III. With the exception of "Miscellaneous items," which will be referred to hereafter, all others have been already noticed.

13. THE PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF IRRIGATION IN THE DISTRICT.—The details of the principal sources of Irrigation in the District are given in the following Memorandum:—

Talooks.	Name of Irrigation Works.	Total registered	Cultivation	in 1865-66.	Revenue in
		area.	Extent.	Assessment.	1865-66.
Nellore	Anicut	ACRES. 42,732	acres. 30,734	RS. 1,42,562	RS. 1,47,024
Nellore	Kanigiri Tank	12,114	8,291	45,455	45,455
-	Duvuru do	4,995	4,112	20,317	20,317
	Nellore do	5,640	5,163	19,524	19,524
	Alluru, Large tank	6,700	5,852	21,983	21,983
	Do., Ramana tank	1,309	1,056	3,865	3,865
	Veguru Tank	2,504	1,289	9,229	9,240
	Panchedu do	1,434	672	4,115	4,115
	Vidavalur do	1,559	1,488	6,270	6,270
	Kovuru do	1,359	1,302	7,673	7,673
	Chavukacherla, Large tank	980	802	3,590	3,590
	Mudivarti Tank	895	581	2,568	2,568
	Tolamanchi do	873	654	2,606	2,606
	Parlapalle do Kodavaluru do	861 1,969	510 1,494	2,044 6,906	2,044 6,906
	Total	43,192	33,266	1,56,145	1,56,156
Gudur	Guduru Marripallimadugu	1,937	992	6,624	7,790
oudu	Large tank	1,035	969	6,778	6,971
•	Kolanukuduru Tank	1,079	667	3,743	3,810
	Kota Pennaka do	1,665	1,323	7,264	7,990
	Yeruva do	1,527	1,004	3,036	3,078
	Chennuru, Large tank	1,120	839	4,822	5,100
	Kanupuru Tank	1,213	1,009	5,547	5,999
	Yellasiri, Large tank	930	849	5,304	5,670
	Idimepalli do	981	289	1,375	1,379
	Total	11,487	7,941	44,498	47,787
Atmakur	Anantasagaram Tank	2,463	1,999	8,121	8,138
	Atmakuru do	2,358	2,311	7,792	7,792
	Mahimaluru do	1,545	1,453	5,892	5,892
•	Kaluvaya do	1,975	1,621	8,043	8,043
~	Vasili do	1,618	1,560	5,383	5,383
	Total	9,959	8,944	35,231	35,248
Kavali	Kavali Zuturu Tank	2,154	1,459	6,828	6,876
	Do., Large tank Bramhavakraka Anamakonda, Pat-	1,669	1,201	7,215	7,218
	tern tank	1,234	897	4,909	4,909
	l ** 1	427	266	1,877	1,916
	36	1,157	941	4,477	4,477
	Annavaram do	943	838	4,224	4,285
. i	Zaladanki do	796	653	4,244	4,244
	Gattupalli, Large tank	736	608	2,434	2,434
	Kadavutala Tank	730	339	1,802	1,802
	Total	9,846	7,202	38,010	38,161

Talooks.	Name of Irrigation Works.	Total	Cultivation	Revenue in	
1 alooks.	Name of Hillschon works.	registered area.	Extent.	Assessment.	<b>1865-66</b> .
Rapur	Rapur, Large tank	ACRES. 429	ACRES.	RS. 2,270	RS. 2,381
Kandukur.	Mopadu Tank	1,440 1,710 822 485	1,117 1,536 511 364	6,977 9,429 2,439 2,259	6,992 9,429 2,479 2,259
	Total	4,457	3,528	21,104	21,159
Ongole	Alluru Bapiah Tank	400	336	2,362	2,362
	Total of tanks	1,22,502	92,363	4,42,177	4,50,278
Gudur Atmakur	Channels. Gunupadu channel Kota Panta do Viruru do Kambhampadu do	164 876 1,450 853	122 698 1,374 760.	790 3,861 6,901 4,115	790 4,053 7,180 4,130
	Total	3,343	2,954	15,667	16,153
	Total	1,25,845	95,317	4,57,844	4,66,431

14. RUINED TANKS.—During the year under report only one tank in the village of Topugunta

\* Vide Takid, dated 1st June 1866, No. 92. The Ayacut is given at 20 Acres left uncultivated in Fusly 1276.

was made\* over to ryots, and the number of ruined tanks which have been disposed of under the rules sanctioned by Government is forty-four in all up to the end of Fusly 1276.

15. Cultivation of special products.—As will be seen from the subjoined Statement the extent of land cultivated with Sugarcane, Cotten, and Indigo, shows an increase of 5,480 acres over the area cultivated in the previous year. This result is ascribed to the more favourable character of the season:—

Items.									Fusly 1275.	Fasiv 1276	COMPARISON.		
Items.							,,		Increase.	Decrease.			
Sugarcan Cotton Indige		•••	•••	•••	,,,		•••	•••	ACRES. 20 34,915 13,781	ACRES. 23 37,004 17,169	ACRES. 3 2,089 3,388	ACRES.	
							Tota	al	48,716	54,196	5,480		

16. ABSTRACT STATEMENT OF THE GENERAL LAND REVENUE SETTLEMENT.—The following Statement shows the general results of the Land Revenue Settlement in comparison with the previous year:—

	F 1975	Fusly 1276.	Comparison.		
Items.	Fusiy 1275.	rusiy 1270.	Increase.	Decrease.	
Land in occupation at the ordinary rates of assessment	16,26,526	RS. 17,03,308	RS. 76,782	RS. 47,490	
Deduct remission on fields wholly left fallow  Remainder Second crop assessment Additional assessment	1,11,792 15,14,734 6,612 22,027	16,39,006 5,686 25,697	1,24,272 3,670	926	
Total  Deduct remission as per Statement No. 4	15,43,373 29,973	16,70,389 22,265	1,27,016	7,708	
Remainder	15,13,400	16,48,124	1,34,724		
Add—         Shrotriems	83,897 4,26,474 2,53,388	83,927 4,24,624 2,88,134	30  34,746	1,850 	
Total	7,63,759	7,96,685	32,926	••••	
Grand Total	22,77,159	24,44,809	1,67,650		

- I. The only fluctuations requiring explanation are those observable under the last three items.
- II. Shrotriems.—The increase of Rupees 30 under this head is the net result of additional quitrent imposed by the Inam Department and the permanent deductions sanctioned by Government in certain cases as detailed below:—

Additional quitrent imposed by the Inam Department in six villages in four	RS.
talooks	126
Deduct	96
Permanent reduction from the quitrent of Hissavailetipadu under Government Rs. A. P.	
Order, dated 24th April 1867, No. 921, communicated with Board's Proceed-	
ings of the 26th idem, No. 2,856 84 0 10	
Permanent reduction from the quitrent of Hissa Somarazupalli, under Govern-	
ment Order, dated 14th December 1866, No. 3,377, communicated with	
Board's Proceedings of 18th December 1866, No. 8,972 11 11 1	
95 11 11 —	
Remainder	30

III. Peishcush.—The Peishcush of the Muttyalapdu estate having been reduced from Rupees 3,850 to Rupees 2,000; there is a decrease of Rupees 1,850 under the head of Peishcush.—Vide Government Order, dated 17th December 1866, No. 3,403, communicated with the Board's Proceedings of the 21st idem, No. 9,107.

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showing a net increase of Rupees 34,746. The fluctuations in the component items are noticed below.—

1st.—Jodi on Sundry Inams.—The quitrent on Sundry Inams amounts to Rupees 80,524 against Rupees 78,400, and the increase of Rupees 2,124 is the additional quitrent imposed by the Inam Department brought to account during the year under review.

6th.—Land cultivated but not included in the Jummahbundy.—The assessment of land cultivated but not included in the Jummahbundy is given at Rupees 13,459, or Rupees 9,894 less than that of the previous year. The system of closing the demand of each talook at the Jummahbundy having been strictly enforced from Fusly 1275, there was a large increase under this head in that year.

7th.— Concealed Cultivation.—The receipts under this head are Rupees 385, showing a decrease of Rupees 1,807 as compared with Fusly 1275. Of this amount, Rupees 271 appertain to the Rapur talook, and Rupees 114 to the Kandukur talook.

12th.—Grazing Tax.—The large decrease of Rupees 20,071\* under this head is owing

Decrease... 20,071

Recorded in Board's Proceedings, dated 2nd September 1867, No. 5,688.

 of Rupees 20,071\* under this head is owing chiefly to the abolition of the Pulary tax in all villages in the talooks of Nellore and Atmakur, into which the new Survey areas have been introduced. The correspondence marginally noted has taken place on the subject.

25th.—Chunam Shell Rent.—The Chunam Shell rent shows a large increase of Rupees 3,640,† owing to the vigorous competition at the time of auction.

The fluctuations in the items specified in the following Memorandum do not call for any special explanation:—

Nos.	Items.	Fusly. 1275.	Fusly. 1276.
10	Collections from William Sourier In and for afficer mount	B8.	ES.
16	Collections from Village Service Inams for offices vacant	206	108
17	Revenue from sequestered Inams	636	1,195
<del>20</del>	Do. from boundary lands in dispute	40	112
22	Honey rent	43	46
23	Wax rent	6	7
29	Rent on Palmyra trees	2,543	2,913
30	Do. on Soapnut trees	815	1,400
31	Do. on Fruit trees	1,007	1,019
32	Do. on Roots for Dyeing cloth	2,520	2,246
33	Do. on Medicinal roots	330	685
40	Commission on the sale of distraint property	57	26
43	Revenue fines	2,829	1,603
44	Savings and refunds	1,764	271
45	Proces Collection on the domand	125	497
48	397 - A - A	11,026	16,435
47		11,020	10,455
40	Quitrent on Bungalows and gardens		
40	Russums collected from Zemindar	10,119	10,119
	Total	34,183	38,839
	Increase	•••	4,656

"Cther Items."—The component parts of No. 51 "Other items" are detailed in the annexed Memorandum showing an increase of Rupees 4,656 over the receipts in Fusly 1275:—

	Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Remarks.
Nos.	Quitrent of Inams not included in the de-	RS.	RS.	
	mand of past years, now brought to ac- count in consequence of retrospective effect given to the Inam settlement.	759	34	
2	Cultivation of lands without permission	1,707	1,894	
3	Ratan and Koray rent	·	255	
4	Sale proceeds of Palmyra trees	2,986	2,292	
5	Sale proceeds of other trees	2,078	2,952	
6	Rent of Tangedu bark	475	149	
7	Stalakarnams' Russums	14,855	16,066	
8	Excess in Inams charged	3,540	4,909	
9	Urtawar Russums		41,913	Nos. 9 to 13 have
10	Chittetiwar do		4,968	been newly credited
11	Bhalaraos' do		5,627	to land Revenue
12	Turrawar do		838	Miscellaneons-vide
13	Adurwar do	ļ	18	Board's Proceedings,
14	Receipts under the freehold rules	.:.	583 ·	No. 7,241, dated 9th
	Total	26,400	82,498	October 1866, and letter from Accountant General,
	Increase	•••	56,098	No. 3,177, dated 1st October 1866.

17. SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE. -The Sundry Sources of Revenue are, in the following abstract, compared with the results of Fusly 1275.

	Iten	os.		٠		Fusly 1275	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease
Abkarry License-tax Sea Customs Land Customs Salt Stamps			 •••			88. 56,437  52  10,82,582 65,093	84,758 21,796 127 4 10,92,918 73,757	28,321 21,796 75 4 10,336 8,664	RS
				Tota	al	12,04,164	12,73,360	69,196	•••

I. Abkarry.—The increase under "Abkarry" is owing to the renewal of the lease during the year under report.

III. Sea Customs.—The revenue derived under this head is detailed in the subjoined Statement:—

												Fusly	12	75.	Fusly	12	76.
Duty on	Exports	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	••	•••			rs. 41		P. 0	RS. 98	۸. 4	
do.	Imports	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••			_	23	14	(
Refunds	of charges	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	••••	9	0	0	•••	•••	••
Fines		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		1	0	0	5	0	(
										Tota	J	51	0	0	127	3	1

II. License-tax.—The receipts shown under this head are the collections made in the months of May and June 1867.

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The duty on exports was on oil-seeds, saffron, and bones, and the duty on imports was on grain and soapnuts. There was no salt imported into this District. The Acting Salt Deputy Collector reports that the export trade is increasing, but he does not give the usual details, observing that the accounts received from the important ports of Kottapatnam and Itamukkala do not give the requisite particulars. The following Statement is extracted from his report:—

											Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.
Imports Exports	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	 T	otal	•••	25,721 48,435 74,156	Rs. 10,86,123 8,70,030 19,56,153	10,60,402 8,21,595 18,81,997

- IV. Land Custom.—The sum of Rupees 4, shown under this head, consists of the sale proceeds of sulphur seized in the Venkatagiri Zemindary. Under instructions from the Accountant General marginally noted the amount was credited to "Land Customs."
- V. Driftwood.—The sale proceeds of driftwood are shown to be Rupees 963, or Rupees 2,483 less than in Fusly 1275—vide paragraph 19 of the Deputy Collector's report.
- VI. Salt.—The increase of Rupees 10,336 under this head is the net result of an increase of Rupees 60,724 in the home sales, and a decrease of Rupees 50,388 in exportation by sea, as explained in the above report.

The quantity of salt in hand at the beginning of the Fusly was a little less than 13½ lacs of Indian Maunds. Adding the quantity manufactured during the year, and deducting sales, &c., we have, at the close of the year, a little less than 13½ lacs in store, as shown by Statement No. 10.

VII. The increase of Rupees 8,664 under the head of Stamps is ascribed to the operations of the new Stamp laws. Additional taxation could not take a more popular form, and I think we may look for a steady increase of revenue from this source.

18. General Fiscal Results.—The subjoined is a comparative abstract showing the demand on Land and Sundry Sources of Revenue.

	Ite	ems.			Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Peishcush			•••		RS. 4,26,474	RS. 4,24,624	R8.	RS. 1,850
Shrotriems Amarams Kattubadi	•• •••	•••	•••	••• ••• •••	80,075 3,495 327	80,105 3,495 327	30	***
Ryotwar Miscellaneous .		•••		Total	83,897 15,13,400 2,53,388	83,927 16,48,124 2,88,134	30 1,34,724 34,746	•••
Abkarry	•• •••	•••	•••	Total	22,77,159 56,437	24,44,809 84,758 25,29,567	1,67,650 28,321	
License-tax Salt Sea Customs Land Customs Stamps		•••	•••	Total	10,82,582 52  65,093	21,796 10,92,918 127 4 73,757	1,95,971 21,796 10,336 75 4 8,664	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	••••	•••	G	Total	11,47,727 34,81,323	11,88,602 37,18,169	40,875	•••

1 .	19.	DEMAND,	Collectio	N, AND B	ALANCE OF	THE CU	RRENT R	EVENUE -	—The	following	Memo-
rand	lum s	shows the I	Demand, Co	llection,	and Balan	ce of the	Current	t Revenu	e:-	•	

Items.		Demand.	Collections within the Fusly.		Total collections up to the end of August 1867.	Balance.
Land Revenue Sundry Sources	Total	24,44,809 12,73,360 37,18,169	20,80,030 12,52,707 33,32,737	2,66,184 10,209 2,76,393	RS. 23,46,214 12,62,916 36,09,130	R58. 10,444 98,595 1,09,039

I. Of Rupees 98,595 shown as outstanding under the head of Land Revenue, a sum of Rupees 51,609 is irrecoverable, being the amount of compensation allowed by Government in their Order, dated 8th June 1867, No. 1,300, as an adjustment of the Venkatagiri Zemindary claims on account of the suspended collections of Moturpha. Rupees 205, being the amount of Shavi remissions are also included under the same head. And the total amount to be written off under current balance is Rupees 51,814, for which sanction is requested:-

Talook.	Ryotwar.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
Kavali Kandukur	RS. 171 31	RS. 2	RS. 173 32
Total	202	3	205

II. Deducting the above sum, there is a balance of Rupees 46,781 to be recovered, which is a little less than two per cent. on the demand, whilst the balance in the previous year was a little more than two per cent.

III. The amount of Rupees 10,444 outstanding under the head of Sundry Sources is the Abkarry balance, as detailed in the margin. The

Ongole	•	••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	175	greatest part of this balance is due by the late Gudur Renter. Some of his property has been attached: and as the defaulter has failed to give requisite security, as he offered to do for the pay- ment of the balance within a reasonable time,
--------	---	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	---

measures will, be taken to send him to the Jail when the results of the distraint are ascertained, as his conduct from the beginning has been evasive. The attention of the Nellore and Ongole Tahsildar and the Venkatagiri Sub-Magistrate will be directed to the collection of the balances outstanding on their respective farms without further delay.

DEMAND, COLLECTION, AND BALANCE OF ARREARS OF REVENUE.—The Demand, Collection, and Balance of arrears of Revenue is exhibited in the following abstract:-

Items.	beginning the year,	Balance at the beginning of the year, viz., 1st July 1866.		within the viz., 30th	ye Ju	ar,		t C ion o th	ol- is he	Total tio	col		-	Remiss	sion		Balance the 1st tember	Se	p-
Peishcush Shrotriems Ryotwar Miscellaneous.	40,286 14,243 1,50,511	3	9	39,937 13,851 1,24,355	12 14 7	1 9 5	 4 16	3	2	Rs. 39,9 13,8 1,24,3 74,5	37 56 71	12 1 8	1116	298	0 12	6 7	88 19,586	14 13 14	8 9
Total	2,85,991	0	11	2,52,665	10	10	98	10	10	2,52,7	64	5	8	7,269	6	8	25,957	4	7
Abkarry	7,567	3	10	6,658	12	5	222	6	8	6,8	81	3	1				686	0	9
Grand Total	2,93,558	4	9	2,59,324	7	3	321	1	6	2,59,6	45	8	9	7,269	6	8	26,643	5	4

# I. The particulars of the above balance of Rupees 26,643-5-4 are as follows.

Of Rupees 1,612-15-2 shown as recoverable, and Rupees 39,120-8-3 as doubtful in the

Balance of Shell contract of Iracam written off as per Board's Proceedings, dated 5th Nowember 1866, No. 8,014... ... ... ... Written off out of the amount sanctioned in Government Order, dated 24th July 1867, No. 921, communicated with Board's Proceedings, dated 26th idem, No. 2,586.

19 10 6

A. P.

116 1 0

As per Government Order, 23rd August 1866, No. 2,197, communicated with Board's Proceedings, dated 31st October 1866, tember 1866, No. 6,890 ..

6,980 0 10

107 14 2

85 7 0 Total ... 7.078 6 9

last Jummabundy Report, amounting in the aggregate to Rupees 40,733-7-5, a sum of Rupees 39,723-11-3 have been since collected, and Rupees 116-1-0 written off as shown in the margin, leaving Rupees 893-11-2 still to be realized on the balance of last year.

III. Of Rupees 15,534-5-9 shown as irrecoverable in the last report, Rupees 105-0-10 have been since collected, and Rupees 7,073-6-0 written off under the authority quoted in the margin, leaving Rupees 8,355-14-11 outstanding in the accounts.

The Land Revenue arrears of Fusly 1275 amount to Rupees 17,393-11-3, of which

Rupees 9,185-11-10 was recommended for remission in the last report as Shavi. Board in their Proceedings, dated 11th June 1867, No. 3,569, (paragraph 76,) excluded the same from the irrecoverable balance, observing that the item of Land Revenue to which it appertains was not clearly stated. In Clause 1, paragraph 19, of the last report, the requisite details were entered namely, Rupees 9,074 as assessment of land, and Rupees 111 as Stalakarnam Russums, the former appertaining to the item "Ryotwar," and the latter to "Land Revenue Miscellaneous." course was adopted in regard to the Shavi arrears of Fusly 1274, to which, however, no objection has been made. As will be shown hereafter, the amount in question is now included in the amount of irrecoverable balance as directed by the Board.

	-			•	[otal	•••	26,648	5	4
	IA	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	17,898	11	8
**	ш	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	8,855	14	11
Clause	II	•••	***		•••	•••	898	11	2
							<b>26.</b>		

The amount referred to in the last three Clauses make the balance of Rupees 26,643-5-4 alluded to; and the subjoined memorandum shows the details at one view in a tabular form:-

	Recov	rers	ble.	Doub	tful		Tot	al.	_	Irrecov	erable.	То	tal.	
As recommended in the last report Since collected	996	15 4	4	Ba. 89,120 88,727	8 6	11	1,009	7 11 12	5 8 2	15,584 105 15,429	0 10 4 11	56, 267 39,828 16,439	12	1
Deduct amount written off  Remainder Add arrears of Fusly 1275	1	9	10	898	1	4	898	_	2	8,855	14 11	9,249	10	-
												26,64	5	-

21. Comparative Abstract of Collections.—The following is a Statement in the prescribed from showing in comparison the revenue collections in Fusies 1275 and 1276:—

		Fusly 1275	5.		Fusly 127	76.	g	9	_
Items.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Carrent.	Total.	Increase	Decresse	Remarks,
Land Revenue.	<b>B</b> 8.	28.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	BS.	RS.	:
Permanently settled.  Jodi on Shrotriems,	4,942	4,25,586	4,80,528	89,988	8,78,014	4,12,952		17,576	The decrease under the head
&c., villages	6,192	79,981	86,178	18,856	81,716	95,572	9,899		of "Permanently
Ryotwar	68,188	14,85,865	15,49,058			17,48,595	1,99,542		settled" is owing
Miscellaneous	49,951	2,29,184	2,79,185	74,599	2,67,260	8,41,859	62,724	ļ	to the cause re-
Total	1,24,278	22,20,616	23,44,889	2,52,764	28,46,214	25,98,978	2,54,089		ferred to in Clause  1, paragraph 19.  The collections
Abkarry	7,288	52,182	= 59,465	6,881	74,814	81,195	21,780		under all other
License-tax		•••	-		21,796		21,796		items show an
Salt	,	10,82,582	10,82,582		10,92,918	10,92,918	10,336		increase.
Sea Customs		52	52		127	127	75		{
Land Customs				•••	4	4	4	•••	]
Stamps		65,098	65,098		78,757	78,757	8,664		
Grand Total	1,81,556	84,20,525	85,52,081	2,59,645	86,09,180	88,68,775	8,16,694		

22. RECOMMENDATION IN REGARD TO THE IRRECOVERABLE ARREARS.—The following abstract shows the particulars of the remission recommended for this year from the balance of Rupees 26,643-5-4, referred to in paragraph 20:—

						I	RECOVE	RABLE.			٦
Items.	Balanc the 1st tember	Sep-	Recove	rable.	Recomm last year l expunged the accou consequenthe non- of Gover	out not I from nts in nce of receipt nment	Now remain	d for	Tota	al.	
	BS. A			A. P.		A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P	P.
Peishcush	348 88	14 8 13 9		14 8		•••	 87	8 5	87	8	5
Shrotriem Rvotwar	19,586			3 9	7,095	2 6	12,274	8 6	19,369	11	0
Miscellaneous	5,922	9 5	3,257	11 11	1,074		1,600		2,674		6
Total	25,957	4 7	3,825	3 8	8,169	14 2	13,962	2 9	22,132	0 1	ī
Abkarry	686	0 9	•••		186	0 9	500	0 0	686	0	9
Grand Total	26,643	5 4	3,825	3 8	8,355	14 11	14,462	2 9	22,818	1	8
	) 		·		11 Dai: 1	<del></del>	 		1		لِــ

<sup>23.</sup> DETAILS OF THE RECOVERABLE ARREARS.—" Peishcush"—The sum of Rupees 348-14-8 under Peishcush is due by the Zemindar of Muttyalapad who has withheld the payment of the same on account of certain claims which will be disposed of at once.

I. "Shrotriems"—There is a small balance of Rupees 1-5-4 outstanding on the Shrotriem village of Krishnapuram, in the Kanigiri talook, on account of Fusly 1274. The attention of the Tahsildar has been already directed to this

Tahsildar has been already directed to this balance, and no further delay will be allowed in disposing of it.

II. "Ryotwar"—The balance under this head appertains to four Fuslies, as detailed in the margin. Nearly half the amount is due in the Kanigiri talook.

III. "Miscellaneous"—Of the amount exhibited under this head, Rupces 275-14-8 appertains to Fusly 1274, and the remainder, Rupees 2,981-13-3, to Fusly 1275. Of the latter sum, Rupees 2,394 have since been paid up in full, by the Shell Contractor of Irukam and Venad for Fusly 1275.

24. Details of the irrecoverable balance.—Before proceeding to explain the grounds on which my recommendation as to the irrecoverable arrears is based, it is necessary to premise that the amount recommended by the Board to be written off for this District, is entered at Rupees 8,573-4-11 in the Statement annexed to paragraph 85 of their last Jummahbundy Report to Government. This amount exceeds the sum entered in the Abstract annexed to paragraph 22 of this Report by Rupees 217-6-0. This is owing to Rupees 105-0-10 having been collected out of the balance in question, and Rupees 143-5-2 having been written off under special orders, as detailed in Clause III., paragraph 20, of this report, whilst Rupees 31, as shown below, was excluded by the Board in calculating the amount referred to, although it is not clear why it was so excluded:—

<b>A</b> s	per Clause V	I., paragraph	25	of th	e las	Rej	oort.		BS.	≱.	P.	
-	-	o be written o		•	•	_		***	A,644	10	1	
Shavi	do.	do.	•••	•••	,	•••	•••	•••	3,959	10	10	
Amount e	ntered in the	Board's Repo	rt						8,604 8,573			
armount o		Dour a b 250po	••				•		<del></del>		 0	-

I. The grounds under which the sum of Rupees 8,355-14-11 is classed as irrecoverable having been explained in the last report, I shall explain the circumstances which necessitate the remission of Rupees 14,462-2-9, now recommended to be written off.

						ts.			
Rendu Hissa Vaviletipad	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	23	.1	4	Rupees 87-8-5 shown as irrecoverable under
Hissa Somarazupalli	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	11	11	Ť	Trubees 01-0-9 shown as illecoverable anact
Kanchipuram	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1	9	v	Shrotriems is detailed in the margin.
Kancheruvu	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	ĐΙ	8	U	

First.—Tank mera or fee to the extent of Rupees 11-8-8 included in the quitrent of Rendu Hissa Vaviletipad, a Shrotriem in the Nellore talook, having been collected for two years, the sum of Rupees 23-1-4 outstanding on the village for Fusly 1274 is entered as irrecoverable.

Second.—Rupees 11-11-1 being the annual value of land taken up for the Maipad road from the Shrotriem of Hissa Somarazupalli in the same talook, the collection of an equal sum from the demand of Fusly 1275 has been suspended, in view to its being ultimately written off.

Third.—Rupees 1-4-0 collected on account of the quitrent of the Shrotriem village of Kanchipuram, in the Kanigiri talook, having been erroneously credited to Miscellaneous, the balance outstanding against this village is nominal.

Fourth.—Rupees 51-8-0 imposed by the Inam Department as quitrent having been collected from the Shrotriemdar of Kancheruvu, in the Udayagiri talook, before the receipt of the Inam Registers, the payment of the same for Fusly 1275, has been withheld by the Shrotriemdars.

III. "Ryptwar and Miscellaneous."—The subjoined Memorandum shows the details of the irrecoverable balance under both these heads, amounting in the aggregate to Rupees 13,874-10-4:—

Items.	RS.	۸.	P.	
1. Shavi or the remission of assessment on withered crops	9,185	11	10	
2. Jodi on Inams permanently resumed	117	9	7	
2. John on mame permanently resumed credited	53	5	4	
3. Quitrent newly imposed on Kattubadi Inams erroneously credited.	ĢŪ		_	
4. Assessment of lands selected in lieu of Service Inams rendered	00#	-	•	
unfit for cultivation	397			
5. Jodi of Service Inams usually remitted	15	1	0	
6. Remission of grazing tax	406	2	0	
7. Adjustment under the head of boundary disputes	342	5	10	

	BS.	A.	P.
8. Assessment of land taken up for public purposes	132	1	7
9. Assessment of land settled as Inam by the Inam Department	170	7	6
10. Loss of assessment for want of purchasers of lands put up for sale.	776	2	8
11. Deficiency in the recorded area of fields	285	11	7
12. Excess on Inams left uncultivated, charged in the first instance	59	1	7
13. Waste charged at the Jummahbundy, but subsequently remitted	1,023	4	7
14. Double charge of assessment erroneously made	531	15	11
15. Balance outstanding in consequence of the collections being credit-			
ed to other heads	19	10	2
16. Russums or fees charged on waste lands	5	7	5
17. Remission on well lands transferred to the head of Dry	339	6	4
18. Assessment of land remitted in consequence of the produce des-			
troyed by lightning	10	. 8	3
19. Remission of Cheyroot rent in consequence of a portion of the land			
being taken up on putta	3	8	0
Total	13,874	10	4

Second.—The second is the quitrent on Inams resumed in consequence of the default, &c., of the holders.

Third.—The third is the quitrent imposed on Kattubadi Inams erroneously credited in the accounts, the settlement of the Inam Department in regard to such Inams being kept in abeyance pending the final decision of Government.

Fourth.—The fourth is the assessment of lands selected in lieu of Service Inams rendered unfit for cultivation.

Fifth.—The fifth is the remission of Jodi on certain Vetti Inams usually granted in the villages of Gollapalli and Boyalacheruvella, in the Atmakur talook, in consideration of the remuneration being inadequate.

Sixth.—The sixth is the remission of grazing tax charged at the Jummahbundy, and subsequently remitted on special reports.

Seventh.—The seventh is the adjustment with reference to the Settlement of boundary disputes.

Eighth.—This item consists of assessment on lands taken up for public purposes, or rendered unfit for cultivation by earth dug therein for repairing tank bunds, &c.

Ninth.—The ninth item is the assessment of lands settled as Inams by the Inam Department.

Tenth.—The tenth is the loss of assessment on lands sold for arrears of revenue, but purchased by Government at a nominal price for want of bidders, or purchased by ryots at a sum falling short of the outstanding balance.

Eleventh.—This item is the remission of assessment allowed where more land was entered than is actually available.

Twelfth.—The twelfth is the excess of Inams charged at the Jummahbundy but subsequently remitted, on the ground of the Inams being uncultivated.

Thirteenth.—This item is the waste remitted subsequent to the Jummahbundy on special reports.

Fourteenth. The fourteenth is the remission necessary by a double charge of assessment erroneously made.

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Fifteenth.—This is a nominal balance, the amount having been actually collected and credited to wrong heads.

Sixteenth.—This item consists of fees charged on waste lands usually remitted.

Seventeenth.—The seventeenth is the difference between wet and dry assessment on lands irrigated from wells clear of any public sources of supply.

Eighteenth.—In the case of a poor ryot in the Atmakur talook certain produce having been destroyed by lightning the remission of Rupees 10-8-3 was allowed by Mr. Chase.

Nineteenth.—Certain lands producing cheyroot having been granted on putta, a proportionate remission from the rent was allowed by the Sub-Collector in the Kandukur talook.

IV. ABKARRY.—Rupees 500, being the loss for Fusly 1275, arising from the resale of the Kanigiri farm are irrecoverable, as the defaulter has no means of paying the same. The amount due for the previous year has also been recommended to be written off.

V. The subjoined abstract gives the Fasliwar details of the amount recommended for remission this year:—

Fuslies.	Shro	trie	ms.	Ryot	war.	Miscel	laneous		Tota	al.		Ab	karr	<b>ቻ</b> .	To	al.	
1272 1273 1274 1275	 23	A.  1 7	 4	34 56	2 8 0 4	 56	A. P.  15 4 2 6		34 56 140 3,731	10 2 1	1 8 0		•••	•••	56		
Total	87	8	5	12,274	8 6	1,600	1 10	1	3,962	2	9	500	0	0	14,462	2	9

VI. For the sake of clearness, I beg also to subjoin a Memorandum showing the Fasliwar details of Rupees 8,355-14-11, shown as recommended for remission last year:—

Fuslies.	Shr	otrie	ms.	Ryo	twai	r.	Miscell	ane	ous.	To	tal.		Ab	karı	r <b>y</b> .	To	tal.	
1271 1272 1273 1274		<b>A</b> .	P.	Rs. 1 24 162 6,906	11 5 5	10 4 10	1 2 	3 14 	10 4 	2 27	15 3 5	P. 8 8 10 0		•••	•••	27 169	15 3 5	8 8 10
Total		•••		7,095	2	6	1,074	11	8	8,169	14	2	186	0	9	8,355	14	11

VII. Wastage of Salt.—The Wastage of salt is given at 5,036 Indian Maunds, 23 Seers, and 6 Chs., the whole of which is recommended by the Deputy Collector to be written off in paragraph 10 of his report.

Fusios- 1271 1272 1274 1275	•••	 •••	•••	 •••	745 125 1,068 8,098	Ŏ		n b
					K 088	98	_	-

The Fasliwar details are given in the margin, and the details of divisions entered below:—

Divisions.		11	. MD8.	s.	C.
Kanuparti	•••	•••	178	0	0
Padarti	•••	2	2,982	0	0
Pakala	•••		726	0	0
Tummalapenta	•••	•••	77	0	0
Isakapalli	•••	•••	758	0	0
Gogulapalli	•••	•••	<b>7</b> 9	0	0
Gangapatnam	***		117	0	0
Dugarazupatnam	••• ′	•••	119	23	6
	Tota	l	5.036	23	6

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In the last Jummahbundy Report only 6,488 Indian Maunds of salt were recommended to be written off out of a total wastage of 12,857 Indian Maunds, 33 Seers, and 3 Ch., leaving the remainder 6,369 and odd Indian Maunds for further inquiry as proposed by Mr. Plunkett, who was then in charge of the Salt Department. The present Acting Deputy Collector does not allude to this point in his report. In paragraph 5 of their Proceedings, dated 15th December 1866, No. 8,903, the Board proposed to recommend this in their General Report for Fusly 1275. But as they do not appear to have done so, I have included the same in the amount now recommended to be written off.

My recommendation for remission may be summed up as follows: -

Items.	Current	balaı	ace.	Arr	ears.		Tot	al.	
Recommended to be written off this	RS.	۸.	P.	RS.	Δ.	Р.	RS.	۸.	P.
year Recommended last year, but not expunged from the accounts in consequence of the requisite sanction	51,813	12	4	14,462	2	9	66,275	15	1
of Government not being received.	•••	•••	•••	8,355	14	11	8,355	14	11
Total to be written off	51,813	12	4	22,818	1	8	74,631	14	0
Wastage of salt now recommended to be written off Wastage in Fusly 1275, now recom-		•••	•••	•••		•••	IN. MDS. 5,036		c. 6
mended to be written off  Wastage in Fusly 1275 recommended to be written off last year, but retained in the accounts pend-	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	6,369	<b>3</b> 3	3
ing Government sanction	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	6,488	0	0
Total	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	17,894	16	9

25. EXTENT TO WHICH COERCIVE PROCESS WAS EMPLOYED.—The extent to which coercive process was employed in the collection of revenue during the year is detailed in the following Memorandum:—

	Pr	ocess issue	ed.	Property	y attached.	Property sold.		
Division.	No. of Villages.	No. of Ryots.	Amount of blaance.		Immoveable	Moveable	Immoveable	
Principal Division Sub-division	138 80	367 247	8,356 1,414	88. 2,242 1,029	RS. 3,577 481	Rs. 398 143	RS. 247 266	
Total	218	614	9,770	3,271	4,058	541	513	

It will be observed that process had to be issued in regard to Rupees 9,770, of which Rupees 2,441 were paid up before any distraint was made. Only Rupees 1,054 had to be realized by actual sale of property attached.



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26.	CHARGES.—The	following	is	a	comparative	abstract	of	the	ØTOSS	collections	and
charges :-		_			•		•-		8-0-	001100410111	and

Items	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.	
Sibbandi and Sader Extra charges Total.	RS. 2,09,455 1,19,623 3,29,078	2,11,354 94,829 3,06,183	rs. 1,899 	RS. 24,794 22,895	

1. Huzoor and Talook Establishment...

4.539 Increase. 2. Saderwarid 1,254 Decrease. Salt Establishment and salary of the

Deputy Collector 1,894 Decrease.

Under the head of Sibbandi and Sader. the only items requiring notice are those noted in the margin.

First.—The increase under the first item is chiefly owing to the increased rates of salaries sanctioned in the revision of establishments having been into operation throughout the year under report, while they were paid only during the latter part of the previous year.

Second.—The decrease under the second item is the result of stationery being supplied from Madras without making any purchases in the District.

Third .- The decrease under the third item is owing to the abolition of Ramapuram and Gangapatnam Kotaurs, and the vacancy in the office of the Salt Deputy Collector for sometime.

The decrease under the head of "Extra charges" has chiefly occurred in the items mar-Refunds of charges... .. 10,062 Do. Purchase of salt and manufacturer's ginally noted. ... 11,182 Do.

First.—The decrease under the first item is nominal as the payments to the Yanadies of the Sriharikota due for Fuslies 1274 and 1275, were made in Fasly 1275 while the payments made in 1276 appertain entirely to that year.

Second.—The decrease under the second item is owing to the circumstances mentioned in Section 1 Clause III., paragraph 27 of the last report.

Third.—The decrease under the third item is explained by the Deputy Collector as the result of delay in the storage of salt.

- Working of the new system of accounts.—I am not satisfied with the way in which I find the Talook accounts kept in this District since I joined, and the manner in which I find the Village accounts are kept is still more unsatisfactory. The Curnums have hitherto only been required to write up accounts Nos. 1 and 10 periodically, and to prepare the others after the Jummahbundy. I have issued the requisite instructions to correct these irregular practices, and shall see that these orders are enforced.
- LANDS ACQUIEED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.—During the year under report no lands are reported to have been acquired by public servants.
- REMARKS ON THE CONDUCT OF THE SUBORDINATE OFFICERS .- I am glad to be able to report favourably of the conduct of the public servants generally in the District. With some few exceptions, most of the higher posts are beginning to be filled with educated and intelligent men. As to the exceptions, I think it would be advantageous for the public service to pension these men off, even before they have served out their full time. They may not be physically incapable, and therefore cannot get a Medical Certificate; but they are quite past work, and terribly in the way. The Kanigiri Tahsildar's continual quarrels with his subordinates, so often brought to the Board's notice, continue as even seriously to impede the despatch of public business. His returns are always the last, and up to this date, notwithstanding repeated reminders. I have not been able to obtain any account of the recoverable and irrecoverable balances in his talook to insert in this report.

There are some cases in the Huzur Establishment of persons holding one appointment, but doing the duties of another. I have endeavoured to correct this to some extent, and shall keep the same object in view in making new appointments as vacancies occur. A great want is felt in the difficulty of procuring duly qualified Accountants. There are not sufficient inducements it would seem to lead many to go up for the Accountant's Test.

I have received much assistance both from my Serishtadar Rozugurdhi Venkata Krishna Row, B. A., and from Kanchi Subba Row, who was acting for him for some months, and have been led to form a favourable opinion of the ability and energy of both these Officers.

# SUB-COLLECTORATE.

- 1. I have the honour to submit the Annual Settlement Report of the Sub-division for Fusly1276.
- 2. Of the three talooks forming the Sub-division, Ongole, Kanigiri, and Kandakur, with the exception of forty-seven villages, were settled by my predecessor, the Honourable J. C. St. Clair, and the rest, of Kandukur, by myself. The following form shows the time occupied and the places at which settlement was conducted:—

Talooks.	Place where Settlement was conducted.	Time occupied.
Kanigiri {	Peda Cherlopalli Kanigiri	5th to 10th January. 12th to 16th January.
Ongole {	Addanki Konijedu	20th to 29th January. 6th to 14th February.
Kandukur	Palakur	16th to 25th February. 2nd to 11th May.

- 3. The number of villages, and the tenure on which they are held, remain the same as in the last Fusly.
- 4. The number of Land Revenue Puttas issued was 25,097, and that of Miscellaneous 21,231, showing an increase of 1,282 in the former, and 1,259 in the latter. The increase is chiefly owing to the occupation of fresh lands as in the last Fusly. Of the Land Revenue Puttas 21,273 remain unaltered, 1,897 have changed holders, and 1,927 are for fresh holdings.
- 5. The season was on the whole favourable. In some of the villages of Kandukur and Kanigiri, the dry crops, especially Jonna, did not thrive well owing to excessive rain, as well as to the ravages of insects. You will observe from the subjoined Statement that the fall of rain in Ongole and Kanigiri was greater than in the preceding year, while in a portion of Kandukur talook it was less; almost all tanks were well supplied:—

Months.	Kandukur.	Ongole.	Kanigiri.
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
April 1866	•••••		•••••
May ,,	•••••	•••••	•75
June ,,		••••	
July ,,	2.91	$2 \cdot 12$	2.85
August ,,	6.97	1.13	2.85
September ,,	2.47	0.58	3.25
ļ	12:35	3.58	9.70
October ,,	6.10	5.73	9.60
	5.73	1. 0	2.70
	4 74	1 · 7	2. 0
January 1867	0 45	0.63	•••••
February ,,	•••••		
March ,,,	•••••	•••••	•••••
·	17. 2	8.43	14:30
Grand Total	29:37	12.26	24. 0
Fusly 1275	33.72	7.69	10. 5

- 6. The sanitary condition of the Sub-division has not been so satisfactory as it was in last Fusly. Fever prevailed to a great extent in the talooks of Kanigiri and Ongole; and Cholera in Kandukur and Ongole. Small-pox also visited the two latter talooks. The cattle also suffered slightly from disease.
- 7. The average prices of the principal grains are shown in the following Statement. The prices are higher than in the last year, especially in Ongole and Kandukur. This is to be attributed chiefly to the unusual exportation of grain (both by land and sea) to the Ceded Districts on the west, and to Madras on the south during the period of scarcity which prevailed last year in those parts:—

				Gra	ain.						Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Paddy,	first s	ort									rs. 207	RS. 239	BS. 32	RS.
Do. s			•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	197	227	30	•••
Jonna.		5010	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		217	249	32	
Sajja	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	203	228	25	!
		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	••	•••	•••		203 229	314	85	•••
Horse-g	гаш	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••• ]				•••
Raggy	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	***	•••	•••	•••	••	184	234	50	•••
Varagu	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	160	201	41	

8. The accompanying Statement shows the extent of land added to the ryots' holdings during the year to be 15,454 acres, bearing an assessment of Rupees 22,261:—

	Acres.	Assessment.
Holdings of Fusly 1275	 2,93,887 5,550	5,09,047 6,613
Remainder	 2,88,337 21,004	5,02,434 28,87 <b>4</b>
Total holdings for Fusly 1276	 3,09,341	5,31,308

Of the three talooks the greatest portion of new land was taken up in Kandukur. The Collector's

\* Dated 14th March 1867. † ,, 2nd April ,, letters, Nos. 44\* and 60† of this year on the subject of reduction of assessment on well-garden lands, having reached this office when the settlement was almost completed, my predecessor issued orders

that the amount should be suspended from collection, and that the actual reduction should be carried out in Fusly 1277. The sum of Rupees 4,442 is, therefore, included in the amount shown in the above statement.

9. The actual extent of cultivation during the Fusly shows an increase of 15,852 acres, with an assessment of Rupees 28,038 over that of last Fusly. This is ascribed chiefly to the favourable though late season:—

Description.	' Fusly	1275.	Fusly	<b>127</b> 6.	Incre	ase.	Decrease.		
Description.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	
Dry Wet Garden	2,44,210 10,016 2,312	62,278		73,088	1,878	R8. 17,175 10,810 53		RS.	
Total	2,56,538	4,35,223	2,72,390	4,63,261	15,855	28,038	3	•••••	

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There is an increase in all talooks of both dry and wet cultivation, especially in Kandukur, where the former amounts to Rupees 9,221, and the latter to Rupees 6,421, nearly double the amount in either of the other talooks.

10. The following is the Statement showing the amount of waste charged and remitted on waste land of every description:—

]								Waste	charged.	Waste :	remitted.
-		D	escri	ption.	•			1275.	1276.	1275.	1276.
Dry Wet Garden	•••	 				 •••	 	45,174 1,858 796	48,108 711 802	25,911 85	18,306 119
								47,828	49,621	25,996	18,425

There was no necessity to apply for remission on dry waste. The waste in wet-garden lands has been charged as the ground remained uncultivated from the holder's neglect and not from want of water. The remissions on irrigated lands have been made on account of deficiency of water. There is a decrease of remissions on wet lands as compared with the preceding Fusly, which is chiefly due to the favourable season during the year under report. The items of remissions are part waste in wet and garden lands, which are included in the waste remitted, amounting to Rupees 6,427, and the annual remission of 48 Rupees on account of the salary of the Munsiff of Timmana-polliem, amounting altogether to Rupees 6,475. The necessary Returns as regards withered crops not having been ready at the time of Settlement, remissions under that head has been since granted, amounting to Rupees 31-4-7, in one village of Kandukur talook.

11. The cultivation of Sugar-cane which is still confined to Kanigiri talook is little improved this year. From the subjoined Statement it will be seen that while there has been a gradual increase in the cultivation of that product and of Indigo, Cotton cultivation has diminished:—

								Fusly 1274.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.
Sugar-cane Cotton Indigo	•••	 	•••	 	•••	•••	•••	115 15,388 12,279	209 12,248 12,639	RS. 226 10,287 21,122

12. The following abstract Statement shows the demand of land and sundry sources of revenue compared with the preceding Fusly:—

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Quitrent on Shrotriem and Inams Ryotwar Land Revenue Miscellaneous	RS. 17,626 4,86,605 78,309	88. 17,626 5,16,544 76,013	29,939	2,296
Total	5,82,540	6,10,183	29,939	2,296
Abkarry	10,233  1,533	13,600 11,904 16,408	3,367 11,904 14,875	
Total	11,766	41,912	30,146	
Grand Total	5,94,306	6,52,095	60,085	2,296

It will be observed that there is an increase in all items but one, namely, Land Revenue Miscellaneous. The increase under Ryotwar Revenue of nearly 30,000 rupees is principally due to the comparatively favourable season. The decrease under Land Revenue Miscellaneous is chiefly due to the exclusion of the proceeds of the sale of firewood, amounting to Rupees 370, which had hitherto been included under this head, but are now credited to the Jungle Conservancy Fund, to the non-sale of cheyroot in Ongole talook, which amounted to Rupees 500 in former years, to the remission of Pullery (amounting to 1,868 Rupees) on account of lands taken up on full assessment, and to the item of Dowl Izapha of Rupees 834, besides several sundry items. There is also an increase under certain items, namely, Stalla Kammi Russums, excess in minor Inams and Jodi, or quitrent on Cuttubadi Inam in the Chundi Zemindary this year, for the first time included under the head of Land Revenue Miscellaneous. The increase under Abkarry is owing to increased competition between bidders at the auction of the lease. The increase under License-tax needs no explanation. The new Road Cess under Madras Act III. of 1866, increased the original Road Fund by the incidence of the tax on Zemindary as well as Ryotwary lands. In the amount entered, only the sum levied upon Government lands under occupation is included, as the amount on Inam and Zemindary holdings has not yet been settled. As the Act was introduced in the beginning of 1867, while the whole demand is shown, the instalments from January only have been collected (Board's Proceedings, No. 8,735, dated 12th December 1866.)

13. The Demand, Collection, and Balance of Revenue for Fusly 1276 are as follows:-

Items.	Demand for Fusly 1276.	Collection within the Fusly.	Balance.	Subsequent collection up to end of July.	Balance.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Quitrent on Shrotriems and Inams, &c.		16,312	1,314	963	351
Ryotwar	5,16,544	4,88,111	28,433	19,085	9,348
Land Revenue Miscellaneous	76,013	63,721	12,292	8,620	3,672
Total	6,10,183	5,68,144	42,039	28,668	13,371
Abkarry	13,600	12,602	998	806	192
License-tax		11,904			•••
Road Fund	16,408	12,107	4,301	1,647	2,654
Total	41,912	36,613	5,299	2,453	2,846
Grand Total	6,52,095	6,04,757	47,338	31,121	16,217

The balance outstanding on the 31st July is greater than in the previous year. The balance under the heads of Ryotwar, Land Revenue Miscellaneous, and Road Fund includes the sum of Rupees 4,520-10-7, which, as already stated in paragraph 8, has been suspended from collection on account of the transfer of garden lands to dry, and also the amount referred to in paragraph 12, of Rupees 2,245-8-0 due for two instalments previous to January 1867 on account of Road Fund as well as the cess charged on waste remitted (vide Board's Proceedings, No. 1,892, dated 16th March 1867.) This cannot be the exact amount to be struck off the balance, as there are, I believe, some over-collections, and the necessary returns from the talooks have not been received. I therefore propose to recommend, in my next annual report, to strike the actual sum off the balance. There is a small remission of Rupees 31-4-0 on account of withered crops, which I now recommend to be struck off the balance. The Tahsildars have been strictly warned to make a speedy collection of the remainder.

14. I regret I am unable to ascertain the exact amount to be written off as irrecoverable arrear, as the Return from the Kanigiri talook was most incorrectly prepared, and has been returned for necessary correction; and to avoid delay, I have closed the report, and will submit the above information no sooner it is received.

15. The extent to which coercive process was employed in the realization of revenue is shown below:—

Arrear	8.	Property attached.	Property sold.			
No. of Ryots.	Amount.		Moveable.	Immoveable.		
483	3,289	1,510	266	143		



The number of attachments is greater than in previous Fusly, but the amount of property sold was far less than was expected.

- 16. The Village and Talook accounts are prepared according to the Manuals, and most of them were, I understand, kept correctly.
- 17. None of the Public Servants in the Sub-division have reported the acquisition of lands during the Fusly.
- 18. From the accompanying Return it will be observed that the decrease in Ryotwar villages is owing to the transfer of twenty villages to Shrotriem, which were enfranchised by the Inam Commissioner. So that though three (3) rented villages in Kandukur talook have been transferred to Ryotwar, still there is a decrease of seventeen in the number of Ryotwar villages, as compared with the last Quinquennial Statement.

_		Villa	ge.					Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Ryotwar Rented Amani Shrotriem Zemindary	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	328 3  80 262	311  100 262	20	17 3 
						Tota	al	673	673	•••••	•••••

19. The subjoined is a return of agricultural stock. The slight decrease in cows does not seem to call for any explanation. The increase in ploughs as well as ploughing cattle and of sheep (for manure) is ascribable to the demand caused by increased cultivation:—

	•								Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Ploughing Cows Buffaloes Sheep	•••		•••			•••	•••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	44,693 24,570	43,637 43,928 26,375 1,23,178	2,811  1,805 2,885	 765 
-					•	•			2,30,382	2,37,118	7,501	765
Ploughs	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	18,652	20,526	1,874	765

20. The number of population and houses is shown below. The Census was taken, as directed by the Board, on the 1st of March. The population has increased by 53,992, or 2½ per cent. per annum, during the last five years, that is, twelve per cent. for the five years. The increased number of substantially built tiled houses in the Ongole talook gives evidence of increasing wealth. The number of thatched houses has also considerably increased; the decrease in the Darisi returns is due to the fact that in the returns furnished thence in Fusly 1271, the different detached huts in one compound were counted separately, but were reckoned as one house in the last return.

Items.					Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.		
Population		•••	•••				463,070	517,062	53,992	•••
Terraced houses Tiled houses Thatched houses	•••		•••	•••		•••	1,757 5,052 91,533	2,154 6,390 91,545	397 1,338 12	
That the Rouses	•••	•••	•••	•••	Tot	al	98,342	100,089	1,747	

21. The increase in the number of private tanks, and decrease of Government tanks, are due to the operation of the ruined tank rules in Kanigiri. Many wells have changed their owners since the promulgation of the rule noted in the margin. The spring channels in the Kandukur talook have increased, owing to the enterprize of

the people in digging channels in sandy tracts adjoining the sea-shore without prejudice to Government interests. The forty-one anicuts originally constructed for charitable purposes appear for the first time in the accounts:—

	Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1272.	Increase.	Decrease.
Tanks Government Private Dasabandam	154 40 4	140 55 3	15	14
Channels. Government Private Spring Government	2 5 <b>4</b> 3	2 6 38	1	5
Channels (Private Anicuts (Government Private (Government	134 9 39 1,705	213 50 30 183	79 41 	9 1,522
Wells {Government Private	2,719	4,361	1,642	

22. The increase under all items of rent roll does not call for any special remarks. The decrease in the last item is attributable to the changes in, and sub-divisions of, holdings:—

Items.	Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.	
Below Rupees 10		9,332 7,163 2,368 1,592 438 33 5	11,541 8 2,764 1,734 570 50 8

- 23. Except the period in which my predecessor resided at Nellore, (from 6th March to 4th April,) during which time he was in charge of the District, and a day (30th April) in which I visited Nellore to take the oaths of Office, the year was spent by the Sub-Collector within the sub-division.
  - 24. In consequence of many Peramboke (immemorial waste) lands being brought under cultivation, and some of the Inam lands being permanently resumed either for default of payment of quitrent or of appearance before the Inam Commissioner within the prescribed time, the extent

of land in Circar ayacut has been increased; but the assessment has fallen short, owing to the reduction of rates on garden lands.

- 25. No ruined tanks have been made over to Ryots during the Fusly under report.
- 26. Having joined the District almost at the close of the Jummahbundy, and near the end of the fusly, I do not feel myself in a position to report upon the conduct of the Talook subordinates, with the exception of Ragupati Rau, late Thasildar of Kandukur, with whose assistance I settled the last 47 villages of his talook; and from what I saw of him in that period, I was favourably impressed with his zeal and local knowledge. The Huzur Serishtadar and the rest of this office establishment performed their work satisfactorily. In conclusion, I beg to remark that, from my recent arrival in the District, I have had to be indebted to the Huzur Serishtadar Madakasira Raja Rau for the information contained in the report.

(Signed) F. R. H. SHARP,
Acting Sub-Collector.

(True Copy)

(Signed) J. A. C. BOSWELL,
Acting Collector.

# SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

## BELLARY.

1. I have the honour to submit my report on the Settlement of this District for the past Fusly (1866-67), with the prescribed Statements, annual and quinquennial.

Statement No. 1.

2. VILLAGES AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT

was made.—The Statement noted in the margin shows the places at which, and the names of the Officers by whom, the Settlement was made, and the period occupied in the same. Every talook was settled within its own limits, and the greater number of them were settled at more than one place in each talook. Of the remaining talooks, Madacsera was settled at the Cusbah. The late General Deputy intended to settle Tadpatri talook in two places, but was, as he reports, prevented by illness from doing so. The talooks of Bellary, Raidrug, Kudlighi, and Huvinhudgali were also settled at the Cusbah stations, the ryots having already assembled there for the purpose. The Settlement was commenced by me on the 5th December 1866, and was closed on the 30th May 1867 by my General Deputy.

3. Variations in the number and tenure of villages.—The variations in the number and tenure of villages are exhibited in the subjoined Abstract:—

Description.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Circar Villages Shrotriem Villages Khayam Jodi Villages Surva Inam or Rent-free villages	14 185	2,278 13 186 20	1  1	18 1 
Total	2,515	2,497	2	20

4. The decrease of eighteen villages under the head of Circar is in the talook of Kudlighi.

These are small uninhabited villages, and their lands were given up during the year under report.

Dadapuram in Hurpunhully talook, and Nitravutty in Alurtalook.

5. Of the two villages noted in the margin the one in the talook of Hurpunhully, which was hitherto classed under "Shrotriem," having

been enfranchised by the Inam Commissioner, was transferred to its proper head "Khayam Jodi." The other village, which had been granted for life, was, in consequence of the death of the grantee, transferred to the head of Circar villages.

No. renewed. No. old. 1,08,093. 26,548.

6. Puttas benewed and not renewed.—
The marginal Statement exhibits the particulars

of puttas renewed and not renewed. The large proportion of the renewed to the unrenewed

puttas is attributable to the complete introduction of the new forms of putta received with the Circular Memorandum of the Board of Revenue, dated 7th February 1866, No. 222, which owing to the Circular Memorandum not having been received in time, did not admit of distribution in Fusly 1275.

7. Season in the earlier months.—The season in the earlier months was of a most disastrous kind, and one unknown for several years past. As may be seen from the annexed Abstract of rain-fall the south-west monsoon was little better than a total failure. With the exception of the Toongabudra, the rivers in the District had, up to September, no freshes worthy of the name. Drought was experienced everywhere, and wells failed to supply water sufficient even for domestic purposes, and the consequence was that agricultural operations were generally at a stand-still. There was indeed a cultivation of 4,35,604 acres, chiefly of the Masab or mixed soil, up to the close of August, but the crops either yielded a very scanty produce, or altogether perished. Under these circumstances, it became necessary to afford, at the expense of Government, extraordinary relief, by finding employment for the poorer classes of people, in the construction of village roads and other public works, and also by establishing, with the aid of the Central Relief Committee and local charity, relief-houses for the distribution of food to the infirm and the aged. About 46,850 persons obtained relief from these sources, at an expenditure of about seven lace of Rupees.

ABSTRACT OF BAIN-FALL.

Name	of Mo	Inches.	Tenths.		
May June July , August , September , October , November , December , January 1867 February ,				0 0 0 0 0 3 8 0 0 	4 7 3 7 9 7 9 2 4  6

8. SEASON IN THE LATTEE MONTHS.—Happily, however, the good fall of rain in the months of September and October effected a change. From the end of September, the season was all that could be desired. Nearly all the tanks, including even the largest, received a full supply, a thing which had not occurred for many years past, as will be seen from the annexed Statement. A few tanks breached, but with the one exception of Patacottacheruvu, whose waters were saved in the neighbouring tank of Yerradimmarayacheruvu, they are of no importance:—

Tanks of			Fusly 1273.	Fusly 1274.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.		
Full supply Three-quarter Half Quarter No	supply do. do. do.	•••	•••	•••	75 35 93 384 531	359 161 193 190 215	315 138 197 253 341	642 118 150 71 191
		•			1,118	1,118	1,244	1,172

- 9. In the talooks of Bellary and Alur, the yield of the dry crops was rather scanty. In the month of March a severe hail-storm passed over the District, causing some damage to the dry crops of the talooks of Alur, Adoni, Gooty, Anantapur, Dhurmaveram and Madacsera.
- 10. Sanitary condition.—The sanitary condition of the District, as might be expected, was unusually bad during the period under review. The severe drought, and the extreme heat of the climate, added to privation in the months of July, August, and September, favoured epidemic Cholera.

  Cholera.

  Cholera.

  disease of a fatal type. Cholera raged all over the District to an alarming extent, and carried off 16,000 persons.

  In the talooks of Gooty and Anantapur the mortality exceeded 2,000. There were only two

In the talooks of Gooty and Anantapur the mortality exceeded 2,000. There were only two talooks where the mortality was below 500, and only one talook where the disease was wholly absent. Cholera pills were sent to all the talooks for gratuitous distribution; but, as already observed in my Administration Report for the past official year, they appeared to be rather of doubtful efficacy, except when administered at the premonitory stage of the disease.

- 11. Fever.—The losses from fever were also great. In the talook of Hospett, the number of deaths was 1,417, being two per cent. of its population. Huvinhudgali alone appears to have escaped. Fever pills were distributed, and there is reason to believe that much good resulted from their administration. But people in the villages have, and generally prefer, their own remedies for the disease.
  - 12. The subjoined table exhibits the loss of lives from the above diseases:—

Epidemic.	· Nu	mber attac	ked.	Nur	nber of dea	aths.	Per-centage of deaths to
<b></b>	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	attacked.
Cholera Fever and Ague	12,573 6,739	8,735 4,468	21,308 11,207	9,506 3,463	6,684 2,694	16,190 6,157	75 55 *
Total	19,312	13,203	32,515	12,969	9,378	22,347	69

13. The losses in agricultural stock in the year under report were great. The estimated number is about one-fifth of the cattle of the District. The subjoined statement exhibits the particulars of mortality by disease among the various kinds of cattle:—

Description.	No. attacked.	No. died.
Ploughing Cattle Cows Buffaloes Sheep and Goats	9,605	3,331 3,419 934 13,504
Total	23,109	21,188

14. PRICES.—The prices of grain and other necessaries of life during the period under review ranged unprecedentedly high, as may be seen from Statement No. 2. The failure of the southwest monsoon, coupled with previous bad seasons, and the difficulty of importation from abroad, through a region almost destitute of water and forage, caused their rise. It was in the months of August and September that they were at their maximum, the rise having commenced in June.

The annexed table exhibits the	prices of the principal	articles of consumption	during the months.
as contrasted with those that pro	evailed during the corn	esponding period of the	past year:—

Description of grain.   1275.   1276.   1276.	1275.	1276.
	1	1270.
Rs.   Rs.   Rs.   Rs.   Rs.   397   364   364   364   364   378   364   378	220 198 248 220 325 793 283	R8. 490 441 793 763 922 1,323 778

<sup>15.</sup> Holdings.—Vide Enclosure A, Statement 3—The holdings of the Ryots at the commencement of the Fusly were Acres 24,30,812, assessed at Rupees 20,72,906. The extent of land given up during the year was Acres 1,90,207, assessed at Rupees 77,835, or Acres 12,369 more than the extent given up in the previous year. The quantity of land newly taken up amounted to Acres 1,35,281, bearing an assessment of Rupees 87,730, or Acres 20,340, assessment Rupees 20,100, more than those taken up in the previous year, which makes the holdings for the year under report aggregate Acres 23,75,886, assessed at Rupees 20,82,800. The increase in the lands relinquished is mainly attributable to the failure of the early rains. The relinquished portion, however, chiefly consisted of dry lands assessed at low rates. Hence the actual demand shows an increase of Rupees 77,520.

16. The following abstract exhibits in one view the extent of waste charged and remitted, and the amount of actual cultivation, as compared with Fusly 1275:—

 	Fusly 1275.		Fusly	1276.	Inc	REASE.	Decrease.		
Items.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	
Actual cultivation Waste remit-	21,43,933	18,56,921	21,36,421	19,71,830	•••	1,14,909	7,512	•••	
ted Waste charged	1,22,538 1,64,341	1,47,481 68,504	1,86,272 53,193		63,734 		1,11,148	60,958 44,057	
Total holdings.	24,30,812	20,72,906	23,75,886	20,82,800	63,734	1,14,909	1,18,660	1,05,015	

<sup>17.</sup> WASTE REMITTED.—Out of 23,75,886 Acres, assessed at Rupees 20,82,800, forming the holdings for the year under report, Acres 2,39,465, assessed at Rupees 1,10,970, or about ten per cent., were left waste, of which the remission granted as per Order of Government, dated 22nd December 1866, No. 3,484, communicated in the Proceedings of the Board, dated 24th December 1866, amounted to Rupees 86,522.

<sup>18.</sup> Waste Charged.—The amount of waste charged this year is Rupees 24,448. This amount compared with the similar charges of the previous year shows a decrease of Rupees 44,056. Such waste alone was charged as had been so left from litigation, or by neglect of ryots, or had been retained for pasturage.

<sup>19.</sup> ACTUAL CULTIVATION.—The extent of actual cultivation this year under the heads of Dry and Wet amounts to Acres 21,36,421, assessed at Rupees 19,71,830, which is less than the actual gross cultivation of the past year by Acres 7.512, though there is an increase of Rs. 1,14,908 in the assessment. This apparent disproportion between the extent and assessment is attributable to the fact of the highly assessed dry lands, left waste last year, owing to the failure of north-east monsoon, being cultivated this year, and the lightly assessed lands, which do not admit of cultivation except when the early rains fall, being left waste. There was also an increase of Acres 2,162, assessed at Rupees 6,808 in the Nunja cultivation.

<sup>20.</sup> The subjoined is the Comparative Statement of Cultivation and Settlement in the Form A. referred to in paragraph 4 of the Circular Memorandum of the 14th August 1866, No. 787.

### Comparative Statement of Cultivation and Settlement.

Items.	LAS	r Fuger.			Presi	ENT FUELT.		LNCE	EARE.	Drei	EAST.
ttems.	Extent.	Двяеватр	ent.	_	Extent.	Assessme	nt.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
1	2	8		_	4	5		6	7	8	9
	ACRES.	Rs.	۸.	P.	ACRES,	Rs.	A. P.	ACBES.	Rs.	ACRES.	RS.
Dry Wet	22,67,019 1,68,793	14,26,881 6,46,524		0	l	14,81,879 6,50,921	4 0 0 0		5,497 4,897	56,861	
Total	24,80,812	20,72,906	2	0	28,75,886	20,82,800	4 0		9,894	54,926	••• ···
Add— Second crop Assessment Additional do Water tax Road Fund Village Service Fund		1,02,164 46,618 4,528 944 	2 6 9	0 0 5 7		94,846 48,887 8,920 966		•••••	  22	*** *** *** *** *** ***	7,818 8,975 603
Total		22,27,152	0	0		22,25,872	2 4			••••	1,780
Deduct— Remissions Road Fund Village Service Fund Other remission as		1,47,480 944	12 9 	0 7 	•••••	86,522 <b>966</b> 	10 0 8 4	••••	33	•••••	60,958 
particularized in Statement No. 4	••••	<b>54</b> ,8 <b>2</b> 8	8	0		86,464	6 0	•••••			18,864
Total		2,08,258	8	7		1,28,958	8 4				79,800
Remaining Beriz	•	20,23,898	7	5	•••••	21,01,418	10 0		77,520		
items	•••••	2,52,764	14	10	*** ***	2,47,272	11 8		*** ***	*****	5,493
Grand Total	•••••	22,76,663	6	8		28,48,691	5 9	•••••	72,028	••••	

From the above it will be seen that there is a decrease under the head Fassaljasty to the extent of Rupees 7,818, and this was owing to the late rains preventing a second crop being raised upon the usual two-crop lands.

There is also a decrease of Rupees 3,275 in the additional assessment or Teervajasty, attributable to the fact of increased cultivation of wet lands in the year under report, and consequent diminution in the cultivation of dry land with wet crops.

21. NATURE AND EXTENT OF THE PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF IRRIGATION.—The principal rivers of the District are the Toombadra, the Huggry, and the Pennair. The annexed Statement exhibits the number of tanks, and channels, and wells in this District, and the extent of land under their irrigation. Of the great number of tanks, the largest are those of Bookapatnam, Singanamala, Purghee, Dhurmaveram, and Anantapur, in the sub-division, and those of Kapekul and Darojee in the principal division. The principal channels of the District are the Toombadra, which irrigate about Acres 15,337. There are also many other channels from the other rivers of the District, but they are inferior in every way to those of the Toombadra.

Description.	Number.	Acreage of Circar cul- tivation.	Assessment including Fassal and Teervajasty.
Tanks Channels, &c Wells	1,172 2,493 19,070	80,516 47,714 42,373	88. 4,23,248 2,87,532 60,830
	22,735	1,70,603	7,71,610

22. The subjoined Statement exhibits the ayacut and acreage actually cultivated in this Fusly under the principal irrigation works in the District:—

Name of Irrigation work.				Ayacut, Circar, and Inam.	Assessment.	Acreage of Circar and Inam culti- vation.			
							RS.		RS,
Bookapatnam	• • •	•••	•••	•••	• • •	3,506	22,228	3,487	23,796
Singanamala	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	3.160	18,481	2,529	15,527
Purghee		•••	•••	•••	• • •	2,847	11,560	2,477	11,500
Dhurmaveram	•••	•••		• • •	• • •	1,430	9,916	1,211	9,189
Anantapur		•••		•••	• • •	2,896	13,804	2,372	12,663
Kanekul			•••	• • •	•••	2,127	11,281	1,480	8,668
Darojee			•••	•••		1,523	6,648	1,344	5,916
Toombadra channels	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	15,728	1,32,161	15,337	1,49,203

- 23. Three ruined tanks were made over during the year under report, only one of which has an ayacut of Acres 11, assessed at Rupees 35, the other two, breached before the survey, have no record of ayacut.
- 24. Special product.—The following table shows the extent of cultivation of special products, as compared with the preceding Fusly:—

	Fusly 1275.		Fusly	1276.	Inc	REASE.	DECREASE.		
Name of product.	Extent. Assess- ment.		Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	
Cotton Sugarcane Indigo	3,38,915 7,213 1,217		6,861		\ \	RS. 5,449	33,887 352 430	RS. 48,540  819	

- 25. The decrease in the area of Cotton cultivation is attributable to the fall in price of that staple, and to the competition of food grains. The acreage of Sugarcane cultivation has decreased by acres 352, but there is an increase of Rupees 5,449 in the assessment, showing that superior soils were planted with that crop. In the Indigo cultivation, there is a falling off of acres 430, assessed at 819 Rupees. But as already observed in my Administration Report, it is not likely to become a staple product of this District. It is raised in small quantities in the talooks of Tadpatri and Gooty.
  - 26. Statement No. 4 gives the particulars of remissions granted in the Fusly under review.

The subjoined is a Comparative Statement of their distribution under the three principal heads under which they are classed:—

Description.			Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Deerease.
Occasional remissions		•••	8s. 46,855 1,685 6,288	28,627 1,651 6,186	R8.	18,228 34 102
	Total	•••	54,828	36,464		18,364

- OCCASIONAL BEMISSIONS.—Under the head of Shavi is a trifling sum of Rupees 187-2-0. against Rupees 13.476 of the past year. Under Palanushtum, or loss of produce, there appears a sum of Rupees 1,990, being the remission granted in the talook of Kudlighi in consideration of dry crops being raised on wet lands owing to deficient supply in the tanks irrigating them. The Cowle remissions exhibit a decrease of Rupees 8,208 in this Fusly, as compared with the preceding Fusly, owing to the expiry of the Cowle. Under the head of Teerva Cummee, a remission of Rupees 1,279 was allowed mostly in the Hospett talook during the year under report, as the lands on which the same was allowed, though classed as wet, have been, for some years past, irrigated by wells constructed by private individuals, and derived no advantage from the channels under which they are situated. This was brought to my notice only during the settlement of the past year, and I have thought it proper to allow them the remission.
- Fixed Remissions.—There is a trifling increase under the head of "Dasavandam," and a trifling decrease under the head of "Kuttoogootta."
- ITEMS ALLOWED ON THE ENTIRE BERIZ OF VILLAGES.—Under the head "Items allowed on the entire Beriz of villages," there is a decrease of Rupees 102, being the net result of an increase of 32 Rupees, and of a decrease of Rupees 134. The decrease occurs chiefly under "Shrotriem proceeds," owing to a Shrotriem village having been enfranchised by the Inam Commissioner.
- STATEMENT No. 5, MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.—The Miscellaneous Items amount to Rupees 2.51.334, showing a decrease of Rupees 5,996 below the amount of the past year, being the net result from a gross decrease of 16,216 Rupees in some items, against a gross increase of Rupees 10,220 in others.
  - The decrease occurs chiefly in the items noted in the margin. The decrease of Rupees

No. 1. Jody on Service Inams.

7. Concealed cultivation.

7. Concealed chinyation.
12. Grazing tax.
13. Rent of gardens and topes.
14. Collections from Village S

,, 16. Collections from Village Service Inams for offices

,, 81. Rent on fruit trees. Revenue fines

,, 43. ,, 46. Water tax on Zemindary, Inam, &c., lands.

,, 51. Other Items.

1,040 under Village Service Inams is to be ascribed to many Inams having reverted to Government. The large decrease of Rupees 6,655 under Nos. 12 and 13 and 31 is explained by the state of the season in the earlier period of the year under report. The falling off of Rupees 1,473 under No. 16 is owing to a diminution in the extent of service Inams kept under sus-

pension, and to the transfer of Rupees 1,250 to its proper heading item No. 8. There is a decrease of Rupees 1,069 under Revenue fines. The decrease under No. 46 of Rupees 2,577, is owing to the later rains preventing a second crop being raised upon Inam lands situated under Government Irrigation works. The decrease under No. 51 is due to there being less sales, in the year under report, of unclaimed ground and buildings, than in the past year.

- No. 6. Land cultivated, but not included in the Jummah-
- bundy.

  8. Cultivation of unclaimed Inams.
- 14. Insm Tuffareek.
- ,, 15. Revenue from reverted Inams.
- 32. The increase occurs mainly in the items noted in the margin, and requires no explanation.
- There are no Zemindaries or Moottahe in this District; so statement No. 6 contains only the enfranchised Inam villages, the current and arrears demand of which aggregate Rupees 30,442. Of this sum, the collections within the Fusly amount to Rupees 23,109, leaving a balance of Rupees 7,333; Rupees 3,773 have been since collected, which reduced the balance to Rupees 3,560. There is an increase of Rupees 174 in the demand under this head owing to one more village having been enfranchised in the year under review.

34. Demand from all sources of Revenue (Statement No. 7).—The following abstract exhibits the current demand of all the revenue of Fusly 1276, as contrasted with the revenue of Fusly 1275.

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Jodi on Shrotriems	25,867 20,23,899 2,52,765	26,061 21,01,418 2,47,273	RS. 194 77,519	88.  5,492
	23,02,531	23,74,752	72,221	•••
Abkarry	5,04,158 5,705 12,423  1,49,222	9,02,519 40 10,743 10,397 1,53,599	3,98,361  10,397 4,377	5,665 1,680
Total	6,71,508	10,77,298	4,05,790	•••
Grand Total	29,74,039	34,52,050	4,78,011	

- 35. The aggregate demand from all sources of revenue amounts to Rupees 34,52,050, being a net increase of Rupees 478-0-11 on the beriz of the past Fusly. The increase chiefly occurs in the Abkarry, as will be explained hereafter.
- 36. Land Revenue Demand.—The total demand under this head is Rupees 23,74,752, or Rupees 72,221 more than the beriz of the past Fusly. This increase, as has already been stated, is chiefly ascribable to the favourable character of the north-east monsoon, which favoured Nunja and the superior dry lands.
- 37. ABKARRY.—The Abkarry demand of the year under report is Rupees 9,02,520, against Rupees 5,04,158 of the past Fusly, showing an increase of near four lacs of Rupees. This increase is attributable to an excessive competition at the time the farms were sold.
  - 38. Revenue from earth salt.—This item exhibits a decrease of Rupees 1,681 in the year under review. This is to be ascribed to the extremely adverse state of the season in the earlier months, which prevented manufacture and caused heavy losses of cattle.
    - 39. Income-tax.—The falling off of the demand under this head needs no explanation.
  - 40. STAMPS.—The revenue from this source exhibits an increase of Rupees 4,378, being mainly the result of the introduction of the recent Stamp Act (XXVI of 1867.)
  - 41. LICENSE-TAX.—The revenue derived from this source up to the close of the Fusly under report is 10,400 Rupees. Fuller collections were made in the subsequent months.

<b>42</b> .	COLLECTIO	NS FROM AL	L SOURCES OF	REVENUE	.—Subjoined	is a	n Abstract Statement of
the Curre	nt Demand.	Collection,	and Balance	of all the	revenues for	the l	Fusly under report:—

Items.	Current demand.	Collection within Fusly.	Balance.	Collection up to September 1867.	Balance.
Jodi on Shrotriem villages Ryotwar	RS. 26,061 21,01,419 2,47,272	RS. 19,618 18,48,324 1,58,280	RS. 6,443 2,53,095 88,992	RS. 3,676 1,66,203 47,748	RS. 2,767 86,892 41,244
	23,74,752	20,26,222	3,48,530	2,17,627	1,30,903
Abkarry	9,02,519 40 10,397 10,743 1,53,599	5,07,340 40 10,397 7,117 1,53,599	3,95,179	1,54,388*	2,40,791  1,709
	10,77,298	6,78,493	3,98,805	1,56,305	2,42,500
Grand Total	34,52,050	27,04,715	7,47,335	3,73,932	3,73,403

- 43. Out of the aggregate demand of Rupees 34.52,050, the collections within the Fusty amounted to Rupees 27,04,715, which left a balance of Rupees 7,47,335. Of this balance the collections up to September last amounted to Rupees 3,73,932, leaving at the end of that month Rupees 3,73,403, or about eleven per cent. of the demand to be collected.
- 44. LAND REVENUE COLLECTIONS.—Out of the aggregate demand of Rupees 23,74,752 under the head of Land Revenue, a sum of Rupees 20,26,222, or about eighty-five per cent. of the demand was collected within the Fusly, leaving a balance of Rupees 3,48,530, or fifteen per cent., of the demand. The large balance is chiefly owing to the postponement of the collections in consideration of the adverse character of the earlier part of the season. The collections up to September amount to Rupees 22,43,849, which reduces the balance to 1,30,903, or about 5½ per cent. of the demand. I have instructed the Tahsildars to lose no time in recovering the same.
- 45. ABKARRY.—Of the total demand under this head of Rupees 9,02,519. Rupees 5,07,340 were collected within the Fusly, leaving a balance of Rupees 3,95,179. This large balance is mainly attributable to the inability of the contractors to fulfil their engagements. The competition was carried to an imprudent extent, and the entire absence of demand for liquor during the famine months of July, August, and September rendered the contract a dead loss. The utmost consideration was shown in giving time to the contractors to recover their position, when the season improved; but the overbidding and badness of the season prevented a recovery, and resale became necessary. There will still be a net increase over the beriz of the Fuslies, previous to the last contract. Most of the farms have been resold during the current Fusly, at the loss and risk, such as it is, of the defaulters. Only two contractors I had reason to suspect to be guilty of fraudulent conveyance of their property, and withholding of payment of money collected from subrenters. These men have been confined. The loss accruing to Government will shortly be made the subject of a separate report.
- 46. Salt.—About Rupees 3,626, or thirty-four per cent. of the demand under this head remained uncollected within the Fusly; deducting the subsequent collection up to September last, there remains a balance of Rupees 1,709, or sixteen per cent.
- 47. The annexed Abstract Statement B. gives the actual collections of the year both current and arrears in comparison with Fusly 1275.

<sup>\*</sup> N. B.—Rupees 34,141 of this sum is the amount of remissions granted to the Abkarry Contractors of Anantapur and Alur, (vide Board's Proceedings, dated 15th June 1867, No. 3,686, and 16th September 1867, No. 5,928.) This sum it will be seen is that portion of the remissions in question, as appertain to Fusly 1276 only.

#### Comparative Abstract of Collections.

	F	USLY 1275	•	F	Usry 1276	3.		Be.	rks.
Items.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease	Remarks
Land Revenue	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	rs.	
Permanently settled Jodi on Shrotriem, &c.,			•••••	•••••		•••••		. •••	
villages Ryotwar Miscellaneous	3,531	21,610 18,52,267	25,141 19,43,642			23,109 19,46,517		2,032 	
Items	53,162	1,79,990	2,33,152	35,270	1,58,280	1,93,550		39,602	
Total .	1,48,068	20,53,867	22,01,935	1,36,954	20,26,222	21,63,176	2,875	41,634	
Abkarry Income-tax	11,032	4,54,194 5,661	5,05,200 16,693	44,549 2	40		46,689	16,651	De- crease.
License-tax  Salt  Stamps	2,573		12,602 1,49,221		7,117	10,397 8,251 1,53,599	·	4,351	
Grand Total	2,12,679	26,72,972	28,85,651	1,82,639	27,04,715	28.87,354	64,339	<b>62</b> ,636	
Net Increase			••••			•••••	1,703	•••	

It will be seen from the above that the entire collections, both arrears and current, as compared with those of the past year, exhibit an increase of Rupees 1,703, resulting from a gross increase of Rupees 64,339 in some items, against a gross decrease of Rupees 62,636 in others.

- 48. The net decrease in the Land Revenue collections (both current and arrears) amount to Rupees 38,759. The decrease is chiefly in the Miscellaneous items, and is mainly attributable to the postponement of the collections.
- 49. The Abkarry collections exhibit an increase of Rupees 46,689, owing to the increase in the demand of the present Fusly.
  - 50. The falling off in the Income-tax collections requires no remark.
- 51. The decrease in Salt is attributable partly to the decrease in the demand and partly to the postponement of the collection.
  - 52. STAMPS.—The increase in the Stamp collection has already been explained.
- 53. ARREARS, STATEMENT No. 8.—The arrears of previous Fuslies amounted to Rs. 3,40,809 at the beginning of the Fusly under report. Deducting from this sum Rupees 1,96,365, being the collections and remission made within the Fusly, there remains a balance of Rupees 1,44,444 at the end of the Fusly. This has been since reduced by collections up to the end of September to
  - \* Minus 4 Rupees since collected.

Rupees 1,08,234. The sum of Rs. 15,979-3-10\* recommended by the Board to be allowed to be written off with reference to report of Fusly

1275, and the amount of Rupees 24,504 now recommended for remission, will reduce the balance to Rupees 1,08,234 as already stated.

- 54. I have issued strict orders to the Tahsildars to lose no time in realizing the same, or when they see reason to do so, to recommend for remission. They think that it is very necessary to allow the defaulters the indulgence of a further postponement, to enable them thoroughly to recover from the depression, to which they had been reduced by the late distress.
- 55. IRRECOVERABLE BALANCE.—The subjoined Statement will explain the causes under which the amount of Rupees 24,504, alluded to in the preceding paragraph, is considered after careful inquiry to be irrecoverable. The following abstract shows the details of irrecoverable arrears under the heads of Ryotwar and Miscellaneous, amounting in the aggregate to Rupees 24,503-15-8:—



	H.P.	· :	46	<b>Ø</b>	00	40	-	1 05	1 00
<b>.</b>	.69		4-11	11	0 8	40	12	æ	8
Total.	53	:	57 53	872 ]	109	88 2	28 ]	35	9
	BS.	;	57 5,553	òò	ĭ		• • •	6,692	24,146
d. f	F. 69	:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	.0	· :	:	0	6
Amount in the posses-sion of Reddies deceased.	A. 7			13 12	က	: :	:	15	9
Ar in Po Bic Re- dec	P. Bs. 8 23	:	: :	13	:0	::	:	13	37
By striking of fictitions tions entries of lands in Ryotwar Puttahs,		:	0 7	0	::	4:	6	11	7
By striking off ficti-tious entries of lands in Ryotwar Puttahs,	. A. 2 10		35 9 10 11	59 11		68 14	20 12	6 9	8
	P. RS.	:	8.1					81195	8228
Jodi on Poyimal- lee relin- quished lands, &c.	A. F					: :	:		
Jod Joyii Pe r guis ande		:	21 11 0 228 15	:	: ;	<b>:</b> :	:	0250 10	0250 10
	P. R.B.	:	0:	<u>:</u>		· · ·	$\stackrel{\cdot}{=}$	0	0
On secount of Jodi.	<b>∀</b> ::	:	4,819 3	:	: :	::	:	က	က
On Account of Jodi.	BBS.	:		:	::			4,819	4,819
				: —ా <sub>ణ</sub> –		<del> </del>	<u>:</u>		
<b>ن</b>	-	:	: :	4	•		•	3	1
Shavi.	. •	:	::		: :	::	:	4	7
<b>2</b> 2	RS.	:	: :	789	: :	: :	:	789	13,223
	17	ļ				• •	•		13,
Land sub- merged	70.	:	: :	:	<b>:</b> :	:	÷		02
	습니		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Charges of waste rhich wa subse- quently ordered to be				:			:		2 1
Charges of waste which was quently ordered to be remitted.				:	: : : :	<b>:</b> :	:		625 12
	P. RS. 5 625	<u>;                                   </u>		<u>;</u>				10	29
Double entries by boundary disputes.	A.	:		:	: : : :		0	0	1
Deent: bou	P. RS. 9 199	:	: :	:	::		<b>∞</b>	œ	207
nt no-	•	:	9	:	: :	::	:	9	က
By indigent circum- stances.	< 1	:	363 1	i	: :	::	i	1	8
in et.	ES.	:	38:	:	<b>: :</b>	: :	:	363	206
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4.0	:	:0	22	::-	:0	<del>-</del> :	120	3 22,706
By srtion	A. 15	:	က	0	: : · : i	:0	:	က	1
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	P. BB. 81,081		:0			·			81,165
By death.	A. F	:	0 6	:	0 : 0 :	<b>:</b> :	:	0	ł
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<u>Á</u>	BB.	•	. 9	:	109	: :	:	169	462
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Description.		Jodi	dry II	nch	ot . Lfric	for office fines	∑ :		Total
ıcri	, i	em	suna sons vice	um.	zing s res n Ts	uge n fa nt enue	nda , &		
Dea	Ryotwar	otri	odionsundry'Inams 1. Personal Service 6. Land cultivated	but not included in the Jummahbundy.	Grazing tax or grass rent	Village Inam fo vacant Revenue	Zemindary Inam lands, &c		
	Ryo	Shrotriem Jodi	Jodion sundry Inams 1. Personal Service 6. Land cultivated	و جو	12. Grazing taa grass rent 14. Inam Tafrick 16. Collections	Village Service Inam for offices vacant 43. Revenue fines 46. Water tax on	2 2		
<del></del>	<u> </u>		. 2			. 44			

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<b>.</b> :	<b>4.</b> 13 0 0	2	11 1	<i>8</i>	8
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	BS. 37 320	6 9 24,503 15	23,802 11 10	371 261 31 31 36 31 36	7
+ srd	<u> </u>	6	<u>  ~</u>	000:::	5
Amount in the posses- sion of Reddies				9 8 9 14 2 0 13 12 0	9
	P. B.S. A. P.	37	:	9 14 113 113 113	37
By striking off ficti- tious entries of lands in Ryotwar Puttahs,	. O :	7	6 9	79 0 1 92 2 9 5 8 0	10
By striking off ficti- tious entries of lands in Ryotwar Puttahs,	88. A. P. 37 13 0	9		79 0 1 92 2 9 5 8 0	3.10
	P. BS.	025010 8616 1 7	0238 15 4 439		11 11 4 176 10 10 37
Jodi on Poyimal-lee relin- quished lands, &c.	38. A. P.	9	15	9 12 0	
Jodi on Poyimal ee relin- quished ands, &c	20	50	38	-60 H	==
of 1/2	P. B.B.	18	10	<u> </u>	•
On ount (	S. A. P. BS. A. P. BS. A. P. 37 13 0	က	က		
Jodi on On Poyimal- secount of lee relin- quished lands, &c.	88 : :	14,819 3	14,819		:
	<u> </u>	4.	14.	<u> </u>	<u>                                     </u>
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Shavi.		( e5	ł		:
<b>∞</b>	B.B.	13,223	13,223		:
T P		1 77		1	
Land sub- merged	88 : :	2	2		:
	<b>▶.</b> P.	2 1	2 1		
Charges of waste which was subse- quently ordered to be remitted.	88. A. P.	5 15	5 13		
	1 0	7 5 625 12	5 625 12		
Double ntries b oundar		7	7	0	0
Double entries by boundary disputes.	P. BS. A. P. BS.	3207	7 203	4 0 0	4
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By indigent circum- stances.	 6	22,713	518	124 14 44 0  25 7	194
	<u>4</u> :0	1 2,	92,518 14	000::0	2
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By desertions.	RS.	146		124 73 9	
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٠ .	ах	Grand total		· · · · ·	
Descríption.		nd 1	:		
crip	-tax	Gra	275	1274 1273 1272 1271 1270 1269	
Des	Income-tax		Fusly 1275		
	Income Salt		Fus		
	·				

56. Corrected process.—The extent to which coercive measures were employed in the collection of the revenue during the year under report is shown in Enclosure A, in Statement No. 8, of which the subjoined is an abstract:—

	Proc	ess Issui	D.	Estimated	PROPERTY SOLD.		
Divisions.	No. of villages.	No. of Ryots.	Amount of arrears.	value of property attached.	Estimated value.	Sale proceeds.	
Principal Division Sub-Division	67 20	179 31	4,789 416	4,110 332	447 250	448 276	
Total	87	210	5,205	4,442	697	724	

Though there has been some increase in the number of processes issued during the year, it will be seen that the value of the property sold was slightly less than the amount so realized in the previous year. It will be seen that it was only found necessary to sell about one-tenth of the property attached in the Principal Division.

- 57. Statement No. 9 exhibits the gross collection and charges of the District during the year under review. The charges bear to the collection a ratio of nine per cent. The increase of Rupees 5,961 under the head of salary of Gazetted Officers, is attributable to the fact of the salaries of both Messrs. Foster and Lilly having been drawn as Head Assistants.
- 58. The increase of Rupees 1,456 under the head of tent and house-rent allowance is to be ascribed to the same circumstance.
- 59. The increase in the charges of Talook and Huzoor establishment is ewing to the increase of salaries of Talook Scrishtadars and Revenue Inspectors, &c., as well as to the temporary increase of Rupees 2 and 3 granted to servants drawing 15 Rupees and under, in consideration of the late severe distress, (vide Order 14th September and 31st October 1866, Nos. 2,475 and 1,721.)
- 60. The increase of Rupees 246 under Medical charges is attributable to the circumstance that a full Apothecary did duty for some months.
- 61. The increase under the remaining heads of charge is accounted for by the increase in the prices of articles in the Fusly under review.
- 62. The following Abstract Statement exhibits the extent of landed property possessed and acquired by Public Servants in the District during Fusly 1276:—

	No. of Public servants.	Extent.	Assessment,
As per Fusly 1275 Relinquished in do	190	10,966	12,194 19
Newly acquired in Fusly 1276	189 13	10,957 212	12,175 527
Total	202	11,169	12,702

TALOOK AND VILLAGE ACCOUNTS.—The Talook and Village Accounts were, as usual, examined during the Settlement, and were found generally satisfactorily kept. Some instances of carelessness were detected, and the parties concerned were punished with fines.

A to F.
63. The Statements noted in the margin are the prescribed Quinquennial Returns, prepared in accordance with Board's instructions contained in their Circular Memorandum, dated 1st November 1866, No. 1,097.

Statement A exhibits the number of villages and hamlets in each talook, classed under their respective tenures. It will be seen from Column 2 of the Statement, that the area of the District shows an increase of 145 square miles over its area as entered in the similar Return for Fusly 1271. This is attributable to the inclusion in the present Return of the twenty-eight villages of Sondoor in the now newly opened column of Mootahs and Polliems, &c.

Subjoined is a Comparative Statement showing the variations in the number of villages of each description, entered in the present Return, as compared with the similar Return of Fusly 1271:—

	Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Ryotwar	62	2,075 176 290 28	114 290	403
Total	2,568	2,569	1	•••••
Total hamlets	1,585	1,587	2	

It will be seen from the above that there is a net increase of one village and two hamlets. The former is an uninhabited village which had been inadvertently omitted in the Return for Fusly 1271. The two hamlets belong to the jahire of Sondoor. The decrease in the number of Ryotwari villages is ascribable to the transfer of certain Hissa Shrotriems to the head of Shrotriems and Inams, consequent upon their enfranchisement by the Inam Commissioner; and secondly, to the transfer of several uninhabited villages, formerly included under Ryotwar, to the head, now opened, of "uninhabited villages."

64. Statement B shows the Circar ayacut, cultivation, and waste, in the District, in the Fusly under report.

The following abstract exhibits the results of a comparison of the Ayacut, Circar, and Inam. of Fuslies 1271 and 1276:—

	Fusly	1271.	Fusly	1276.	Incr	EASE.	DECREASE.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
Circar Inam		RS. 31,51,197 11,51,859	48,76,423 14,29,279	88. 30,01,233 11,95,025	1,31,047	RS. 43,166	1,22,294	R8. 1,49,964

65. The decrease in the Circar Ayacut by acres 1,22,294, is owing mainly to the transfer of enfranchised Hissa Shrotriem villages to the head of Shrotriem proper.

66. The decrease in the assessment of the Ayacut is mainly attributable to the reduction of assessment, namely, Rupees 1,06,000 in round numbers, on well lands, sanctioned by Government in their Order, dated 6th April 1864, No. 581.

The annexed abstract is a Comparative Statement of the extent of cultivation and waste of Fusiles 1271 and 1276:—

	Fusly	1271.	Fust	r 1276.	Inci	BEASE.	Decrease.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
tivation	22,7 <b>6,7</b> 85 27,21,932	RS. 19,66,918 11,84,279	23,75,886 25,00,537	20,82,800 9,18,433	99,101	RS. 1,15,882		RS. 2,65,846

The above Statement exhibits an increase of 99,101 acres in the area of cultivation, and of Rupees 1,15,882 in the assessment. This is doubtless due to the improved circumstances of the people. Nevertheless the proportion of waste to the cultivated area is very large. The waste is largest in the Kudlighi talook, (being in the ratio of three to one,) which has the poorest soil, and comparatively smallest population in the District.

67. The subjoined Statement gives the results of a comparison of the different sources of irrigation of Fuslies 1271 and 1276:—

	Fusly 1271.				Fusly 1276.				Increase.				DECREASE.			
-	Government.	Private.	Dasavandum.	Total.	Government.	Private.	Dassvandum.	Total,	Government.	Private.	Dasavandum.	Total.	Government.	Private.	Dassvandum.	Total.
Tanks	284 9,856	108 12 364 18 3,284 8,785	162 4 5 1 262	1,118 264 1,463 248 13,402 8,785	260 1,071 145 9,565	182 21 424 11 4,498 5,470	144 4 5 1 250	1,172 285 1,500 157 14,308 5,470	12  	79 9 60  1,209 1,685	•••	79 21 60  1,209 1,685	23 89 291	 2 	18   12	25  28 91 808 

The decrease in the Government, and the increase in the private tanks, is attributable mainly to the transfer of enfranchised Hissa Shrotriems to the head of "Shrotriems and Inams."

- 68. The diminution in the number of anicuts is to be ascribed to the exclusion from the present return of temporary dams constructed by ryots across small streams and rivulets.
- 69. The increase in the number of old private, and decrease in the Government wells, is also attributable to the transfer of Hissa Shrotriems to the head of Shrotriem proper, and to the transfer of old ruined Government wells to parties for restoration.

The increase of forty-five per cent. in five years in the number of new wells, is a proof of the readiness of the ryots to invest their capital in agriculture.

70. Statement D. contains the particulars of houses and population as per last census. The census as directed by Government was taken on the 1st March last. The correctness of the returns was tested by my Assistants, Messrs. Buick and McCarthy, and the Tahsildars and myself. The variations detected were generally not such as to affect materially the general correctness of the returns.

71. Subjoined is a comparison of this return with the similar return of Fusly 1271:—

	Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.	Percentage
Houses	2,93,197	3,04,494	RS. 11,297	RS.	RS. 4
Population	12,34,674	13,04,998	70,324	•••••	6
Hindus	11,43,297 87,703 3,674	12,09,717 92,394 2,887	66,420 4,691	787	6 5 21
Total	12,34,674	13,04,998	70,324		6
Male	6,47,675 5,86,999	6,80,698 6,24,300	33,023 37,301	••••••	5 6
Total	12,34,674	13,04,998	70,324	•••••	6
Agricultural	8,78,906 3,55,768	9,42,712 3,62,28 6	63,806 6,518		7 2

The above result shows an increase of 70,324, or six per cent. over the census of the 71st Fusly. Distributing the above population among the total number of houses, there results an average of about 4½ per house.

The females are to males, per last census, as ninty-one per cent. It must be noticed that there is no colonial emigration, foreign service, or similar circumstances, to reduce the preponderating number of the male population to an equality with the female proportion; that females are subject to casualties in child birth, and from their domestic habits, fetching water from wells, are more liable to accidents from drowning; consequently it is not extraordinary that the male sex should exhibit a majority not exceeding four per cent. of their birth rate.

The agricultural population has increased by 63,806.

From the annexed Comparative Statement showing the numerical strength of Ryots, Puttas, &c., of Fuslies 1271 and 1276, it will be perceived that there is a steady increase in the number of ryots in spite of several adverse circumstances. There is a small general decrease of one-third per cent. in the agricultural stock, attributable to the great loss sustained by the drought of last year. The buffaloes tended for their milk, and sheep less dependent on water, and more able to forage for themselves, exhibit an increase:—

	Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.	Percentage.
Ryots {Mirasidars	1,05,358 22,500	2,91,408 34,512	1,86,050 12,012	••••••	177 53
	1,27,858	3,25,920	1,98,062	• • • • • • •	155
Puttas {Single	1,18,716 5,352	1,28,828 5,808	10,112 456	•••••	8 8
	1,24,068	1,34,636	10,568	••••••	8
Ploughs Tilling cattle Cows She Buffaloes Sheep	1,29,813 2,69,096 1,46,191 80,392 4,41,606	1,30,357 2,68,126 1,45,063 82,443 4,66,160	544  2,051 24,554	970 1,128	1 2 5

The following is a comparison of the rent rolls of Fuslies 1271 and 1276.

Ryots paying upwards of 1,000. 2 2,892 1 2,157 1  Do. from 500 to 1,000 18 11,847 23 14,411 5 2,514  Do. 250 to 500. 175 57,277 189 60,039 14 2,762  Do. 100 to 250. 1,902 2,71,375 1,997 2,80,942 95 9,567  Do. 50 to 100. 6,388 4,41,390 6,369 4,26,694 19  Do. 30 to 50. 10,485 4,14,409 10,527 3,95,579 42 19  Do. 10 to 30. 37,602 6,77,889 39,960 6,89,463 2,358 11,574  Do. under 10. 67,496 3,05,579 75,570 3,55,120 8,074 49,541		Fusly	1271.	Fusly	1276.	Incr	EASE.	Dı	DECREASE.		
Ryots paying up- wards of 1,000 Do. from 500 to 1,000 18 11,847 23 14,411 5 2,514 Do. 250 to 500. 175 57,277 189 60,039 14 2,762 Do. 100 to 250. 1,902 2,71,375 1,997 2,80,942 95 9,567 Do. 50 to 100. 6,388 4,41,390 6,369 4,26,694 19 Do. 30 to 50. 10,485 4,14,409 10,527 3,95,579 42 19 Do. 10 to 30. 37,602 6,77,889 39,960 6,89,463 2,358 11,574 Do. under 10. 67,496 3,05,579 75,570 3,55,120 8,074 49,541		Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	No.	Amount		
wards of 1,000.       2       2,892       1       2,157        1         Do. from 500       to 1,000       18       11,847       23       14,411       5       2,514          Do. 250 to 500.       175       57,277       189       60,039       14       2,762          Do. 100 to 250.       1,902       2,71,375       1,997       2,80,942       95       9,567          Do. 50 to 100.       6,388       4,41,390       6,369       4,26,694         19         Do. 30 to 50.       10,485       4,14,409       10,527       3,95,579       42            Do. 10 to 30.       37,602       6,77,889       39,960       6,89,463       2,358       11,574          Do. under 10.       67,496       3,05,579       75,570       3,55,120       8,074       49,541			RS.		RS.		RS.		RS.		
to 1,000	wards of 1,000.		2,892	1	2,157	•••••		1	735		
Do. 100 to 250.       1,902       2,71,375       1,997       2,80,942       95       9,567          Do. 50 to 100.       6,388       4,41,390       6,369       4,26,694        19         Do. 30 to 50.       10,485       4,14,409       10,527       3,95,579       42           Do. 10 to 30.       37,602       6,77,889       39,960       6,89,463       2,358       11,574          Do. under 10.       67,496       3,05,579       75,570       3,55,120       8,074       49,541	to 1,000	18	11,847			5	2,514				
Do. 30 to 50. 10,485  4,14,409  10,527  3,95,579  42    1	Do. 100 to 250.	1,902	<b>2</b> ,71,375	1,997	2,80,942				•••••		
Do. under 10. 67,496 3,05,579 75,570 3,55,120 8,074 49,541	Do. 30 to 50.	10,485	4,14,409	10,527	3,95,579			1	14,696 18,830		
1,24,068 21,82,658 1,34,636 22,24,405 10.588 75,958 20								1			
		1,24,068	21,82,658	1,34,636	22,24,405	10,588	75,958	20	34,261		
10,568 41,797		!!		l	<u> </u>	10,568	41,797	1-	·		

The above gives a net increase of 10,568 in the number of ryots, and of Rupees 41,797 in the assessment.

OPINION REGARDING PUBLIC SERVANTS.—The very adverse character of the first part of last Fusly was, for the time, a source of much depressing anxiety, and the measures taken in relief threw a considerable augmentation of work on the District Officers, for the cheerful performance of which I have to record my obligation.

N. B.—The Sub-Collector's Settlement Report is also enclosed.

(Signed) A. WEDDERBURN,

7th October 1867,

Collector.



# SUB-COLLECTORATE.

- 1. I have the honour to forward the Jummahbundy Report of the Sub-division of this District for Fusly 1276 (1866-67.)
- 2. The Settlement of the five talooks of Sub-division was conducted by you, and that of Harpanally, Huvinhadgali, Kudlighi, Adoni, and Raidrug was conducted by me.
- 3. The following Statement No. 1 shows the stations where Jummahbundy was conducted, the dates on which the settlement was commenced and ended, and the number of villages and number of puttas distributed, &c.

Officer's name who conducted Jummah-bundy.	Talooks.	Num- ber of vil- lages.	Number of puttas.	Num- ber of days occu- pied.	Places where Jummah- bundy was conducted.  Date of commence- ment and completion of Settlement.
A. Wedderburn, Esq., Collector of Bellary.	Anantapur  Dhurmaveram  Penkondah  Hindupur  Madacsirah	109 185 90 80 145 609	7,698 8,354 6,715 7,188 6,340 36,295	11 { 6 7 { 9 { 740	1. Anantapur

There has been change in the number of villages. There were 37,324 puttas in Fusly 1275, thus showing the decrease in the year under report of 1,029.

The difference in the number of puttas in each talook is as follows:-

Anantapur	•••	•••	410	Decrease.
Dhurmaveram	•••	•••	42	Increase.
Penkondah	•••	•••	19	Decrease.
Hindupur	•••	•••	2	Increase.
Madacsirah			644	Decrease.

Hence the decrease arises in Anantapur and Madacsirah talooks, and even in those talooks the decrease is small.

The season began very badly: rain did not fall till late, so that there was a large falling off in the cultivation.

5. Cholera prevailed in all the talooks; the Statement below gives the statistics for cholera:-

		Number	PARTIC		Number
Talooks.	Months in which it prevailed.	attacked.	Recovered.	Died.	of villages.
Dhurmaveram Penkondah	July, August, September, October, and November	3,452 963 1,314 941 2,175	1,384 268 317 80 228	2,068 695 997 861 1,947	106 23 47 33 68
	Total	8,845	2,277	6,568	277

This shows a great increase over Fusly 1275 in the number of people attacked, and the proportion of the number who died to those who were attacked. The large number of deaths compared with the number of those attacked with cholera must be attributed to the previous unhealthy condition of the people, arising from want of water and scarcity of food.

6. Fever prevailed in all the talooks very terribly. The Statement below shows the result:

m 1 1	Y	Number	PARTICULARS.		
Talooks.	Months.	attacked.	Died.		
Dhurmaveram Penkondah Hindupur	From July 1866, to June 1867  Do. September 1866, to March 1867.  Do. July 1866, to June 1867  Do. do. do  April and May 1867	844 824 235 531 46	377 522 3 76	467 302 232 455 46	
	Total .	2,480	978	1,502	

7. The following Statement shows the number of cattle attacked with disease (Moosaragadiem); the disease prevailed in all the talooks except Hindupur.

Talooks.						Number	Number		Dı			
	Tal	ooks.				of villages.	attacked.		Cattle of ryots.	I UIT.DEPS I		
Anantapur Dhurmavera Penkondah Hindupur Madacsirah		•••	•••	•••	•••	74 50 8  2	3,945 3,462 251  404	1,870  7 	1,281 845 84  202	794 2,617 160  202	2,075 3,462 244  404	
				Tota	.l	134	8,062	1,877	2,412	3,773	6,185	

In Fusly 1275, 576 died; the serious mortality in Fusly 1276 among cattle, is due to the scarcity of both water and pasture.



8. The prices of grain in the Fusly under report, as compared with those in the previous Fuslies, is given below:—

Grains	In Fusly 1275, per		Comparison.		Increase per					
urams			garce.		Increase. Decrease.		cent.			
Paddy {First sort Second sort Cholum Sujjalu Horse-gram Raggy	 •••	•••	217 196 318 302 351 296	329 296 441 376 486 420	112 100 123 74 135 124	   	RS. A. P. 51 10 9 51 0 4 38 10 10 24 8 0 38 7 4 41 14 3			

The causes of the rise of prices of grains are too well known to require any remark here.

9. The Statement below shows increase and decrease in the ryots' holdings.

	D	RY.	V	Vet.	Total.			
Fuslies.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.		
1275 1276	5,56,035 5,04,761	1,49,381 1,36,449	89,704 89,753	3,39,697 3,39,151	6,45,739 5,94,514	4,89,078 4,75,600		
Net Decrease	) '	12,932	49	546	51,225 	13,478		
Actual Increase Actual Decrease	81,259 1,32,533	21,898 34,830	3,266 3,217	11,829 12,375	84,525 1,35,750	33,727 47,205		

The rain came very late in the year, and many ryots left their villages: many died, and many relinquished their lands from inability to cultivate them.

10. The following Statement shows the increase and decrease in the cultivation, in the Fusly under report:—

	Fusly	1275.	Fusly	1276.	Comparison.					
Items.	Acres. Assessment			<b>A</b>	Increase.		Decrease.			
			Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.		
Dry	5,46,575	1,45,718	4,11,727	1,12,667		•••	1,34,848	33,051		
Under Tanks  Nullahs  Wells	57,212 17,949 19,315	2,94,893 85,648 23,230			•••	1,795  3,544	1,120 	5,076		
Total	94,476	4,03,771	94,249	4,04,034	•••	263	227			
Grand Total	6,41,051	5,49,489	5,05,976	5,16,701	•••	•••	1,35,075	32,788		

The decrease in cultivation occurs almost entirely under dry land: the causes are the same as those of the decrease in holdings.

11. The Statement below shows the amount of waste charged:-

							Comparison.		
	Items.					Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Ryots' lands Apanam lands		•••	•••	•••	•••	26,792 5,894	3,211 1,000		23,581 4,894
	Total	•••	•••	•••	•••	32,686	4,211	•••	28,475

The large decrease in waste charged is due to the sanction given to grant remissions on dry lands; and this consequently cause an increase in the amount of remission given.

12. The following Statement shows the remissions granted in the year under report:—

	_					Сомр	APISON.
	Items.			Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase	Decrease.
Dry		•••	•••	724	21,039	20,315	•••
	Wet. Under tanks Do. nullahs Do. wells	•••	•••	13,058 1,556 138	9,975 1,887 433	331 295	3,083 
	Total	•••		14,752	12,275	•••	2,457
	Grand Total	•••	•••	15,476	33,334	17,858	
Waste.	Withered crops Cowle remissions Dasavandum Shrotriem Kuttubady Kuttoorgutta and Inam Salaries of Reddy and Curnums	•••	· · ·	5,667 7 907 911 463 75	63 24 904 822 467 75	17 4	5,604  89 
	Total	•••		8,030	2,355	•••	5,675
1	Grand Total	•••	•••	23,506	35,689	12,183	

13. The Statement below shows the increase and decrease of the lands held in Cowle tenure:—

	Fusly 1275.		Fusly	1276.	Comparison.						
Items.		A		1	Inc	rease.	Decrease.				
	Acres.	Assess- ment,	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.			
107.4	8	ïı	50 3	25 13	50	25 2	•••				
Total	3	11	53	38	50	27	•••	•••			

It is not at present certain whether the whole amount of balance under Abkarry will be recovered. I am afraid it will be impossible to collect the whole amount.

20. The Demand, Collection, and Balance of arrears is given below:—

	Balance	Ог wн	CH COLLEC	TED.	BALANCE.				
Items.	outstanding at com- mencement, Fusly 1276.	In this Fusly, in- cluding written off.	Subsequently.	Total.	Recover- able.	Irre- coverable.	Total.		
Land Revenue Extra do	1 00 710	RS. 28,122 10,381	Rs. 56 150	RS. 28,178 10,531	RS. 4,918 5,256	RS. 2,580 10,932	RS. 7,498 16,188		
	62,395	38,503	206	38,709	10,174	13,512	23,686		
Sundry Sources	9,728	9,185		9,185	543		543		
	72,123	47,688	206	47,894	10,717	13,512	24,229		

The details of irrecoverable balances are given below:-

Fuslies	Talooks.		Land R	ever	nue.		levenue aneous.	Sundry Sources.	Tot	al.	
Fusly 1271.	Anantapur		RS. 18 2 4	A. 2 4 6	Р. 6 0	RS. 	A. P.	RS. A. P.	Rs. 18 2 4	A. 2 4 6	. 0
Ä	T	otal	24	12	6		•••		24	12	6
Fusly 1272.	Anantapur		33 2 3 2	4 4 11 6	9 0 0	•••			33 2 3 2	4 11 6	0
F4	To	otal	41	9	9	•••	•••	ļ	41	9	9
Fuely 1273.	Anantapur Penkondah Hindupur Madacserah		14 2 19 2	4 4 5 4	0 0 0 0	37 	i 0		14 39 19 2	4 5 5 4	0 0 0
<u>H</u>	To	tal	38	1	0	37	1 0		75	<b>2</b>	0
, 127	Anantapur Dhurmaveram Penkondah Hindupur Madacserah	tal	89 189 864 774 57	3 11 8 1	$0 \\ 11 \\ 3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \hline 2$	2.015 3,152 1,001 817 533 7,519			2,104 3,341 1,865 1,591 590	15 14 —	0 6 9 0 8
		- Land			<u>—</u> [						
275.	Anantapur		117 3 272	9 15 3 4	0 8 0 0 0	1,377 379 1,017 595	9 0		1,467 496 1,020 3,876	12 14 3	0 8 0 0 8
Fu	To	tal	<b>5</b> 01	2	8	3,375	1 0		3,876	3	8
	Grand To	tal	2,580	4	ļ	10,931	15 9		13,512	3	10

## 22. Of the Rupees 13,512-3-10 there are due by people :-

				RS.	A.	F.
Dead, emigrated, and poor				856	13	10
Disputed boundary				95	9	0
Submerged in bed of tank				831	13	3
Remitted after Jummahbundy on garsh				751	6	0
Jodi on Village Service Inam remitted,			eing			
unable to pay			•••	10,648	11	5
Inam quit-rent charged twice				91	<b>2</b>	0
Inam Nirsaraghi		• • •		46	15	0
Rent on Government plantations, poor				0	8	0
Confiscated Inams entered twice				73	11	4
Sevoy Jama entered also in Ain accoun	ts.	•••	•••	115	10	0
		Tot	al	13,512	3	10

#### 23. Coercive process in collecting Revenue.

Talooks.						Amount of Land Reve- nue due:						Sold by auction.					
Anantapur Penkondah Madacsirah	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	Tota	  al	48 197 171 417	6 4 5 0	0 8 7 3	30 197 103 331	10	8 3	42 137 95 275	13 0 3	9

24. The following Statement shows extent and assessment of land acquired by the servants of Sub-Collector's Office and Tahsildar's Cutcherries:—

		Land ac		prior to ent.	employ-	Land acquired in Fusly 1276 after employment.					
Descriptions.	Number of indi- viduals.	Cir	car.	In	am.	Cia	car.	Inam.			
		Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.		
Sub-Collector's Office. Old servants	1							<b>434</b> 	184		
Total	1		•••					434	184		
Talooks. Old servants	1	132 22	469 50	160 17	266 16	105 	196	•••			
Total	12	154	519	177	282	105	196				
Grand Total	13	154	519	177	282	105	196	434	184		

25. The year has been a very trying one for all; the different officers have had a great deal of extra work, and I am happy to say that I think all my subordinates in this Division are deserving of great credit for the cheerfulness and increased energy with which they got through this extra work.

(Signed) W. S. FOSTER, Acting Sub-Collector.

14. The following is the Statement of Sugarcane, Indigo, and Cotton cultivation:-

	Sugar-	CANE.	Сот	ron.	Indigo.			
Fuslies.	Acres.	\ssessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	\ssessment.		
1275 1276	1,739 1,849	11,564 12,105	12,245 10,440	4,289 3,970	109 28	190 36		
Increase Decrease	110	541	1,805	319	 81	154		

15. The Statement below gives the comparison of the net demands of Fusly 1276 and 1275 under Quitrent and Ryotwar:—

Items.		Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276	Comparison.		
recino.		Fusly 1275. Fusly 1276.		Increase.	Decrease.	
Land Revenue Quitrent on Shrotriem villages		Rs. 5,41,459 10,654	RS. 5,14,346 10,654	RS.	RS. 27,113	
	Total	5,52,113	5,25,000		27,113	

16. The extra sources of revenue are given below, the Fusly under review being compared with previous one:—

Items.		  Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Сомра	ARISON.
Abkarry		RS.	RS.	Increase.	Decrease.
Income-tax		3,011	2,11,109  2,718 33,098	1,15,709  309	 84 293
License	Total	1,31,284	820 2,47,745	820 1,16,461	•••

There is a great increase under Abkarry, but it is doubtful whether it will all be realized; the unfavourable nature of the last year having ruined several of the contractors.

17. The fluctuations of all the sources of revenue are shown below:—

Items.	Fu!y 1275.	F 1078	COMPARISON.		
items.		Fully 1275.	rusiy 1270.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue Do. Miscellaneous		57 101	rs. 5,25,000 58,370	Rs.  879	Rs. 27,113
	Total	6,00,604	5,83,370		26,234
Extra Revenue	••• •••	1,31,284	2,47,745	1,16,461	
	Grand Total	7,40,888	8,31,115	90,227	

This increase is due to the Abkarry, which realized a much higher amount last year than usual.

18. The details of Land Revenue Miscellaneous are given below:—

_	duely 1975	Fusly 1276.	Comparison.		
Items.	rusiy 1270.	rusiy 1270.	Increase.	Decrease.	
1. Rent of Babul Trees	3,788	2,893		895	
2. Old Topes	766	435	*****	331	
3. New plantations	1,443	690	*****	753	
4. Hill farms	•••••		*****	•••	
5. Lukka rent	60	68	8	••••	
6. Land Revenue brought to account after	<b></b>				
Settlement	11,462	19,069	7,607	•••••	
7. Revenue of lands conceded by Curnums	209	42	•••••	167	
8. Revenue from tank Dasavandumdars 9. Revenue from confiscated Inams	70	1 500		70	
10. Revenue fines	1,034	1,528	494	•••••	
11 D.C. J.C. 1	948 17	785	•••••	163	
12. Commission from Revenue defaulters	1,	15	•••••	2	
13. Bungalow quit-rent	10	10	. • • • • •	•••••	
14. Sale of books	18	34	16	*****	
15. Quit-rent on Service Inams	16,935	16,888	10	 4 PT	
16. Water rate on dry Inams or well lands	10,782	4,299	••••••	47 6 449	
17. Inam Tafrik	295	263		6,443 32	
18. Quit-rent on other Inams	8,532	8,555	23	04	
19. Dasavandam Inam quit-rent	729	733	4	•••••	
20. Sale of Government topes		192	192	•••••	
21. Do. Palmyra trees	321	486	165	•••••	
22. Excess collection	104	41		63	
23. Assessment on lands occupied by topes	8		••••	8	
24. Buildings constructed on unclaimed lands.	•••••	1,344	1,344	•••••	
Total	57,491	58,370	9,853	8 974	
		Total	Increase	879	

The increase under this head is due chiefly to the revenue brought to account after settlement; this increase arises from the fact of the settlement being completed much earlier than in last year. The decrease chiefly comes under water rate on Inams, there being but little water for the Inamdars to take.

19. The following Statement shows the Demand, Collection and Balance at the end of Fusly:-

Demand		C	OLLECTION	3.	BALANCE.					
Items.	in Fusly 1276.	Collected within Fusly.	Subsequently collected.	Total.	Recover- able.	Irrecover- able.	Total.		Per nta	
Land Revenue . Miscellaneous	5,25,000 58,370	4,65,412 31,653		4,87,352 37,217	34,932 16,145					9
Total	5,83,370	4,97,065	27,504	5,24,56	51,077	7,724	58,801	10	1	3
Abkarry License Salt Revenue Stamps	2,11,109 820 2,718 33,098		· 8,393  240	95,90/ 820 2,15: 33,09:	1,15,204  539		1,15,204  559		9	1 1
Total	2,47,745	1,23,349	8,63:	1,31,98	1,15,743	20	1,15,763	46	11	7
Grand Total	8,31,115	6,20,414	36,138	6,56,551	i,66,820	7,744	1,74,564	21	0	0

## SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

### CUDDAPAR

- 1. I have the honour to submit the annual Revenue Settlement Report of this District for the Fusly year 1276 (1866-67), accompanied by the several Statements prepared according to the revised form, agreeably to the instructions of the Board, contained in their Circular Memorandum, dated 14th August 1866, No. 787.
- 2. STATEMENT No. 1.—The Settlement of the District was first commenced by my 1st Class Deputy Collector at Gandlur, in Jummahnadugu talook, on the 3rd of January 1867, and closed by Mr. Roberts, the Acting Sub-Collector, at Thanacal, in Kadiri talook, on the 20th of May. The period for which each officer held the Settlement of each talook, and other particulars, are shown in the Statement noted in the margin.
  - 3. There appear to be only three "Anna Shrotriem Villages" on the whole.
- 4. Puttas.—There is an increase (3,664) in the total number of Puttas, chiefly owing to the extensive occupation of lands by ryots, and a decrease (200) in the issue of fresh Puttas. Old Puttas that have undergone alterations from various causes, exceed those of the last Fusly by 7,397.
- 5. Average rain-fall.—The average rain-fall of the District is shown below, with reference to the Board's Miscellaneous Circular, dated 19th June 1863, No. 3,635. Consequent on the rainfall in the months of May, June, and July, dry and other lands were ploughed and prepared for tillage, but cultivation was carried on in only a few localities. Most of the tanks in the District received a good supply of water by the heavy rains experienced throughout the District, in the following months from August to December, and no tank having received less than one-fourth supply, the cultivation of early dry and wet crops was begun with favourable prospects. There was only slight rain in the months from January to April:—

#### From May to October 1866.

1866.				•				I	nches.	Cents.
Мау		•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	0	30
June	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	<b>2</b>	17
July		•••		•••	•••	•••		•••	2	50
August		•••		•••	•••	• • •	•••		3	5
September	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••		3	<b>40</b>
October	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	7	60
	Fro	m No	vem	ber 1	866	to Ap	oril 1	867.		
November		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		1	10
December 1867	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	3	35
January	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	0	18
February	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
March	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	0	16
April	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	0	7

#### SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

Sujja. Korra. Jonna. Black-gram.	Arika. Raggy. Horse-gram, &c.
* Chitta Jonna.	Wheat.
Cotton.	Indigo.
Bengal-gram.	Gingelly seed, &c.
Green-gram.	
	t lands.
Paddy.	Sugarcane.
Indigo.	Cholum, &c.

Raggy.

- 6. The dry crops as per margin were cultivated in red and mixed soils, subsequent to the fall of the early rains of the season. The other crops\* were laid down in dry and wet lands, in the following months, after the fall of the late rains.
- 7. The rains having been most opportune, the several crops yielded a very favourable out-

turn, when compared with that of the last year, as will be seen from the average produce detailed below. In a few villages of Kadiri, Royachoti, and Pulivendala talooks, the crops were damaged by the hailstorm that was experienced just at the time when they were ready for harvesting, and some loss was sustained:—

#### In dry lands.

Black soil.				Average produce.	Red and mixed soil				٠.	Average produce.
Chitta Jonna Pedda Jonna Cotton Bengal-gram Wheat Indigo Green-gram	•••	•••		16 2 4 7 7 16 17 18 12 8 8 12 8	Sujja Korra Raggy	•••		•••	•••	
Linseed	•••	···	•••	In wet	Red-gram Green-gram Black-gram		•••	•••		100 0/8 144 177 888
Jonna or Cholum Sujja Indigo Gingelly-seed Chillies Tobacco Korra	•••	•••		10 5 8 84 880 84 84 7 8 9	Paddy Sugarcane Turmeric Betel	•••	•••	•••	•••	

8. The marginal figures show mortality from various diseases.

•	_	•
	DEATHS	3.
From common	From	From Small-
diseases.	Cholera.	pox.
13,601	8,440	707 In Fusly 1275.
16,463	14,048	818 ,, ,, 1276.
ncresse 2.862	11.408	889 Decrease.

the extraordinary increase in the number of deaths that resulted from common diseases and cholera, notwithstanding the timely medical aid afforded in the way of distributing 2,200 Quinine, and

Deaths. † 18,406 Last Fusly. 80,829 Current Fusly. 12,428 Increase.

9. The scarcity of water and pasturage, added to a peculiar cattle disease called "Saraka,"

§ Cattle. 6,488 9,283	Sheep an Goats. 21,364 29,084	d In Fusly 1275. ,, ,, 1276.
2.795	7.720	Increase.

and the necessaries of life seriously felt at the first part of the year 1866, and the unhealthy state of the season that resulted therefrom, are the principal causes for the multifarious diseases that prevailed in the District, and account for that resulted from common diseases and cholera, in the way of distributing 2,200 Quinine, and 3,648 cholera pills among those talooks where the diseases were most prevalent. The Returns of the Death Registration Department show the total† number of deaths from all diseases to be 30,829.

that prevailed in the District, accounts for the increased number of deaths; among cattle, although a great many of them recovered by the medicines that were opportunely supplied, and instructions published in the District Gazette for their treatment.

The scarcity of water,

10. STATEMENT No. 2 (PRICES.)—This Statement has been prepared agreeably to the instructions of the Board contained in their Circular Memorandum, dated 14th August 1866, No. 787. Commutation price converted to Rupees per Madras Garce of 3,200 measures of 120 Rupees weight,

	Ra.	is given in the margin. The distress experienced
Dry land Wet land	132	in the adjacent Districts of Bellary and Banga-
	115	lore, and the consequent demand therefrom,

account for the rise in the prices of the principal edible products of the District, which will appear from the subjoined indicated figures to be nearly double of the average prices of the last ten years:—

-		•		
P	re	c	е	8.

	P	rodu	cts.				Last Fusly.	Current Fusly.	Average of last ten years.
Paddy.	{Fir }Sec	st so ond s	rt	•••	••	•••	258 230	314 275	187 167
Cholum	•••			•••		•••	303	355	207
Sujja	• • •		•••		•••	•••	291	323	196
Raggy	•••	• • •	• • •	•••	•••	•••	279	329	187
Horse-g	ram	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	321	432	216

11. Cultivation, Statement No. 3.—There has been an increase of Rupees 5,896 in the assessment of dry lands owing to their extensive and successful cultivation subsequent to the fall of the favourable rains, and a decrease of Rupees 53,559 in the assessment of wet lands, several tanks not having received so full a supply of water as to be sufficient for the irrigation of lands cultivated with second crop. On the whole there will appear to be a net decrease of Rupees 47,663:—

									•	RS.
Assessment of wet lands	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	28,371
Teerwajasty and Fasaljasty		•••		•••			•••		•••	25,188
										•
•										53,559

12. Remissions.—The remissions that had to be granted from unavoidable causes specified below, on strict and personal inquiry of the Settlement officers, exceed those of the last Fusly by Rupees 36,440, which is chiefly attributable to the tanks not being seasonably supplied with sufficient water:—

			RS.	A.	P.
From adversity of a	eason		66,032	6	10
Assessment of land	s flooded and washed	away	19	<b>15</b>	3
Do.	under ruined tanks,	&c	2,879	10	10
Do.	taken up for public	roads, &c.	38	8	11
	•	Total	68,970	9	10

13. WASTE CHARGED.—The ryots would not part from their lands lest they should be bereft of them for ever, if once relinquished, in consequence of the great demand for lands, and the assessment properly charged on such waste exceeds that of the last Fusly by Rupees 194:—

		RS.	A.	P.	
Lands retained for pasturage		4,667	12	3	
Waste through the negligence of ryots	•••	46,395	9	0	
Lands occupied on reduction of assessment		428	15	8	
Do. under new wells, &c		144	14	10	
•		51 637	3	<u> </u>	

14. The demand on account of Road Cess duly added to the holdings of ryots under the provisions of Act No. III. of 1866 amounts to Rupees 40,310. The decrease of Rupees 50,694, in comparison with the amount of estimate (Rupees 91,004) in the Statement first submitted to the Board, under date the 5th September 1866, is owing partly to the computation of that cess from the month of January 1867, or, in other words, from the third kist, as authorized by the Board in their Official Memorandum, under date the 29th January 1867, No. 78, and partly to the non-completion, within the close of the Fusly year, of the necessary settlement of the cess to be paid on lands other than Ryotwary. I believe that the demand for the next year will rise to the full amount.

Total amount of Estimate of Road Cess	rs. 91,004
Deduct thirty per cent. therefrom, the Road Cess having commenced only from January 1867,	•
i. e., after the expiration of the first two kists	27,300
Remainder of estimate	63,704
Deduct the Cess remaining as yet unsettled on lands`	
other than Ryotwary	23,394
Net amount of demand	40,310

- 15. The Service Inams not having been enfranchised hitherto, there is no item called the "Village Service Fund" in this District.
- 16. Enclosure A.—With reference to Clause 3rd of paragraph 4 of the Board's Circular Memorandum, dated 14th August 1866, No. 787, an abstract is given below, showing the entire acreage and assessment of lands surrendered, as well as those newly occupied, wherefrom it will be observed that there has been an increase of Rupees 1,822 in the assessment of lands relinquished, chiefly on account of their having become unfit for cultivation, and a decrease of Rupees 1,834 in that of lands newly taken up:—

		Acres.	Assess- ment.
Lands relinquished {Transferred Waste resigned		9,400	18,442
Waste resigned	•••	25,797	19,762
•		35,197	38,204
Lands newly taken up {By transfer Waste occupied			17,750
Waste occupied		39,971	34,418
	Total	48,893	52,168

17. Enclosure B.—The drawback in the cultivation of Sugar-cane (517 acres) arose from failure of seasonable rains.

	Sugar-cane.	Cotton.	Indigo.			
	ACRES.	ACRES.	ACRES.			
	2,756	67,316	26,942	In	Fusly	1275.
	2,239	51,217	12,294	,,	,,	1276.
Decrease	517	16,099	14,648			

- 18. The fall in the price of Cotton, the scarcity felt by ryots, of grains forming the necessaries of life, and their adherence to the custom of cultivating that crop by rotation, had a combined tendency in repressing its cultivation to the extent of 16,099 acres.
- 19. In the cultivation of Indigo also a decrease of 14,684 acres will be seen, resulting chiefly from failure of rain during the months from January to April, a time when it was necessarily required for sowing.



20. Enclosure C.—The decrease of Rupees 159 in the assessment of lands held on Cowle tenure, is in consequence of the expiration of the period of Cowles already granted, and further applications for the same not having been made:—

Last Fusly ... ... ... 342
Current Fusly ... ... 183

Decrease... 159

21. The subjoined Comparative Abstract of cultivation and settlement, together with the particulars of collections of all items, is given as required by the Board in the Circular Memorandum above alluded, from which it will be observed that the collections during the Fusly under report exceed those of the last Fusly by Rupees 10,200:—

Abstract A.

	Last	Fusly 1275.	Presen	T Fusly 1276.	Сомр	Comparison.			
Items.	•			,	Increase.	Decrease.			
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent. Assessment.	Ex- tent. Assess- ment.			
1	2	8	4	5	6 7	8 9			
Dry Wet	ACRES. 11,09,857 1,89,278	RS. A. P. 8,16,102 15 9 9,42,788 5 1	ACRES. 11,21,671 1,34,381	Rg. A. P. 8,21,998 12 0 9,14,417 4 4	ACRES. RS. 12,814 5,896	ACRES. RS			
Total	12,48,635	17,58,891 4 10	12,56,052	17,86,416 0 4	12,814 5,896	4,897 28,871			
Add-									
Fasaljasty Teerwajasty Water tax	*** *** ***	81,952 7 11 59,947 18 5		61,907 12 7 54,804 5 8		20,045 5,148			
Road Cess Village Service Fund	••••••	****** *** ***		40,809 12 2	40,809				
Total	12,48,685	19,00,791 10 2	••••••	18,98,487 14 9	46,205	58,559			
Deduct Remissions.									
Road Cess Village Service Fund Other remissions spe-	*** ** ***	*******	******	40,309 12 2	40,809				
cified in Statement	•••••	94,870 6 0		22,756 10 8		71,614			
Total	•••••	94,870 6 0		63,066 6 5	40,809	71,614			
Remainder		18,06,421 4 2		18,30,371 8 4	28,950				
Add Miscellaneous		1,94,410 11 1		1,80,660 5 4		18,750			
Total	*******	20,00,881 15 8		20,11,031 13 8	10,200				

- 22. The two Statements (marked A and B) required in the said Circular Memorandum, have been furnished, giving the particulars of ayacut and cultivation under the principal sources of irrigation, the annual revenue derived from which exceed 5,000 Rupees, and the number of ruined tanks made over to private enterprize up to the close of the Fusly, together with the ayacut and cultivation under them, and the assessment thereon.
- 23. The Amani system does not exist in this District, and therefore Statement No. 3 A is not furnished.

24. STATEMENT No. 4.—This Statement shows the remissions of all kinds, in comparison with the last Fusly, from which, and the particulars given below, it will be observed that those remissions had to be unavoidably granted, partly owing to the apparent adversity of the season, and partly on account of fixed remissions:—

Items.		Amo	unt.	,	Remarks.
Occasional remissions, or those granted at the time of Settlement, with reference to the state of the season.  Miscellaneous.	ns of field ste. red crops f produce. 	595 136 183 331	<b>2</b> 0 5	3 1 5 4 4	Remission granted on lands taken up by public roads. For failure from want of water. Loss sustained from the hailstorm experienced in a few villages of Kadiri talook. Remission of half and quarter assessment granted on waste lands. One-half assessment remitted on lands cultivated with dry crops from want of water.
1. Plantation of Topes	•••	268	3	11	Remission of assessment of lands planted with public and private topes.
2. Construction of Choultries  Fixed Remissions.	•••	9	2	3	Remission of assessment of lands granted to Mr. Barnett for the erection of a choultry at Mudanoor under orders of the Board, (Proceedings, dated 15th October 1866, No. 2,812.)
1. Dasavandam		3,654	3	4	Remission on account of the construction of irrigation works by private enterprize.
2. Kattuguttai	<i></i> .	2,984	11	8	This is granted according to the original rate fixed in consideration of the money and labour expended in clearing and levelling the jungle lands for cultivation.
Third and fourth items		9,616 1,799		10)	These remissions at one-third and one-fourth of assessment are granted in consideration of the money and labour expended in levelling and bringing the lands under cultivation.
Fifth item	• ••• ••• • •	59	7	8	Assessment fully remitted only to the heirs of Poligars for self-agri- cultural purposes. These remissions at ½, ¾, ¼, and ⅓
Sixth item		2,012 753 95 37	9 13	$\begin{cases} 6 \\ 9 \end{cases}$	of assessment respectively are
Seventh item allowed on Beriz Shrotriem proceeds.	. Share of		10		personal interest in cultivation.  Remission of 10 th part of the collections made in villages held on such Shrotriem tenure is allowed to the Shrotriemdars.
		22,756	<b>'10</b>	3	Total of remissions.

## 25. STATEMENT No. 5.—With reference to paragraph 7 of the Circular Memorandum above

Miscellaneous.

Rs.

Last Fusly ... ... ... 2,35,817

Current do. ... ... 2,28,295

Decrease ... 7,022

referred to, a separate explanatory Statement is also appended to this Statement, showing clearly the nature of each item, and the mode in which the settlement was conducted. The decrease of Rupees 7,022 under the head of Miscellaneous, resulted especially from the following causes:—

1stly.—The transfer of the proceeds of Khasbag tope, from this head to that of Local Funds, under orders of the Board, conveyed in their Proceedings, dated 16th March 1867, No. 1,654.

2ndly.—The non-receipt, from the Department of Public Works, at the proper time, of Statements of expenditure on each Irrigation work forming the basis of the Inamdar's quota, to be levied from them thereon; and

3rdly.—The incorporation, with Government Ayacut, of certain unclaimed and attached Inams.

26. STATEMENT No. 6 .- No Zemindaries exist in this District. The Demand, Collection, and

T1 Th1-	Arrears.	Current.
Last Fusly Present do.	5,393 5,850	41,708 41,474
	Increase.	Decrease.

Balance of Shrotriem villages have been exhibited in the Statement, as directed in paragraph 8 of the said Circular Memorandum. The decrease of Rupees 234, as noted in the margin, arose from the sequestration of Jodi on minor

Inams, amounting to Rupees 839, which was by mistake included with the Jodi of Shrotriem villages in Fusly 1275, and the addition, to the latter, of Rupees 605, on account of the Anna Shrotriem village of Dhurmapuram, which has now been made a Khaem Jodi village.

27. STATEMENT No. 7.—This Statement shows the Demand, Collection, and Balance of all

Current Demand of all sources of Revenue. ... 24,11,795

Deduct collections up to the end of June... ... 225,50,453

Remainder ... 1,61,342
1,30,409

Remainder ... 30,938

or 30 per cent.

sources of Revenue, both current and arrears. The following abstract is prepared with reference to Enclosure B., from which a slight decrease of Rs. 667 in Shrotriem and Surva Inam villages, and of Rupees 8,674 under the head of Miscellaneous, will be observed. On the whole, there is a net increase of Rupees 1,06,195 in the

amount of collections, both current and arrears, which is chiefly ascribed to the punctuality and diligence observed in the realization of revenue, to the unprecedented increase in the Abkarry bids, the sale of a large quantity of Stamp papers, and the introduction of the License-tax (Imperial) under Act No. XXI. of 1867. The necessary measures will be adopted for the speedy collection of balance shown below, and the amount thereof, which from inquiry at the ensuing Jummahbundy will appear to be irrecoverable, will be duly noticed in my next year's report.

Itoms.		Fushy 127	75.		Fusly 1276	Comparison.		
	Arrears,	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease
Land Revenue.  Permanently settled Jodi on Shrotriem and Surva	•••	-	•••	•••				
Inam villages Ryotwar	8,850 54,472 34,804	87,901 17,81,710 1,52,877	41,251 17,86,182 1,87,681	8,848 72,223 88,849	86,736 17,36,042 1,40,158	40,584 18,08,265 1,79,007	.22,085	667 8,674
Abkarry	92,626 13,822 	19,22,488 1,16,614 1,19,469	20,15,114 1,80,486 1,19,469 	1,14,920 5,841 	19,12,986 2,01,457 1,28,182 12,962	20,27,856 2,07,298 1,28,182 12,962	22,085 76,862 3,718 12,962	9,841
Total	1,06,448	21,58,571	22,65,019	1,20,761	22,50,587	28,71,298	1,15,622	9,341

28. STATEMENT No. 8.—This Statement shows the particulars of arrears from all sources of

Fusly 1 <b>2</b> 75.	Fualy 1276.	Increase.						
RS.	R6.	26,						
1,06,448 21,864	1,20,761 Balance up to the s	14,818 and of the Freir						
1,566 20,298	Balance up to the end of the Fusly. Collections up to the end of September. Remainder balance.							

Revenue, together with their collections and balance, arranged under the three heads of Recoverable, Doubtful, and Irrecoverable. From this it is evident that collections during this Fusly, under the two heads of Ryotwar and

Miscellaneous, exceed those of the last Fusly by Rupees 17,751 and 4,045 respectively.

29. The outstanding balance of Arrears of Revenue, from Fusly 1264 to 1275, amounted to Rupees 20,298-10-4. Of this amount, Rupees 6,679-6-9 were included under the head of Recoverable. Of the remainder, (Rupees 13,619-3-7,) Rupees 9,773-8-6 were recommended for remission in my last year's report, which has not yet been sanctioned by Government. Further, recommendation is now made for the remission of Rupees 3,845-11-1, as irrecoverable for the reasons given in the Statement hereunder annexed, and for sanction to write that sum off from the accounts. I have issued strict orders to the talooks to take steps for the early collection of the recoverable balance, and shall see the same be invariably carried out.

Statement of Irrecoverable balance.

	Amount including Ryot- war Shrotriem and Miscel- laneous.			Causes why the sums stand due.
4	BS. 74		Р. 11	Due from deceased and absconding ryots, and from lands rendered unfit for cultivation.
51	414	7	8	Amount erroneously charged twice in the accounts. Quit-rent erroneously imposed on Pagoda Service Inams. Quit-rent erroneously charged from Inamdars who gave no consent to it. Amount wrongly included in Register books on miscalculation of quit-rent assessment added to the accounts in the absence of lands to charge the same.
4	74	10	2	Amount of usual remission withheld by mistake. Assessment subsequently remitted for loss of crop from want of water.
8	57	9	4	Assessment of sequestered Dasavandham Inams subsequently remitted on the execution of the necessary repairs.
206	1,427	14	10	Assessment due from unprofitable Putta and Inam lands sold and purchased by Government in the absence of other bidders.
120	751	2	.4	Assessment of lands held by parties performing village Cuttubadi duties of lands taken for public roads.
94	560	3	7	Assessment of lands granted in lieu of Service Inams, &c., washed away and taken for public roads.
2	5	15	2	Assessment of lands granted free of assessment for the establishment of Missionary schools.
4	47	3	7	Assessment of Inams of the deceased made over to their heirs.
3			5	Assessment of lands planted with Government topes.
49	405			Assessment of tank beds rendered unfit being submerged under water and resigned by the holders.
545	3,845	10	11	

- 30. ENCLOSURE A. IN STATEMENT No. 8.—Coercive process was adopted in 289 cases for the collection of Revenue Arrears, amounting to Rupees 5,809, but only 1,314 Rupees were made up by the property attached and sold. I certainly feel convinced that the new Revenue Recovery Act affords much facility in the realization of public money by Revenue Officers.
- 31. STATEMENT No. 9.—This Statement, showing the particulars of gross collections and charges, shows a decrease of Rupees 13,139 under the latter head. This arises from the payment of the salary of the Sub-Collector, Mr. Horsley, in the judicial branch, and from the saving, to certain extent, of contingent charges, such as batta, &c.
- 32. The total charges, as shown in the Statement, bear a proportion of only nine per cent. on the gross collections.
  - 33. Cultivation of lands taken up on employed assessment.—The assessment of lands

Extent. Assessment.

ACRES. BUPFES.

9,749... ... 45,040 Last Fusly.

10,038... ... ... 46,036 Present Fusly.

Increase. 289 996

lying unoccupied for more than ten years on account of its heaviness, and granted this year on reduction of assessment exceeds that of the last Fusly by Rupees 996.

The particulars of lands relinquished, and of those newly acquired, by Public Servants, are 34. given in the margin. I always take care to check, by strict surveillance, any acquisition of land Number of Extent. Assessment. ACRES. Servants. 693 Relinquished. 11... 15... by Public Servants, in contravention to the 172 1,089 Taken up. 495 Standing Rules on the subject.

- 35. I am glad to observe that a better appreciation of the instructions and several forms contained in the Manual is this year evinced by the satisfactory preparation of accounts in confirmity to them. The Divisional officers have exercised proper supervision at the time of settlement, and I have directed them to remedy the defects that they may have observed, very few, I believe, during the ensuing settlement.
- 36. The Settlement report of the Sub-Division is also herewith submitted as usual. I regret here to state that this report is every year received late, so as not to enable me to submit my report earlier.
- 37. The necessary accounts connected with the Quinqueninal Report are under preparation, and will be submitted as soon as possible.

38. I beg to acknowledge the assistance which I have received from all the subordinate officers connected with the Revenue, particularly those in responsible charges, of whom I must mention Messrs. P. L. Roberts, J. F. Snaith, A. Cruichshank, P. Rayeppa Pantulu, T. G. Ward, and E. Simhadri Pantulu.

CUDDAPAH, 31st October 1867.

(Signed) H. G. SMITH, Collector.

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•		



# SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

#### CUDDAPAH.

I have the honour to forward the Quinquennial Statements as per margin for Fusly 1276,
prepared in conformity with the instructions
contained in the Board's Circular Memorandum
of the 1st November 1866, No. 1,097, accom-

panied by a Memorandum of Observations regarding the variations between the last and the present Returns, as required in paragraph 3 of the Memorandum.

CUDDAPAH, 17th January 1868. (Signed) H. G. SMITH,

Collector.

Enclosure No. 1.

#### MEMORANDUM OF

Observations regarding the variations between the previous and the present Quinquennial Statements.

STATEMENT A.—The number of villages being the same as that entered in Fusly 1271, calls for no remark.

There has been a decrease (581) in the number of hamlets, chiefly in the Sub-division, arising from their having been subsequently deserted.

There has also been transfer of many villages from one Talook to another, but their distance in miles not having as yet been settled by the Engineering Department, the entries regarding it in the previous Statement have been reiterated without any change.

STATEMENT B.—An increase of 211 Acres in the ayacut and a decrease of Rupees 3,071 in the assessment will be observed in comparison with those of Fusly 1271, the details of which have been given in a separate Statement (enclosure in Statement B.)

STATEMENT C.—The decrease (77) in the number of spring channels arose from their having been included under river channels and anicuts. On the whole, however, there has been an increase in the different sources of irrigation as detailed below:—

Tanks	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	44
River channels				•••	•••	•••		48
Anicuts		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	12
Wells								

A net increase therefore of 3,236 will be perceived in the sources of irrigation in the District.

STATEMENT D.—The increase of 64,379 adults and 30,276 children (making upon the whole 94,655) in the population of the District, results chiefly from the strict inspection made in accordance standing Circular, dated 19th March 1862, No. 1,846.

Standing Circular, dated 19th March 1862, No. 1,846.

ance with the Board's orders as per margin, and the settlement in the District of merchants and other people from other parts, for trade, and on account of the extension of the Railway operations. Though an increase is seen as above stated in the population of the District, there has been a decrease of 2,605 in that of the principal towns in comparison with Fusly 1271 arising chiefly from the havoes committed by cholera and other diseases in Proddatur, Rajampett, Pondalur, and other towns.

STATEMENT E.—An increase is seen in all the items of the Statement. This is owing to the eagerness of ryots for the cultivation of their lands, and the employment for the purpose of the necessary cattle on account of the rise in the prices of the principal products.

STATEMENT F.—In this Statement also there has been an increase in all the items in comparison with Fusly 1271, and for the above reasons, an increase of Rupees 1,51,330 is perceivable in the total beriz of the District.

CUDDAPAH, 17th January 1868. (Signed) H. G. SMITH, Collector.

edy from the same ce with the Barrier settlement in the st of the energy valuation of the varison with Figure coddatur, Right

ORT OF CUDDLE

of the Statemen:
the employment incipal profes

incresse in af 3: spees 1,51,33

(Signed) Ei.

SUB-COLLECTORATE.

1. I have the honour to submit the Settlement Report and Accounts for Fusly 1276.

2. The Settlement of the Royachoti, Voilpaud, and Kadiri talooks was conducted by P. L. Roberts, Esq., the Acting Sub-Collector. The Settlement of Madanapalli talook by yourself.

Royachoti talook :.. ... \{1. Royachoti.\\ 2. Yagoovagottivedu.\\ Voilpaud talook ... ... \{1. Voilpaud.\\ 2. Kadiri talook... ... \{1. Kadiri.\\ 2. Tanaculloo.\}

3. The Settlement of the Royachoti, Voilpaud, and Kadiri talooks was made at two places, in each, respectively, as noted in the margin. That of Madanapalli was made at the Kusbah station.

4. The time occupied by the Settlement is shown by the following Table:-

	M	onths.	Days.
Royachoti talook, from 4th January to 20th February 1867	·	1	18
Voilpaud talook, from 25th February to 2nd April 1867	•••	1	7
Kadiri talook, from 11th April to 20th May 1867		1	10
Madanapalli talook, from 29th March to 16th May 1867	•••	1	19
		5	24

- 5. The Statement No. 1 shows an increase of one village in the Madanapalli talook. In the old form of this account, one village was entered separately as uncultivated, but in the present one it has been included in the general total.
- 6. The increase of the number of the old puttas altered is owing to two causes: (1) The large remissions granted last year were not allowed in this, and the puttas necessarily altered. (2) The entry of the Road Cess.

		New Puttas.		Old Puttas	altered.	Old Put chan		Total.	
No.	Talooks.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.
1 2 3 4	Madanapalli Voilpaud Royachoti Kadiri	1,117 904 199 432	1,514 371 355 790	4,785 13,604 2,184 2,613	4,890 10,886 2,832 10,316	4,845 2,980 14,212 8,915	4,581 6,465 13,528 1,220	10,747 17,488 16,595 11,960	10,985 17,772 16,715 12,326
	Total	2,652	3,030	23,186	28,924	30,952	25,794	56,790	57,748



7. This has been a more favourable season than the last. The rainfall has been larger as shown by the Statement below:—

Number.		Royachoty.		Madanapally.		Kadiri.		Voilpaud.	
	Months.	I.	<u>.</u> T.	I.	T.	I.	T.	I.	T.
1	July 1866	0	1	1	7	0	4	0	2
$ar{f 2}$	August ,,	4	1	0	5		<b> </b>	1	13
2 3	September,	1	11	5	23	2 - 5	2	1	1
4	October	7	2	10	4	- 5	8	7	
<b>4</b> <b>5</b>	November	0	61	1 5	4 5			3	1 0
6	December ,,	3	4		11	3	4	4	43
6 7	January 1867	0	1	0	1	•••		0	7
8	February ,,	•••	•••	<b> </b>	<b></b>	•••			
9	March ,,	•••				•••		0	2
10	April ,,				•••	0	8		
11	May ,,	0	6	0	8	1	0	2	2 6
12	June ,,	1	0	2	1	0	4	2	6
	Total	18	3	27	5	14	0	22	7
	Fusly 1275	7	0	21	2	13	4	14	7

8. The return of the water supply to tanks is subjoined, and shows an increase in the number which were fully supplied and decrease in those half filled:—

,		Fusly	1275.	Fusly 1276.	
Number.	Talooks.		Half received.	Full received.	Half received.
1 2 3 4	Madanapally	102	830 106 760 300	280 160 198 60	765 281 701 190
	Total	467	1,996	698	1,937

9. The principal dry crops yielded upwards of three-fourths. The yield of the wet crops was over half: in lands under wells three-fourths.

10. The following is a Statment of the diseases in the Sub-Division, showing a considerable increase in deaths from Cholera and Fever:—

N	70:		Fusly 1275.		Fusly 1276.			
No.	Disease.	Disease. Attacked.		Died. Recovered.		Died.	Recovered.	
1 2 3	Fever Cholera Small-pox	2,713 1,559 1,774	1,371 1,058 251	1,342 501 1,523	5,501 5,030 1,133	3,252 3,805 689	2,249 1,225 444	
	Total	6,046	2,680	3,366	11,664	7,746	3,918	

11.	The number	of Cattle w	hich have	died this	year is	32,113,	being 10,000	in excess	of the
number l	ast vear:								

·	Loss of	Total.
	Goats and Sheep. Buffaloes. Bullocks and Cows.	2000.
Died in Fusly 1275	17,233 23,454 2,065 3,952 2,424 4,707	21,722 32,113

- 12. Statement No. 2 shows an increase in the price of every kind of grain. The high prices of all grain in consequence of that year's bad season induced all who had grain to sell, and none remained deposited in the country; the high prices therefore continued until the next harvest. The grain has since fallen in price.
- 13. STATEMENT No. 3.—This shows an increase in the Land Revenue of Rupees 13,145. This increase is, however, merely nominal, as the large remission, Rupees 61,147, granted last year for the failure of the dry crops, has not been deducted this year.

	LA	ST FUSLY.	Curr	ENT FUSLY.	Increase.	DECREASE.
Items.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Ex- tent. Assessment.	Extent Assessment.
1	2	8	4	5	6 7	8 9
Dry Wet	ACRES. 5,05,658 57,799	R8. A. P. 2,29,785 11 7 3,54,999 7 10	5,12,417	2,32,264 13 11	ACRES. Rs. A. P. 6,759 2,529 2 4	
Total	5,63,457	5,84,735 8 5	5,64,269	5,53,106 6 0	812	81,628 13 5
Fasaljasty Teerwajasty Water-tax Road Fund Village Service Fund		85,463 15 10 22,624 13 4 		21,480 13 9 18,640 14 2  12,877 10 8	12,877 10	8,983 15 2 
Total		6,42,824 0 7		6,06,055 12 7		86,768 4 0
Deduct Remissions.						
Road Fund				12,877 10 8	12,877 10 8	3
No. 4 Statement		67,275 11 5		4,484 11 1		62,791 0 4
Total		67,275 11 5		17,862 5 9		49,918 5 8
Remainder Miscellaneous		5,75,548 5 2 52,518 4 2		5,88,698 6 10 41,255 11 (	18,145 1 8	111055
Total		6,28,061 9 4		6,29,949 1 10	1,887 8	B :

There is an increase of 6,759 acres, paying Rupees 2,529 in the dry cultivation; but there is a considerable falling off in the cultivation of wet lands. The increase in the cultivation of dry land is no doubt to be ascribed to the high prices of grain which prevailed at the commencement of the Fusly; although the rainfall has been larger this year than the last, it fell unseasonably; during the first three months there was very little rain, and much land under tanks was not cultivated with the first crop; and in consequence, considerable remissions were made in these wet lands. This failure of the rain also accounts for the decrease in the cultivation of Sugar-cane as shown by Enclosure B. There is a slight decrease in cultivation of Cotton, and increase in that of Indigo.

14. Statement No. 4.—The remission of Rupees 132 on account of withered crops was granted in three villages in the Kadiri talook; a remission of Rupees 136-2-5 was made on account of crops destroyed in the village of Byapirala in the Kadiri talook, by a heavy hailstorm in the month of

- March. A report of this was made to the Board by you on April 13, 1867. The remission granted last year for dry cultivation in wet land has not been necessary this, owing to the larger rain-fall. Last year the remissions were exceptionally large, and this year it has been reduced to the usual amount.
- 15. STATEMENT No. 5.—There is a decrease of rather more than 10,000 Rupees in the collections of miscellaneous Land Revenue; the principal item of decrease is land cultivated subsequently to and not included in the Jummahbundy; more care has been taken to include all the lands cultivated up to the latest time previous to the Settlement.
- 16. The increase of six villages paying Shrotriem as per Statement No. 6, is owing to the enfranchisement of these villages under Inam Rules, and the payment of a fixed quit-rent.
- 17. Statement No. 7 shows an increase in the Ryotwary cultivation of Rupees 13,145. The Abkarry revenue is Rupees 159-10-0 more than last Fusly. The sales were better attended and more competition. The stamp revenue also shows an increase of Rupees 1,499. The amount of License-tax Rupees 2,798, needs no remark. The principal collections have been made after the Fusly.

	:	Fusly 1275.			Fusly 1276.						
ITEMS.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease.			
Land Revenue. Permanently settled. Jodi on Shrotriem villages, &c Ryotwar Miscellaneous items.	1,168 30,627 '14,264	7,943 5,75,548 50,805	9,111 6,06,175 65,069	88,641 15,125	7,929 5,88,693 89,861	8,397 6,27,334 54,986	21,159	 714  10,083			
Abkarry	1,603  1,811	82,190 83,559 60	83,793 83,559 1,871		48,100 84,745  2,798	6,90,717 48,100 84,745 451 2,798		10,797			
Grand Total	49,478	7,00,105	7,49,578	54,685	7,22,126	7,76,811	89,450	12,217			

18. The arrears uncollected up to the end of August 1867 are Rupees 1,563-15-5; of this Rupees 374-8-9 will be collected; Rupees 443 the collection is doubtful; and the remaining Rupees 746-3-5 is irrecoverable, and may be struck off.

#### Fusly 1272.

		E8.	A.	P.
	The assessment of land entered in the accounts of two neighbouring villages to be struck off one village	2	13	6
	ment	4	1	6
В.	Excess collected from Inamdar in Fusly 1271 deducted from his Jodi in this Fusly;			
	but still standing against him in the accounts	21	14	10
		28	13	10
	Fusly 1273.			
4	The assessment of land entered in the accounts of two neighbouring villages.			
	to be struck off one village	2	13	6
5.	Arrears of assessment due upon lands purchased at a nominal price by Govern-			
	ment	11	4	9
6.	Quitrent due by Inamdar on account of Inam relinquished	0	8	0
		14	10	3

### Fusly 1274.

	• •	RS.	A.	P.
7.	The assessment of erroneously zufted Desavandum Inams	20	5	9
8.	The Jodi of Inam land which has been taken up by Police huts	0	2	0
9.	Assessment on land in the bed of a tank deducted in the Putta, but not from the			
	general demand	4	14	9
10.				
	whom due not known by the accounts, the Curnum being under sentence for			
	fabrication of accounts	6	14	8
11.	Demand against Inamdar the quitrent of whose Inam was reduced on re-inquiry			
4	by Inam Commissioner	89	6	0
12.	Teervajasty erroneously assessed on Inam land			10
13.	Assessment due upon lands purchased at nominal price by Government	93	14	3
14.	Assessment of land entered in account of two neighbouring villages to be struck			
	off one village	7	12	3
15.				
•	public road	18	11	10
16.	Assessment of zufted Inam released from attachment		11	
17.	Tope rent remitted on account of trees found to be in putta land			0
	Assessment of Kattubadi Inams erroneously entered as Government land as No. 25			10
18.				
	personal property	14	13	8
19.				
	against him in the accounts	4	10	10
20.		17	13	10
	•			
	E1. 1075	299	 5	8
01	Fusly 1275.			
21.	Assessment of erroneously zufted Desavandum Inam	26	15	2
<b>2</b> 2.	Assessment of erroneously zufted Desavandum Inam	26	15	
	Assessment of erroneously zufted Desavandum Inam	26 50	15 4	2 1
22. 23.	Assessment of erroneously zufted Desavandum Inam	26 50	15 4 12	2 1 0
22. 23. 24.	Assessment of erroneously zufted Desavandum Inam	26 50 1 18	15 4 12 11	2 1 0 10
22. 23. 24. 25.	Assessment of erroneously zufted Desavandum Inam	26 50	15 4 12	2 1 0
22. 23. 24.	Assessment of erroneously zufted Desavandum Inam	26 50 1 18 9	15 4 12 11 9	2 1 0 10 2
22. 23. 24. 25. 26.	Assessment of erroneously zufted Desavandum Inam	26 50 1 18 9	15 4 12 11 9	2 1 0 10 2
<ul><li>22.</li><li>23.</li><li>24.</li><li>25.</li><li>26.</li><li>27.</li></ul>	Assessment of erroneously zufted Desavandum Inam	26 50 1 18 9	15 4 12 11 9	2 1 0 10 2
22. 23. 24. 25. 26.	Assessment of erroneously zufted Desavandum Inam	26 50 1 18 9 12 3	15 4 12 11 9 0	2 1 0 10 2 9 0
22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28.	Assessment of crroneously zufted Desavandum Inam	26 50 1 18 9	15 4 12 11 9 0	2 1 0 10 2
<ul><li>22.</li><li>23.</li><li>24.</li><li>25.</li><li>26.</li><li>27.</li></ul>	Assessment of erroneously zufted Desavandum Inam	26 50 1 18 9 12 3	15 4 12 11 9 0 0	2 1 0 10 2 9 0
22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28.	Assessment of crroneously zufted Desavandum Inam	26 50 1 18 9 12 3 45	15 4 12 11 9 0 0	2 1 0 10 2 9 0
22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29.	Assessment of crroneously zufted Desavandum Inam	26 50 1 18 9 12 3 45	15 4 12 11 9 0 0	2 1 0 10 2 9 0
22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28.	Assessment of erroneously zufted Desavandum Inam	26 50 1 18 9 12 3 45 176 34	15 4 12 11 9 0 0	2 1 0 10 2 9 0 7 10
22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31.	Assessment of erroneously zufted Desavandum Inam	26 50 1 18 9 12 3 45 176 34 23	15 4 12 11 9 0 0 0 9 5	2 1 0 10 2 9 0 0 7 10 2
22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29.	Assessment of erroneously zufted Desavandum Inam	26 50 1 18 9 12 3 45 176 34	15 4 12 11 9 0 0	2 1 0 10 2 9 0 7 10
22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31.	Assessment of erroneously zufted Desavandum Inam	26 50 1 18 9 12 3 45 176 34 23	15 4 12 11 9 0 0 0 9 5	2 1 0 10 2 9 0 0 7 10 2
22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31.	Assessment of erroneously zufted Desavandum Inam	26 50 1 18 9 12 3 45 176 34 23 1	15 4 12 11 9 0 0 0 9 5 11 6 5	2 1 0 10 2 9 0 7 10 2

<sup>19.</sup> In No. 7, if the Inams erroneously attached were released from attachment, the entry of this fictitious arrear would disappear.

<sup>20.</sup> The Items 1, 4, 7, 8, 14, 21, 24, 25, 26, appear every year, and should be permanently struck off.

Item No. 29.—Some Curnums and Reddies of Madanapalli talook were suspended, and their Inam, including fees, was entered in the Government demand; but the fees were not collected from the ryots.

Item No. 31.—In Malaka Cheruvu, of the Madanapalli talook, a ryot cultivated part of the bed of the tank, and six times assessment was charged; afterwards it was found that he had long had the land in his putta, and therefore it was remitted.

- 21. The cases in which coercive measures were taken are shown in enclosure A., Statement 8. In Voilpaud talook there were none. In the remaining three talooks the amount unpaid was Rupees 341-8-6, and the amount realized by sale is Rupees 91-9-10.
- 22. STATEMENT No. 9.—There is an increase in the present year in the collections under all the items of revenue, making a total of Rupees 17,404.
- 23. STATEMENT No. 10.—There are altogether six tanks irrigating land paying more than Rupees 3,000 assessment. The total area of land is 27,470 acres.
- 24. STATEMENT No. 11.—Shows that fourteen ruined tanks have been made over to private individuals, who have thereby brought 217 acres into cultivation.
- 25. The following is a Statement of the land acquired during the present Fusly by public servants in the Sub-Division:—

Name.	Office.	Land where situated.	Extent.	Assessment.
	English Clerk, Sub-Collector's Office.		A. c. v. 2 13 6	RS. A. P. 7 0 0
2. A. Vencatasu- baya.	•	Cuddapah talook		••• ••• •••
3. Srinivasaya	Sub-Magistrate of Peelair.	Nellore District.		••• ••• •••
4. C. Srinuvasa Row.	Clerk, Sub-Magistrate, Peelair Office.	Cuddapah District, Pulivendla and Madanapalli.	26 30 14	73 4 5
5. Shesha Charry.	Clerk, Royachoti talook	Pulivendla talook	416 22 4	18 0 0
6. P. Subrao	Second Clerk, Royachoti	Kadiri talook	7 0 0	2 10 0
	talook ?	Bellary District		80 2 0
Row.	Shroff, Royachoti talook	Royachoti	26 15 9	46 9 5
8. Venkata Chela- pati Naidu.	Tahsildar of Royachoti	Bellary, Pennagonda.	0 30 0	4 12 6
	Clerk, Royachoti talook	Royachoti talook	2 3 5	22 1 5
10. M. Kristna Row	Third Class Revenue Inspector of Madanapalli.	Royachoti		4 5 10
11. Hindupuram Kristna Row.	Clerk, Kadiri talook	Bellary, Pennagonda.	17 2 1	73 7 6
		Total	562 21 11	332 5 1

26. The public servants Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 7 have this year been appointed in the Sub-Division; No. 4 was transferred from the Madanapalli talook to Peelair, and their lands are not, therefore, newly acquired.

The land of No. 5 is a Shrotriem village enfranchised this year, held jointly by him with two brothers; No. 6 has been transferred from Bellary; Nos. 9 and 11 have been newly appointed; No. 10 is the only case in which the land has been newly acquired in the present year.

27. The village and talook accounts were examined by the Acting Sub-Collector, Mr. Roberts, during the Jummahbundy: my Serishtadar H. Kristna Row informs me that they were in very good order, and very few mistakes of no importance.

(Signed) J. R. DANIEL,
Acting Sub-Collector,

# SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

## KURNOOL.

- 1. I have the honour to submit the usual Jummahbundy Report for Fusly 1276, with explanatory Statements. The quinquennial returns which are due this year are also forwarded.
- 2. The number of Ryotwari villages settled this year was the same as in Fusly 1275, and no change has been made in the tenure of Inam villages except Ramalakota and Patticonda; each talook was settled at two or more places to meet the convenience of the people. Deputy Collector Sudarshana Row having been appointed to the charge of the Treasury, in the early part of January, I settled one of his talooks, in addition to the two under my immediate charge.

Names of the Officers.	Names of Talooks.	Stations.	Number of days.
T. A. N. Chase, Esq	Ramalakota Nandikotkur	Kallur	
2. 12. 11. 01.00, 150,	Nundial	gode	6 5
	Cumbum	Rajapaliem, Gidlur, Tud- malla, Cumbum	
Head Assistant Collector	Markapur	Vanulakota, Dornala, Yer- ragondapaliem, Dupad,	
	} C	Bhupatapalli	13
Deputy Collector Sudar- shana Row	Sirwell	Chagalmary, Sirwell	18
Deputy Collector D. Tim-	Patticonda Koilkuntla	Patticonda Koilkuntla, Nosum, Lingani	
mapa	[	dinna, Hanamadgandam, Tunmanayanipett, Onkus.	ł

- 3. In Ramalakota, which was settled by me, I was not able to hold my office at more than one place, as I was obliged to be as near Kurnool as possible, as explained in my letter to the Board, No. 106, dated 3rd May 1867. The Treasury Deputy Collector Komaraswami Moodelly left the district on sick leave, and the Assistant Collector Mr. Turner was laid up with fever, and I had to settle the question of remissions for water assessment under the Canal with Mr. Cotton, an Officer of the Irrigation Company.
- 4. The number of fresh puttas issued during this year was 27,143, or thirty-nine per cent., and those modified by additional entries amounted to 7,222 in number. The new puttas were granted chiefly in consequence of the introduction of the new settlement in several villages, and a small per-centage of new puttas had to be given to those who have lost them.



5. SEASON.—The season was very unfavorable. The rainfall was only twenty inches as shown below:—

				35	.1					RAIN	IFALL.	To	FAL.
No.				Mor	iths.					Inches.	Decimals.	Inches.	Decimals
1	April	1866.								•••	13		
<b>2</b> <b>3</b>	May	,,	•••	•••		• • •	•••		•••		61		ĺ
	June	,,		• • •	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••		3		1
4 5 6	July	,,	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	2	31		
5	August	,,		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	4	$67_{c}$		
6	Septemb	er,,	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	4	9	12	811
7	October	,,	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	5	7₺	12	1 018
8 9	Novemb		•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••		7⅓ 6⅓		1
9	Decemb	er ,,	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	•••	•••	•••		71		1
10	January	1867.				•••	•••	•••			1 .		
11	Februar	у "	•••	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	•••				
12	March	** .	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	*	<b>#</b>	0.
												7	2 ‡
												20	11

Want of water even for drinking purposes was much felt in the early part of the year, and the outturn of early crops was much below the average. The failure of rain was followed in some talooks by blight, which to a certain extent damaged the crops. In August and September there was a heavy rain, and several tanks received a good supply. Freshes passed down the Tungabudra, but the anicut having breached, the crops under it suffered materially.

6. Sanitable condition.—The public health suffered very much during the last year. The failure of the monsoon in Fusly 1275, and early part of 1276 in this, and the neighbouring district of Bellary, raised the prices to famine rates, and the poorer classes suffered much from want of food. Relief was, however, soon afforded by finding employment for the able-bodied poor, and establishing relief-houses for the aged and sick.

The people also suffered much from cholera and fever, which carried off 16,676 lives as detailed below:—

Cholera. Fever. 7,454 9,222

7. The mortality among cattle, however, was not considerable, but sheep died by thousands for want of pasture. In some Talooks, cattle suffered from Galekuntre or diseases of the leg, but the loss of life was, however, trifling.

On this subject Mr. Thacker was consulted, and he prescribed remedies which, as far as I can learn, proved successful.

- 8. I am unable to supply the state regarding Vaccination, as I have not been supplied with information from the Vaccine Department.
- 9. PRICE, STATEMENT 2.—The prices of all sorts of grain during the year were very high. The second sort Paddy sold for 266 Rupees a garce, but Jonna, the staple article of food in this District, was sold on an average at Rupees 345. In September, however, the price rose as high as Rupees 540 a garce. As already, remarked, this increase in prices is to be ascribed to the absence of the early rains, the badness of the previous season, and the entire failure of the previous crop in Bellary, to which District much grain was exported. Towards the close of the Fusly when the crop was harvested prices fell lower.
- 10. RYOTS' HOLDING, STATEMENT 3.—The extent of land bona fide resigned was 46,465 acres, assessed at Rupees 62,861, or only four per cent. on the area occupied. This small per-centage in a year of unusual drought preceded by an equally bad year cannot but be accepted as a proof of the stability which the landed property has attained in this district.



KURNOOL.

3

These relinquishments added to the deficiency found by the new Survey raised the total decrease to 55,983 Acres in extent, or Rupees 1,13,405 in assessment, of which Rupees 50,544 was the result of revision by the Settlement Department. Against this decrease must be set an increase of Acres 69,480, and of Rupees 1,08,080, including the excess caused by the operations of the Settlement Department.

11. Waste Remitted.—The remissions granted this year amount to Rupees 12,370, against Rupees 25,101 in the previous year; of this, Rupees 1,668 was remitted on dry lands in Patticonda on the Bellary side, (vide Board's Proceedings, dated 15th June 1867, No. 3,683). The remainder was remitted on wet lands for want of water.

WASTE CHARGED.—The extent of waste charged was 37,961 Acres, assessed at Rupees 24,103. Of this, 775 Acres, bearing an assessment of Rupees 3,120 of wet land was charged in consequence of the Ryots' neglect to cultivate.

12. Area of Cultivation.—The area of actual cultivation amounts to 11,35,247, or nearly 16,968 Acres more than in Fusly 1275, as shown below, which increase is chiefly due to the excess discovered by the new survey:—

Items.		Cultivation of		
	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Dry	Acres. 1,090,798 27,481	Acres. 1,109,644 25,603	ACRES. 18,846	ACRES. 1,878
	1,118,279	1,135,247	18,846	1,878

The decrease in wet cultivation is to a great extent only nominal, and caused chiefly by the old well lands in Kurnool proper, which were included under wet in Fusly 1275, having been entered as dry in the year under report.

13. The following abstract shows the settled demands of the year under review compared with that of the previous year.

Comparative Statement of Cultivation and Settlement.

	Le	et Fusly.	Pres	sent Fusly.	Increase.	Decrease.	
Items.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Ex- tent. Assess- ment.	Extent Assessment.	
1	3	8	4	5	6 7	8 9	
Dry	11, <b>2</b> 5,6 <b>2</b> 1 28,092	10,88,496 2 10 3,01,414 14 1	11,46,880 26,878	1,14,878 18 9 1,82,284 19 5	21,209 26,878	1,714 19,180	
Total	11,58,718	12,89,911 0 11	11,78,208	12,97,158 10 2	21,209 26,878	1,714 19,180	<u></u>
Add.			}				
Second Crop Assessment Additional do Water tax Road Fund Village Service Fund	*** ***	19,888 8 9 21,290 0 10  221 1 4 		27,364 11 1 16,455 7 11 3,459 12 6 23,083 4 6	8,460	4,885	
Total	•••••	18,80,760 11 8		18,67,521 14 2	60,727	28,965	Net. 86,762
Deduct Remissions.							
Road Fund Village Service Fund Other remission as particu-	******	5,517 11 4 18,241 9 0		82,514 8 8 28,586 18 5	26,997 10,845		
larized in Statement 4	•••••	<b>98,659 11 5</b>		6,586 6 11		22,078	Net-
Total		47,418 15 9		62,687 8 0	87,842	22,073	
Remaining Beris Add Miscellaneous Items	•••••	12,83,841 11 6 1,88,220 9 4		18,04,834 6 2 1,82,678 15 9			
Total	••••	14,21,562 4 10		14,87,508 5 11	65,946		

It will be seen from the above that the settled Ryotwari assessment, exclusive of the Road Cess and Village Fees, exceeds that of the previous year by Rupees 21,493. This increase would be still larger had it it not been for the adverse character of the season, and the introduction of the new Settlement rates which greatly reduced the wet assessment.

14. IRRIGATION WORKS.—Subjoined is an abstract of the chief works of Irrigation in the District, the extent of Irrigation, and the assessment.

			Governme	nt.	In	am.
	Number			ion in Fusly 276.		
	of sources of Irriga- tion.	Total. Area.	Extent.	Original Assessment including Teerwajastee and Fussul- jastee.	Area.	Cultivation in Fusly 1276.
1. Tanks 2. Channels, &c	945	ACRES. 24,783 4,633	Acres. 19,940 4,594	1,73,432 30,672	15,986 2,232	
	645	29,416	24,534	2,04,104	18,218	15,832

- 15. RUINED TANKS.—The number of Tanks given over to private parties this year was five; of these, one is an Ayacut tank, the land under it was classed wet. The remaining four are small tanks ruined long ago and under which all lands were rated as dry.
- 16. Remissions.—The amount of occasional remissions allowed this year was Rupees 4,330, or 22,334 Rupees less than in the previous year. The only important items requiring explanation are given below.
- First.—The sum of 669 Rupees was granted on portions of wet lands left waste for want of water.
  - Second.—Rupees 537 remitted on crops withered for want of water.
- Third.—Rupees 1,472 were remitted on account of insufficiency of water necessitating the cultivation of dry crops on wet lands.
  - Fourth.—Rupees 57 remitted on double crop land for want of water for the second crop.
- Fifth.—Rupees 875 remitted on old garden lands being the excess of the garden assessment above the highest dry rate in the villages of Kurnool proper, not settled by the Settlement Department. These well lands have been entered wet, but next year will be absorbed in dry, and this item of remission will disappear.
- 17. The fixed remissions amount to 2,255 Rupees, or 260 Rupees more than in the previous year. This excess is in the following items:—

Rupees 206 remitted on certain over-assessed lands. The increase is attributable to the fact of more land of this description being brought under cultivation than was the case in the previous year.

Kattugattu and Mokta Koval is a reduction of assessment allowed to certain parties by virtue of Sunnuds or other admitted rights. It is allowed when lands are cultivated or otherwise charged, and merges into any general remissions which may be granted on lands of similar nature. The increase is attributable to the land left waste last year having been cultivated in the year under notice.

18. MISCELLANEOUS.—The revenue from this source amounts to Rupees 1,82,673, or 44,453 Rupees in excess of Fusly 1275. The increase chiefly occurs in the following items:—

1 Today (Personal	 •••	•••	Increase. 16,619
1. Jody {Personal Service	 ;;		22,570
2. Cultivation not included in			
3. Pullari or grass rents			
4. Water tax on Inams	 •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2,000



The increase in personal Inam Jodi is mainly due to the additional number of Inams cufranchised during the year under notice. The increase in the Jodi of Service Inams is attributable to the transfer of the original Jodi from the proceeds of enfranchisement of Service Inams, which was not done in the previous year, under the impression that it formed a part of the Village Service Fund.

The third item chiefly comprises lands cultivated without permission and after the Settlement, as well as lands lying in the unsurveyed portions of the newly settled villages.

The increase in Pullari is the result of the enhanced rates at which the farm sold this year. Of this, however nearly 600 Rupees cannot be realized, and will have to be written off as recommended.

The only chief item in which a decrease occurs is in the tax on gardens or topes. This is owing to the sale of State gardens of the late Nawab's, under Orders of Government, dated 28th November 1865, No. 2,961, and 30th January 1866, No. 258, subject to the payment of the revised rates of assessment.

					D	ecresse.
Cotton						18,120
Indigo					•••	1,989
Bugar	cane	•••	•••	•••	•••	211

19. Special products.—There was a great falling off in the area of cultivation of Cotton and Indigo, compared with that of Fusly 1275. This is in consequence of the dullness of the market in England, and immense losses sustained by Cotton merchants in Fusly 1275.

- 20. Shrotriem Jodi.—The demand under this head for the year under report is Rupees 12,771, or 87 Rupees above that of the preceding year. This increase arises from the quitrent newly imposed by the Inam Commissioner on the Shrotriem village Brahmanapalle, in the Cumbum Talook.
- 21. The subjoined abstract shows the whole of the Land Revenue of the district inclusive of the quitrent on Inam villages:—

	Ite	ms.					Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase
Jodi on Inam villages Ryotwar Miscellaneous	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	12,684 12,83,342 1,38,221	12,772 13,48,034 1,82,674	87 21,492 44,453
							14,34,246	15,00,280	66,032

This increase shows the satisfactory state of the revenues of the District notwithstanding the unfavourable nature of the year under review.

22. The following abstract shows the demand on account of other sources of Revenue in comparison with Fusly 1275:—

Source of Revenue.											Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase or decrease.	
Abkarry	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••			1,64,255	4,00,282	+2,36,027 $+$ $173$	
Earth Šalt			•••	•••	•••		• • •			•••	1,834	2,007	+ 173	
Stamps	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••		•••	•••	1,06,825	99,390	7,434	
Income-tax	•••	•••		•••		•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	1,631	10	1,621	
License-tax		• • •	•••	• • •		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		37,996	+ 37,996	

23. ABKARRY.—The Abkarry demand shows a large increase, the result of enhanced rates at which the farm sold this year. Led away by the rumours afloat of the large profits derived by the former renters, and the prospect of the construction of a Railway direct to Kurnool held out by a meeting convened for that purpose in Kurnool, the bidders at the auction became perfectly reckless.

These high prices coupled with the drought which followed resulted in the failure of the several Farms. Cumbum and Koilkuntla leases were cancelled for the non-payment of arrears and their resale resulted in large losses amounting to Rupees 47,769.\*

of which the Board in their Proceedings, dated 27th June 1867, No. 3,967, have sanctioned the remission. Four other farms of the Board, and fetched Rupees 1,03,110, or Rupees 97,540 less than the price of the year under report.

- 24. STAMPS.—The revenue from this source shows a decrease of Rupees 7,434. But this is trifling, and is attributable chiefly to the large purchases made in the latter part of Fusly 1275 by the vendors licensed under the discount system.
- 25. The whole revenue from land and all other sources amounts to 20,39,966 Rupees, showing on the whole the satisfactory increase of Rupees 3,81,175 over that of the previous year.
- 26. STATEMENT 7.—Of this demand Rupees 19,54,180 was collected before the end of the year, leaving a balance of Rupees 85,786, which is further reduced by the collections of July to Rupees 46,122. This is distributed as follows:—

Shrotriem Jodi	•••	•••		•••		•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	њя. 97
Rvotwar	• • •					•••	•••	•••	•••			•••	1.827
Miscellaneous	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	2,675
Abkarry	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	•••		•••	• • •	•••	• • •		41,518

The only item in which the balance appears large is Abkarry, but a great portion of this, as already remarked, is irrecoverable.

27. The actual collections of the year both current and arrears are entered below in the prescribed form in comparison with Fusly 1275:—

<del>_</del> ,		Fusly 127	5.		Fusty 127	76.	99	. 26	ks.
Items.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Increase	Decrease	Remarks.
Land Revenue.						-			
Permanently settled Jodi on Shrotriem villages	 884	 11,924	12,272	 752	11,808	 12,560	288		
Byotwar Miscellaneous Items	18,189 7,064	12,72,306 1,31,985	12,85,445 1,88,999	8,547	12,98,241 1,77,148		21,843 48,939		
Total	20,551	14,16,165	14,86,716	15,089	14,87,197	15,02,286	65,570		
Abkarry	18,214 28	1,61,855 1,780	1,75,069 1,808	54	3,27,599 1,987	8,29,999 2,041	1,54,980 288	-	
Land Customs	2,819	1,06,825 1,681	1,06,825 8,950	99,891	99,891 10	99,891 10	•••	7,484 8,940	
License-tax					87,996	87,996	87,996	<u> </u>	Net.
Grand Total	86,112	16,88,256	17,24,868	17,548	19,54,180	19,71,728	2,58,729	11,874	2,47,855

28. ARREARS OF REVENUE DUE FOR PREVIOUS YEARS.—The balance outstanding at the close of Fusly 1276 under report is Rupees 4,945. Deducting from this subsequent collections in July the remaining balance is Rupees 4,898. Of this, Rupees 623 is recoverable, and Rupees 178 is doubtful. The remainder, Rupees 4,097, is irrecoverable. Of this amount, Rupees 1,217 was recommended to be written off in the last report. The remaining sum of Rupees 2,880, I now beg to recommend for remission. It consists of several small sums due by deceased persons, absconders, and the poverty-stricken Ryots or petty Inamdars whose lands were sold and fetched but little to cover the arrears due. The details for each Fusly are given in the subjoined abstract, and were as usual inquired into by the settling Officers at the Jummahbundy.

Item.	Fusly.	Recommended for remission in Report of Fusly 1275.	Remission recom- mended for cur- rent year.	Total.
Land Revenue	1271 1272 1273 1274 1275	RS. A. P.  2 5 1 12 2 5 26 5 8 1,176 11 3		88. A. P.  4 5 1 19 12 11 113 4 1 1,184 14 7 2,775 4 6
		1,217 8 5	2,880 0 9	4,097 9 2

- 29. Coencive Process.—In 78 villages property to the value of Rupees 1,408 was attached for arrears, amounting to Rupees 1,413, due by 193 persons. The amount realized by sale was Rupees 928.
- 30. Charges.—The charges for the year under report amount to Rupees 1,41,383, against an income of Rupees 19,71,723 or seven per cent., and shows a decrease of two per cent. in comparison with the previous year. This decrease is chiefly in Collector's salary, and is attributable to the absence of the permanent Collector on leave.

Contingent charges show an increase of Rupees 1,253, which is chiefly due to the increased travelling of Covenanted officers for the inspection of Sub-Jails and Registration offices.

- 31. QUINQUENNIAL RETURNS.—The number of villages and hamlets in the present statement varies with that of the last similar return, and the variance is attributable to the new organization of villages under which two or more villages were generally grouped together, while some large ones were divided into two or more villages.
- 32. Ayacut.—There is a decrease of 46,222 Acres in extent which is generally caused by the operations of the Survey Department in the old talooks of Kurnool Proper, which has left large blocks of land unsurveyed.

In Cumbum, Markapur, and Koilkuntla, there is a small decrease in Government land, and some increase in Inam. This is owing to the transfer of certain Hissa Shrotriems from Government Inam in consequence of their enfranchisement by the Inam Commissioner.

33. IBRIGATION WORKS.—The number of Tanks in good order is 367, or three less than in Fusly 1271. These three works have been abandoned by the Public Works Department as unprofitable. The net increase in the number of ruined tanks is due to the inclusion of several works in the jungles which were omitted in the last return.

Wells entered as Government in the last return have all been transferred this year to private, as they have been recognized by Government as such, and the garden assessment reduced to dry rates.

34. CENSUS.—The whole population of this District amounts to 7,66,204, and shows an increase of 40,436 above the census of Fusly 1271, as shown below:—

								Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.	Increase or decrease.
Agricultural Non-agricultural									5,75,164 1,91,040	$\times$ 92,217
21012 1082101111111111111111111111111111	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	•••	<b>-,,</b>	Net decrease	

The increase in the agricultural and decrease in the non-agricultural class arise from the greater attention paid to the rules of classification this year than was the case on the former occasion. All persons who mainly subsisted on land being now classed as cultivators irrespective of caste, and no deference paid to the prejudices of Bramins and Bannians, who though possessing or cultivating land as their only means of livelehood, dislike to be shown under the same category as Sudras.

35. The decrease in population of Kurnool town (4,033) and Nandial (1,252) may to a certain extent be attributed to the large number of deaths which occurred during last year from fever and cholera.

The decrease in Cumbum is only nominal, caused by the outlying hamlets being separated from it when the revision of village establishments was carried out.

- 36. PUTTAS.—There has been but a small increase in single puttas, but the increase in the number of joint puttas is more than a hundred per cent. and is mainly owing to the large size of the fields demarcated by the Settlement Department, which renders it difficult for one man to occupy the whole field.
- 37. CATTLE.—There is a small increase in the number of ploughing cattle, and large decrease in cows. Considering that the number of Puttadars has increased by 27,982, this result is far from satisfactory, and is attributable to the dreadful mortality from murrain among cattle in the first four years of this period.
- 38. Rent Roll.—Puttas under Rupees 10 have greatly increased; nearly two-thirds of them come under this head, while those of the higher grade show a marked decrease. These changes are chiefly the result of the operation of the Hindu Law of sub-division and reductions of assessments by the Settlement Department.

39. TALOOK VILLAGE ACCOUNTS.—These were examined by me and other settling efficers. They are generally kept in proper form. In Ramalakota and Nandikotkur especially the registers of Darkhasts for waste lands were not duly kept. The several defects were pointed out for correction, and where they were not kept at all, I had them written out in the presence of my Serishtadar.

40. Land held by Public Servants.—The following abstract shows the extent of land owned by public servants in this District:—

Names of Offices in	Num-	Circa	r Puttas.	Iı	nams.	Total.				
which em-	ber of persons	Extent.	Kist.	Extent.	Kist.	Extent.	Kist.			
1. Huzoor Officers. 2. Talook	19	407 3	549 12 8		404 3 2		953 15 10			
Officers.	66	1,270 76	1,944 4 3	2,809 41	3,927 3 2	4,080 17	5,871 7 5			
Total	85	1,677 79	2,494 0 11	3,149 24	4,331 6 4	4,827 3	6,825 7 3			

41. To Gopalakistama Chetty, now Acting Treasury Deputy Collector, and Jagulapudi Venket Subbaya, who acted as my Serishtadar during the Jummahbundy, and for nearly all the time I have been in the district, my thanks are due for the efficient way they did their duty.

Choudappa, the Sherishtadar, has lately returned, and I hope he will take his pension; for not knowing a word of English it is impossible for him preperly to carry out orders which are originally received in English.

I regret some serious charges which must be brought against some of the heads in the office prevent my saying a word in favour of the Huzoor Establishment.

I am well satisfied with the way in which the Tahsildars have generally done their work.

KURNOOL, (Signed) T. A. N. CHASE,

10th September 1867, Collector.

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#### SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

#### MADRAS

- 1. I have the honour to submit the Settlement Report of the District for Fuely 1276, together with the usual Statements.
- 2. Names of the Officers by whom the Settlement was conducted, and the time occupied by Mr. Fane and the Acting Sub-Collector Mr. Burnell, who was also for a time in charge of the District. The names of the places where the Settlement was conducted, and the time occupied in settling each talook, are as follows:—

Officers.	Names of talooks.	Stations at which Settle- ment was made.	Number of days occupied in the Settlement.
Mr. Fane {	Ponneri	Pulicat { Saidapet { Conjeveram and Striperumadur. Chingleput and Sa- { dras.	Twenty-six days; from the 20th February to 17th March 1867. Thirteen days; from 25th March to 6th April 1867. Sixteen days; from the 6th to 21st May 1867. Thirty-six days; from the 16th February to 20th March 1867. Twelve days; from the 8th to the 20th April 1867. Five days; from the 17th to the 22nd June 1867.

- 3. Variation in the number and tenure remains the same as in the last year. Under the head of villages under the Ryotwar tenure, there is an increase of twenty-four, which is owing to nineteen villages, which were under the head of rents for one year, and five villages under the head of rents for more than one year until the last Fusly, having been brought under the Ryotwar Settlement in the Fusly under report. The decrease under the head of rents for one year and more than one year is attributable to the above cause.
- 4. The one village entered under the head "Amany," is the Government farm commonly known as "Roshanbagh and Home's garden," which two estates have always been treated in the accounts as a distinct village. This property stood in the accounts of last year under the head of rents for one year; it has now been transferred to Amany as the more appropriate head.
- 5. Number of Puttahs distributed with remarks regarding the number remarks.—The aggregate number of Puttahs issued this year is 47,061, or 2,675 more than the number issued last year. The increase is chiefly due to the fact of the villages referred to in paragraph 3 under the rental tenure having been brought under Ryotwar Settlement this year, and to individual Puttahs having been issued to Ryots for their respective holding, and in some measure to extended cultivation and division of property.



- 6. The number of Puttahs issued afresh this year was 38,921, which is by 20,484 Puttahs more than the number similarly issued in the previous year. The number of fresh Puttahs is very large; but notwithstanding repeated orders to the Tahsildars and warning to the Ryots, it has been found impossible to induce the latter to bring up their old Puttahs at the Jummahbundy; it is stated that they have a superstitious prejudice against it.
- 7. The above is not, however, the only reason for the increase. The reduction of rates sanctioned by the Board in the Nunjah Assessment of the District, and the transfer of all the Manawari lands to Punjah with reduction in their rates have also necessitated the issue of new Puttahs, as in a great many instances it was found inconvenient and impracticable to have the alterations, consequent on the reduction of rates, entered in the old Puttahs. The number of cases in which old Puttahs were produced for noting down the alterations of the year was 8,130, or 9,872 less than the previous year.
- 8. Shason and Sanitary condition of the District.—The annexed table shows the rain-fall of the year under report:—

Months.	Quantity of rain-fall.	Months.	Quantity of rain-fall.
April 1866  May ,,  June ,,  July ,,  August ,,  September ,,	 ·69 4·39 4·67	October 1866  November ,  December ,  January 1867  February ,  March ,,	5·1 13·97
Total	10.55	Total Grand Total	27·33 37.88

- 9. The season in the early part of the year proved particularly unfavourable. There were no rains whatever in the months of April, May, June, and only very slight showers, scarcely enough to wet the ground, fell in July. The failure of rain in the District during the best part of the cultivation season added to the scarcity throughout the country had a very disastrous effect upon the District in general, of which Mr. Fane has already dwelt at considerable length in his Administration Report for the past official year. About August, a change took place for the better in the state of the season. There were general and copious falls of rain throughout the District from October to December, so that all the tanks, even those possessing no supplying channels, and depending only on the surface drainage, received their due supply. One peculiarity in the monsoon of the year under report was, that it was unaccompanied by the usual stormy winds, and in consequence but little damage has been done to tanks. The result of such a favourable monsoon was that the ryots were enabled to bring a larger quantity of wet land under cultivation than in the previous years. The rains, though sufficiently seasonable for wet cultivation, were not so for dry oultivation in consequence of which there was falling off in the area under that head.
- 10. The sanitary condition of the District during the first half of the year was not at all good. Cholera, Fever, and Small-pox prevailed all over the District to a very serious extent, and it is said in more virulent forms than usual. The mortality was greatest in the larger towns such as Conjeveram, Striperumbudur, Pulicat, and in the neighbourhood of the Salt manufacturing stations in the north of Madras where large number of coolies daily congregate; prompt measures were, however, adopted for checking the spread of the disease by insisting, as far as possible, on the cleansing of Towns, by sending special medical officers where they were most needed, and by distributing Cholera Pills with printed instruction through the Village authorities. It is hoped that some good may have been done in this way, but the mortality is still believed to have been greater during the year under report than in any previous season for the last five or six years.
- 11. The want of pasture early in the year was also severely felt by the cattle; many perished from murrain and other diseases.



12. STATEMENT No. 2—PRICES OF GRAIN.—The prices of almost all the staple food grains have ruled very high as might be expected from the famine and drought of the preceding year. The average price of Paddy per garce, first sort and second sort, during the year under report, was Rupees 230 or Rupees 195 per cent. more than the commutation rate, or Rupees 39 per garce or Rupees 20 per cent. more than the price which obtained last year. On the ten years' average the price of Paddy this year has risen by Rupees 77 or 50 per cent. as shown below. The prices of dry grains and gram in particular were equally high.

								•	RS.	
Fusly 1275	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	191 r	er Garce.
Do. 1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	<b>2</b> 30	do.
					Diff	erenc	е	•••	39	do.
Commutation	rate	•••	•••		•••	••.		•••	78	do.
Current Fusly	y	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	<b>23</b> 0	do.
									152	do.
Ten years' av	erage			•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	153	do.
Average of F	usl <b>y</b> I	1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	<b>2</b> 30	do.
					Diff	erenc	e	•••	77	do.

- 13. The suffering and distress amongst all classes which resulted from these high peices is too well known to the Board to need any detailed remark in this Report.
- 14. The high prices of all articles of human food are easily accounted for; with scarcity, almost amounting to famine in this District itself; with positive famine in some Districts of this Presidency and Bengal and with a wide-spread scarcity throughout the country, the prices of food of course rose to an almost unheard of figure.
- 15. The following abstract exhibits the prices of food grain both wet and dry as compared with the prices of last year.

Kinds of Grain.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.
D. 11. 1-1 Games	Rs. 200	RS.
Paddy, 1st sort, per Garce De. 2nd do. do	200 183	242 218
	-	_
Raggy, per Garce	242	352
Varagu, do	•••	•••
Cholam, do	312	355
Cumbu, do	231	317
Gram, do.	343	453

- 16. Ryots' holding.—The Ryots' holding at the beginning of the Fusly amounted to Acres 4,63,476, assessed at Rupees 13,21,140. If from the above figures the relinquishments and transfers of the year be deducted, and the lands newly taken up this year on Durkhasts, &c., be added, the net holding of the year amounts to Acres 4,83,809, assessed at Rupees 13,59,222, or Acres 20,333, assessed at Rupees 38,082, more than the net holding of last year. This increase is chiefly owing to certain villages (24 in number) which were hitherto held on annual rents having been brought under Ryotwar Settlement this year. The holding in those villages alone amounted to Acres 14,639, assessed at Rupees 39,105, out of a total arable ayacut of Acres 18,721, assessed at Rupees 47,351.
- 17. The following abstract exhibits in one view the Ryots' holding at the beginning of the year, and subsequent fluctuation as compared with similar details of the previous Fusly, including Fassal and Teerwah jasti:—

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Ttome		Day.		Wet.		Total.
TOTTO:	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
Ryots' holding at the beginning of the Fusly	188,797	RS. A. P. 2,65,031 13 5	274,679	10,56,108 7 7	463,476	RS. A. P. 13,21,140 5 0
100	12,076 1,851	15,410 4 0 2,984 2 11	3,451 2,863	11,002 14 <b>4</b> 11,263 12 7	15,527	26,413 2 4 14,247 15 6
Do. lands transferred to or classed as Dry during the year.	1,007	1,291 11 6	453 25,514	1,476 14 3 72,706 2 0	1,460 25,514	2,768 9 9 72,706 2 0
Do. reduction enected by the transfer of manawart indigate to Punjah  Bolination official the Nuniah assessment by the reduc-	:	:	:	5,954 10 5	:	5,954 10 5
tion of rates  To lands hitherto represented in the seconds se	:	:	:	6,585 13 4	:	6,585 13 4
	323	1,475 8 3	:	:	323	1,475 8 3
Total	15,257	21,161 10 8	32,281	1,08,990 2 11	47,538	1,30,151 13 7
Remainder	173,540	2,43,870 2 9	242,398	9,47,118 4 8	415,938	11,90,988 7 5
Lands taken up on Durkhast Do. purchased or obtained by transfer	15,036	18,259 12 2 2,984 2 11	7,645	20,167 5 3 11,263 12 7	22,681 4,714	38,427 1 5 14,247 15 6
Do. munerto nello on annual renus brought under ryot- war Settlement in the current Fusly  Do. transferred from Nunjah to Punjah  Do. Dry transferred to Nunjah	7,016 25,514	9,474 15 3 72,706 2 0	7,623	29,630 11 9	14,639 25,514	39,105 11 0 72,706 2 0
Increase of revenue gained by the introduction of a revised scale of rates for Nunjah lands	•		}	6 6	:	2 7
Total	49,417	1,03,425 0 4	18,454	64,808 8 8	67,871	1,68,233 9 0
Total holdings  Deduct waste remitted	222,957 998	3,47,295 3 1 2,055 9 10	260,852 9,090	10,11,926 13 4 30,764 11 4	483,809	13,59,222 0 5 32,820 5 2
Remainder	221,959	3,45,239 9 3	251,762	9,81,162 2 0	473,721	13,26,401 11 3
Actual cultivation	160,587 61,372	2,52,778 4 7 92,461 4 8	234,338 17,424	9,27,965 11 2 53,196 6 10	394,925 78,796	11,80,743 15 9 1,45,657 11 6

- 18. The Board will observe from the above extract that the area relinquished this year consists of Acres 15,527, assessed at Rupees 26,413, or 8,410 Acres, assessed at Rupees 16,612, less than the relinquishments of the previous Fusly, a result partly attributable to the ryots having entertained, according to the Hindu tradition, sanguine hopes that the famine of last year, (the last year of the Hindu Cycle of 60 years,) would be succeeded by a favourable season. This belief, however, was not acted upon soon enough to influence the dry cultivation. It is also due to the promised reduction in the assessment of Manawari Nunjah lands. The very small reduction of rates eventually sanctioned led to much disappointment, and to the relinquishment of much land at the Jummahbundy. Mr. Fane accepted these relinquishments, though out of the prescribed time, as a special case, as he was of opinion that it would be hard to make Ryots pay for lands which they did not cultivate and which they only retained in the expectation of a liberal reduction of assessment.
- 19. Revision of Manawari assessment.—The Board are aware that in resetting these Manawari lands the principle adopted was as follows:—These lands which had previously been classed as Nunjah were all transferred to the head of Punjah, charged with the rate of Teerwah according to the new scale sanctioned by Government.
- con the Nunjah class and debarred from participating in the remission which they had formerly received whenever they were left waste from want of water. They were, in fact, placed in a far less favourable position than before. In illustration of this, I may state that the "waste charged" in Manawari lands during the past year, owing to their being classed as Punjah, amounted to Rupees 15,286, all of which might have been remitted had they remained under Nunjah. Some revision of the Settlement appears certainly to be called for, although my short experience in the District makes me somewhat diffident in recommending it.
- 21. ACTUAL CULTIVATION.—The extent of actual cultivation during the year under all heads was Acres 394,925, assessed at Rupees 11,80,744, which is more than the actual cultivation of the previous year by Acres 17,560, assessed at Rupees 45,273. This increase, as will be seen from the Abstract Statement appended above, occurs under the head "dry," but is only nominal. The season for dry cultivation this year having been particularly unfavourable, the area under such cultivation was necessarily smaller than in the previous year; but the apparent increase under the head "dry" is owing to the Manawari Nunjah lands in the District having been transferred to Punjah although Paddy crops only are raised on them.
- 22. The actual area on which dry crops were sown this year, including the cultivation in the twenty-four villages which were recently brought under Ryotwar Settlement, amounted to Acres 140,749, assessed at Rupees 1,95,359, which is more than the extent under dry cultivation last year by Acres 3,544, assessed at Rupees 1,559, and 1,144 Acres, bearing an assessment of Rupees 4,888, less than the area under similar cultivation last year, if the twenty-four villages be omitted from the accounts of both years. The nature of the season is quite sufficient without any other cause to account for the defalcation.
- 23. The area sown with wet crops this year amounts to Acres 254,176, bearing an assessment of Rupees 9,85,384, or Acres 14,016, assessed at Rupees 43,713, more than the area under similar cultivation last year. This increase is, as already observed, partly owing to the twenty-four villages hitherto held on annual rents having been brought under Ryotwar Settlement this year, and more particularly to the favourable character of the season for wet crops. In the twenty-four villages above referred to, the area under wet cultivation amounted to Acres 5,690, assessed at Rupees 22,744. The Nunjah cultivation in the District would have been still more extensive had the rains fallen a little earlier.
- 24. Waste charged.—The extent of waste on which assessment has been charged this year was Acres 78,796, assessed at Rupees 1,45,657, or Rupees 84,537 more than the amount similarly

Charge on Manawari Nunjah waste transferred to Punjah is Rupees 15,287.

charged last year. Of the above sum (Rupees 1,45,657) the charge on dry waste including Manawari Nunjah lands recently transferred to

Punjah amounted to Rupees 92,461 on an area of Acres 61,372. The largest amount under this latter head occurs in the Madurantakam talook which has large tracts of dry land and which are always sown with Varagu and with no other crop. They were left waste partly owing to their being required to be left fallow every alternate year, and partly owing to the failure of rain in due time. It was always usual in former years to remit the assessment on lands left fallow in this manner; but in the year under report, it was charged with reference to the notices previously published by Mr. Fane on the subject and the Board's Standing Orders dated 1st November 1865, No. 137. This step was complained of as a very great hardship, but there can be no question of the propriety of the measure nor any reason for treating Punjah lands\* differently in this District from any other. It was no doubt unfortunate

Average assessment of these lands per acre Rupee 1-8-0.

from any other. It was no doubt unfortunate that the change happened to be introduced in a year so unfavourable for Punjah crops.

- 25. The extent of Nunjah waste on which assessment has been charged this year is Acres 17,424, assessed at Rupees 53,196, which is greater than the amount charged on similar waste last year by Rupees 33,903. This charge was made either on the ground of neglect on the part of the Ryots, or on the ground that they retained a larger extent of land in the Puttahs than they were able to cultivate and refused to relinquish the surplus.
- 26. Waste Remitted.—The amount of remissions granted this year on waste is Rupees 32,820, of which Rupees 2,055 consist of remissions granted on dry waste in the twenty-four villages in which the Ryotwary Settlement was introduced late this year, long after the cultivation season had passed.
- 27. The extent of Nunjah waste on which remission had to be given this year was Acres 9,090, assessed at Rupees 30,765. This is owing either to the disrepair of the tanks on their having breached during the monsoon, or to the tank not being large enough to supply the entire Ayacut under it.
- 28. In paragraph 17 of the last year's report, Mr. Fane stated that all Totacal lands had been included under the head Punjah whether irrigated or not in Statement No. 3, as there were no data then in the office to distinguish those irrigated from Government sources of irrigation from the others. The necessary information on this point having been obtained this year from the talooks, such of the Garden lands as are irrigated from Government sources of irrigation have this year been included under the head Nunjah, and those drawing no water from Government works of irrigation retained under the head Punjah as in last year. The lands so transferred, after due inquiry, from
  - ▼ Vide Enclosure A. in Statement No. 8.

the head Punjah to Nunjah, consists of 323\* Acres, assessed at Rupees 1,475.

- 29. The difficulties experienced last year in making certain Road Cess items of last Fusly in Columns 52 and 55 to agree have been removed by the introduction of Act No. III. of 1864. This difficulty still exists in regard to Merahs in Columns 53 and 56 owing to the absence of any uniform system for calculating these dues.
- 30. ENCLOSURE A., STATEMENT No. 3—RYOTS HOLDINGS AT THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE FUSLY, AND THE SUBSEQUENT ALTERATIONS.—This Statement requires but very few remarks. The fluctuations in the holdings, actual cultivation, &c., of this year having been explained above, the only item which seems to require any explanation at all is the increase that is to be seen in the holding of the Ryots under the head "Punjah" and a corresponding decrease under the head "Nunjah." This is owing to the Manawari Nunjah lands hitherto treated in the accounts as Nunjah and entered as such in the accounts having been now transferred to the head Punjah with a reduction also in the rate of assessment.
- 31. ENCLOSURE B. IN STATEMENT No. 3—CULTIVATION OF SUGABCANE, COTTON, AND INDIGO.—
  The marginal Statement exhibits the area cultivated with special products. The cultivation under Sugarcane is about the same as in the last year. That under Cotton crops has materially fallen off. It is only a natural result of the scarcity of food that the growth of special crops should be abandoned in favour of food-producing grains. However, the soil of the District is not generally favourable for the growth of Cotton. The falling off in Indigo is slight, and may be attributed to the same cause.



- 32. ENCLOSURE C. IN STATEMENT No. 3—LANDS HELD ON PROGRESSIVE COWLE.—Lands held on Progressive Cowle up to the end of the last year amounted to Acres 708 assessed at Rupees 969, of which 44 Acres, assessed at Rupees 88, have been since abandoned, and Acres 208, assessed at Rupees 326, have been charged with full assessment. Deducting therefore the two latter items from the Cowle holding of last year, there remains Acres 456, assessed at Rupees 555, still held on those terms. If to the above is added the extent given on similar terms this year the total Cowle holding in Fusly 1276 amounts to Acres 469, bearing an assessment of Rupees 589. If again from the above amounts the Cowle and Waste remission of the year be deducted, the net Cowle beriz of the year amounts to Rupees 281.
- 33. The following is the Comparative Abstract Statement showing the cultivation beriz as determined at the Settlement:—

	I	LAST FUSLY.	Pres	PRESENT FUSIX.	INCREASE.	CASE.	DECE	DECREASE.
Items.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
1	7	<b>8</b>	4	Z.	9	7	80	6
Dry	ACRES. 169,780 246,736	2,35,627 2 8 9,60,964 9 11	ACRES. 221,959 251,762	3,45,239 9 3 9,81,162 2 0	ACRES. 52,179 5,026	вв. 1,09,612 20,198	ACRES.	R8.
Total	416,516	11,96,591 12 7	473,721	13,26,401 11 3	57,205	1,29,810	:	:
Add.								
Second crop assessment Additional assessment		77,459 11 0 23,257 10 2		74,023 2 4 21,193 8 9			:	3,436
:		٠ د		00 M		6,769	: :	:
Village Service Fund		1,35,694 14 8		13		45,551 27,381	::	::
Total		14,35,319 13 6		16,37,130 1 10		2,07,311	:	2,500
Deduct Remissions.								
Road Fund Village Service Fund Other Remissions as par-		2,378 9 3 1,47,572 0 7		45,666 5 6 1,75,583 4 2		43,288 28,011	::	::
		70,056 4 5		39,136 4 2	į	:	:	30,920
Total		2,20,006 14 3		2,60,385 13 10	:	71,299	:	30,920
Remaining Beriz Add Miscellaneous items.		12,15,312 15 3 1,64,453 14 5		13,76,744 4 0 1,56 909 1 7		1,61,432	::	7,545
Total		13,79,766 13 8		15,33,653 5 7		1,53,887	:	:

34.	PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF IRRIGATION.—The following are the principal irrigation works in
the Distr	ict, together with the ayacut and cultivation under them: -

Tank.			No. of Vil-	Ау	acut.	Cultivation of Fusly 1276		
INIK.				lages irri- gafed.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
Chembrambakam Ambathur Polal or Red Hills Madurantakam Uttramallur Damal Striperumadur Nemam Kuvam Manimangalum Tenneri Chinnambidu	•••		•••	56 6 11 13 3 1 1 6 7 5	9,470 2,490 2,401 3,731 5,654 1,616 1,017 1,500 1,782 1,867 5,062 1,753	52,485 7,334 9,450 11,198 20,667 6,980 4,904 8,600 9,736 9,755 16,442 10,375	7,372 1,820 1,901 2,637 3,780 1,288 986 1,291 1,502 1,308 4,217 1,275	45,236 5,907 9,138 8,790 14,690 5,669 5,402 8,470 9,826 7,597 11,995 8,963

- 35. Chembrambakam tank is the largest in the District. Its chief sources of supply are from the Cortillar anicut at Kesavaram, and the Coovam anicut at Korattur. It also receives the surplus from the Striperumadur tank and the local drainage of a large tract of country.
- 36. The tank at Ambathur depends entirely upon the local rains and the surface drainage of the country around, and therefore it very rarely fills. In fact, it has not received its full supply during the last five or six years. Even this year the supply was not quite complete.
- 37. The tank at the Red Hills is dependent on the surface drainage of the country and Buchikal, a jungle stream, which has its rise to the north of Trivellore; in future, it will be supplied from the Cortillar.
- 38. The tank at Madurantakam is fed by Kiliyar river, while that of Uttramallur is fed by the Cheyar river.
- 39. The tanks at Damal, Striperumadur, and Coovam are fed by the Kambakal channel which brings the surplus water of the Kawaripak tank. This channel also feeds many other minor tanks in the District, but the beriz under them are less than Rupees 5,000.
- 40. The tank at Manimangalum is fed by a Madugu at Gunduperumbedu east of Manimangalum, while the tank at Tennari is fed by a similar Madugu commonly known as Kutharaikalpallam on the west of Striperumadur and the surplus water of the tanks at Yenadur and Konerikuppam. The tank at Chinnambedu is fed by the Araniyanathi, or the river which runs by Ponneri.
- 41. In the absence of any specific definition of the term "principal sources of Irrigation" in the Board's Memorandum, dated 14th August 1866, I have entered all tanks yielding more than 5,000 Rupees in the Statement. To these might be added the Kambakal and Bangaru channels by which many of the tanks are fed, as, however, they have no distinct Ayacut, and these streams are not continuous enough to afford irrigation without the aid of tanks to act on reservoirs; I have not brought them into the list.
- 42. The extension of the Red Hills and Sholavaram tanks to four reservoirs for the supply of the town of Madras with water, enable the cultivation under them to be much increased.
- 43. The tanks in this District generally are reported to be in great need of repair, but with a more liberal allotment for repairs in future years it is hoped they will soon be remedied.



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- 44. RUINED TANKS.—As regards the number of ruined tanks made over to Ryots to be repaired at their expense, I beg to state that since the date of Mr. Fane's report no application whatever has been received, though the terms under which the tanks are to be made over are pretty well understood by the people.
- 45. STATEMENT No. 3, ENCLOSURE A—AMANI VILLAGE.—There are no villages under this tenure in this District at present, excepting Roshanbaugh and Homes' Garden; these are managed by the Farm Committee, and the revenue derived from them is not credited to the accounts of this District, so that they cannot properly be brought into the Statement.
- 46. STATEMENT No. 4—Remissions.—The marginal Statement details the remissions on sundry items of revenue, those on waste being entered in Statement No. 3, and already accounted for fully.
- 47. Under the head "Occasional remission," there is a net decrease of Rupees 35, 170, which is owing to no remissions having been granted this year on account of Shavi or partial loss of crops. The decrease under the head "Teerwah Cummee" is due to the following circumstances: the first class Punjah assessment of the village had been collected on certain highly assessed Manawari Nunjah lands as a special case for the last few years pending the final orders of Government on the subject of revising the Manawari Nunjah rates throughout the District. This revision having been carried out during this year according to a scale of rates furnished by Government, there was no alternative but to apply the new scale of rates to these lands also, the effect of which has been to raise the assessment almost to the original Teerwah, (6 Rupees per Cawny). The application of the new scale of rates has been looked in as a great hardship, and in one instance the Ryot appears to have gone to considerable expense in improving the land and sinking wells therein, firmly believing, as he states, that he would not have to pay more than the highest dry rate of the village. On this subject I propose addressing the Board separately.
- 48. The increase (Rupees 4,187) under the head of "fixed remission" is owing to an increase in the area held under the Tope rules, as also to remissions made in the second crop charge, owing to the Ryots having used the water of private wells to raise such crop.
- 49. STATEMENT No. 5.—Demand Collection, and Balance under the head "Miscellaneous.—The marginal Statement exhibits the Demand, Collection, and Balance under the head "Miscellaneous Revenue." It will be seen that the demand under the head "Land Revenue Miscellaneous" this year amounts to Rupees 1,56,909, being a net decrease of Rupees 7,544 in the similar demand of the previous Fusly which is rather apparent than real, and is owing to the twenty-four unassessed villages hitherto under the rental system of management having been assessed this year, and their revenue transferred to the head "Ryotwar."
- 50. A few only of the component items of the "Miscellaneous Land Revenue" in which the fluctuations are somewhat considerable call for remark.

	-						Fusly 1275,	Fusly 1276.
Cultivation not included in Jummahbu Chunam Shell rent	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	15,726 2,104 7,093 26,261 8,256 79,394	24,084 4,897 10,802 4,982 7,776 78,535

<sup>51.</sup> There is an increase of Rupees 8,358 under the head of cultivation not included in Jummahbundy which is chiefly owing to the lateness of the monsoon. Similarly there is an increase of Rupees 2,793 under the head "Chunam shell rent." The reason of this increase is that there has been great demand and competition in the market this year for chunam. The increase of

Rupees 3,709 under the head "other items" is chiefly owing to the following causes; first, that a large number of certificate for house property have been issued in Madras, and the fees thereon have been proportionately larger this year; 2ndly, that the remains of the debris of the old rampart wall of the Madras Town were sold this year and the proceeds carried to account; thirdly, that certain "Kaval Merah" collections hitherto erroneously credited to the head "Inam Jody" in the Madurantakam and Conjeveram talooks have been transferred to the head "Miscellaneous" this year; and lastly, that a larger sum has been collected and brought to account this year out of irrecoverable arrears previously recommended to be written off the accounts.

- 52. There is a decrease of Rupees 859 under the head "Quit-rent" and "Ground-rent" in Madras, which is owing to certain lands hitherto paying ground-rent on the beach at Madras having been transferred to the charge of the Municipality. The decrease (Rupees 21,279) under the head of Revenue from rented villages is attributable to Ryotwari Settlement having been introduced in the twenty-four villages hitherto held on rental tenure. The decrease of Rupees 480 under the head of Tax on trees on unassessed land is simply owing to that sum having been hitherto erroneously credited to that head instead of Ryotwar Land Revenue, the amount being collections not on the number of trees but on the acreage of the land.
- 53. The fluctuations under the heads Abkarri, Salt, and Miscellaneous are not only trifling, but are of ordinary occurrence. They, therefore, call for no particular explanation.
- 54. STATEMENT No. 6—Demand, Collection, and Balance of Zemindaries, Muttahs, &c., Polipats, &c.—The marginal Statement exhibits the current Demand, Collection, and Balance including the arrears of previous Fuslies of permanently settled estates, Shrotriem and Inam villages and villages held on Kayam Puttah or permanent lease and rents held on a lease of thirty years.
- 55. The entire demand for the year on the several kinds of tenures above referred to amounts to Rupees 1,88,728, which is Rupees 21,164 less than the beriz under similar tenures in last Fusly. The reason of this decrease is to be found in the transfer of the revenue derived from the twenty-four villages referred to in paragraph 52 of this report to the head "Ryotwar."
- 56. The demand against Jari Muttahs alone amounts to Rupees 1,06,509, or the same as last year, while that under the Shrotriems and Inam villages amounts to Rupees 77,236, which is more than the demand of last year by Rupees 114 and Rupees 10,942 more than the old Jodi. The increase of Rupees 114 in the Jodi, as compared with the Jodi of last year, is simply owing to further enfranchisement.
- 57. The villages entered under the head of "Rents for more than one year," are all held on Kayam Pattah or permanent lease with the exception of one village only, viz., Puttur, which latter is held on a lease of thirty years, at the end of which it is to revert to Government. Timmasamudram, one of the villages entered in the Statement under the head of "rent for more than a year," was originally given on Sasvatha Izara tenure, but as an endowment to a Chuttrum on the western Trunk Road. This village having been settled by the Inam Commission, and a Title-deed issued by that Department though without any change in the original Jodi, it is for the Board to determine whether the rent derived from this village should not be carried to account under the head of Shrotriem and Inam Jodi.



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58. STATEMENT No. 7—CURRENT DEMAND.—The aggregate demand of this year from all sources amounts to Rupees 53,73,964, or Rupees 3,78,412 more than the demand of last year, as will be seen from the subjoined comparative abstract:—

	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue.				
Permanently settled estates	77,122	77,236 13,76,744	 114 1,61,431 	  7,545
Total Land Revenue  Net Increase	1 .	17,17,398	1,61,545	7,545
Abkarry	95 500		2,51,779 3,653  4,247	9,751  25,516
Grand total Net Increase	1	53,73,964	4,21,224 3,78,412	42,812

- 59. It will be seen from the above abstract that the Land Revenue demand this year amounts to Rupees 17,17,398, being a net increase of Rupees 1,54,000 over the Land Revenue beriz of last year. This increase is derived from an increase in the actual cultivation of the year, and charges made on waste lands, as also from the remissions of the year under other heads having been smaller.
- 60. ABKAERY.—The decrease of Rupees 9,751 under the head Abkarry, is owing to a falling off in the sale of arrack in Madras in consequence of the famine of last year.
- 61. Salt.—The Salt revenue exhibits an increase of Rupees 2,51,779 over last year, which is owing to salt having been sold throughout the year at the enhanced rate, as also to a much larger

sumption of salt this year amounted to Maunds 14,43,714, or Maunds 99,623 more than the consumption of last year.

62. The sales of salt during the last five Fuslies is shown below;-

Fusly.		Maunds.
1272 1273 1274 1275 1276		17,17,243 20,48,267 18,57,828 21,04,786 23,56,565
Average sales	Total per year.	100,84,689 20,16,938

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The whole quantity of salt received into store during the year including the balance of stock in hand at the beginning of the Fusly amounts to Maunds 40,59,049, or 86,836 Maunds more than the storage of last year. This increase is owing to the manufacture in the Northern pans having been larger this year in order to meet the rapidly growing demand that there is for salt from the Districts abroad. No salt was manufactured on the Southern pans this year excepting at one station, viz., Kelambakam. This was owing to the large quantity of salt in store in the several Salt Depôts at Covelong, Cheyur, and at Homes' Garden. The salt manufactured in the Southern pans is of very superior quality, but unfortunately, owing to the break in the canal, it cannot be placed in store at the Madras Kottar and made available for inland transactions by rail.

- 63. The exportation of salt this year by sea amounts to Maunds 2,08,343, or 5,38,487 Maunds less than the quantity exported last year. This decrease is owing to Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co. having purchased a very large quantity of salt at once last year for Bengal where the demand for salt was then very great owing to the damage done to the salt in store by the cyclone at the latter end of 1864.
- 64. The amount of Kudiwaram paid for salt this year was Rupees 2,06,895, or Rupees 28,772 less than the Kudiwaram paid last year. This is owing to the manufacture having been confined this year to the Northern pans where the rate of Kudiwaram is much smaller than it is in the south. In the former stations it is only Rupees 10-9-7 per garce, whereas in the Southern pans it varies from Rupees 6 to Rupees 22 per garce.
- 65. Storage and charges of establishment amounted this year to Rupees 1,40,352, and this with the Kudiwaram if deducted from the gross revenue the net revenue from salt alone amounts to Rupees 20,09,318, or Rupees 3,03,748 more than the net revenue of last Fusly.
- 66. STAMP REVENUE.—The increase of Rupees 4,247 under the head of "Stamp Revenue" may be ascribed to the introduction of the new Stamp Act and to the better acquaintance the people have of late acquired of the provisions of Act No. X. of 1862, as also to greater scrutiny exercised in bringing to light the evasions of Stamp law, and dealing with them as provided in the Penal Sections of the law.
- 67. REMARKS ON THE STATE OF COLLECTIONS BOTH CURRENT AND ARREADS—ENCLOSURE B TO STATEMENT No. 7.—The collections this year on account of current and arrears demand amounted to Rupees 52,61,927, or Rupees 1,00,280 more than the similar collections of the past year, as will be seen from the annexed comparative abstract of collections:—

	1	FUSLY 127	5.		Fusly 1276	Tnonogo	Deemage	
· Items.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue.	RS.	RS.	RS.	Rs.	Rø.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Permanently settled Jodi on Shro-	20,653	86 <b>,</b> 860	1,07,513	19,554	82,334	1,01,888	•••	5,625
triem, &c., villages Ryotwar	14,839 1,08,630		74,546 12,51,512		60,549 12,34,888	76,188 12,87,422		
Miscell	52,931	1,10,985	1,63,916	40,912	97,208	1,38,120		<sup>)</sup> 25,796
Total	1,97,053	14,00,434	15,97,487	1,28,639	14,74,979	16,03,618	37,552	31,421
Abkarry Salt Income-tax. License-tax. Stamps		21,04,786 1,383 	11,72,384 21,04,786 91,870  1,88,120	10,026	10,68,627 23,56,565 17 3,653 1,92,365	10,95,683 23,56,565 10,043 3,653 1,92,365	2,51,779  3,653	81,827
Grand total.	3,53,316	48,01,331	51,54,647	1,65,721	50,96,206 Net	52,61,927 increase		1,89,949

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- 68. Remarks on the state of the collections on account of current revenue.—Out of an aggregate demand of Rupees 53,73,964, the collections within the Fusly amounted to Rupees 50,96,205, or 95 per cent. of the demand, leaving a balance of Rupees 2,77,759, or five per cent. to be collected. This latter balance was, however, reduced to Rupees 78,623 by the end of September last, in other words the balance on the 1st October amounted to 1½ per cent. of the demand while in the previous year the balance on the above date was two per cent.
- 69. The bulk of the balance appertains to Land Revenue, and is made up of the following items:—

			RS.
Ryotwar		•••	35,611
Permanently set	tled	•••	4,897
Shrotriem	•••		3,119
${\bf Miscellaneous}$	•••	•••	32,536
	Tota	al	76,163

- 70. The collections under the head Ryotwar are far better than in the last year, notwithstanding an increase of Rupees 1,61,431 in the demand. The operations of the Arrears Recovery Act, No. II. of 1864, has tended greatly to produce this result.
- 71. The greater portion of the balance (Rupees 4,897) under "Permanent Settlement" is due by the Tiruvur Muttah in the Trivellore talook. I have sent stringent orders to the Tahsildar of that talook as well as to Chingleput and Madurantakam, who have also small balances in their talooks under that head either to collect them forthwith or to take legal steps for the recovery.
- 72. The balance under the head Shortriem occurs in all the talooks, and chiefly owing to the non-distribution of Title-deeds to the Inamdars. There is no probability of this portion of the balance being adjusted in the accounts for some time to come, as the distribution of Title-deeds has lately been suspended under the orders of the Inam Commissioner.
- 73. Of the balance of Rupees 32,536 under the head "Miscellaneous," a sum of Rupees 16,239 appertains to Madras Town and its suburbs being the quit-rent and ground-rent due on land and houses in Madras. Hitherto, the collecting officers had considerable difficulties to contend with in collecting the land revenue within the High Court limits owing to the defective state of the law under cover of which the land holders often evaded payment of the just dues of Government. Now that these defects have been removed by Act No. VI. of 1867, which renders each property answerable for the debt on it, I hope that from next year there will be no difficulty in collecting the revenue.
- 74. The remainder of the balance under the head Miscellaneous appertains to the Chingleput District proper, and is now in course of realization by coercive means.
- 75. STATEMENT No. 8—Collections on account of old Arrears.—The demand at the beginning of the Fusly under all heads on account of arrears amounted to Rupees 3,71,509; if from this amount be deducted Rupees 13,902-4-7, written off the accounts in the Demand, Collection, and Balance Statement for April last under the head of Land Revenue, as per sanction of Government

Government Order, 23rd August 1866, No. 2,197. Board's Proceedings, 81st October 1866, No. 7,880. noted in the margin, as also Rupees 1,65,721 being the amount collected within the Fusly, their remained outstanding on the 30th June

last a balance of Rupees 1,91,885 to be collected. Deducting again from this amount Rupees 67,467, being the irrecoverable arrears of Income-tax in the Town of Madras written off the

Vide Government Order, dated 1st August 1867, No. 1,764. Board's Proceedings, 6th August 1867, No. 5,044; also Collector's letter to Board, 5th October 1867. accounts by the Madras Deputy Collector in August last, as also the collection made up to 30th September, there remained on that date a balance of Rupees 1,21,078-10-8. Of this latter

amount a sum of Rupees 19,916-6-6 was recommended in the last Jummahbundy report to be written off the accounts, for which sanction has not as yet been accorded, so that the real balance that needs being accounted for is Rupees 1,01,162-4-2. Of this amount, a sum of Rupees \$6.881-14-3 is either irrecoverable or doubtful. It consists of the following items:—

	Recoverable.	Doubtful.
Shrotriem	60 6 4 2,372 9 5 28,170 4 3 66,109 13 11 168 12 4 	329 4 10 3,951 1 1 4,280 5 11

- 76. The small balance of Rupees 60-6-4 is outstanding against certain Muttahs in the Saidapet and Chingleput talooks, the Tahsildars of which have been required to collect it at once.
- 77. The balance of Rupees 2,372-9-5 is attributable to the reason assigned in paragraph 72 of this report as an explanation for the current balance under head "Inam Jodi."
- 78. As regards the arrears under the heads "Ryotwar" and "Miscellaneous," I beg to state that a considerable portion appears to be irrecoverable though from some confusion and want of agreement between the Talook and Village Accounts I am unable at present to state definitely what amount is really irrecoverable. A careful scrutiny is, however, being made into the Talook Accounts, and I hope to address the Board separately on the subject at an early date. At present, it would seem the confusion is owing to neglect on the part of the Talook authorities in having failed to credit the collections to their proper heads. As regards such portion of the old arrears the recovery of which is not open to any doubt, property is in course of being attached and will be sold in due course.
- 79. The number of cases in which coercive process had to be employed this year was 7,460, and the amount for the recovery of which such measures were adopted was Rupees 1,35,374. The value of property both personal and real attached this year amounted to Rupees 1,53,420, while the sale proceeds of the property actually sold amounted only to Rupees 29,621, or Rupees 4,702 less than the value of property sold last year.
- 80. STATEMENT No. 9.—GROSS COLLECTIONS AND CHARGES.—The gross collections this year from all sources amounted to Rupees 52,61,927, which gives a gross increase of Rupees 3,34,224 over a gross decrease of 2,26,947, the result being a net increase of Rupees 1,07,277. The increase as already remarked has been derived chiefly from salt. Similarly there is a decrease in the charges incurred this year to the extent of Rupees 1,80,629, against an increase of Rupees 19,643, which gives a net decrease in the charges of the year of Rupees 1,60,986 over the charges of the past Fusly; in other words the per-centage of charges to the collections is Rupees 13\frac{3}{4}. If the charges be deducted from the collections, the net revenue of the year amounts to Rupees 45,31,957, or 86\frac{1}{4} per cent.
- 81. The fluctuations under a few of the heads being somewhat considerable, I will offer a few remarks as to the cause of such increase. Under the head "Refund of Revenue" subordinate to Land Revenue charges, there is a decrease of Rupees 11,702; this is owing to refunds on account of revenue collections in excess of the real demand having been greater last year than this year, consequent on the charges made in Fusly 1273 on Nunjah Bunjer, a portion of which was subsequently remitted under the orders of Government.
- 82. The increase of Rupees 3,412 under the head of Salaries of Collectors and Sub-Collectors, &c., is owing to there having been two Assistants employed in the District throughout the year, as also to an increase in the deputation allowance paid this year. The increase, Rupees 4,891, under

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the head Huzur and talook establishment, is owing to the establishment, having been paid throughout the year at the higher rate of pay, while in the previous year the enhanced rate of pay was only paid for a period of eight months.

- 83. The decrease of Rupees 1,04,132 in the charge under the head Abkarry is owing to a large quantity of Columbo arrack having been purchased last year for the purpose of having a stock in reserve so as to render the Government quite independent of the trade, whereas this year there was no occasion for such purchase.
- 84. The increase of Rupees 2,609 under the head Salt establishment charge, is owing to the pay of some of the Superintendents of the salt stations north of Madras, and of some of the office servants at the Madras Kottar, having been raised this Fusly. The decrease of Rupees 28,772 under the head "Purchase of the salt manufacturer's share," is owing to the manufacture this year having been confined chiefly to the northern pans where the rate of Kudiwaram is considerably lower than the rates prevailing in the southern pans. The decrease of Rupees 12,699 under the head Charges for conveying and storing salt is owing to the nearness of the northern pans where the salt was manufactured this year to Madras and to the consequent cheaper rate at which salt has been transferred to that Kottar. The decrease of Rupees 18,276 under the head of Charges for exporting salt is owing to a falling off in the shipment of salt for foreign ports this year. The increase of Rupees 4,612 under the head "Salt contingencies," is simply owing to the transfer of that amount from the head Charges for conveying and storing salt to which it has hitherto been debited.
- 85. The usual salt Statements are herewith sent. The chief points regarding the administration of the Salt revenue and the causes for its fluctuation having been explained in the previous part of the report, these Statements call for no particular remark here.
- 86. The village accounts were examined as usual, and the result though not quite satisfactory shows a great improvement over past years. There were of course many errors and other irregularities in preparing the accounts, for some of which the Curnums were fined. In gross cases Curnums were punished either by suspension or dismissals from office. The Curnums in this District are, as a rule, very illiterate and incompetent, more so than in the other districts with which I am acquainted. The Sub-Collector also comments on the inefficiency of this class. His remarks as regards the performance of the duties by different members of the family in rotation is not, however, applicable to the principal Division of the District, where I learn, it was put a stop to three years ago, when the office holders were all registered and the performance of duties confined to them. Measures will be taken to have this system introduced into the Sub-Division likewise. The Account Department in the Huzoor office has also been managed satisfactorily. The accounts have been closely scrutinized from time to time by the Board's Serishtadar who will be able to bear testimony as to the manner they have been kept during the year.
- 87. The Returns of landed property rendered by public servants do not exhibit any material suctuations in their holdings. The only officer that appears to have acquired any landed property during the year is the Tahsildar of Ponnari, and the extent of which is Cawnies 23-4-12, assessed at Rupees 18-11-7. The property is situated in the talook of Ponnari itself. The land appears to be planted with fruit and timber trees of sorts.
- 88. QUINQUENNIAL STATEMENT A, SHOWING THE VILLAGES HELD ON VARIOUS TENURES AND THEIR GROSS AYACUT.—The marginal statement shows the number of villages and hamlets in the District. It will be seen from this statement that the entries as regards extent in square miles of the villages are considerably less than the similar particulars given in the last Quinquennial Returns. The reason of this is that since the last Statement was prepared, 49 villages comprising



the Striharicottah division were transferred to the Nellore District from the Ponnari talook. The decrease in the number of villages under Ryotwar Settlement is also attributable to the same cause, although some twenty-four villages have been brought under Ryotwar Settlement and two small villages, viz., Hissa Pallaveram and Cowl Bazaar, both of which formed a part of the Pallaveram Cantonment ground once, but have lately been given up by the Military authorities. The reduction of twenty-five villages under rents as compared with the number under similar tenure in 1271 is attributable to twenty-four of the villages under such tenure having been assessed this year, and the property known as Roshanbaugh and Homes' Garden being treated as under Amani management. There is a large increase (159) in the number of hamlets in the District, and which is rather the result of careful scrutiny than any real accession to the number.

- 89. ENCLOSURE B—ASSESSED AYACUT OF THE VILLAGE AS DISTINGUISHED TROM THE GROSS AYACUT INCLUDING PORAMBOKE—This statement shows the Ayacut of the District Talookwar as distinguishing that belonging to Government from Inam. The total Circar arable Ayacut under the heads "Dry" and "Wet" amounts to Acres 903,400, assessed at Rupees 21,77,940. This is by Acres 3,965 more than the total Ayacut as given in the last Quinquennial Statement of Fusly 1271. This increase has occurred in spite of the forty-nine villages comprising the Striharricottah Division having been transferred to the Nellore District in 1863, and is owing to the assessed Ayacut of the twenty-four villages hitherto let on annual leases and settled this year on the principles of Ryotwary Settlement having a larger Ayacut than the villages made over to Nellore. The dry Ayacut as entered in the above statement is by Acres 117,319 more than the similar Ayacut given in the last Quinquennial Statement, while the Nunjah Ayacut is less by Acres 113,354. These fluctuations are owing mainly to the transfer of Manawari Nunjah lands to the head Punjah, and to the twenty-four villages above alluded to having been settled on the Ryotwary principle and their arable area brought to account in this statement.
- 90. The large decrease of Rupees 4,50,358 in the assessment of the Nunjah Ayacut, as compared with the assessment given in the last Ayacut return, is attributable, firstly, to the reduction made in Fusly 1272 in the assessment of the highly assessed Nunjah lands; secondly, to the doing away with the distinction which till then was maintained in the accounts as to one and two crop lands; thirdly, to the reduction recently effected in the number of Nunjah rates and restricting them to thirty-four only; and lastly, to the transfer of Manawari Nunjah lands to Punjah with a slight reduction also in their assessment.
- 91. The extent of land now under occupation is by Acres 157,534, assessed at Rupees 2,57,732, more than the area given in the last Return under "occupation." This increase in the occupied area is owing to no other cause than the high prices which have been prevailing during the last few years. It is also owing in some measure to the fact that the figures given in the last Quinquennial Statement represented simply the actual cultivation, whereas the figures given in this Statement comprise all land entered in the Puttah whether cultivated or not. Deducting the total area under occupation from the total arable ayacut of the District, as shown above, there are still Acres 419,591 unoccupied, or in other words, the ratio of the actual extent of waste to the total ayacut of the District is 46 per cent., or Rupees 38 per cent. of its revenue.
- 92. INAM AYACUT.—The Inam Ayacut as given in the Statement above referred to, is larger by Acres 773 than the similar ayacut given in the Statement of Fusly 1271. This increase in the total Inam has occured in spite of a falling off in the Nunjah Inam Ayacut to the extent of Acres 316, consequent on the transfer of the Striharricottah division villages to the Nellore District and is attributable to the Inams in the several villages newly brought this year under the Ryotwar Settlement having been brought to account. It may also be said to be due in some measure to excess of land discouraged over the registered area.



- 93. ENCLOSURE C—IRRIGATION WORKS.—The only entries that call for remark in this Statement are those about spring channels and private wells. The decrease under the head spring channels is owing to the Striharricottah division which contained a large number of spring channels having been transferred to the Nellore District in Fusly 1272. There is also a deficiency in the number of Government wells which is mainly owing to the wells having been in many cases given over to the ryots to be kept in repair. There is also an increase in the number of private wells which the ryots were induced to sink owing to the uncertainty of the seasons for the last few years.
- 94. Enclosure D—Census.—The marginal Statement shows houses and population of the District. The census it is hoped may be reckoned as approaching to accuracy. The plan adopted for taking it was strictly in keeping with the Board's instructions. The first day of March was fixed for the purpose, and although Mr. Fane and Mr. Burnell were just then in the midst of Jummahbundy, the former in Trivellore and the latter at Conjeveram, both officers suspended the Jummahbundy work for three days to enable the village officers to be present in their respective villages on the 1st March to take the census of their villages. Large Towns were allotted to Tahsildars, their Serishtadars and Deputy Tahsildars or Revenue Inspectors according to their size and importance. These officers were again made to check the Returns prepared by village Maniagars and Curnums, each by taking at random a few villages, and I trust that these precautionary measures may have caused the Returns to be made with fair accuracy. There is an increase in the population of the District under all classes, aggregating to 1,28,893, or 19 per cent. more than the population as given in the Return of Fusly 1271. The census of the different Cantonment stations and the Jail at Chingleput has also been included in the above Statement.
- 95. ENCLOSURE E—NUMBER OF RYOTS AND PUTTARS.—This Statement shows that the number of ryots has risen by 6,978 and Puttahs by 7,031, as compared with the number of Ryots and Puttahs in Fusly 1271, without taking into calculation the bills issued in Madras. There is also a proportionate increase in the agricultural stock notwithstanding the adverse or indifferent seasons which have prevailed these last few years; a result attributable to the increase of wealth, population, and facilities of communication, as well as to the high prices.
- 96. ENCLOSURE F—RENT ROLL.—The marginal Statement shows the Rent Roll or the gradations of Puttahs held by ryots in the District. It will be seen that the holdings of a majority of the ryots are very small, and that there are but fifty-four Ryots paying more than Rupees 500 and seven only paying upwards of Rupees 1,000.
- 97. CONDUCT OF PUBLIC SERVANTS.—As I only joined the District within a few weeks of the close of the Fusly, I am evidently not competent to record any opinion as to the conduct of the Public Servants during the year under report.

98. The Acting Sub-Collector Mr. Burnell's report on the Settlement of the Sub-Division talooks is herewith sent.

SAIDAPFT, 18th November 1867. (Signed) G. THORNHILL,
Acting Collector.

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## SUB-COLLECTORATE.

I have the honor to submit the following report of the Annual Settlement operations in the Sub-Division for the past Fusly:—

- 1. VILLAGES AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT WAS MADE.—I commenced first the Settlement of the Conjeveram talook in February last, and finished in June with Madurantakum, the last talook. The three talooks of the Sub-Division were settled by me. The Settlement of the Conjeveram talook took me thirty-nine days, viz., from the 15th of February to the 25th March, and was done at Conjeveram, Stripermaputur (22nd and 23rd), and Savalimetu (25th). The accounts of this talook were not quite ready when I commenced, hence the delay. The Settlement of the Chingleput talook occupied me twenty-five days, viz., from April 8th to May 2nd, and was conducted at Chingleput (8th to 16th April), and Sadras (25th April to May 2nd). While finishing the Settlement of this talook, I was suddenly summoned to take charge of the District, viz., from May 3rd to the end of the month, and while in charge, I settled part of the Sydapet talook, return I had to settle Madurantakum, which took me from the 17th to the 22nd June, and this was done at Karankuzhi from the 17th to the 21st of June, and on the 22nd June at Mamantur. Had I not been occupied at Sydapet I should, as I originally intended, have settled part of the Chingleput talook at Teruporur and Covelong, and visited Cheyur and Uttaramerur for the same purpose in the Madurantakum talook, but the limited time left me on my return to the Sub-Division rendered it necessary to finish the business at once.
- 2. Variation in the number and tenures of villages.—The past Fusly has been remarkable by the number (11½) of Amani villages brought under the Ryotwar system; in consequence of this, there is a corresponding decrease under the head "Rents for one year, &c."; excepting this, the number and tenure of villages remains the same as last year.
- 3. Number of Puttahs distributed.—The total number of Puttahs issued this year is 22,419. The substitution of the revised Nunjah rates, and the transfer of Manawari Nunjah, &c., to Punjah, rendered it impossible to use more than 146 old Puttahs. The increase in the number of Puttahs (chiefly caused by the change in the Amani villages) is 2,072. Since Mr. Banbury's remark, in Fusly 1272, on the bad quality of the paper supplied for Puttahs, little improvement has been made. Printing paper (which is now used) is not intended for writing on, and is well adapted to conceal erasures, as it has not a glazed surface.
- 4. Season and Sanitary state of the District.—As there is no rain gauge at this office, I am unable to give an account of the rain-fall; the account kept in the Talook Offices is worthless. The past season was on the whole a fair one, but at first the south-west monsoon failed. The north-east monsoon was very heavy and caused damage to a large number of tanks. The floods in the Palaur were very high for a long time. I regret to state that at the beginning of the Fusly, cholera raged in Chingleput and some parts of Madurantakum. It prevailed

throughout the Sub-Division for above three months. Two out-of-the-way villages in the Maduranta-kum talook (Perunkozhi and Surukozhi) were nearly depopulated. Small-pox has prevailed towards the end of the Fusly in parts of the Conjeveram and Chingleput talooks. As two trunk roads pass through the Sub-Division, it is not difficult to account for the introduction of cholera. For this reason I prevent carts from halting at Chingleput which I find to be a great improvement in many ways. As the Sub-Division has not been selected during the past Fusly for vaccination operations very little has been done. I may state that as a reason for the indifference usually displayed regarding it, that the people assert universally that vaccination is of no use as a preservative against small-pox, and they quote many cases in support of this opinion.

5. Ryots' Holdings.—There is an increase in the Ryots' holdings to the extent of 11,345 Acres, assessed at Rupees 24,308, as shown in the following table:—

	Land.	Assessment.
Ryots, holdings of last year	ACRES. 2,60,918 10,859	7,57,816 18,656
Deduct for revised rates	2,50,059	7,39,160 3,209
Add lands newly taken up	22,204	7,35,951 46,173
Deduct waste remitted	2,72,263 4,168	7,82,124 14,904
Remaining settlement	2,68,095	7,67,220
Particulars. Actual cultivation	2,12,288 55,807	6,65,258 1,01,962

The chief part of the land taken up (viz., 9,865 Acres, assessed at Rupees 23,970) belongs to the former Amani villages; apart from this, therefore, the land taken up is little in excess of that relinquished, viz., Acres 1,480, assessed at Rupees 3,547, which represents the correct increase over last year.

#### 6. ACTUAL CULTIVATION. -

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fasly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Punjah	RS. 1,07,808 5,25,088 4,094	Rs. 1,18,233 5,47,025	Rs. 10,425 21,937	Rs.  4,094
Fasaljasti		6,65,258 47,447 14,135	32,362  2,605	4,094 3,953
Total	6,99,920	7,26,840	34,967	8,047
	I	Net	26,920	

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The net increase is Rupees 26,920, which is chiefly caused by the transfer of the Amani villages above referred to. The large increase of Punjah is rather apparent than real; for Rupees 4,094 represents garden land transferred to Punjah, and Rupees 6,477 represents the assessment on Manawari Nunjah transferred to Punjah, and Rupees 4652 represents Punjah of the above-mentioned Amani villages. These three items amount to Rupees 15,223, showing a net decrease as compared with last year of Rupees 4,798. Of the increase under the head Nunjah, Rupees 14,106 represents the Nunjah of the above-mentioned Amani villages; but considering the amount of Manawari transferred to Punjah, and the revision of the Nunjah rates, it will be seen that there is an increase of Rupees 16,703 as compared with last year. Under the head Fasaljasti, the decrease of Rupees 3,953 is accounted for by the failure of the south-west monsoon, which prevented cultivation from being undertaken at the usual time, and also from the more extensive use, for raising a second crop, of water from private wells.

7. Waste Charged and remitted.—The amount of waste charged this year is Rupees 1,01,962,

	Fusl <b>y</b> 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.
Punjah Nunjah	 <sup>1</sup> Rs. 29,325 11,727	RS. 66,061 85,901	RS. 36,736 24,174
			60,910

being Rupees 60,910 over the amount charged last year as shown in the margin. The excess of Punjah waste charged for Fusly 1276 is chiefly attributable to the new orders discontinuing the usual remission for Veraku fallow land. The amount of Punjah Podugal remission last year was Rupees 26,693. The amount charged on Punjah waste in the former Amani villages is Rupees 2,284, and the assessment on Manawari

Nunjah waste transferred to Punjah is Rupees 3,800. The amount charged for Nunjah waste in Fusly 1275 was comparatively small, as very large remissions were made in consideration of the unfavourable nature of the season. The Fusly under review was a good one, particularly in respect of Nunjah cultivation; therefore, as a rule, Nunjah waste was charged, and remission was only granted when it was clearly shown that the land was waste through no fault of the ryot. If I had had more correct information during the Settlement of the shameful state of the irrigation works in the Sub-Division, I should have made very much larger remissions.

PARTICULARS OF REMISSION.

Items.		Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Punjah Podugal	gated by	53,081 174 16,442 1,485 3,176	14.904 1,142 550 1,269 4,229 4,568	968  1,053	Rs. 26,693 38,177  15,892 216
		1,05,469	26,662		78,078

<sup>8.</sup> To deficiency of water remissions on Nunjah, waste to the extent of Rupees 8,103 are to be attributed; this deficiency is owing to the large number of tanks damaged by the last monsoon, and otherwise out of repair. To floods, remissions to the extent of Rupees 6,801 are to be attributed; and this amount is owing to lands (usually cultivated) in the beds of tanks that are in order being entirely covered with water. This remark especially applies to the Chingleput and Madurantakum tanks.

9. PROGRESSIVE COWLE.—No land was granted under Cowles of this description during the Fusly under review. 'The following table shows the amount held at present, and the remissions granted during the year:—

	Extent.	Assess- ment
Holding at the commencement of the Fusly.	ACBES. 166	rs. 256
Deduct.  Lands assessed at the full Taram assessment	109	159
Remaining  Lands given on Cowle this year	57 	97
Cowle remission	57	97 23
Net Beriz		74

10. Tope Cowles.—The following table shows the statistics under this head:—

	Extent.	Assess- ment.
Holding of Fusly 1275	ACRES. 2,253	Rs. 2,500
Cowles cancelled in Fusly 1276	360	391
Remaining	1,893	2,109
Cowles granted in Fusly 1276	1,876	1,526
Total	3,769	3,635

The greater part of this land is on the coast line of the Chingleput talook, and has been taken up for the purpose of raising Casuarina plantations. Cowles to the amount of Acres 360, and bearing an assessment of Rupees 391, were cancelled at the Jummahbundy, on information that the conditions of the Cowles had not been complied with.

11. Special Products.—The amounts of special products which are, however, very small are shown in the following table:—

						Sugar- cane.	Cotton.	Indigo.
Acres	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	 7 42	64 97	2,039 3,940

12. SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE.—There is a net increase in the Miscellaneous items of Rupees 15,818, as shown in the following table. The increase in the cultivation after the Settlement, is owing to the fact that the north-east monsoon was a good one. The increase in the Road Cess is the result of the introduction of Act No. III. of 1866. The decrease under the head of "rents" is caused by the transfer of eleven and half villages to Ryotwar, and the decrease under Jungle Conservancy is in consequence of the practice of renting the jungles having been discontinued, as that system was found to be most destructive to the little jungle that there is in this portion of the District.

#### STATEMENT OF MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Cultivation after Settlement	R8. 9,133 4,795 3,383 1,717 14,835 4,833 522 1,227 5,823	88. 15,319 4,863 3,576 1,757 519 5,142 26,104 74 4,732	88. 6,186 68 193 40  309 25,582  15,818	14,316  1,153

#### ABSTRACT SHOWING THE GROSS LAND REVENUE.

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Permanently settled Jodi on Shrotriem and Inam villages. Ryotwar Miscellaneous Total	37,422	88. 56,502 37,468 8,17,044 62,086 9,73,100	1,01,766 15,818 1,17,630	RS.

- 13. The large increase, Rupees 1,01,766, under Ryotwar is owing to the transfer of the elevenand-a-half Amani villages, and to the amount of remission granted this year being trifling as compared with last year, and also to a small increase of cultivation. The increase under the head "Miscellaneous items" has already been explained.
- 14. DEMAND, COLLECTION, AND BALANCE.—The per-centage of arrears in each talook is shown in the following table:—

Statement showing the Demand, Collection and Balance.

	DI		Collections.	TIONB.	BALANCE.	NCE.	RECOMMENDED FOR BEMISSION.	DED FOR SION.	Domoin	Per-centage.	TAGE.	Равтісої	Particulars of Column 9.	гоми 9.
Ite	Items,	Beriz,	Within the Fusly 1276,	Up to 30th Sep- tember 1867.	At the end of Fusly 1276.	Up to 30th September 1867.	In the last year.	In this year.	ing to be collected.	Co- lumns 2 and 5.	Collumns 2 and 9.	Collection suspend- ed.	Zufted.	To be zufted.
1		2	အ	4	5	9	7	8	6	01	11	12	13	14
Current	Permanent Shrotriem Ryotwar	56,502 37,468 8,79,130	41,308 28,295 7,43,527	14,099 7,121 99,106	15,194 9,173 1,35,603	1,095 2,052 36,497	:::	464 3,813	1,095 1,588 32, <b>6</b> 84	: : :		93 3,407	982 601 21,785	113 894 7,492
	Total	9,73,100 8,13,130		1,20,326	1,59,970	39,644	:	4,277	35,367	16	33	3,500	23,368	8,499
Arrears	Permanent Shrotriem Ryotwar	11,468 9,850 1,03,389	11,380 7,966 64,151	$\frac{40}{218}$	88 1,884 39,238	48 1,666 37,680	73	 604 8,563	48 989 15,882	:::	:::	2,225	48 67 7,357	922
	Total	1,24,707	83,497	1,816	41,210	39,394	13,308	9,167	16,919	33	14	2,225	7,472	7,222
Total	Permanent Shrotriem Ryotwar	67,970 47,318 9,82,519	52,688 36,261 8,07,678	14,139 7,339 1,00,664	15,282 11,057 1,74,841	1,143 3,718 74,177	73	1,068 12,376	1,143 2,577 48,566	:::	:::	93	1,030 668 29,142	113 1,816 13,792
	Total	10,97,807	8,96,627	1,22,142	2,01,180	79,038	13,308	13,444	52,286	18	2	5,725	30,840	15,721
Particulars of the Madurantakum Conjevaram Chingleput	Particulars of the Talooks. Madurantakum Conjevaram	4, 29, 269 4, 15, 779 2, 52, 759	3,28,355 3,55,721 2,12,551	73,843 33,425 14,874	1,00,914 60,058 40,208	27.071 26,633 25,334	3,996 6,481 2,831	5,867 5,612 1,965	17,208 14,540 20,538	23 14 15#	4 82 ∞	5,137 273 315	10,023 6,306 14,511	2,048 7,961 5,712

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15. From the foregoing Statement it will be seen that the collections are not made as punctually as might be desired, but allowance must be made for circumstances peculiar to the District, viz., the gross inefficiency of the village officers, and because the Village Revenue Officer, the Moniger, renders little or no assistance in the collection of the revenue. A great deal is expected from him, but he does next to nothing, and this is no matter for surprise when it is remembered that the office has no emoluments whatever attached to it. In other Districts, the Monigar does his work because he is paid for it, and certain powers under Act No. II. of 1864 are entrusted to him which is not the case in this District. To compensate for this disadvantage, a temporary establishment, of four zilladars to each Talook, has been employed to render assistance in the collection of the revenue, but such a small establishment falls far short of what is required. The outstanding balance at the close of the Fusly was much larger in the Madurantakum talook than in the others, but this was chiefly in consequence of the late period (June) at which the settlement of that talook was completed. The sum recommended this year to be written off the accounts as irrecoverable is Rupees 13,444-9-9, the particulars of which are shown in the following table:—

Items.	Maduranta- kum.	Conjeveram.	Chingleput.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5
Died Desertion Poverty Loss sustained by fire Boundary dispute Shavi remission after Jummahbundy in Fusly 1275 Price of land purchased for Government at Revenue sales Road Cess kists of November and December Other causes  Deduction of Inam quit-rent by Inam Commission Total	50 1 5 0 15 0 4,250 9 1 86 9 0 1,464 11 0 14 3 6 5,867 1 0	166 6 11.		88. A. P.  9 8 10  28 15 11  767 6 5  50 1 5  12 14 2  6,843 0 10  477 11 11  3,813 8 5  372 13 7  12,376 1 6  1,068 8 3  13,444 9 9

16. Revision of Assessment.—The following table exhibits the financial results of the introduction of the revised rates of assessment. The substitution of thirty-four Nunjah rates for the much larger number previously existing is an undoubted advantage, but it will be observed that the extent of relief afforded to the ryots is almost inappreciable, being only Rupees 3,209, which is the net difference between the old and new rates calculated on the holdings of Fusly 1276, and this scarcely gives half per cent. in favour of the ryots. The transfer of Manawari Nunjah to Punjah is very unpopular; the amount under the old rates is Rupees 10,130, and the reduction amounts to Rupees 696; but as there can be no remission in future under any circumstances, the ryots do not regard the change as an improvement.

Statement showing the financial result of the introduction of the revised rates of Assessment.

		Gво	GROSS AYACUT.	_•			Dedu	Deduct Holding.	Ģ.			Rema	Remaining unoucupird.	CCUPIED.	
	Extent.	Old Assess- ment.	New Assess- ment.	In- crease.	In- De- crease. crease.	Extent.	Old rates.	New rates.	In- De- crease, crease	De- crease.	Extent	Old rates.	New rates.	Increase.	Increase. Decrease.
	2	က	4	5	9	7	σ <sub>0</sub>	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
ble.	147,189	7,33,350	1. Nunjah irrigable. 147,189 7,33,350 7,30,067 2,198	2,198	5,481	107,501	107,501 5,66,076 5,63,681 1,551	5,63,681		3,946	39,688	3,946 39,688 1,67,274 1,66,386	1,66,386	647	1,535
2. Manawari Nunjah transferred to Pun- jah	43,826	43,826 1,61,476 1,51,433	1,51,433	12	2 10,055	2,753	10,130	9,434	:	969	11,073	696 41,073 1,51,346 1,41,999	1,41,999	12	9,359
3. Lands erroneously classed as irrigable Nunjah transferred to Punjah	1,105	4,192	3,873	:	319	216	1961	843	:		889	3,231	3,030	i	201
	192,120	8,99,018	8,85,373	2,210	15,855	110,470	Total 192,120 8,99,018 8,85,373 2,210 15,855 110,470 5,77,167 5,73,958		1,551	4,760	31,650	4,760 81,650 3,21,851 3,11,415	3,11,415	629	11,095
									Net	3,209				•	

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17. VILLAGE AND TALOOK ACCOUNTS.—The Village and Talook accounts which were examined by me, were, I found on the whole, kept in the prescribed forms.

REMARKS ON PUBLIC SERVANTS.—I have lastly to make a few remarks respecting the chief public servants in the Sub-Division.

T. Senker Row, the Tahsildar of Madurantakum, has performed his duties in a satisfactory way, and so has the Tahsildar of Chingleput, Vijia Ranga Mudaliar.

The Sub-Magistrates and Serishtadars of the Chingleput and Conjeveram talooks, and the Head Clerk of my office, have pleased me much by their zeal and intelligence.

I can only regret that Sami Naidu, the Tahsildar of Conjeveram, does not use his energy to some useful purpose.

My predecessors have all spoken so strongly respecting the merits of Mr. M. Jordan, the Sub-Division Serishtadar, that I can add very little to what is already on record. I trust it will not be thought out of place if I remark that is to be regretted that his zeal, ability, and integrity, have not been long ago rewarded with a more important post, to which his services give him every claim.

I have, however, to find much fault with village establishments. Of the three districts of whiche I possess some knowledge, Madras is by far the worst off; the system is an utterly bad one, and the men in office are worse. As regards the Curnums, I do not think so entirely inefficient a body of men can be found anywhere else in India; they are ignorant to a degree of accounts, and are almost universally unable to write the English figures. The reason of this is very simple; in every village the Inams set apart for the Curnums are considerable in all, and in some villages extravagantly large; the office has been made hereditary, and division of the work and emoluments allowed. We thus often find a man acting as Curnum once in several years; once in six years is not at all uncommon. As a member of the family must be appointed, it is no use dismissing inefficient men, for the new man keeps those who are turned out, and the same reason prevents the selection of efficient men. The amount of falsification of the accounts by Curnums (as a District Munsiff informed me) is erroneous. In short, though the pay is high, the work is done in the worst possible way.

As for the Talaiyaris, the same remarks apply to a great extent; there is also little doubt that they are in most cases members of gangs of thieves, if not their leaders.

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If the work to be done by the village officers were merely nominal, we might regret the waste of money; but as it is, this is not all; the Curnums accounts are the foundation of the Revenue system, and the consequences of the present vicious system affect seriously the people and the Government.

(Signed) A. C. BURNELL,
Acting Sub-Collector.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) G. THORNHILL,
Acting Collector.

## SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

### NORTH ARCOT.

- 1. I have the honour to submit my report on the Revenue Settlement of this District for Fusly 1276, (A.D. 1866-67,) with the Annual and Quinquennial Returns comprised in the accompanying list. The former Returns are prepared according to the forms received with the Board's Circular Memorandum of the 14th August 1866, No. 787; the latter on the forms which accompanied their Memorandum of the 1st November last, No. 1,097.
- 2. Settlement of Talooks.—The Settlement of the District was commenced on the 8th January last by myself at Wandewash, but owing to the remoteness of the talooks from head-quarters, and to difficulties arising out of the sudden removal of the Deputy Collector in charge of the Zemindaries and Chendragherry talook, and the then contemplated transfer of Public Works to the Revenue Department, I was compelled to leave it half finished.
- Mr. Barlow's subsequent departure, Mr. St. Clair's short tenure of office, and my own absence on privilege leave, contributed still further to disturb arrangements, and it was not until towards the end of June, and after all the other talooks in the District had been settled, that the Wandewash Jummahbundy was finally wound up by the Acting Head Assistant, Mr. Wilkinson.

In addition to the northern half of Wandewash, the talooks of Chendragherry and Palmanair were settled by myself, and in that of Chittoor, I had the aid of my Assistants Messrs. Martin and Tagg. In the Sub-Division, the talooks of Vellore, Arcot, and Poloor were settled by Mr. Barlow, and Wallajah and Gudiattum with the southern half of the Wandewash talook by Mr. Wilkinson, the then Head Assistant.

The settlement of each talook was conducted within its limits. Statement No. 1 gives the several places at which the Jummahbundy was held.

3. FLUCTUATION IN THE NUMBER AND TENUER OF VILLAGES.—The variation in the number and tenure of villages is noticed below:—

			Shroter	M INAM.	_	
·	Ryotwar.	Heredi- tary.	For three lives.	For life.	Total.	Rented.
Number of villages in Fusly 1271 (last quinquennial year)	2,912	113	2	5	120	3
Do. do. 1276	2,926	115	1	4	120	3
Increase	14	2				••/
Decrease		•••	1	1	•••	•••



On the abolition of the Moturpha tax, the thirteen purely Moturpha villages in the District (in which some trifling tree-tax is being levied) were transferred to the list of Ryotwarry villages, as also another village which had been deserted, but in which cultivation was renewed to some extent during the year. Hence the increase of fourteen villages observable under head Ryotwarry. There has been no variation in the total number of Shrotriem and Inam villages. The increase and decrease shown in the above abstract, are the result of a change of tenure consequent upon the enfranchisement of those villages by the Inam Commissioner.

There is a decrease of fourteen Ryotwarry villages in Statement No. 1, as compared with the number entered in the Quinquennial Return A. This arises from the circumstance of eleven villages in the Palmanair talook, and three in that of Poloor, having been wholly abandoned during the year; whereas in the previous Fusly, cultivation had been carried on to a small extent.

4. The figures in the margin show the proportion of fresh Puttas to those not renewed or

Fresh Puttas	1,65,662
Old Puttas—  Modified by additional entries  Old Puttas not altered	8,8 <b>3</b> 5 8,971
	1,78,478

\*Chittoor.
Arcot.
Poloor.
Wandewash.
Wallajah, and
Gudiattum.

exhibited in Statement No. 1. As noticed in paragraph 4 of my report for Fusly 1275, the form of Putta could only be introduced that year into the talooks of Palmanair, Chendragherry, and Vellore, which were the last to be settled. The Puttas thus far issued held good of course for the year under review; but as the use of the new form had to be extended to the other six talooks named in the margin, \* the Statistics upon which I now comment are valueless for purposes of comparison.

5. SEASON AND SANITARY STATE OF THE DISTRICT.—There was scarcely a sign of the south-west monsoon until the end of August, and by that time famine and general distress had assumed most alarming proportions.

The cattle had suffered terribly from the long drought, and large tracts of arable land were being thrown up in all directions by the ryots out of sheer inability to cultivate them. Fortunately during the last week of August, the season unexpectedly took a most favourable turn, and there was an abundant and general downpour throughout the District. This was followed by some weeks of showery weather when the north-east monsoon set in about the beginning of October, and was more continuous and abundant than it had been for years.

The tanks dependant on natural drainage and spring and river channels were abundantly supplied, and the Palar, Cheyar, and Ponne rivers flooded from bank to bank filling all the larger reservoirs, supplied from their respective anicuts.

Unfortunately the rain came too late to retrieve the disasters of the first eight months of the year, following as that period did an unfavourable monsoon and a bad harvest in 1865.

- 6. As I have observed in my Administration Report, the season for cultivating many of the dry grains upon which the agricultural masses depend for food, had already passed, and a large proportion of double crop wet land was lying fallow.
- 7. The mortality among the cattle had been very great, and the discouragements under which the agricultural classes were labouring when the prospects of the season brightened were so grave, that notwithstanding the stimulous of high prices and an abundant monsoon, the revenues of the District have done little more than recover the low standard of the previous year.

Owing to the disturbance of agricultural operations, caused by the failure of rain in June, July, and the greater part of August, the breadth of land under early wet crop was very limited.

Pulses were sown largely after the rains set in, but suffered so severely from mildew and insect that the yield, especially in horsegram, was not more than half an average crop.

The later wet crops also suffered in like manner in many parts of the District, and if good and bad be taken together, the general outturn of the Rice harvest fell short of a fair average.

Among the other dry crops, besides Horsegram, which suffered severely from mildew and insect, were Dholl, Cholum, and Ooloondoo; and I never recollect having observed so much disease among the wet celerals as might be seen during the earlier part of the year when the crop was coming into ear.

These results were no doubt in some measure attributable to hasty farming and the impoverished condition of the live stock.

8. · 1	The average fa	ll of rain d	luring the last	five years.	is shown in the	subjoined Statement:
--------	----------------	--------------	-----------------	-------------	-----------------	----------------------

		1	South-	east Mo	ONBOON.	,			N	orth-i	CAST M	ONSOON.			
Fusly.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Angust.	September.	Total.	October.	November.	December,	January.	February.	March.	Total.	Grand Total.
1	2	8	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1272 1273 1274 1275 1276	·21 2·17 ·1 1·2	1·303 1·8 ·4 1·6 ·4	2 51 1 8 2·7 2·4 ·3	2·118 1·9 3·1 2·4 1·1	8 416 8 4 6 5 4 2 6	4·74 8·9 1·2 1·3 3·6	14·583 11·55 12·2 13·1 11·4	4·43 4·9 5·5 ·8 10·9	2·129 1·1 9·6 6·5 2·1	·123 2·1 ·8 4·3 6·7	   '8	  .1 .1 .2	·867   	8·162 7·11 14·20 11·7 20·3	22 295 18·66 26·40 24·8 31·7

9. The season as might be expected was unhealthy. Cholera, Fever, and Small-pox appeared in all parts of the District; and in Talooks of Chittoor, Palmanair, Gudiattum, Vellore, and Poloor, the two latter diseases were of a peculiarly virulent type.

So fatal indeed was the Fever which broke out in a group of villages in the Chittoor talook, that medical assistance had to be specially procured from Madras. For many weeks the whole resident population was prostrate and unable even to cut the scanty crops which were standing in their fields at the time the disease first broke out.

These villages were of course treated with exceptional indulgence at the Settlement, and large remissions were granted as well in dry as in wet cultivation.

10. The number of deaths from Fever and Small-pox was 7,610, being 4,610 in excess of the figure of the previous year.

The number of deaths from Cholera is reported to have been 8,412, which is a very deplorable increase on the Returns of the preceding year.

The total mortality from all three epidemics is set down at 16,022.

							RS.
Cows		•••	•••	•••	•••		11,015
Bullock	B	•••	•••		•••	•••	8,122
She Bu	ffaloe	g	•••	•••	•••	•••	2,542
He	do.	•••	•••		•••	•••	2,434
Sheep	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	16,363
							40.476

\* Vide Order of Government, dated 15th October 1866, No. 8,924.

The mortality among cattle was very great. The Returns were probably very imperfect, and do not represent the actual loss. Murrain of every type was prevalent, and in the talooks of Palmanair and Poloor, cattle died in large numbers from thirst and starvation. In the latter of these talooks, it became necessary to make an advance of Rupees 4,000\* for the purchase of farm stock.



11. PRICES.—The subjoined Statement will show that there was a tremendous rise in the prices of all the principal agricultural products, as compared with the quotations of the previous year, and a standard based on the averages of the ten years preceding it:—

Grains.	Average prices for ten years from Fusly 1266 to Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase in Fusly 1276 as compared with the average.	Per- centage.	Increase in Fusly 1276 as compared with Fusly 1275.	Per- centage.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Paddy, first sort  Do. second do  Jonnalu  Sajjalu  Raggy  Horse-gram	153 144 189 186 184 223	187 175 246 241 231 290	232 218 371 318 321 411	79 74 182 132 137 188	51½ 51½ 96½ 71 74½ 84½	45 43 125 77 90 121	24 24½ 50¾ 31¾ 38¾ 41¾

This was of course the natural result of the state of things which I have been describing; and the facilities of export by Railway to the Bellary and Coimbatore markets where prices were also very high, only tended to aggravate and prolong the pressure.

Prices reached their maximum in the local markets between June and September, when the distress was most severe, and have since that fallen slowly but steadily as the season declared itself.

12. Ryots' Holdings.—The proportion of land taken up, as compared with the area relinquished in Ryotwarry holdings, is exhibited in Statement No. 3. Enclosure A. will show that there was a total decrease of 35,408 Acres in the Ryotwarry holding of the year, representing a revenue of Rupees 58,296. Of this amount, Rupees 38,122 pertain to large tracts of dry land relinquished in consequence of the unfavourable aspects of the earlier part of the season:—

<b>Dry</b>	Relinquished Taken up		•••	•••	···	Acres. 48,342 17,206	Assessment. 64,208 26,086
	Difference	•••	•••	•••	•••	31,136	38,122
Wet	Relinquished Taken up	•••	•••		•••	9,333 5,061	50,547 30,372
	Difference		•••	•••	•••	4,272	20,175
	Ryots' holding Do. do.			$1275 \\ 1276$		6,48,690 6,13,282	18,20,780 17,62,484
						35,408	58,296

Whilst on the subject of Punja relinquishments, I may mention a circumstance which came to my notice during my partial settlement of the Wandewash talook.

The Board are aware that it is a very general practice to cultivate the poorer Punja soils with Varagu, and to leave land so cropped fallow every alternate year.

To evade the dues on such land when left fallow, the ryots of that talook are in the habit of relinquishing it and resuming it in the alternate year when it can again be profitably cultivated.

Such relinquishments, although they must be accepted by the settling Officer, if made before the prescribed date, are merely nominal, as there is a private understanding among the villagers that the continuous occupation of the land will not thereby be disturbed, and that no new applicant will come in the way of the old tenants resumption when the time comes.

The practice is probably not confined to the Wandewash talook, but it is so manifestly demoralizing and mischievous in its tendencies, that I had no hesitation in denouncing it and giving the ryots to understand that such relinquishments would be closely watched, and that land so thrown up, except under the pressure of bad seasons and for other adequate reasons, would not be made over afresh to the former occupant.

The result of this declaration was, that many cancelled their relinquishments and paid the dues on the fallows.

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I mention this rather with a view to elicit a fresh expression of the Board's views on a question which attracted some attention at the time the assessment wa revised in 1857, but which has not, so far as I know, been definitely settled.

13. The subjoined is a Comparative Statement of Ryotwarry Land Revenue and Remissions during the last two Fuslies:—

,	L.	LAST FUSLY.	Pres	Present Fusix.	Incerable	. F. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S.	DECREASE.	.483.
Ltems.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
1	73	ဇာ	4	ro.	9	7	œ	6
Wet	ACRES. 2,09,526. 4,39,164	12,03,914 10 6 6,16,865 10 6	ACRES. 2,05,254 4,08,028	11,83,739 9 10 5,78,744 3 1	ACRES.	38 · ·	ACRE 8. 4,272 31,136	20,175 38,121
Total	6,48,690	18,20,780 5 0	6,13,282	17,62,483 12 11		:	35,408	58,296
Add—				•				
Second crop Assessment	::	52,541 4 6 31,636 1 8	::	50,872 6 10 49,627 4 2	: :	17,991	::	1,669
Water-tax Road Fund Village Service Fund	:::	33,421 12 2 8,750 5 6	:::	55,836 10 11 8,878 12 11	:::	 22,415 128	:::	:::
Total	:	19,47,129 12 10		19,27,698 15 9	:	:	:	19,431
Deduct-								
Remissions	:::	71,879 1 1 33,421 12 2 8,750 5 6	:::	10,724 10 9 55,836 10 11 8,878 12 11	: : :	22,415 128		61,154
Other remissions as particularized in Statement No. 4,	:	1,35,528 6 4	:	1,23,242 8 8	:	:	:	12,286
Total	:	2,49,579 9 1	:	1,98,682 11 3			:	50,897
Balance	:	16,97,550 3 9		17,29,016 4 6	:	31,466		:
Miscellaneous	:	1,33,292 15 10	:	1,41,496 6 10	:	8,203	:	:
Total	:	18,30,843 3 7	:	18,70,512 11 4	:	39,669	:	:

14. From the foregoing Statement it will be apparent that a very large area of land (wet and dry) bearing an assessment of Rupees 58,296, was not cultivated owing to the inauspicious aspects of the earlier part of the season.

Such, however, was the impulse given to agricultural enterprize by the change which took place in the latter part of the season, that, although the area cultivated fell short of that of the previous year, there was still, as may be seen from the entry at the foot of column 7 of the above statement, an increase of Rupees 39,669, on the net Ryotwarry beriz of the Fusly under report.

This result is entirely due to the favourable reaction, produced by an abundant monsoon, which made it possible to charge full rates without hardship to the cultivator.

Thus instead of the decrease of Rupees 35,000, anticipated in my Administration Report, the accounts show an increase of Rupees 31,466, over the revenue of the preceding year.

- 15. In second crop assessment there is, the Board will observe, a decrease of Rupees 1,669; but this is so insignificant when considered with reference to the circumstances of the season already adverted to, that I do no more than note it.
- 16. The increase of Rupees 17,991 under the head "Additional Assessment," is of course due to the large tracts of dry land brought under wet crop from the superfluous supply of an abundant north-east monsoon.

Although in ordinary seasons the irrigation supplied from private wells will suffice for the requirements of the land situated under them, it will often happen that the cultivator makes use of any available Government water, and thus by his own act renders himself liable to the full extra rate.

17. The item under "Road Fund" shows an increase of Rupees 22,415, but this is far short of the estimated proceeds of the cess at the heavier rates, and with the more extended field of operation opened out by the new Act which came into force from 1st January 1867.

The increase now given is computed on the returns from Ryotwarry villages and other sundry Inams situated in Government villages; but when the statistics from the Zemindaries, Jagheers, Polliems, and Shrotriem villages have been compiled, this figure will no doubt be largely augmented.

Every effort is being made to enforce the early submission of these accounts by the several landholders from whom they are due.

I may here mention that the demand of Road Cess for Fusly 1276 is fixed in proportion to the kistbundi instalments, i. e., at Rupees 2 per cent. upon Rupees 20, being the amount of two kists, viz., those of November and December on the first half of the Fusly, and at Rupees 3-2-0 per cent. upon Rupees 80, the amount of five instalments from January to May inclusive for the second half of the same Fusly.

- 18. The trifling increase of Rupees 128 under "Village Service Fund" does not call for remarks.
- 19. The remissions granted during the year amounted to Rupees 10,725. If reference be made to column 9 of the Statement, it will be found that there is the large decrease of Rupees 61,154 under this head.

At the Settlement of some of the talooks, Rupees 134 were specially remitted on dry land.

These remissions were only given on claims which could not have been foreseen, and the sacrifice of Revenue is so insignificant that the Board will probably admit that their previous sanction was unnecessary. In like manner claims for remission on wet land were very sparingly admitted, and indulgence was only shown in cases in which the land had been left waste owing to causes beyond the control of the cultivator.



Thus the total remissions on wet land was only Rupees 10,591, when, but for the favourable change which occurred in the latter end of August, the surrender of revenue uncor this head would have been enormous.

- 20. Of the other kinds of remission particularized in Statement No. 4, and Miscellaneous Items, I shall have occasion to speak further on.
- 21. ACTUAL CULTIVATION.—The annexed figures represent the area brought under cultivation and the waste charged as compared with similar statistics for the previous year.

Fusly.	Extent.	Assessment.
.1275 1276	6,30,785 6,11,078	RS. 17,48,901 17,51,759
Decrease Increase	19,707	2,858

Although there is a falling off in the cultivated area, there is an increase in the amount of assessment attributable to a large extent of waste having been charged during the year upon which I am reporting.

22. WASTE CHARGED AND REMITTED.—In the annexed Statement are compared the values of Waste Charged and Remitted with the same transactions of the previous year:—

Fusly.	Charged.	Remitted.
1275 1276	RS. 1,16,128 1,08,687	RS. 71,879 10,725

All "Punjah" waste was charged under the general rule, and in Nunjah, waste was, in the great majority of cases, fairly chargeable under the circumstances of a season which, as already described, left the farmer time to make good to a considerable extent the shortcomings of its earlier months.

23. Sugar-cane, Cotton, and Indigo cultivation.—The following abstract shows the extent and assessment of land cultivated with Sugar-cane, Cotton, and Indigo:—

Fuslies.	Sugar	-cane.	Cot	ton.	Indig	go.
1276 1275	ACRES. 6,261 6,006	RS. 53,706 51,213	ACRES. 6,011 6,579	RS. 12,357 12,536	ACRES. 14,709 15,836	RS. 43,691 45,448
Increase	255	2,493	••••••		••••••	
Decrease			568	177	1,127	1,757

The Returns show a decrease in the two latter products. This result may generally be set down to the peculiarities of the season, although the state of the markets for both commodities has probably far more to say to it.

Cotton, as I have often remarked, never has been or will become a staple product of the District. It is only grown in small quantities as a mixed crop for local consumption, and all experiments go to show that the people are right in their idea that it cannot be profitably cultivated in the District.

The falling off in Indigo I can only ascribe to slack demand as the season was favourable for its production. Some of the poorer soils under well-irrigation were planted with sugar-cane, which accounts for the trifling increase shown against the item.

24. The full particulars of remissions granted during the Fusly under report are given in Statement No. 4.

proceed to review seriatim the items embodied in this Statement.

- 25. OCCASIONAL REMISSIONS—No. 1. SHAMLAT BANZAR.—The remission allowed under this head was less by Rupees 1,752 than that of the preceding Fusly, which was largely augmented by the exceptional indulgence which became necessary that year in the Poloor talook.
- 26. No. 2. Shave.—There is the large decrease of Rupees 14,785 under this head. In Fusly 1275 the loss from withered crop, considerable in all the talooks, was, in those of Poloor and Wandewash, particularly heavy.

During the year under report, the supply of water was, with rare exceptions, sufficient to bring the crop to maturity.

- 27. No. 3. PALANASHTAM, OR LOSS OF PRODUCE.—The increase under this head is Rupees 438. This remission was granted in the group of villages in the Chittoor talook for the special reasons stated in paragraph 9 of this report.
- 28. No. 4. Paniboodthy.—The loss by remission under this head was 544 Rupees in excess of that of the previous Fusly. These remissions were for the most part given in the Arcot talook, where a good deal of land near and within the high water-mark of some of the larger tanks was flooded and could not be cultivated.
  - e a good dear of land near and within the high water-mark of some of the larger tanks was led and could not be cultivated.

    29. No. 5. Payamali.—The loss under this head was likewise 117 Rupées above that of the preceding Fusly, and occurred principally in the

Gudiattum. Vellore. Poloor. Wandewash preceding Fusly, and occurred principally in the four talooks named in the margin, where some arable land was damaged too seriously to be restored within the season by flood water and the surplus drainage from tanks.

- 30. No. 6. Cowle Remission.—The decrease under this item of remission is very trifling, (Rupees 18,) and calls for no remark.
- 31. No. 8. Tirwa Cummy.—Some wet land under a channel in the Chendragherry talook could not be cultivated owing to the ruinous state of the work, and was, pending inquiry, charged dry rates at a sacrifice of Rupees 33 on the original assessment.

This channel has since been made over to private parties under the terms of the rule.

A trifling item of Rupees 2-3-8 is now entered under this head (Tirwa Cummy), being the difference between the Nunjah and Punjah rates of assessment on the land referred to in the Board's Proceedings noted in the margin, which directs

14th August 1843.

that a dry rate be, for the time being, charged.

Under the authority conveyed in the Circular Order, dated 4th September 1863, No. 116, I have permanently transferred the land to "Punjah" after satisfying myself that it has no means of irrigation. The item has thus been finally adjusted.

32. No. 9. Bhaganashty, or Fussul Cummy.—The remission under this head was Rupees 5,143, beyond that allowed in the preceding Fusly. It was principally granted in the Gudiattum, Palmanair, Wallajah, and Vellore talooks, in the case of double crop land which could not be twice cultivated owing to the failure of rain in the earlier part of the season.

All claims for remission under this head were carefully considered and severally dealt with.

33. MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS—CHIKKADPULDI.—The remissions under this item were Rupees 3,174 below those of the year under comparison.

There will always be some hard cases under this head which, if charged under the general rule, might re-act mischievously on that more hopeful industry which prompts a man to take his chances of the season.

The rule is thus occasionally more honored in the breach than in the observance.

- 34. Excavations for taking earth.—Items Nos. 11 and 12 call for no remark. The increase and decrease under both is very trifling.
- 35. FIXED REMISSIONS—TARAM CUMMY.—This head of remission disappeared with the general revision of the assessment in 1857.
- 36. KATTUGUTHA RIYA YATHS, AND NUTHANA DASABUNDHAM.—These items are insignificant and call for no remark

I am in correspondence with the Collector of Madras and the Officiating Inam Commissioner on the subject of Kandi Row's claims referred to in my last report.

The case will, I hope, be shortly disposed of.

- 37. Items allowed from the Collections or from the entire beriz of villages—Share of Shrotriem proceeds.—The decrease of Rupees 35 under this head is very trifling.
- 38. ALLOWANCE FOR HEADS OF VILLAGES.—Rupees 1,03,285 were paid during the year in remuncration of Village Service Establishments. This item fluctuates with the beriz, and as that was higher in the year under report, the accounts show an increase of Rupees 1,649 in the amount paid under this head.
- 39. ROAD FUND.—The decrease of Rupees 409 under this head is for the most part merely nominal.

In settling the villages transferred to this from the District of South Arcot, the Road Cess at one Anna per Cawny has hitherto been included in the Taram assessment then fixed, and after the demand so determined had been collected, a sum calculated at one Anna per Cawny was deducted for Road Cess and credited to its proper head of account. But, under the new Act, the Road Cess became a specific demand at 3-2-0 per cent., and is separately collected.

This decrease appertains to the Chitpat talook, which was incorporated with those of Wande-wash and Poloor on its transfer in 1860 from South Arcot.

It thus became necessary to deduct from the Taram assessment the amount of the old cess rate included in it.

- 40. LAND REVENUE, MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.—The details pertaining to these items are given in Statement No. 5.
- 41. No. 1. Jodi on Sundry Inams—Personal, Service, Dasabundham.—The total decrease under these heads is Rupees 8,564. A great portion of this consists of quit-rent due upon Inam lands in the Zemindaries of Punganoor and Kungundy which have not been included in the demand.

The collection of outstanding balances under these heads of revenue is still, I regret to say, stationary. To give effect to the arrangements by which the quit-rent minus ten per cent. has been included in the Peishcush of these two

Estates, accounts had to be prepared to determine the actual demand which would have to be added to the Peishcush.

These have been compiled in the offices of the respective Sub-Magistrates so far as they relate to the demand for Fusly 1276, from which time the quit-rent has been transferred and included in the Peishcush. These Statements of Demand for Fusly 1276, however, were completed after the Demand, Collection, and Balance Statement for June submitted to the Board was closed and, therefore, the Inam quit-rents of these two Estates were not included in the said Demand, Collection, and Balance Statement. No collections under this head have been made as yet in these two Estates, but the proprietors have been urged to remit the amount to the Huzoor Treasury. These items will be adjusted under their appropriate heads in the accounts of next Fusly.

I should mention that the decrease under these items is somewhat augmented by the exclusion from the year's accounts of certain settlements of quit-rent which the Inamdars concerned have not accepted, but which have been erroneously included in the demand up to last Fusly.

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42. No. 2. Tax on trees on unassessed

No. 13. RENTOF GARDENS AND TOPES.

No. 29. RENT OF PALMYRA TREES.

No. 31. RENTON FRUIT TREES.

The total decrease under these tems, amounting to Rupees 108, is so trifling as scarcely to deserve notice. The variation under each item separately considered is merely nominal, and is occasioned by the transfer of the several items to their proper heads in this year's accounts.

This re-distribution could not be effected last year, as the forms were not received in time to be

- 43. No. 4. Revenue from rented Villages.—The increase of Rupees 100 shown under this head is merely nominal, that amount having been by mistake credited in the accounts in excess.
  - 44. No. 6. Land cultivated but not included in the Jummahbundy.—The increase of Rudecs 27,057 under this head is due to the causes to
    - \* Dated 25th October 1866, No. 3141 paragraph 48. which I have adverted in my last report.\*

A Circular was issued calling attention to the Durkhast Rules; but simple as these are, the action of the village and talook authorities is, I fear, so often dilatory and interested that the Ryot very naturally prefers to enter on occupation at the time which suits himself and take his chances of maintaining his footing against all future rivals.

- CONCEALED CULTIVATION.—The current demand under this head was only No. 7. 8 Rupees, being Bogojasti not brought to account.
  - 46. No. 8. CULTIVATION OF UNCLAIMED INAMS.
    - No. 10. Cultivation of lands be-LONGING TO PAGODAS WHERE THERE IS NO WORSHIP.
    - No. 11. **DITTO DITTO** CHUTTRUM Inams.
    - No. 15. REVENUE FROM REVERTED INAMS.
    - No. 17. DITTO FROM SEQUESTERED

The increase of Rupees 923 under these heads taken together is due generally to a favourable season, and to the additional revenue derived from the Jaghire village of Darmanathy in Wallajah talook, which was attached because the proprietor failed to have it enfranchised under the Inam Rules.

The explanation given in paragraph 42 of this report applies equally to the variations in the several items of which I here speak.

- No. 9. Cultivation of Porumboke Lands.—These lands are still entered as Ryotwarry in Statement No. 3, no instructions respecting their embodiment in Statement No. 5 having yet been issued by the Board.
- 48. No. 16. Collection from Village Service Inams for Offices vacant.—Under this head there is a trifling increase of Rupees 20 over the figure of the previous Fusly.
  - 49. No. 18. REVENUE FROM HILL VIL-

The increase of Rupees 154 in these items LAGES.

No. 19. REVENUE FROM LANDS ON fall in the highland tracts of the Vellore and THE SIDES AND SLOPES OF HILLS.

Poloor talooks.

- 50. No. 20. Revenue from boundary lands in disputs.—This item of revenue is entered under the head "Ain Ryotwarry" in Statement No. 3. I have nothing to add to the remarks made on this item in paragraph 49 of my last report.
- 51. No. 21. Revenue from lands assessed at favourable rates.—This increase of Rupees 701 is occasioned by the transfer of the entire assessment payable on some permanent putta lands from Statement No. 3 to No. 5 under this head.
- 52. No. 40. Commission on the sale of distrained property attached for arrears of Land Revenue.—The decrease of Rupees 2 calls for no remark for the reasons given in paragraph 51 of my last report.
- 53. No. 43. REVENUE FINES.—There is an increase of Rupees 797 under this head. amount is principally made up of fines imposed on Monigars and Curnums for petty neglects of duty, and omission to send in the periodical Returns.
  - No. 44. Savings and Refunds. No. 45. Excess collection over The decrease under these items is Rupees 303. THE DEMAND.
- 55. No. 46. WATER TAX ON ZEMINDARI, INAM, &c., LANDS.—The decrease of Rupees 1,672 is consequent on the favourable character of the season, which made such land independent of other than its own regular means of irrigation.
- QUIT-RENT ON BUNGALOWS AND GARDENS.—This decrease of Rupees 381 is nominal, and is made up of items which find place under other heads in this year's accounts.
- 57. No. 51. OTHER ITEMS.—The causes of the decrease of Rupees 9,903 under this head are explained in detail in the Memorandum which accompanies this report.

58. SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE.—These are shown in comparison with the figures of the preceding Fusly in the subjoined abstract:—

			Сомра	RISON.
Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Abkarry	RS. 2,92,155 93	RS. 2,92,155 220	RS.  127	RS
Total	2,92,248	2,92,375	127	
License-tax Miscellaneous		*7,381 	7,381	
Total	•••	12,472	12,472	•••
Stamps	94,413 3,380	1,05,503 5,091	11,090 1,711	
Total	97,793	1,10,594	12,801	
Grand Total	3,90,041	4,10,350	20,309	

<sup>\*</sup> This does not include the collections in the month of May, amounting to Rupees 736, which is omitted from the Demand, Collection, and Balance Statement, but which will be credited to Miscellaneous in the next year's accounts. The figures 7,381 is entered for the purpose of making the amounts correspond with the demand.

62. The particulars of revenue derived from all sources are shown in the following Statement:-

			Comparison.		
Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.	
Permanently settled	BS. 5,00,211	RS. 4,99,819	Rs.	RS. 392	
Not permanently settledQuit-rent on Shotriem and entire villages	22,728	'	 31,455	 179	
Miscellaneous items	1,33,293		10,206	•••	
AbkarryTotal	2,92,248	23,94,872 2,92,375	41,090 127	•••	
Salt Sea Customs License-tax	•••	7,381	7,381		
Stamps	97,794	1,10,595	12,801	•••	
Grand Total	27,43,824	28,05,223	61,399	•••	

<sup>\*</sup> This should be 17,29,016 including 11 Rupees which by oversight was omitted from the demand in Gudiattum talook. This amount will be shown under Miscellaneous in the next year's accounts.

ment of a C. class land relinquished by the Railway Company.

<sup>59.</sup> The increase under Abkarry is trifling, and calls for no remark.

<sup>60.</sup> STAMPS.—The increase in this item of revenue is due to the operations of Act No. XXVI. of 1867, Schedule B.

<sup>61.</sup> LICENSE-TAX.—This addition to the general revenues of the country is created by Act No. XXI. of 1867.

<sup>63.</sup> There is a decrease of Rupees 394 in the Peishcush of the Calastri Zemindary, and an increase of Rupees 2 in that of Carvetnugger.

The former represents the deduction made from the Peishcush under the Government Order noted in the margin. The latter is the assess-

64. There is a decrease of Rupees 179 under the head "Quit-rent on Shrotriem, &c., entire villages." Of this 100 Rupees pertain to the Joli of three Shrotriem villages which were temporarily attached in the Palmanair talook. The receipts from these villages were, whilst they were under attachment, carried to Miscellaneous instead of a proportion equivalent to the full Jodi being credited to that head (Jodi) and the balance only to "Miscellaneous." It has been pointed out to the Tahsildar that the quit-rent should have been shown both under Demand and Collection, and the difference between actual receipts and the amount of Jodi only have been carried to "Miscellaneous." Thus the decrease in question is merely nominal. Of the balance remaining (79 Rupees) 74 Rupees pertain to Devastanum Roosoom and Caval Kandayem due upon an entire Inam village in the Gudiattum talook. This has been transferred to Miscellaneous, as no Jodi is collected in this village, which was originally granted for Religious Service. If the Board, however, think that the item would more properly be shown under Jodi, the transfer will be made in next year's accounts.

The balance of Rupees 5 is the reduction made by the Officiating Inam Commissioner in the

quit-rent of a Shrotriem village in the Wallajah talook.

65. The increase of Rupees 31,445 under Ryotwarry, is consequent on extended cultivation.
66. The increase of Rupees 10,206 under Miscellaneous, arises from the causes mentioned in paragraphs 40 to 57 of this report.

67. I need not here touch upon the other items embodied in the above abstract, as they have

already been noticed.

68. I subjoin an abstract table in which the receipts under all items are brought into comparison with the Statistics of the preceding Fusly.

	F	Tusly 1275	5.	F	Tusly 1276	3.		
Items.	Arrears.	Current.	urrent. Total.		Arrears. Current.		Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Permanently set- tled Jodi on Shro- triem, &c., vil-		3,40,398	4,80,639	1,59,783	3,70,776	5,30,559	49,920	••••••
lages	5,957 <b>2,4</b> 9,534	14,61,622	20,673 17,11,156 1,26,884	2,05,950	14,94,761			10,445
Total	4,61,632	18,77,720	23,39,352	4,30,106	19,60,107	23,90,213	61,306	10,445
Abkarry Salt License-tax Sea Custom Land Custom Stamps	•••••	2,51,639  97,794	2,86,072  97,794	•••••	8,117	2,94,024  8,117  1,10,594	8,117	•••••
Grand Total	4,96,065	22,27,153	27,23,218	4,70,714	23,32,234	28,02,948	90,175	10,445

69. PERMANENTLY SETTLED.—The increase is partly attributable to the circumstance of a portion of the demand of Fusly 1275 outstanding against the Zemindary of Carvetnugger and other Pollicms having been paid in this Fusly, and partly because the Peishcush of the Arni Jaghire for Fusly 1276 was received at the Treasury within the Fusly instead of at the beginning of the ensuing year as is ordinarily the case.

70. JODY ON SHROTRIEM, &C., VILLAGES.—This increase is due to the more regular collection of current revenue and a fuller realization of outstanding arrears.

71. Ryotwar.—This decrease arises from the unfavourable character of the earlier part of the year which rendered it necessary to suspend the operations of Act No. II. of 1864 in the more famine stricken parts of the District. The assessment, &c., of waste land taken up for cultivation without formal application has been credited to this head, and hence has arisen the increase.

72. ABKARRY.—The increase in this item is caused by the renter having made some large

payments in reduction of arrears outstanding against him.

73. {LICENSE. } —These two items explain themselves.

74. Statement No. 8 exhibits arrears pertaining to previous Fuslies. Those items which call for explanation are abstracted in the following Statement for the purpose of easy comment:—

Statement showing the recoverable, irrecoverable, and doubtful arrears, Fusly 1276, North Arcot.

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Rs. 83,358 Miscellaneous..... 24,437

75. The recoverable arrears noted in the margin, which have been accumulating from Fusly 1268 up to 1274, pertain principally to the Gudiattum, Arcot, and Wallajah talooks.

Property has already been attached to the value of 27,638 Rupees of this amount; and steps are being taken to realize the remaining balance. The state of the collections during the year under report contrasts favourably with that of the preceding Fusly.

Rupees 392.

76. A large proportion of the arrears of Shrotriem Jodi, is due in a village in the Arcot.

talook. This village is still under attachment, and measures are being taken to realize the dues on it.

- 77. The arrears under "doubtful" are for the most part connected with boundary and such like disputes, which I shall endeavour to bring gradually to a final settlement.
- 78. The amount of irrecoverable balances recommended in my last report to be written off the accounts is entered in Column 9 of the Statement. Subsequent collections and items transferred to these heads of accounts are shown in Columns 10 and 11 respectively. If the total of these two items be deducted from the amount recommended to be written off, there will remain the net balance exhibited in Column 13. The amount to be written off this Fusly finds place in Column 19.

The figures entered in Columns 15 and 18 do not appear under "Balance" in the Demand Collection, and Balance Statement, as there have been some intermediate receipts in items recommended to be written off which have been credited to collections, and other sums have in like manner been credited to recoverable arrears. The Tahsildars will now be instructed to collect all balances still due, and to report in what cases refunds will have to be made.

The details of the sums entered in Column 19, are given in a separate Memorandum which accompanies this report.

I beg that I may be authorized to write these sums off the accounts. The Ryotwar and Miscellaneous arrears are shown separately, as far as Talook Statistics enable me so to classify them.

79. Enclosure A. in Statement No. 8 will show to what extent coercive measures were employed in the realization of the revenue during the year. The subjoined abstract shows the general results:—

	Process issued.			Estimated value of property attached.			Property sold.					
	4		18.					Land.		Personal property.		tal.
Divisions.	Number of villages	Number of Byots.	Accounts of arrears.	Land.	Personal property.	Total.	Estimated value.	Value actually sold.	Estimated value.	Value actually sold.	Estimated value.	Value actually sold.
1	2	8	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	18
Principal Divisions	996 869	14,861 17,996	89,048 1,02,921	14,145 10,294	<b>7,884</b> 8,904	21,979 19,198		8,945 2,140	382 200		8,826 1,524	
Total	1,865	82,857	1,91,964	24,439	16,788	41,177	4,768	5,935	582	874	5,350	6,859

The increase in the number of processes is the natural consequence of a more rigorous application of the Revenue Recovery Act. The Act was more or less inactive during the earlier part of the season when distress was prevalent, but the decrease in the value of property actually sold under it shows that the dues were largely paid up as soon as the land was attached.

Statement No. 9 shows the gross collections and charges of the District during the TOST.

As the particulars relating to the increase or decrease in collections are given in the Statement embodied in paragraph 68 of this report, I proceed to review the charges.

81. The increase of Rupees 4,783 under "Refunds of Revenue," is in a great measure consequent upon the Order of Government, quoted in the margin of paragraph 63, which directs that the amount of Cattle fines levied in the Zemindary of Calastry, be refunded to the Zemindar.

Rs. ...18,637 Salary of Collector, Sub-Collector, &c. Tent and House-rent allowance of do. .. 8,033 16,670

82. The decrease of Rupees 16,670 in these items, is explained by the fact that the salary of my permanent Head Assistant, Mr. Price, is not disbursed in this District.

- 12th Sept. and 28th Nov. 1865, Nos. 2,184 and 2,940.
  - The increase of Rupees 6,776 under Huzoor and Talook Establishments is caused by the augmentation of the salaries paid to certain servants, under the sanction conveyed in the Proceedings of Government noted in the margin.
- 84. The decrease of Rupees 478 under "Saderward," and of Rupees 108 under "Medical Charges." is too insignificant to call for remark.
- 85. There is an increase of Rupees 5,132 under heads "Contingencies" and "Miscellaneous" consequent on the purchase of Office furniture and Extra Tentage paid to the Covenanted Officers of the District.
- 86. Commission or Discount to licensed Stamp Vendors.—A more active sale of Stamps under the operations of Act No. XXVI. of 1867 explains the increase under these items.
- A Statement showing the extent, assessment, &c., of land transferred from wet to dry rates during the year owing to the want of means of irrigation will be found among the enclosures. All well Nunjah land has now been transferred to a Punjah class under the terms of the Order of Government communicated with the Board's

26th January 1866, No. 641.

Proceedings noted in the margin.

The sacrifice of revenue which has resulted from this reclassification is shown in the subjoined table:-

Extent.	Nunjah Assess- ment.	Punjah Assess- ment as now fixed.	Difference.		
K. A. P. 3,620 2 10	ES. A. P. 26,552 10 4	PS. A. P. 9,603 7 8	RS. A. P. 16,949 2 8		

During the Settlement of Chendragherri talook it came to my notice that in some cases the transfer of land from a wet to a dry class had not been made in accordance with the terms of the Dated 26th January 1866, No. 641. Board's instructions.

This and the other Tahsildars were, therefore, instructed to have such holdings inspected afresh and to submit a statement showing the results of this further inquiry. Until this verification of the account has been fully completed, the figures in the last column of my table cannot be accepted as representing exactly the sacrifice of revenue entailed by this reclassification of land irrigated

The latter part of the Government order, which relates to dry land irrigated by the means and appliances therein described, has been fully carried out, and the anticipated sacrifice of 9th Jammy 1866, in Board's Circular, No. VI. of 1866. revenue derived from water rates is shown in Rupees 506. the margin.

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- 88. Torks.—A statement showing the year's results is herewith enclosed. A greater breadth of land was, it will be seen, taken up during the year for the formation of topes, but this form of agricultural enterprize must, as already observed, be of slow and gradual growth even under the most favourable conditions.
- 89. LANDS ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.—A Statement in the prescribed form showing the landed property acquired by public servants during the Fusly will be found among the enclosures.
- 90. HUZOOR ACCOUNT.—As remarked in my last report, the business in the Account Department is conducted on sound principles, and is in accordance with the Rules laid down for its direction.

Occasional changes in the minor details of the system arc of course inevitable, and produce some temporary derangements; but I am satisfied that the method of accounts observed in this office is, on the whole, both as respects their careful preparation and punctual submission, creditable to the management and industry of the intelligent officer who more immediately directs the department.

91. TALOOK AND VILLAGE ACCOUNTS.—The accounts of the talooks settled by myself were examined, and were, on the whole, found to be neatly and regularly kept.

Some omissions in respect to the use of the prescribed forms and errors came under notice, but these did not affect the main principles. An absolute conformity in practice with the Talook and Village Manuals is in fact no longer possible under the changes which have taken place in the general system of account since these manuals were first distributed.

- 92. I have already adverted to the Quinquennial Return A, and have only to mention with reference to the Board's observations in paragraph 7 of their Circular, dated the 19th March 1862, No. 1,846, that the distinction now made between villages and hamlets is the same as that observed in the Settlement Report of Fusly 1271.
- 93. AGRICULTURAL STOCK.—QUINQUENNIAL RETURN E.—In the subjoined Abstract Statement are shown the agricultural statistics of the District:—

	Ryots.		I	PUTTAHS. CATTI			LK.			
Mirassidars.	98 Payakar or under-tenants.	10E 2,32,369	Single.	tinor 45,250	I 1,78,468	1,08,047	6. Ploughing Cat-	1,73,161	She Buffaloes.	Sheep.

The total number of Puttahs shown in column 7 of this abstract will be found classified in Statement F, showing the Rent Roll of the District. From this the Board will find that some two-thirds of the agricultural section of the population pay Land-tax of Rupees 10 and under, and that the proportion of those paying upwards of Rupees 30 is only one-eighth.

- 94. There has been no variation in the price of farm stock since the last Quinquennial Returns were taken. The ordinary breed of the District miserably small and degenerate, and nearly all the finer cattle brought to market came from the Mysore and Salem country. I have commented elsewhere on the unusual mortality which prevailed during the year among the cattle in the more suffering parts of the District, but should not omit to notice the success which attended Mr. Thacker's treatment in the places which he was able to visit.
- 95. Statement D. exhibits the population and number of houses. The general results are abstracted in the subjoined Statement, and shown in comparison with last Quinquennial Statistics.

	Fuslies.	1276	1271	Increase.	Decrease.
	Storied and terraced.	7,710	3,355 3	<u> </u>   :	645
Ho	Tiled.	4,197	2,171,5	2,026	:
Ноовив.	Thatched.	2,75,848	2,50,803	25,045	:
	.LeteI.	3,17,765	2,91,329	2,026 25,045 26,436	:
	Adults.	11,49,765	10,61,996	ļ	:
HINDUS.	Children.	5,57,791	5,16,357	4,14,341	:
*	.lstoT	17,07,556	15,78,353	87,769 4,14,341 1,29,203	:
MA	Adults.	48,552	47,095	1,457	:
Mahomedans.	Сріјдтев.	25,892	24,617	1,275	:
NS.	.latoT	74,444	71,712	2,732	:
Снв	Adults.	3,173 1	2,802 1,	371	:
Christians,	Children.	961   5, 1	690 <sup> </sup> 4,4 	271 (	:
	Total.	34 12,01,4	11,11,	642 89,8	: 
Total.	Children.	190 5,85,6	3935,42,6	89,597 42,98	:
	Total.	14 17,87,13	54 16,54,5	42,980 1,32,577	:
PARTICI	Agricultural.	7,710 34,197 2,75,848 3,17,765 11,49,765 5,57,791 17,07,556 48,552 25,892 74,444 3,173 1,961 5,134 12,01,490 5,85,644 17,87,134 12,79,864 5,07,270	8,355 32,171 2,50,803 2,91,329 10,61,996 5,16,357 15,78,353 47,095 24,617 71,712 2,802 1,690 4,492 11,11,893 5,42,664 16,54,557 11,82,099 4,72,458	97,765	:
Particulars of	-Inoirga-noM -Iarut	5,07,27	4,72,45	34,812	:

96. As directed, the census was taken on the 1st March last. Messrs. Wilkinson and Spedding, and some of the Tahsildars and Sub-Magistrates, tested the accuracy of the Statistical Returns of certain towns and villages selected at random. The variation in the results thus obtained was very trifling, and the Returns may, therefore, be accepted as, on the whole, tolerably accurate and reliable.

The Returns thus compiled show that the population which at last census was 1,650,000 (one million six hundred and fifty thousand), has increased during the period now under report to 1,780,000, (one million seven hundred and eighty thousand.) The quinquennial increase has thus been 130,000, (one hundred and thirty thousand), being an annual average of 26,000, or 15% per mille.

The increase occurs in the Returns relating to the agricultural part of the population, a fact which may be accepted as a gratifying proof of the benefits of recent fiscal reforms.

The falling off in the number of the non-agricultural population is probably in a great measure due to a considerable proportion of those so classified in last Returns having intermediately become agricultural.

97. Sources of irrigation.—Quinquennial Return C.—The various sources of irrigation in the District are particularized in Return C., of which the following is an abstract:—

Description of the	Cir	CAR.	Priv	ATE.	Dasabandum.		
Sources of Irrigation.	In repair.	Out of repair.		Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	
. 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Tanks	2,213 446 473 132	305 55 184 35	120 25 40 1 61,645	17 3 7 1 6,746	954 65 52 11 213	107 6 4 3 22	

In the number of private tanks and river channels, compared with the Returns of Fusly 1271, there is some trifling increase. In that of wells the increase is more considerable. I need scarcely remark that this increase in the number of wells is the natural result of the liberal policy of late years, which renounces all State rights in such agricultural property and exempts dry land irrigated from wells from all additional taxation.

98. The subjoined Statement shows the extent of arable land and its revenue under the Palar, Cheyar, and Ponne anicuts, and the three great tanks of the District, those of Cauveripauk, Mamandoor, and Chadiperi:—

Principal sources of irrigation.	Num- ber of tanks.	Number of villages.	Total A	yacut.	Cultiv	at <sup>:</sup> on.
	Tanks.	Vil- lages.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Ponne anicut with Subsidiary channels feeding tanks.			Acres.	RS.	Acres.	RS.
In Chittoor talook	12 49 3	6 46 3	1,009 7,909 416	5,881 35,674 2,369	860 5,975 361	5,199 32,031 1,967
	64	55	9,334	43,924	7,296	39,197
Palar anicut with channel feeding tunks.						
In Wallajah talook	30 80	28 63	9,081 8,974	48,834 48,846	8,414 7,426	48,171 40,555
	110	91	18,055	97,680	15,840	88,726
Cheyar anicut with channel feeding tanks.						
Wandewash talook Cauveripaukum Mamandoor tank Chediperi tank	1	42 39 18 11	4,451 6,034 3,078 1,548	27,173 32,022 21,299 10,477	3,988 5,221 2,935 1,472	24,825 32,181 20,473 9,928

<sup>99.</sup> The channel works connected with the three anicuts have been considerably extended and improved of late years.

100. The number of ruined tanks made over to private capitalists during the year under report, is shown in the following Statement with all the particulars required in the concluding part of paragraph 5 of the Board's Circular Me
14th August 1866, No. 787.

morandum noted in the margin:—

		No. of	Т	OTAL AY	ACUT.	
Talook.	Name of village.	tanks made over.	Extent.	Taram assess- ment.	Assessment at 2½ Ru- pees per acre.	Remarks.
Chendragherry { Palmanair { Poloor	1. Chendragherry 11. Ayral	1 1	ACRES. 82 4 4 84	Rs. 107 13 21  467	$egin{bmatrix} 10 & 0 & 0 \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \\ 192 & 9 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$	*This tank has no registered Ayacut made over on condition of 2½ Rupees being paid on Punjalands that may be irrigated by it.

It is a question for the Professional Department to determine how far the distribution of water at these several anicuts can be further sub-divided with advantage. My own opinion is, that the Ponne and Cheyar anicut systems do not admit of much additional development, and that any further expenditure in this direction should be principally confined to completing the net work of channels from the Palar anicut on the south bank of the river.

The results thus far are not promising, but the unfavourable character of the seasons during a series of years has naturally discouraged capitalists from embarking in such costly and precarious undertakings.

Dated 28rd October 1866, No. 1,064.

101. The Circular Memorandum noted in the margin directs that the two items of which I have just been speaking (sources of irrigation and ruined

tanks) shall be noticed in every Settlement Report. In the absence of any specific instructions on the point, I have given these items a separate place in this report.

- 102. QUINQUENNIAL RETURN B.—Return B. shows in detail the Ayacut and the proportion under cultivation up to the close of Fusly 1276.
- 103. In the subjoined Abstract Statement, the statistics of Fusly 1271 are compared with those of Fusly 1276:—

AYACUT.											
	D	RY.	N	UNJAH.	Total.						
Fusly.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent. Assessmen		Extent.	Assessment.					
1276 1271	7,75,077 7,37,889	10,38,674 10,10,792	2,49,784 2,49,531	14,11,485 14,35,336	10,24,861 9,87,420	24,50,159 24,46,128					
Increase	37,188	27,882	253		37,441	4,031					
Decrease				23,851	•••						

The increase in extent and assessment of dry land shown in Columns 2 and 3, and the decrease in the corresponding Columns 4 and 5 under wet cultivation, are due in some degree to the recent transfer of all land irrigated from wells from wet to dry rates of assessment, as also to the gradual appropriation of unassessed waste for cultivation.

- 104. The Settlement Report of the Sub-division is herewith forwarded.
- 105. Remarks on the conduct of the Subordinate Officers.—Mr. Comyn only joined the District on the 7th June 1867, and did not therefore take any personal part in the Settlement.
- Mr. Comyn has all the qualifications of a good Revenue Officer, and will, I feel sure, manage his division with ability and success.

Mr. Wilkinson left the District temporarily after having taken an active part in the Settlement. I have to acknowledge his ready co-operation in all matters, and to express my satisfaction at the manner in which he managed the talooks more directly under his charge.

I have noticed elsewhere in this report the assistance I received from Mr. Martin before his removal, on promotion, to another District.

Mr. Tagg continues to merit my confidence and good opinion.

He has already acquired that practical acquaintance with business which quite fits him for a separate charge.

Mr. Gibson rendered me much valuable and ready assistance in connection with famine works and other remedial measures. His general work evinces a sound judgment and good business qualifications.

Mr. Hewetson, the Deputy Collector in charge of the Zemindary Tracts, is probably not equal to the responsibilities of that somewhat difficult and delicate post. That charge might with much advantage be placed under the management of Mr. Gibson or Mr. Lee Warner (when relieved) and Mr. Hewetson be more suitably and safely employed on the general staff of the District.

The Deputy Collector in charge of the Treasury continues to give me every satisfaction. He is a good man of business, and an intelligent promising officer.

I am glad, in continuation of former remarks, to make favourable mention of my Serishtadar's services.

My office establishment generally have given me satisfaction.

The changes which have taken place during the year in the grades of Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate will all contribute to the more effective administration of the District.

CHITTOOB, 8th November 1867. (Sined) J. D. ROBINSON,

Collector.

# SUB-COLLECTORATE.

I have the honour to forward the usual Annual Report on the Settlement of the Sub-Division for Fusly 1276.

I joined the District on the 7th June 1867. Previous to this, the talooks of Arcot, Vellore, and Polur had been settled by the late Sub-Collector Mr. Barlow, and half of the Wandewash talook by yourself; the other half remained unsettled until the 20th June, when it was, by your direction, taken up and completed by the late Acting Head Assistant, Mr. Wilkinson, in consequence of my having proceeded to Chittoor to take charge of the principal division during your absence on privilege leave.

The settlement was made at two stations in each talook except Polur. The names of these stations, the time occupied for the settlement, and the number of Puttahs distributed, are all given below:—

Talooks.	Sta	tions.	Time occupied for settle-ment.	Number of Puttahs distri- buted.	
Arcot	Kusba Arcot,	Dusi	36 days.	22,558	
Vellore	• { Allapuram Kaniyambadi	}	22 do.	27,521	
Polur	Vallur			17,772	
Wandewash	Kusba Wande	wash, Seesamon	18 do.	23,842	

The number of villages in each talook and their tenures are entered below. They are the same as last year:—

Talooks.	No. of Villages.	Tenure.
Arcot	354 {	347 Ryotwar. 7 Shrotriem.
Vellore	194	190 Ryotwar. 2 Shrotriem. 2 Depopulated.
Polur	226 {	225 Ryotwar. 1 Shrotriem.
Wandewash	424 {	420 Ryotwar. 4 Shrotriem.

The total number of Puttahs distributed was 91,693, or 6,156 above that of the preceding Fusly. The causes of this increase were, (1), the issue of a fresh Puttah to every ryot, a course rendered necessary by the adoption of a new form, and (2), the sub-division of some old Puttahs.

The early part of the season was very unfavourable. The drought of the preceding year continued more or less to the end of August in this year. In consequence of this, dry and wet lands, assessed at Rupees 51,683, were relinquished, dry lands bearing an assessment of Rupees 37,525 were left waste, all dry crops generally perished, the poorer classes of people suffered great distress from want of food, and cattle died in vast numbers from want of forage, though from the beginning of September the character of the season changed, and it began to rain, and wet crops were successfully cultivated. The outturn of these crops was, however, greatly reduced owing to deficiency of water at the time when the crops were coming to maturity. In addition to this, the heavy fall of rain in October caused several tanks to breach, and most of the lands under them were left uncultivated.

The following table sho	ws the fall of rai	n according to se	ason reports:—
-------------------------	--------------------	-------------------	----------------

	Mo	Inches.	Tenths.				
May	•••	•••		•••			
June		•••				•••	}
Jul <b>y</b>		•••	•••	•••		2	0
August			•••	•••		6 6	7
September				•••	}		2
October	•••	•••	•••	•••		16	7
November		•••				6	5
December		•••		• • •	•••]	18	0
January			•••		••••	3	3
February		• • •	•••			1	4
March		•••	•••	•••		•••	
April	•••			•••	•••	•••	
							]

In all the talooks of the Sub-Division, cholera and fever made their appearance and carried away many victims. Their number is given in the following memorandum:—

	Number of deaths.						
Cholera Fever	•••						4,584 1,742

The loss of cattle also was very great; they died from disease as well as from starvation. The subjoined memorandum shows the number of their deaths in each talook:—

Talooks.	Number of cattle died.
Vellore	1,814 1,116 370 8,835

The advances made under the orders of Government, dated the 15th December 1866, No. 8,924, to some of the ryots of Polur talook to enable them to purchase agricultural stock, have, it appears, assisted them considerably in carrying on their cultivation which they would otherwise have been unable to do.

Owing to deficient harvest on the one hand and heavy demands from neighbouring districts on the other, the prices of all sorts of grain rose excessively high. The following memorandum exhibits the average prices of Fuslies 1275 and 1276.

Names of Grains.										Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease	
Paddy.	{1st {2nd {1st {2nd	sort do. do. do.	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••		RS. 178 163	Rs. 219 205 464 435	RS. 41 42	•••••
			$D_{i}$	ry gr	ains	•				- !		1	1	1
Cholum Cumboo Raggy Horse-gr Varagu	 am 	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••		237 219 220 278 236	347 306 319 376 282	110 87 99 98 46	•••••

RYOTS' HOLDINGS.—The changes which occurred in the ryots' holdings during the year, are hereunder particularized. They exhibit a decrease of Acres 21,293, assessed at Rupees 33,414, below the extent held at the beginning of the year. This decrease was caused chiefly by the adverse nature of the season:—

	Acres.	Assessment.
Holdings at the commencement of the year	318,140	9,66,359
Deduct lands given up	30,591	51,683
Lands rendered unfit for cultivation or taken up	,	,
for public purposes	1,272	5,927
Lands sold or transferred	1,877	7,488
•		
	33,740	65,098
Remainder	284,400	9,01,261
Add lands taken up on durkhast	7,771	17,805
Lands purchased or transferred	4,676	13,879
Total holdings at the close of the year	296,847	9,32,945
Decrease	21,293	33,414

ACTUAL CULTIVATION.—The subjoined abstract shows a falling off of Rupees 49,584 in the a ssessment of lands cultivated during the year. This result also is due to the unfavourable character of the season:—

Items.	Fusly	1275.	Fusly	1276.	Incr	EASE.	DECR	EASE.
Tooms.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.
Dry	2,07,293	RS. 3,15,006	1,63,535	RS. 2,53,277	•••••	RS.	43,758	RS. 61,729
Wet	98,725	5,98,403	1,01,094	6,10,549	2,369	12,145		••••
Total	3,06,018	9,13,409	2,64,629	8,63,826	2,369	12,145	43,758	61,729
Net decrease		•••••			•••••			49,584

Waste Charged and Remitted.—All dry and wet waste were fully charged with the exception (1) of those wet lands which were left uncultivated owing to the bursting of tanks and the consequent loss of water, and (2) of a few acres of dry land. The amount charged and remitted in each case is exhibited below:—

		WE	T.			DR	Y.			Тота	L.	
Fusly.	Remi	itted.	Char	ged.	Remi	tted.	Char	ged.	Remi	tted.	Char	ged.
	Extent	Assess- ment.	Extent	Assess- ment.	Extent	Assess- ment.	Extent	Assess- ment.	Extent	Assess- ment.	Extent	Assess- ment.
This	ACS.	RS.										
Fusly.	941	5,013	5,007	25, <b>6</b> 56	30	50	26,240	37,475	971	5,063	31,247	63,1 <b>3</b> 1
Last Fusly.	9,356	49,480	2,890	15,966	2,766	3,473	22,624	33,273	12,122	52,953	25,514	49,239

The following Statement contains all the items for which remissions were granted. Deducting the Village servants' merah and the difference of Road Cess for villages transferred from South Arcot, the other items are all small and call for no remark:—

Items.	Amount	remitted.
LUCIIIIS.	This year.	Last year.
Portions of fields left waste  Withered crops	117 63 899 79  1,052 67  6 55,245	1,933 12,665 19 12 18 782 1,823 524  56,022

Special products.—The cultivation of Sugar-cane, Cotton, and Indigo, was as usual very limited, though there was an increase as regards Sugar-cane and Indigo over the last year. The extent of land devoted to each of these products is as follows:—

	•										Тнів	YEAR.	Last	YEAR.
						•					Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.
Sugar-car Cotton	ne •••			•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		596 10	3,755 18	275 49	1,892 71
Indigo	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	. ]	3,047	6,003	2,331	4,765

The following abstract exhibits in one view the result of the settlement of all sources of revenue, as compared with the last year:—

Items.	This year.	Last year.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue including Fasal and Teerwah jasti  Deduct Remissions.	9,81,850	9,97,577	•••	15,727
Withered crops, &c	2,286	17,779		15,493
Remainder	9,79,564 50,184	9,79,798 35,791	14,393	234
Total	10,29,748	10,15,589	14,159	
$oldsymbol{Deduct}.$				
Merah, &c	55,245	56,022		777
Difference of Road Cess for villages transferred from South Arcot	1,312	1,721		409
Total	56,557	57,743		1,186
Remainder	9,73,191	9,57,846	15,345	•••
Net	•••		14,159	,

The several items which compose the Revenue from sundry sources, are enumerated in the subjoined Statement:—

Demand of last Fusty   Demand of last Fusty   Demand of last Fusty   Demand of last Fusty   Demand of last Fusty   Demand of last Fusty   Demand of last Fusty   Demand of last Fusty   Demand of last Fusty   Demand of last Fusty   Demand of last Fusty   Demand of last Fusty   Demand of last Fusty   Demand of last Fusty   Demand of last last last last last last last last	Bubjoi		<del></del>		2
Demand of   Demanto of Persent Folia.   Collection   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Collection   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Total.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Total.   Current.   Total.   Current.   Total.   Current.   Total.   Current.   Current.   Total.   Current.		ıder.			
Demand of   Demanto of Persent Folia.   Collection   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Collection   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Current.   Total.   the Fuely.   Total.   the Fuely.   Total.   the Fuely.   Total.   the Fuely.   Total.   the Fuely.   Total.   the Fuely.   Total.   the Fuely.   Total.   the Fuely.   Total.   the Fuely.   Total.   the Fuely.   Total.   the Fuely.   Total.   the Fuely.   Total.   the Fuely.   Total.   the Fuely.   the Fuely.   Total.   the Fuely.   Total.   the Fuely.		mair	6	255.5.8. 2649.475 27	601
Demand of last Fusly.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   at the end of face flow.   Total.   at the end of face flow.   Total.   at the end of face flow.   Total.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   Total.   At the Fusly.   Total.   At the Fusly.   Total.   At the Fusly.   Total.   At the Fusly.   Total.   At the Fusly.   Total.   At the Fusly.   Total.   At the fusly.   Total.   T		ഷ് 		# 4.62 F. 86 E. L.	
Demand of   Demand of   Demand of   Demand of   Demand of   Logar Fuely.   East Arrears.   Current.   Total.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   Arrears.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   Arrears.   Arr				H. T. H. T.	
Demand of   Demand of   Demand of   Last Fualy.   Collection   Last Fualy.   Arrears.   Chartent.   Total.   Last fine end of   Remission.     2	Ì	otal.	∞		දූ
Demand of   Last Fuely.   Attears.   Courrent.   Total.   Attears.   Courrent.   Total.   Attears.   Courrent.   Total.   Attears.   Courrent.   Total.   Attears.   Courrent.   Total.   Attears.   Courrent.   Total.   Attears.   Attears.   Courrent.   Total.   Attears.   Attears.   Courrent.   Total.   Attears.   At		ř		84.6, 6, 6, 121 . 3, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,	32,8
Demand of last Fuely.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   Total.   the Fuely.     2					H
Demand of last Fuely.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   Total.   the Fuely.     2		ssion			
Demand of last Fusly.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.   Total.   the Fusly.		Remi			133
Demand of last Fuely.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.     2		<b>t</b> o .	<u>                                     </u>		
Demand of last Fuely.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.     2	ction	end 'usly			
Demand of last Fuely.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.     2	olle	the he F		2526 6617 6617 6617 3 3 3 3 3 3 5 1 6 6 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	,695
Demand of last Fusly.   Arrears.   Current.   Total.     2		# <del>#</del>	<u> </u>	· ·	
Demand of last Fusly.   Arrears.   Current.   Total last Fusly.   Arrears.   Current.   Total last Fusly.   Arrears.   Current.   Total last Fusly.   Arrears.   Current.   Total last Fusly.   Arrears.   Current.   Total last Fusly.   Arrears.   Current.   Total last A. P. B.B. A. B.B.				A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O	
Demand of last Fuely.  2		otal	5		8
Demand of last Fusly.   Arrears.   Current.	UBLY	H		88.2.2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2	75,4
Demand of last Fusly.  2 3  Rs. A. P. Bs. A. P. P. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J.	T I			7.110 000000401 411 0700000000	<del>∞</del>
Demand of last Fusly.  2 3  Rs. A. P. Bs. A. P. P. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J.	18 B	rent	4	1 · • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Demand of last Fusly.  2 3  Rs. A. P. Bs. A. P. P. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J.	OF PB	Car			0,184
Demand of  2  Rs. A. P. Bs. 4,117 1 1 4,124 1,676 2 5 1,299 6,276 3 6 5,918 11,450 15 10 7,638 64 8 4 64 64 8 4 64 746 13 0 21 64 8 4 64 746 13 0 21 1,826 7 5 11 3 2,048 5 11 1,826 7 5 637 1,826 7 5 637 1,826 7 5 637 1,826 7 5 637 1,826 7 5 637 1,826 7 5 637 1,826 7 5 637 1,826 7 5 637 1,831 2 4 1,231 2 4 1,231 2 4 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,248 1,313 9 1,313					10
Demand of  2  Rs. A. P. Bs. 4,117 1 1 4,124 1,676 2 5 1,299 6,276 3 6 5,918 11,450 15 10 7,638 64 8 4 64 64 8 4 64 746 13 0 21 64 8 4 64 746 13 0 21 1,826 7 5 11 3 2,048 5 11 1,826 7 5 637 1,826 7 5 637 1,826 7 5 637 1,826 7 5 637 1,826 7 5 637 1,826 7 5 637 1,826 7 5 637 1,826 7 5 637 1,831 2 4 1,231 2 4 1,231 2 4 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,231 2 6 1,248 1,313 9 1,313	DEM	ars.	_	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
Demand of last Fusly.  2  4,117 1 1 4,117 1 1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1		\rre	83	1124. 1124.	245
Demand of last Fusly.  2 2 4,117 1 1,676 2 6,276 3 11,450 15 1 268 6 64 8 746 13 7 6 13 1,826 7 1,827 1 1,827					
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		osend Fus	8		
		last		8 4 1 6 1	35,78
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Items.  Inam Jody {Service				ands and and and and and and and and and and	otal
Items.  Inam Jody {Personal Inam Jody {Service Tax on trees on unassess Assessment of lands not the Jumnahbudy Set Revenue from unclaimed Do. from Choultry I. Rent of topes				ed linel land linel land linel land linel land linel land linel land linel land linel land linel land linel line land linel land linel land linel land land land land land land land lan	Ĕ
Items.  Inam Jody {Pers Inam Jody {Serv Tax on trees on unastate the Jummahbundy Bevenue from thoult Bent of topes Revenue from seque Do. from Choult Emolument of vacar Revenue from seque Do. from the slc tivated Revenue from seque Do. from the slc tivated Revenue from seque Do. from the slc tivated Revenue from seque Tax on fruit trees Commission on the sproperties Revenue fines Revenue fines Saving and Refund Collection in excess Water rate on Zemin Quit-rent on bungal Caval Cundayem Money deposited and Sale proceeds in exc Parabari Merah for Shrotriem Jody Income-tax over coll Merah for Fusly 126	Í			onalice ice ice not Set Set Set ice ice ice ice ice ice ice ice ice ice	
Inam Jody { Tax on trees on Assessment of Is the Jummabh Bevenue from U. Do. from Cl. Bent of topes Inam Tuffreek Revenue from s Do. from the Livated Revenue from to type of Hill Do. from the tivated Revenue fines Revenue fines Revenue fines Revenue fines Revenue fines Revenue fines Revenue fines Saving and Refi Collection in epwater rate on Z Quit-rent on bu Caval Cundayen Money deposited Sale proceeds in Parabari Merah Shrotriem Jody. Income-tax over Merah for Fusly		ems	-	Personal and services for the services f	
Inam Jody Tax on treet Assessment the Jumn Bevenue fro Do. fro Emolument Revenue fro Do. of I Do. frontivated Rent of Pal Tax on fruit Commission properties Revenue fin Saving and Collection i Water rate Quit-rent of Caval Cundi Money depo Sale proceet Parabari M Shrotriem J Income-tax Merah for F		Ħ		S s on of 1s s s on of 1s s s on of 1s s on of 1s s s on of 1s s s s on of 1s s s s s on of 1s s s s s on of 1s s s s s on of 2s s s s s s on of 2s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s	
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				Hone Man Andrew Man An	

Demand, Collection, and Balance of all sources of Revenue for Fusly 1276 stood on the 30th August last as follows:—

		AO.
Demand		11,27,387
Collection	••• ••• ··· ••• ••• ••• ···	9,43,210
Balance	*** *** *** *** *** *** ***	1,84,177

The particulars are given in the annexed Statement A.

The largest balance is Rupees 49,455 in Arcot, and Rupees 36,954 in Vellore talook. The exact amount of balance for Polur is not known, as the Demand, Collection, and Balance Statement for August has not been received from that talook. The Return from Wandewash shows the balance of that talook to be Rupees 14,902. During the month of September, a large portion of these arrears may have been collected, but the Tahsildars will be pressed to realize, without further delay, the whole amount excepting that recommended elsewhere to be written off as irrecoverable arrears amounting to Rupees 10,021-7-10. It appears from the Statement No. 6, showing the Demand, Collection, and Balance of Shrotriems, &c., that there is a balance of Rupees 2,180 against the Shrotriemdars of Valavanoor, Mangadu, and Nattery. This will be recovered as quickly as possible.

IRRECOVERABLE ABBEARS.—The particulars of old arrears up to Fusly 1275 having been separately furnished to you in the Statements which accompanied my letter of the 3rd instant, No. 424, I have only to request here that the irrecoverable portion thereof, amounting to Rupecs 10,021-7-10, may be recommended to be written off the accounts.

VILLAGE AND TALOOK ACCOUNTS.—It appears that the accounts of some of the villages in each talook were examined at the time of Jummahbundy, and that they were not found to be complete or altogether free from errors.

Acquisition of Lands by Public Servants.—I gather from the Talook Returns received on this subject, that only the Tahsildar of Wandewash, Kristniah, \* and a Gumastah of the Arcot talook, Sashia, † acquired lands this year in the

Arcot talook to the extent noted in the margin. There are some other names given in the Talook Statements, but as it is not distinctly stated there, whether they acquired any land during this year, a reference has been made to the Tahsildars concerned for further information.

CONDUCT OF PUBLIC SERVANTS.—On this point I am silent, as I did not join the District until the Jummahbundy was nearly completed.

(Signed) W. H. COMYN,
Acting Sub-Collector.

	Whole demand at the beginning	Collections, bo	oth current and a	Collections, both current and arrears, up to 30th June 1867.	June 1867.	Balance of Land Revenue.	nd Revenue.
Талоокв.	of Fusly, both current and arrears.	Land Revenue.	Abkarry.	Stamp.	Total.	Current.	Arrears.
1	2	3	4	2	9	7	80
	BB. A. P.	BS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	BS. A. P.	BS. A. P.	BS. A. P.
Vellore	2,58,036 14 0	1,94,470 13 1	•	22,816 12 0	2,17,287 9 1	28,683 11 9	14,730 9 2
Arcot	3,75,050 1 4	2,84,717 8 7	:	4,063 15 0	2,88,781 7 7	64,985 0 10	21,283 8 11
Polur	1,70,672 3 9	1,54,836 15 1	:	1,268 12 0	1,56,105 11 1	12,840 5 2	1,726 3 6
Wandewash	3,23,627 14 4	2,73,714 5 9	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7,321 14 0	2,81,036 3 9	36,234 4 0	6,347 6 7
Total	Total 11,27,387 1 5	9,07,739 10 6		35,471 5 0	9,43,210 15 6	1,42,743 5 9	44,097 12 2

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Real and personal property, to the extent shown below, was distrained and sold for Arrears of Revenue.

Talooks.         Num-lages.         Num-lages.         Num-lages.         Amount of lages.         Land.         Land.         Personal property.         Total.         Estimate value.           Vil-lages.         Ryots.         arrears.         Bs. A. P. P. Bs. A. P. P. Bs. A. P. P. Bs. A. P. P. Bs. A. P. P. Bs. A. P. P. Bs. A. P. P. Bs. A. P. P. Bs. A. P.		Proces	Process issued.	Estimated value of		property attached.	åd.			Property sold.	r sold.		
ber of ber of Amount of Iand. Personal Total.    Pages.   Byots.   Br. A. P.   Br. A. P.   Br. A. P.   Br. A. P.     Sa		- E						Land.	nd.	Personal property.	property.		
83 2,454 19,998 4 7 285 10 0 991 14 9 1,277 8 9 305 8,537 63,942 2 8 8,870 14 0 6,298 13 0 15,169 11 0 266 3,135 7,878 0 0 1,137 0 0 950 0 2,087 0 0 869 17,996 1,02,921 7 3 10,293 8 0 8,903 11 9 19,197 3 9 1	ber o Vil- lages	Ryots.	Amount of arrears.	Land.	Personal property.			Estimated value.	Value actually sold.	Estimated value.	Value actually sold.	Estimated value.	Value actually sold.
83       2,454       19,998 4 7       285 10 0       991 14 9       1,277 8 9         305       8,537       63,942 2 8       8,870 14 0       6,298 13 0       15,169 11 0         215       3,870       11,103 0 0         663 0 0       663 0 0         266       3,135       7,878 0 0       1,137 0 0       950 0 0       2,087 0 0       0         869       17,996       1,02,921 7 3 10,293 8 0       8,903 11 9 19,197 3 9 1			BS. A. P.	∢	RS.	]	Pi	BS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	188. A. P.	RS. A. P.	BS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
305       8,537       63,942       2       8       8,870       14       0       6,298       13       0       15,169       11       0         215       3,870       11,103       0          663       0       663       0       0         266       3,135       7,878       0       1,137       0       0       950       0       2,087       0       0         869       17,996       1,02,921       7       3       10,293       8       0       8,903       11       9,197       3       9       1				285 10	991	9 1,277 8		106 14 0	909 12 0	:	•	106 14 0	909 12
215       3,870       11,103 0 0           663 0 0       663 0 0       0       0       0         266       3,135       7,878 0 0       1,137 0 0       950 0 0       2,087 0 0       0         869       17,996       1,02,921 7 3 10,293 8 0       8,903 11 9 19,197 3 9 1				8,870 14		015,169 11		949 7 9	932 3	6 119 10 0 151 7 0 1,069 1 9 1,083 10 6	151 7 6	1,069 1 9	1,083 10
266         3,135         7,878         0         1,137         0         0         950         0         2,087         0         0           869         17,996         1,02,921         7         3         10,293         8         0         8,903         11         9         19,197         3         9         1,					663	663	0	:	•	0 0 8	15 0 0	8 0 0	15 0 0
869 17,996 1,02,921 7 3 10,293 8 0 8,903 11 9 19,197 3 9			7,878 0 0	1,137 0	950			268 0 0		298 0 0 180 0 0 210 0	210 0 0	448 0 0	508 0 0
		17,996	1,02,921 7 3	10,293 8 0	1			1,324 5 9	9 2,139 15 6 307 10 0 376 7 0 1,631 15 9 2,516	307 10 0	376 7 0	1,631 15 9	2,516 6 6

(Signed) W. H. COMYN,
Acting Sub-Collector.

(Signed) J. D. ROBINSON, Collector.

(True Copy.)

# SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

### SOUTH ARCOT.

- 1. I have the honour to submit my Report on the Settlement of this District for the past

  Fusly 1276, together with the several Statements, \* Annual and Quinquennial, which have
  been carefully prepared agreeably to the revised forms.
- 2. I. VILLAGES AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT WAS MADE.—The stations at which the Jummahbundy was made, the period occupied in the settlement of each talook, and the names of the Officers by whom conducted, are shown in Statement No. 1. The Jummahbundy was held at the Kusbah of each of the talooks of Virdachellum, Tindevanum, Kullacoorchy, and Ellavanasoor, and in the rest of the talooks partly at the Kusbah and party at other places. The Settlements commenced on the 7th February, and was finally completed on the 18th May 1867.
- 3. II. VARIATIONS IN THE NUMBER AND TENURES OF VILLAGES, WITH REMARKS IN THE DISTRIBUTION OF PUTTAS.—The following Comparative Statement gives the variations in the number and tenures of villages:—

Num- ber.	Descr	riptio	on o	f vill	ages.			Number of villages in Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
1 2 3 4 5 6	Moottah d	lo. lo. lo.			•••	 •••	2,997 66 7 11 17 4	3,000 66 7 11 17 7	3   3	•••••
							3,102	3,108	6	,

#### Add—

Auu-	
Six villages transferred to the Trinomallay talook of this District, from Trippattore talook of	
the Salem District, as sanctioned in Government Order, dated 22nd December 1865, No.	
3,098, communicated with Board's Proceedings, dated 6th January 1866, No. 111	6
Deduct—	
Three villages in the resumed Jagheer of Chekadi, of this District, transferred from Ryotwar to	
Amani owing to Nunja cultivation having been carried on this year in the former	3
Remainder	3
Add—	
Three villages of this District transferred this year from Ryotwar to Amani	3
Total Increase.,,	6

- 4. The revised form of Putta received with the Board's Circular Memorandum, dated 7th February 1866, No. 122, was not adopted in the past Settlement for the reasons noticed by the Board in paragraph 6 of their Circular Memorandum, No. 1,206, dated 3rd December 1866.
- 5. The total number of Puttas issued this year amounted to 2,57,054, of which new Puttas aggregated to 10,226, Puttas altered and modified 53,053, Puttas untouched and in which no alteration was made 1,93,775=2,57,054.
- 6. The increase in the number of fresh Puttas issued is due partly to new Durkhasts and to the transfer of villages from Salem to this District.
- 7. III. Season and sanitary state of the District, and a belief account of the benefit of Vaccination, and the extent of its operations.—The season under report was on the whole favourable, especially for Nunja cultivation; and following a season like that of Fusly 1275, the contrast was, of course, striking. The rainfall on the whole was abundant, yet the prices of both dry and wet grains which had risen greatly during the latter end of Fusly 1275, continued the same through the first half of Fusly 1276, and it was not until January that they began to lower. The Board and Government will be aware of the great distress which prevailed more or less throughout the country, and South Arcot was no exception, and for many months measures of relief were in active operation; but with the propitious and timely rains in November and December, the prospects of the harvest greatly brightened, and which were happily confirmed by results, and from and after January prices generally fell and assumed their ordinary proportions.
- 8. The seasonable rains after August 1866, (Fusly 1276,) and which continued more or less without intermission during the succeeding months to the close of the Calendar year, encouraged all kinds of cultivation, and where previously owing to the long drought, from November 1865 up to August 1866, all had looked gloomy and sad, everything suddenly wore a promising and cheerful aspect; and only those on whom the responsibility and charge of a large District is thrown can understand or appreciate the feelings of gratitude to God experienced at the sudden transition from prospective starvation to comparative plenty. But while the harvest of nearly all cereals and grain products was abundant, the want of rain in the months following January last was unfavourable to Indigo and Gingelly oil.
- 9. The annexed Memorandum gives the rainfall from April 1866 to March 1867 inclusive, prepared from the monthly Reports furnished to the Board of Revenue.

	•	7.5				-		18	66.	18	67.
1		Mor	ths.					Inches.	Tenths.	Inches.	Tenths.
April May June July August	1866.				•••		•	1 3  4 2 3	2 7 9 5	  1 4	 1 2 3 6 5
September		for th	e firs	t hal	 f yea	r	•••	17 ————————————————————————————————————	8	10	7
October November December	)) ))	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	3 4 1	7 5 1	8 3 9	9 7 7
January February March	1867.	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	"i "i
·	Total for the second half-year  Total rainfall for the whole year				9	3	$\frac{22}{33}$	4			
						•			Increase.	6	8

- 10. From this it will be seen that in the whole year thirty-three inches fell, or six inches in excess of the fall registered in the year before.
- 11. There were freshes in all the rivers of the District, namely, Pennar, Guddelem, Coleroon, and Vellar during the five months of August, September, October, November, and December 1866.
- 12. Cholera more or less prevailed throughout the year in all the talooks of the District except Villapoorum, and in some places the loss of life was great.
- 13. Cattle also suffered considerably, especially in the talooks of Trinomallay, Kullacoorchy, Cuddalore, and Tindevanum; the mortality was most in the two talooks of Trinomallay and Kullacoorchy, in the western parts of which pasture and water entirely failed from December 1865 up to August 1866.
- 14. The usual diseases of Fever and Small-pox were also visitants at intervals during the past seasons, and many died, as must always be the case in a country where the poorer agricultural classes are attacked, and where the application of remedies is almost impracticable. In the western talooks and in Tindevanum the epidemics were most felt.
- 15. The outturn of wet crops was above the average, and the other, that of dry crops, did not fall below the average except in gram.
- 16. The following abstract Statement shows the number and results of cases of Vaccination during the years 1865-66 and 1866-67:—

Fuslies.	Successful.	Unsuccess- ful.	Total.
1275 1276	15,529 4,403	1,726 604	17,255 5,007
	Su	Decrease accessful	12,248 11,126 1,122

- 17. The Deputy Superintendent of Vaccination, in a letter of the 30th July 1867, states that the Vaccinators of the Tanjore Circle were employed in the Tanjore District from April 1866 to the end of March 1867, and that part of the establishment was only transferred to South Arcot for employment in the principal localities during the hot-season; consequently the Statement includes only the operations in this District during April, May, and June 1867; hence the decrease of 12,248 cases below the past year 1865-66.
- 18. IV. PRICES.—The abstract Statement below shows the average prices per garce for the past ten years, and the prices for the last two Fuslies of the principal grains:—

Grains.	Average price for ten years, from Fusly 1267 to 1276.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase between Columns 2 and 4.	Increase between Columns 3 and 4.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1. White paddy	162 147 192 178 235 183	188 166 237 203 253 204 134	232 209 275 268 380 296 188	70 62 83 90 145 115	44 43 38 65 127 94 54

- 19. The prices of all kinds of grain continued high during the second half year of Fusly 1275, and throughout the first half year of Fusly 1276, as already noticed, in consequence of the calamitous character of the season. The prices of the first half of Fusly 1276 were unprecedentedly high. In the second half year of Fusly 1276 there was a slight decrease, and a comparison between the average prices for the last ten years, and those prevailing in Fusly 1276, as well as between those of Fuslies 1275 and 1276, the prices of grain of all kinds in the latter Fusly (1276) will likewise appear unusually high arising from the unprecedented rates current throughout the first half of the last named year. A contrast of prices in Fusly 1276, with those averaging in the previous ten years, exhibits an increase in the former of from forty-two to sixty-three per cent. in excess on the various sorts of grain. A similar comparison between Fuslies 1275 and 1276 shows an increase of sixteen to as much as fifty per cent. in the latter year.
- 20. The average price for the second sort paddy for several years is shown in the Statement No. 2.
  - (a) From Fusly 1259 to 1263.
  - (b) From Fusly 1264 to 1268. (c) From Fusly 1269 to 1278.

21. It will be observed that the average price for the first five years (a) was Rupees 69 owing, of course, to the very favourable character of the seasons in those years. The average prices for the second (b) and third (c) five years were

Rupees 118 and 132 respectively; while in the next three years, or in Fuslies 1274, 1275, and 1276, the prices rose, respectively, to Rupees 157, 166, and 209. Not only the season but the export trade necessarily influences the market rates of agricultural products, but up to a certain limit of course high prices indicate prosperity in a country essentially agricultural.

22. V. Ryots' Holdings.—The extent of the Ryots' holdings at the commencement of Fusly 1276, including waste remitted, was Acres 11,11,887, assessed at Rupees 29,99,074. Of this, Acres 1,14,394, assessed at Rupees 2,99,647, were relinquished for various causes; the remainder was Acres 9,97,493, assessed at Rupees 26,99,427, to which if Acres 1,33,133, with an assessment of Rupees 2,57,528, being lands newly occupied on durkhast are added, the total holdings at the close of the year, exclusive of Fasal and Teerwajastee, aggregate Acres 11,30,626, yielding a

1 <b>2</b> 75 1276	Acres. 11,11,887 11,30,626	Rupees. 29,99,074 29,56,955
Increase	18,789	42,119Decrease

revenue of Rupees 29,56,955, the increased area being Acres 18,739, and decrease in the assessment being Rupees 42,119, as compared with similar returns for the previous year.

23. Every explanation will be found in the following paragraph in regard to the increase and decrease.

24. The following table gives the details of the Ryots' holdings of the year for Ryotwar villages:—

Items.	Extent.	Assessment.
Holdings of the previous year	ACRES. 11,11,887 1,14,394	es. 29,99,074 2,99,647
Add lands taken up, &c	9,97,493 1,33,133	26,99,427 2,57,528
Waste remitted	11,30,626 1,520	29,56,955 6,459
Remainder  Particulars of the above.  Actual cultivation	11,29,106 10,57,812 71,294	29,50,496 28,07,264 1,43,232

25. The following Statement shows the details of the items of land given up and land taken up in the year under reference:—

Items—Land given up.	Extent.	Assessment.
Land resigned by the ryots in the fixed period	92,587 413 629 454	1,66,931 3,161 2,555 1,243
paid to religious institutions and to individuals for religious service having been commuted into grants of Land Revenue— Vide Standing Order No. 188, dated 9th July 1863, Part IV., Section II., as well as Board's Proceedings, 12th January 1867, No. 225, and the Order of Government, 9th October 1866, No. 2,719	20,311	<b>74,753</b> <b>51,004</b>
	1 14 004	
Total   Particulars of addition.	1,14,394	2,99,647
Lands taken on Durkhast	1,32,795 338	2,53,724 3,804
Total	1,33,133	2,57,528

26. Of the aggregate amount of Rupees 2,99,647, or Acres 1,14,394, under the head "land given up, &c.," a sum of Rupees 1,66,931 or Acres 92,587 is the assessment of land relinquished by Ryots within the prescribed period, such relinquishment arising mainly because of the unpromising character of the season at its commencement; but as is usually the case, a large proportion

of the lands so resigned was eventually cultivated before the Settlement in consequence of the subsequent rains, and the extent so re-occupied has been entered under the head of "land newly taken up." Hence the figures respectively under "lands given up" and "lands taken up" often embrace the very same land, and thus these Returns are in reality little more than nominal.

27. The item "transfer" under the respective heads of "lands given up" and "taken up" includes the dry lands converted into wet and vice versa; also the extent and assessment of the newly transferred villages to this from the Salem District are included in the item of "land taken up."

Total holdings	11,80,626 10,57,812	Rupees. 29,56,955 28,07,264 1,49,691
Percentage	6	5

28. A comparison of waste land and of land brought under cultivation, shows that six per cent. of the cultivated extent and five per cent. on the assessment thereon alone remained uncultivated.

- 29. I now proceed to notice the fluctuations in the cultivation and settlement under the several heads.
- 30. On comparing the results of the Settlement of Fusly 1276 and Fusly 1275, there will be found a net increase in favor of the former of Rupees 2,47,975, as exhibited in the following Abstract Statement A. This increase is due to the larger area of land cultivated in the past year, and to the less remissions granted as compared with the year preceding.

	Acres. 24,390 12,874	Rupees. 8,214 42,986
	87,264	46,200

31. The increase in the cultivation of Fusly 1276 under the different descriptions of land was Acres 37,264, or Rupees 46,200 as given in the margin.

32.	The	causes	of	increase	are	88	follows:—

	Acres.	Rupees.
A. Increase gained in the extension of cultivation	40,208	86,793
B. Increase gained in consequence of the transfer of six	•	
villages to this from Salem District	•••	1,010
C. Increase gained by the grant of less remissions this		,
year on Putcut Waste	18,525	88,319
D. Increase gained by transfer of dry lands into wet and	10,020	00,010
	220	9.704
vice versa	338	2,794
	59,071	1,78,916
Deduct.		_,,,
Loss in consequence of the commutation of existing money		
payments hitherto made to religious institutions and		
to individuals for religious service into grants of Land		
Revenue	20,311	74,753
Loss consequent on the decrease in the cultivation in the		,
three villages transferred from Ryotwar	629	2,555
Loss consequent on the transfer of dry lands into wet	020	2,000
•	413	3,161
and vice versa	410	0,101
Loss in consequence of lands having been taken up for	1 - 1	1 040
public purposes	454	1,243
Loss in consequence of the deduction of Teerwah on account		
of Road Fund included in the Ain assessment having		
been made from the Teerwah rates owing to the		
introduction of Road Cess Act No. III. of 1866	•••	51,004
	21,807	1,32,716
av	07.004	
Net Increase	37,264	46,200

Ttome		Fus	FUSLY 1275.	Fu	FUBLY 1276.	INCR	INCREASE.	DEC	DECREASE.
		Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Авеевтепt.
Dry	44	ACRES. 8,33,463 2,58,379	BS. A. P. 14,95,529 0 11 14,08,767 6 9	ACRES. 8,57,853 2,71,253	RS. A. F. 14,98,742 11 4 14,51,753 14 7	ACRES. 24,390 12,874	RS. 3,214 42,986	ACRES.	80 pt
Ĥ	Total	10,91,842	29,04,296 7 8	11,29,106	29,50,496 9 11	37,264	46,200		
Add. Second crop assessment Additional assessment Water Tax Road Fund	1111		42,871 0 6 1,08,647 3 6		39,630 15 3 1,31,054 12 6 76,780 5 9		22,408		3,240
end pur	Total		0 1		15		1,45,388		3,277
Deduct Remissions. Road Fund Village Service Fund	11:		54,940 15 5 1,390 1 5		76,780 5 9 1,353 4 0		21,839		37
Statement No. 4	m pazu		3,54,544 10 2		2,30,405 3. 6				1,24,139
1	Total		4,10,875 11 0		3,08,538 13 3		21,839		1,24,176
Remaining Beriz Add Miscellaneous items	11		26,46,329 2 1 62,872 9 2		28,90,777 2 2 66,399 13 4		2,44,448		
-	Total		27,09,201 11 3		29,57,176 15 6		2,47,975		

Dry ... ... ... ... 24,390 8,214 Wet ... ... ... ... 12,874 42,986 33. The net increase over Fusly 1275 in the items of Dry and Wet as marginally noted, was chiefly due to the circumstances already explained.

34. The extent of ayacut and cultivation under the principal sources of Irrigation in the District, with the assessment and the actual revenue derived therefrom, are shown in the subjoined abstract:—

	Nunja.	AYACUT.	Cultivation in Fusly 1276.				
	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Fasal- jastee.	Teerwa- jastee.	Total.
	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.	RS.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Lower Anicut Coleroon. 2. Vellaur do 3. Ponneaur do 4. Guddelum do 5. Ragavien Channel 6. Vicravandy Anicut	19,134	4,08,858 96,241 1,83,350 29,918 33,347 5,256	16,210	3,86,824 78,814 1,51,512 27,650 30,098 4,126	10,499 336 1,521 1,824 637 98	21,511	4,08,415 1,00,661 1,60,581 31,119 35,285 5,505
Total	1,36,148	7,56,970	1,23,793	6,79,024	14,915	47,627	7,41,566

- 35. The area brought under cultivation in Fusly 1275 under the influence of these sources of irrigation was Acres 1,27,748, or Rupees 7,66,660, while in Fusly 1276 it was Acres 1,23,793, assessed at Rupees 7,41,566, exhibiting a falling off in the revenue of Rupees 24,994, or Acres 3,955, which is attributable chiefly to the assignment of land to the Temple Trustees.
- 36. The following Statement shows also the number of ruined tanks made over to individuals up to the end of Fusly 1276, and the ayacut and the cultivation under them with their assessment:—

No.	Tałooks.	Number of ruined tanks	Aya	cut.	Cultiv	ATION.
140.		made over to individuals.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
			ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.
1	Villapooram	1	214	1,134	42	1 <del>0</del> 5

- 37. During the past Fusly a ryot of Tenpayer village, of Villapoorum talook, made an application requesting to have made over to him a ruined tank for repair. On inquiry as the tank was found to have no established source of supply, but was simply rain-fed, and had been in its present ruined condition for upwards of five years, permission to occupy and repair the tank and land under it was given to the applicant under the discretional authority vested in Collectors under paragraph 2 of the Standing Order, No. 125, Part III., Section 1.
- 38. The total irrigable ayacut under the tank was 214 acres, of which 42 acres were undertaken by the applicant himself during Fusly 1276, the Ain assessment being Rupees 253-15-8, and that fixed at the rate of 2-8-0 per acre amounting only to Rupees 105-4-3, involving a loss to Government of Rupees 148-11-5.
- 39. The extent of wet land cultivated under the tank on an average of the past five years had been only Acres 7, assessed at Rupees 38-9-8, and the extent cultivated in Fusly 1275 was Acres 8 bearing an assessment of Rupees 47-8-4.



	ľ	)ecreas	ø	8,240	0	0
1376	•••••	•••••	•••••	89,631	0	0
1275		•••••		RS. 42,871	0	0
						_

40. Second Crop Assessment.—The revenue derived under this head amounts to Rupees 39,631, showing a net decrease of Rupees 3,240 below the past Fusly of 1275, due of course to

the decrease in the second crop cultivation owing to the failure of rain from January 1867.

41. Of the total revenue derived from the second crop cultivation, the charge for second crop on registered double and doubtful double crop land, amounted to Rupees 24,883, and a sum of Rupees 3,916 was realized for raising a second crop on single crop land, to the prejudice of the registered double crop cultivation. Also a sum of Rupees 10,832 was levied on second crop cultivation in the Chellumbrum talook.

1275 1276	RS. 1,08,647 1,81,054
Increase	22,407

42. ADDITIONAL ASSESSMENT.—There is an increase in this item of revenue of Rupees 22,407 over and above Fusly 1275, due chiefly as follows:—

	as ionows:—		
		Acres.	RS.
Dry converted into wet owing to the	adequate fall of rain		
from August 1866		7,982	30,316
$oldsymbol{Deduct}.$			
Decrease in the cultivation of dry in	to garden, as well as		
in Punja cultivation owing to the			
rain in May, June, and July 1866	•••	4,219	7,909
	Net Increase	3,763	22,407
ACRES. RE	42 4		•

 43. ACTUAL CULTIVATION.—Under this head there is an increase of Rupees 36,021, or Acres 35,460 over Fusly 1275. This is accounted for by extended cultivation in the year under

notice, as well as by the cultivation of Punja and Nunja lands which had been left waste in the previous year.

- 44. ROAD FUND.—Under this head the collections amount to Rupees 76,780-5-9. Of this, Rupees 22,964-8-5 is the sum levied on account of the first half year of Fusly 1276 under the old rate of six Pies per cawny in the Hooloos villages, and two Pies in the newly surveyed and re-settled villages of Chellumbrum talook.
- 45. Rupees 53,815-13-4 is the amount collected on Ryotwar villages on account of the second half year at three Pies in the Rupee on the annual assessment of the land plus water-rate agreeably to the provisions of Act No. III. of 1866.
- 46. Rupees 6,878-9-8 represents the amount levied on account of the second half year of the same principle on lands other than Ryotwar, namely, Shrotriem, Surva, Inam, Moottah, and Amani villages, as well as on Inam lands, and on different items of revenue under Land Revenue Miscellaneous.
- 47. Thus the Road Cess levied on every description of land for the first and second half years under the two systems aggregates Rupees 83,658-15-5.
  - 48. VILLAGE SERVICE FUND.—The amount of collection of the Road Cess at the rate of on

1276	Decrease	 	
		1	5

Anna the Rupee under the provisions of Act No. IV. of 1864, in the villages transferred from Wodiarpolliem talook, of the Trichinopoly District, was Rupees 1,353-4-0, resulting in a decrease of Rupees 36-13-5 below Fusly 1275.

accounted for by a proportionate diminution in the Settlement Beriz of the transferred villages.

49. ROAD FUND.—There is an increase of Rupees 21,839 under this head. This is accounted

		Rs.
1275		54,941
1276		76,780
	Tnoresee	21 839

fro by the collection of Road Cess for the first half year of Fusly 1276, at six and two Pies per. cawny in the Hooloos and newly surveyed talook of Chellumbrum, as well as by the collection for the second half year at three Pies in the Rupee

on the annual taxable value of land plus water-tax agreeably to the provisions of Act No. III. of 1864.

50. VILLAGE SERVICE FUND.—The decrease of 37 Rupees in this item is due to the falling

1275 1276		Rs. 1,390 1,353
	Decrease	

off in the Settlement Beriz of the villages transferred from Wodiarpolliem talook, of Trichinopoly District, to Chellumbrum talook. In consequence of the introduction of Act No. IV. of 1864, in the transferred villages, the collection

of the cess has been made at 6½ per cent., or at one Anna the Rupee. Of the amount thus collected, the Moniagar, Curnum, and Notagar, receive on account of their remuneration at one, four, and one-and-a-quarter per cent. respectively.

51. Particulars of Waste Charged and Remitted.—The particulars of waste charged and remitted are shown in the following Statement:—

Items.		Total	waste.	Remission	granted.	Net waste	charged.
Dry Wet	Total	10,908	1,01,212 48,479 1,49,691	1,478	200 6,259 6,459	ACRES. 61,864 9,430 71,294	1,01,012 42,220 1,43,232

Shavi full remission.

													go.	Д.	r.	
Dry		•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	83	0	0	
Wet			444		•••	•••	•••	•••		• • •	• • •	•••	4,196	0	0	
Kusser	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	2,959	0	Q	
Fasaljasti	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	272	0	0	
Boganusti	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	136	0	Q	

Total remission ... 14,105 0 0

- 52. The rules laid down for the grant of remissions of the assessment in the Standing Order No. 137, Part III, Section I., have been carefully attended to during the past year's Settlement throughout the District.
- 53. Under Rule II. remissions in full have been granted during the year under reference on irrigated land left waste, and on wet crops totally lost owing to deficiency of water through no fault of the ryots. In some cases the crops had nearly reached maturity when they withered; in others there was no water to justify commencement of cultivation: such instances were numerous

Bemission granted on irrigated waste... ... 6,259
Do. on withered crop ... 4,196

in parts of Cuddalore, Tindevanum, and Trinomallay, and in the villages of Palliemcottah and Streemushnum of the Chellumbrum talook. The remissions so granted amount to Rupees 10,455, as noted in the margin.

Remission on land charged with Kusser teerwah... 2,959
Do. of second crop ... ... 272
8.281

54. The same liberality was granted in dealing with lands charged with Kusser teerwah, as well as with second crop assessment. The amount under the two items is Rupees 3,231.

55. The only departure from the rules laid down was in the case of Punja lands left waste, and of Punja crops withered. A few ryots complained during the settlement in the Trinomallay and Cuddalore talooks for remission on this account, and as Nunja was not included in their

holdings, and their entire lands had failed to yield any thing to them, I granted remission in a few exceptional cases to the extent of Rupees 283, as entered in the margin.

56. In Trinomallay talook I found that three villages containing land which had been classed as Nunja in the original Pymash had never been cultivated with anything but Punja

produce, but paying Nunja teerwah, although there was no source whatever of irrigation by which to raise wet crops. The remission on this account was urgently called for, and amounts only to the trifling sum of Rupees 136, being the difference between the Nunja assessment and the highest taram assessment on dry lands prevailing in those villages.

57. The particulars of remission are shown in Statement No. 4. The entire amount under three heads "Occasional," "Fixed," and items allowed on the collection or from the entire Berix of villages was Rupees 2,30,405, or Rupees 1,24,139 less than in the previous year 1275, as particularized in the subjoined abstract:—

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Oceasional	RS. 1,47,841 9,339 1,97,365	RS. 7,646 9,364 2,13,395	25	1,40,195
Total	3,54,545	2,30,405	16,055	1,40,195
			Net	1,24,140

58. The decrease of 1,40,195 Rupees under the first item is in consequence of a less amount of remissions having been granted this year on account of Nunja waste and crops withered, also on Fasal and Teerwajastee.

59. The increase of Rupees 25 under the second item calls for no remark.

60. Under the third item there is an increase of Rupees 16,030. This is owing to the increase in the Settlement Beriz.

61. MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.—Under this item there is an increase of Rupees 3,527, as compared with the past Fusly. This is mainly attributable to the transfer of three Ryotwar

villages to Amani this year in addition to the four villages transferred to Amani from Ryotwar in the past Fusly.

62. AMANI.—The increase of Rupees 3,751 under this item has been caused by the transfer in the past year of three villages from Ryotwar to Amani.

63. EXTENT CULTIVATED WITH SPECIAL PRODUCTS.—The following Statement gives the extent and assessment of land cultivated with Sugar-cane, Cotton, and Indigo:—

	Fusly	1275.	Fusly	Fusly 1276. Increase.		DECR	EASE.	
Products.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
Sugar-cane Cotton Indigo	40,170	Rs. 11,937 82,436 1,14,806	ACRES. 1,853 20,148 33,392	RS. 10,877 46,867 71,187	ACRES	BS	ACRES. 101 20,022 21,634	1,060 35,569 43,619
Total	97,150	2,09,179	55,393	1,28,931			41,757	80,248

<sup>64.</sup> The decrease of Rupees 1,060, or acres 101 in Sugar-cane, is owing to the insufficiency of rain for the culture of this crop, and the decrease in Cotton and Indigo cultivation is due to the failure or insufficiency of rain at the proper time, especially during July and August 1866, when most wanted.

65. The extent of Ground-nut and Gingelly oil seed cultivation for the past two years is shown in the subjoined Abstract:—

Dalasta	Fusly	1275.	Fusly 1276.		Incr	EASE.	DECREASE.		
Products	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess ment.	
Gingelly-oilseed Ground-nut	0 004	Rs. 47,617 17,916	ACRES. 20,568 8,805	RS. 32,976 18,206	ACRES. 601	RS.  290	ACRES. 4,863	R8. 14,641	
Total	33,635	65,533	29,373	51,182	601	290	4,863	14,64	
-	<del></del>		l	-	. Net I	ncrease	4,262	14,35	

<sup>66.</sup> The decrease in the cultivation of gingelly oil seed is owing to the want of rain from January 1867 in the talooks of Trinomallay and Ellavanasore where the seed is more extensively cultivated.

<sup>68.</sup> ABSTRACT STATEMENT SHOWING THE GENERAL RESULT OF LAND REVENUE SETTLEMENT IN COMPARISON WITH THE PREVIOUS YEAR.—The subjoined Abstract Statement exhibits the general result of the Land Revenue Settlement for the past Fusly, including Miscellaneous, as compared with similar Returns for the previous year. The total amount for the Fusly under report is 29,87,505, showing a net increase of Rupees 2,48,008 in favor of the past over the year preceding. The increase, as already mentioned, is atributable to extended cultivation and to the less amount of remissions given in the year under notice as compared with Fusly 1275:—

No.	Items.	Fusly 12	275.		Fusly 1	276.		Increase.	Decrease.
1	Permanently	RS.	Δ.	P.	RS.	۸.	P.	E8. A. P.	RS. A. P.
2	settled Jodi on Shro-	8,636	4	1	8,636	4	1		
3	triem, &c., vil- lages Ryotwar				21,691 28,90,777	7 2	1 2	32 13 6 2,44,448 0 1	
4	Miscellaneous Items	•	9	2	66,399			3,527 4 2	
	Total	27,39,496	8	11	29,87,504	10	8	2,48,008 1 9	

<sup>67.</sup> The increase in the culture of Ground-nut is slight, and calls for no particular remark.

- 69. The variations under the several heads may be briefly explained as follows.
- 70. I. PERMANENTLY SETTLED.—This calls for no remark.
- 71. II. Jodi on Shrotbiem, &c., villages.—The increase of Rupees 32-13-6 under this head is accounted for thus:—
- 72. A sum of Rupees 92-3-11 was the amount of quitrent imposed by the Inam Commissioner in Fusly 1276 on three Shrotriem villages in the Chellumbrum and Villapoorum talooks. A sum of Rupees 59-6-5 was deducted from the quitrent on Shrotriem land belonging to the religious Institutions in the former talook instead of land being assigned in lieu of ready money deductions—vide Order of Government, dated 9th October 1866, No. 2,719; consequently the net increase is Rupees 32-13-6 as above shown:—
- 73. III. RYOTWAR.—The remaining increase of Rupees 2,44,448 is entirely owing to the increase in the Settlement Beriz, and to the less amount of remissions as already explained.
- 74. IV. MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.—The increase of Rupees 3,527 is owing to the transfer of three villages from Ryotwar to Amani in excess of the previous year.
- 75. RESULTS OF THE REVISION OF THE ASSESSMENT.—I will now briefly notice the results of the revision of assessment in this district, as sanctioned in paragraphs 1 and 2 of the Board's Proceedings, dated 3rd March 1866, No. 1,477.
  - 76. The reduction carried under the above sanction is of two kinds, namely:-

	ACRES.	25.
Punja Kusser	485	526
Nunia do		831
Garden do		1,499
	1 000	0.050

I. All additional charge under the name of Kusser or Teerwajasty, levied hitherto on lands classed and assessed as Punja depending for irrigation on private wells, was remitted in Fusly 1276 at a loss to Government of Rupees 2,356, as detailed in the margin.

II. The assessment on lands classed and assessed as Nunja, but which depend entirely on private wells for their irrigation, has been reduced to the highest Punja rates of the village in which situated. This has entailed a loss to Government of Rupees 1,785 as shown below:—

	TOTAL :	Nunjah Ayacut.	rate of the vii-				
Items.	Extent.	Assessment.	lage to which the Nunja lands have been transferred.	Difference.			
Cultivation as per Fusly 1276 Waste	ACRES. 443 503	Rs. A. P. 2,038 4 0 2,074 15 7	BS. A. P. 1,207 0 9 1,121 6 10	Rs. A. F. 831 3 3 953 8 9			
Total	946	4,113 3 7	2,328 7 7	1,784 12 0			

- 77. Of the total loss, the reduction in the rates of Teerwah on the area cultivated is Rupees 831-3-3, which will gradually be made up by increased cultivation of waste land.
- 78. LAND REVENUE AND MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.—The total result of the year both "Land Revenue" and "Miscellaneous" will be found in the following Comparative Statement. The Settlement Beriz of the Fusly is Rupees 40,87,942-15-2, exhibiting an increase over the previous. Fusly of Rupees 4,10,879-9-6, and the increase may be thus classified:—

Amount of increase in the Settle	ment	Beri	z of I	usly	1270	3	•••	•••	RS. 2,48,008		P. 9
Do. of Abkarry									88,657		5
Do. of Salt										15	0
	•••			•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,550	6	6
Do. of Stamps	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	116	5	9
License-tax	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	9,546	0	0
Decrease in the Land Customs Income-tax	•••	•••	•••	•••	·••	•••	•••	•••	4,23,292 11,477 935	14	5 5 6
							Tota	1	12,413	3	11
					Ne	t In	cre <b>as</b> e	<b></b>	4,10,879	9	6

TABLE.

No.	Items	J.		Fusly 1	275		Fusly 1	276.		Increas	е.		Decre	e <b>as</b> e	
1	Land Revenue,		ve.	es. 27.39,496		Р. 11	rs. 29,87,504	A. 10		Rs. 2,48,0081		P. 9	R8.	<b>A.</b>	P
2	Abkarry			1,81,617		10	2,70,274	4	3		0	5	•••	•••	
	Salt	do		5,51,874	4	4	6,27,289	3	4	75,414	15	0	•••	• • •	
4	Sea Customs	do	[	42,607	10	- 8	44,158	1	2	1,550	6	6	•••		
	Land Customs	do		62,040	4	5	50,562	6	0	•••			11,477	14	5
	Stamps	3 .		98,470	0	0	98,586	5	9	116	5	9	• • • •		]
-	Income-tax			957	5	6	22	0	0	• • • •			935	5	6
•	License-tax	•		•••	•••	•••	9,546	0	0	9,546	0	0	•••	•••	•
		Total.		36.77,063	5	٤	10,87,942	15	2	4,23,292	13	5	12,413	3	11

79. The variations in the collections of Current Demand, and of Arrears of all sources of Revenue, as compared with the preceding Fusly year, will be explained.

80. A comparative abstract of collections is subjoined according to Form B:-

		Fusly 12	75.	Fu	SLY 1276.		T	De-
Items.	Ar- rears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Increase.	crease.
Land Revenue.	RS.	Rs.	ES.	Rs.	Rs.	RS.	RS.	R8.
Permanently settled. Jodi on Shrotriem,	964	,		1,712	,	9,475		
&c., villages			20,814	6,567			1,830	
Ryotwar	65,653	25,39,722		1,01,749	<b>28,4</b> 0.129		3,36,503	•••
Miscellaneous Items.	10,558	37,625	48,183	24,055	50,154	71,209	26,026	•••
Total	83,011	25,99.212	26,82,223	1,34,083	29,14,123	30,48,206	3,65,983	•••
Abkarry	23,461		1,93,087			2,22,686		
Salt	•••	5,51,874	5,51,874			6,27,289		
Sea Customs	•••	42,608			44,158			
Land Customs	•••	62,040	62,040		50,562			11,47
Stamps		98,470	98,470		98,586			
Income-tax License-tax	2,559	957	3,516	53	$\begin{array}{c} 22 \\ 9,546 \end{array}$	• -		3,44
DICCUSC. Pay	•••	•••••			0,040	0,040	0,040	
Grand Total	1,09,031	35.24,787	36,33,818	1,46,126	39,54,982	41,01,108	4,82,209	14,91
			<u> </u>	'	Net 1	Increase	4,67.290	

- 81. I. PERMANENTLY SETTLED.—The increase of Rupees 1,624 under this head is owing to the collection of arrears of Fusly 1275, which stood more largely at the beginning of Fusly 1276 than in the year preceding, as well as to the collection of most part of the current year's demand within the Fusly 1276.
- 82. II. Jodi on Sheotriem, &c., Villages.—The increase of Rupees 1,830 under this head is to be accounted for in like manner.
- 83. {III. RYOTWAR. } —The increase in the collection under these heads to IV. MISCILLANEOUS ITEMS.} the extent of Rupees 3,36,503 and 26,026 respectively, is due to the larger collection of arrears outstanding at the beginning of Fusly 1276 than the collections in the year before, as well also to the increase in the Settlement Beriz in the year under report.



75,415

84. V. ABKARRY.—Under this head the increase is Rupees 29,599, due as follows:—

Increased rental of the Abkarry Farm in Fusly 1276... ... 41,070

Deduct—

Decréase in the arrear collection owing to smaller amount of arrears outstanding at the beginning of Fusly 1276... ... 11,471

Net Increase ... 29,599

85. VI. SALT.—The increase in the collection of this branch of Revenue amounts to Rupees 75.415 over and above past Fusly. The increase is thus explained:—

86. The subjoined Statement shows the sales at all the Depôts in the District during Fusly 1276 as compared with the Fusly before:—

Total increase as shown above

No.		Sal	t pan	ıs.				Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
1 2 3 4	Mercanum Teagavelly Killay Goondalum			•••	•••	•••		R8. 3,72,376 67,358 54,040 56,855	88. 3,85,090 63,315 73,764 1,01,152	R8. 12,714  19,724 44,297	4,043
	Miscellaneous		•••	•••		Total	ا	5,50,629 1,245	6,23,321 3,968	76,735 2,723	4,043
				G	irand	l Total	ا	5,51,874	6,27,289	79,458	4,043
				N	et In	crease			•••	75,415	

<sup>87.</sup> The increase in the sales at Mercanum is mainly attributable to the increased selling price at Rupee 1-11-0 per Indian Maund, while the decrease observable at Teagavelly is accounted for by the insufficiency of the salt in store.

89. The subjoined abstract exhibits the Home and Inland consumption, and the quantity supplied to the French Government, as well as the exports to other places by sea:—

No.	Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
1 2 3 4	Home consumption	2,23,212 1,28,873 43,440 20,706	Rs. 2,09,103 1,60,095 52,800 62,139	88. 31,222 9,360 41,433	RS. 14,109 
	Total	4,16,231	4,84,137	82,015	14,109
	Net Increase	•••		67,906	

<sup>88.</sup> The increase at the pans of Killay and Goondalum is in part owing to the increased sales for inland consumption, and also partly to the operation of the increased rate of price during the whole year 1276.

- 90. The decrease in the Home consumption is more satisfactory than in previous years; it equals about 13½ lbs. of salt per head of the population.
- 91. The increase in the inland consumption is shown by the increased sales at the Mercanum and Killay stores. At the former pan it appears that traders have purchased larger quantities of salt than in the year previous for the consumption, as it is supposed, of the Salem District.
- 92. The increase under the head "Exportation by Sea" is simply because demand was greater in Fusly 1276 than in Fusly 1275.
- 93. The increase in the salt supplied to the French Government is owing to the adjustment in Fusly 1276 of the price of salt supplied to them in two instalments of Fusly 1275 and for the first instalment of Fusly 1276.
- 94. The Statement No. 11 gives 57,261 maunds, valued at Rupees 8,966, as the wastage. The amount of wastage is about ten per cent. on the quantity sold, and for which I solicit sanction to write off in the accounts.
- 95. The total quantity of salt in store on the 1st July 1867, is reported to be 4,35,481 Indian Maunds, the quantity measured up to 30th September out of the total quantity manufactured according to the Dittum was Maunds 3,11,760, and the quantity remaining for measurement was estimated at Maunds 21,720.

Stock on hand on the 1st July 1866 Manufactured during Fusly 1276		•••	•••	•••	•••			Indi 	ian Maunds. 6,82,265 2,94,614
									9,76,879
	1	Dedu	ct.						
Quantity actually sold in Fusly 1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	4,8	34,137	
Wastage	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	ŧ	57,261	
							-		5,41,398
Net quantity remaining in store on Maunds supplied to the French Government			_				_		4,35,481

- 96. SEA CUSTOMS.—Under this head the increase is Rupees 1,550 due as follows. There was an increase in the export of Paddy and Rice in the Port of Porto Novo amounting to Rs. 5,260, above the collections of the preceding Fusly. From which, deducting Rupees 3,710, being the decrease in the export of Indigo at the Port of Cuddalore, the net increase will be Rupees 1,550, as shown.
- 97. LAND CUSTOMS.—Under this head the decrease in the collections below Fusly 1275 amounts to Rupees 11,478; this is owing to the less exports of Indigo, Gingelly oil seed, and products of all sorts, as well as to the less imports of Liquor and Copper.
- 98. STAMPS.—The revenue derived under this head in excess of the previous Fusly is Rupees 116, which calls for no special explanation.
- 99. Income-tax.—The decrease under this head is Rupees 3,494, explained as follows. During Fusly 1275 larger collections had been made on account of arrears of Income-tax, whereas a small amount of 75 Rupees was only collected in Fusly 1276.



- LICENSE-TAX.—Act No. XXI of 1867 was only brought into operation in May 1867. The amount collected during May and June on salaries of Public Servants and Trades and Professions, &c., amounted to Rupees 9,546.
- 101. DEMAND, COLLECTION, AND BALANCE OF ALL SOURCES OF REVENUE.—Of the net Settlement Beriz of Rupees 40,87,942-15-2, Rupees 39,54,982-11-8 was realized within the Fusly year

Land Revenue Abkarry			•••			•••	RS. 24,814 17,004		
•							41,818	8	4
Since collected up	edu to 8	30th 8	Sept	embe	r 18	67—	-		
Land Revenue .	••		••	2,604	15	4			
Abkarry	•••		1	17,004	1	0			
•			-				19,609	0	4
Balance on 1st Oc	tobe	r 186	7		•••	•••	22,209	8	0

ending 30th June 1867, a result which, I think is highly satisfactory when we remember the season through which the people had just passed: and it is also, in my opinion, very creditable to the collecting officers; the balance of Rupees 1,32,960-3-6. Rupees 91,142-0-2 were subsequently collected within 31st August 1867. leaving on that date a net sum of only Rupees 41,818-3-4 for realization, and which is in course of rapid collection.

- 102. DEMAND, COLLECTION, AND BALANCE OF ARREADS.—The arrears on the 1st July 1866 amounted to Rupees 1,91,106-4-4, of which deducting Rupees 1,46,126-5-6, the amount since realized within the present Fusly inclusive of a sum of Rupees 8,188-6-4 sanctioned to be written off, there remained Rupees 36,791-8-6 on the 1st July 1867, of which Rupees 2,052-5-5 has since been collected, and the balance remaining on the 1st September is Rupees 34,739-3-9.
- In Statement No. 8 will be found the details of the accumulated arrears of revenue embracing five years, or from Fusly 1271 to 1275.
  - 6 1 rrear Recoverable 28,508 Since collected in October..... 480 Balance... 28,078

Of these arrears, amounting to Rupees 34,739-3-1 standing on the 1st July 1867, Rupees 23,503-6-1 are reported to be recoverable, and a sum of Rupees 11,235-13-0 is declared to be irrecoverable in consequence of death, desertions, and ascertained poverty of the defaulting ryots.

The following Table shows the Fuslywar particulars of the irrecoverable arrears:-105.

		]	Fusli	es.					Land Revenue.			Inco	me-	tax.	Total.		
1271 1272 1273 1274 1275	 •••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	Rs. 648 392 1,030 4,553 [4,605	0 11 5 4	P. 2 11 1 3 7	RS	  2	0	RS. 648 392 1,030 4,559 4,605	A. 0 11 5 6 5	P. 2 11 1 3 7
							Tot	al	11,229	11	0	6	2	0	11,235	13	Q

In this amount\* is included a sum of Rupees 4,249-12-8, being the net amount after RS. A. P. deducting the subsequent collections made in \* Rupees 11,285-18-0. † Total amount recommended for remission Fusly 1276 as given in the margin, † and which 4,471 6 in Fusly 1275..... Deduct subsequent collection made in Fusly was recommended for remission in Fusly 1275: 221 10 1 and I recommend, therefore, that the difference Balance... 4,249 12 8 of Rupees 6,986-0-4 may now be written off.

107. Four items only compose the foregoing amount. The first is a sum of Rupees 49-15-0, which is suspended from the Jodi of a Shrotriem village, Kinanur, and from the Peshcush of a Mottah village, Mundagapet, in Virdachellum and Cuddalore talooks respectively, in compensation for land destroyed by the excavation of a new Irrigation channel required for public purposes, as well as that which had been taken up for public roads. As explained in paragraph 99 of my Settlement Report for Fusly 1275, the remission will be permanent, and has to be deducted from the Jodi and Peshcush of the above Shrotriem and Moottah villages, and I purpose to address the Board separately on the subject.

- 108. The second item comprises a sum of Rupees 2,688-10-10, and is the assessment of the rent-free land given to the Taliaries of the late Chellumbrum and Munnargoody talooks. The collection of the assessment on these lands has been kept in abeyance by order of the late Collector—vide paragraphs 87, 88, and 99 of my Settlement Reports for Fuslies 1273 and 1275 respectively.
- 109. The third item is Rupees 1,717-7-9, which includes the amount of the assessment of certain lands, the boundaries of which were disputed, but which had been cultivated and brought to account by mistake in two villages by the Curnums. Also in this sum is included land taken up for roads, the collection of the assessment on such has also been kept in abeyance.
- 110. The fourth item is Rupees 2,529-14-9, irrecoverable owing to the death, desertion, or poverty of the defaulters. Thus, the total amount from the foregoing causes detailed and now recommended for remission in Fusly 1276, is Rupees 6,986-0-4.
- 111. The extent of coercive measures resorted to in the collection of revenue is shown in the annexed Memorandum:—

Description of property.	Value of property attached.	Value of property actually sold.
1275 {Personal?property	BS. 11,948 9,122	Rs. 1,233 3,324
Total	21,070	4,557
1276 {Personal property	11,612 9,725	731 8,812
Total	21,337	9,543

- 112. The attachment of moveable and immoveable property of the defaulters in Fusly 1275 was Rupees 21,070, while in Fusly 1276 it was Rupees 21,337; the property actually sold in Fusly 1275 was Rupees 4,557; in Fusly 1276 it amounted to Rupees 9,543. The Board will observe that the excess in the past year is somewhat striking when contrasting the character of the two years, and it may possibly indicate that in the year under notice distress in some instances had been felt rather at a later period than at its commencement. Larger sales of land during Fusly 1276 were necessary for the realization of the arrears of Fusly 1275.
- 113. The gross collections amounted to Rupees 41,01,109-1-2, while the disbursements were Rupees 3,45,663-4-6, leaving a surplus of Rupees 37,55,445-12-8; the percentage of charges in this year has thus been eight per cent., precisely the same as in the year previous. The various items



of charges which show increase and decrease in each, are given in the subjoined table. Many of these are necessarily fluctuating, and require no remark; some of the others will be briefly explained:—

No.	Items.	Fusly 1	275.	Fusly 127	76.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Land Revenue.	RS.	A. P.	RS. A.	P.	BS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
1 2 3	Refunds of Revenue		4 9 0 1	27,393 5 84,842 6		24,294 0 11 11,920 5 11	***
4	·rent Huzoor and Talook esta-	5,121	3 5	,		802 7 1	
5	Saderwarid			1,12,762 10 4,517 10			42 11 2   738 5 1
6 7	Medical charges	1,447		1,159 15	10		287 3 2
8	Contingencies, and Miscellaneous	8,783	2 11	9,247 4	Ł 8	464 1 9	
	$m{A}bkarry.$						
9	Contingencies	69	0 0	··· ···	•••		69-00
	Sea Customs.						
10 11	Establishment	3,211		2,952 15			258 0 3
12	Saderwarid Contingencies	46 9		53 2 3 12		6 4 8	5 15 0
13	Drawback	22,155		33,786 12		11,631 6 1	
	Land Customs.	-					
14	Establishment Saderwarid	4,335		4,005 9		****	329 6 5
16	Contingencies	99 33		121 15 204 1		22 1 10 170 5 6	
	Salt.						
17	Salary of the Deputy Col-						
18	lector Establishment	4,141 11,692			0 3		941 10 8
19	Saderwarid	222	12 11	174 6	7	••• ••• •••	1,357 15 7 48 6 4
20	Travelling allowance and batta	255	2 0	534 12	2 0	279 10 0	
21	Manufacturer's share	36,488		30,018			6,470 6 3
22	Charges for conveying and storing salt	1,295	8 7	1,693 13	3 5	398 4 10	
23 24	Export charges )		-	1		830 6 3	
25	Freight on salt imported \ Contingencies	739		483 11			255 15 7
	Stamp.	•			-		200 10
26	Commission to Stamp Ven-						
27	dors	2,928 13		3,311 6 45 14			
28	Refunds of Stamp duty	1,377	8 0	637 0		32 3 6	740 8 0
	License-tax.		•				, = .
29	Refunds of License-tax	••• ••	• •••	12 6	0	12 0 0	••• •••

114. No. 1.—The increase of Rupees 24,294-0-11 in the item of Refunds of Revenue is in consequence of the undisbursed portion of the amount having been refunded this year for Punja losses, as sanctioned by the Board in their several Proceedings, dated 7th May, 4th August, and 11ht October 1866, Nos. 3,221, 5,360, and 7,345.

- 115. Nos. 2 and 3.—The increase of Rupees 11,920-5-11 and Rupees 802-7-1 in the item of Salary of Collectors, &c., Tent allowance, and House-rent, is in consequence of the following officers having drawn in this District their salaries and house-rent:—
  - Mr. Cadell, the Collectors's salary of the Canara District.
  - Mr. Thompson, the Sub-Collector's salary of the Malabar District.
  - Mr. Hathaway, the Head Assistant Collector's salary of Kurnool, and Sub-Collector's salary of Tinnevelly District.
  - Mr. Lister, the Assistant Collector's salary of Ganjam District.
- 116. No. 5.—The decrease of Rupees 738-5-1 in the item of Saderwarid under Land Revenue is mainly owing to the supply of stationery articles from Madras.
- 117. No. 13.—Under the head Drawbacks there appears an increase of Rupees 11,631-6-1, caused by the larger refunds in the year under notice than in the year preceding. These drawbacks have been the subject of a separate correspondence.
- 118. No. 17.—There is a decrease of Rupees 941-10-8 in the item of salary of Deputy Collector under the head Salt, which is owing to the difference of grade between the present and late Salt Deputy Collectors.
- 119. Nos. 10, 14, and 18.—Under the respective heads of Sea Custom, Land Custom, and Salt Establishment, the decrease is Rupees 258-0-3, Rupees 329-6-5, and Rupees 1,357-15-7 respectively, and is explained as follows:—The arrears of salary due to the establishment for May 1865 was charged in the accounts of Fusly 1275, whereas there was no such charge in Fusly 1276.
- 120. Nos. 21 and 25.—Under the head "Salt Coodivarum and Contingencies" there is a decrease of Rupees 6,470-6-3 and 255-15-7, which is accounted for by the less manufacture of salt in this than in the year preceding.
- 121. Nos. 23 and 24.—The increase of Rupees 830-6-3 under the respective heads of Export charges and Freight on salt imported, is in consequence of the expenses incurred in the supply of salt to the French Government of Pondicherry on account of the first and second instalments of Fusly 1275, and the first instalment of Fusly 1276 having been charged to the latter Fusly 1276.
- 122. No. 28.—Under the head "Stamp refund" there appears a decrease of Rupees 740-8-0, consequent on less payments having been made in Fusly 1276 than in the previous year.
- 123. Nos. 7, 8, and 16.—In the item Contingencies under the respective heads of Land Revenue and Land Customs, there is an increase, respectively, of Rupees 464-1-9 and 170-5-6. The increase in the Land Revenue is owing to the increased amount of batta paid to the Huxoor servants, and the additional extra tentage paid to the Revenue Officers, as well as to the purchase of certain office furniture under the Board's sanction. The increase in the Land Customs is consequent on the rewards to informers and captors of smuggled goods having been charged to the head of Contingencies before the receipt of the Board's instructions to debit such charges under "General Fund" subordinate to "Local Funds."
- 124. No. 20.—The increase of Rupees 279-10-0 in the item of Travelling allowance and Batta under Salt, is owing to that amount of additional charge under such head during Fusly 1276.
- 125. No. 22.—Under the head Charges for conveying and storing salt, there is an increase of Rupees 398-4-10, accounted for by the payment of the arrears in the past Fusly of 1275.
- 126. No. 26.—There is an increase of Rupees 382-15-1 in the item of "Commission to Stamp Vendors." This is owing to the payment of the commission at various rates under the discount system.
- 127. No. 27.—The increase of Rupees 32-3-6 in the item of Stamp Contingencies, is for the carriage hire of Stamp papers received from the Superintendent of Stamps.
- 128. No. 29.—The sum of Rupees 12 under the head License-tax is the refund made under the provisions of Act No. XXI of 1867.



- 129. No. 6.—In the item of Medical charges under Land Revenue, there is a decrease of Rupees 287-3-2, which is partly accounted for by the payment of batta to the Revenue Office Dressers having been charged by mistake to the head "Contingencies" instead of debiting it to the proper head "Medical charges," and also to the reduction of the salary of the Dresser attached to the Head Assistant.
- Nos. 4, 9, 11, 12, 15, and 19.—The decrease in the items of Huzoor and Talook establishment, Abkarry Contingencies, of Rupces 42-11-2 and 69, as well as increase of Rupces 6-4-8 and 22-1-10 in the item of Sea Custom and Land Custom Saderwarid, and a decrease of Rupees 5-15-0 and 48-6-4 respectively in the Sea Custom contingencies and Salt Saderwarid, are very trifling, and demand no particular explanation.
- WORKING OF THE VILLAGE TALOOK AND HUZOOR ACCOUNTS .- The Village, Talook, and Huzoor Accounts in this District have been examined and have been found correctly kept according to the prescribed form.
- 132. A BEIEF REFERENCE TO THE REGISTER OF LANDS ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.—A register is kept in the Huzoor in the prescribed form agreeably to the Circular Order, No. 6,843. dated 13th October 1863, and each servant is required to furnish a Return of landed property acquired by purchase or otherwise, and all entries are registered regularly; but it does not appear that any land has been acquired by Public servants during the Fusly year under notice, so that the registry made up to last year remains as it then was.
- OBSERVATIONS ON THE QUINQUENNIAL RETURNS.—I now proceed to make a few remarks
- on the Quinquennial Returns. These Returns, as noted in the margin, and which are due in this Fusly, have been pre-
- A. Statement showing the number of villages and hamlets in each talook in the District.
- B. Do. do. the Circar Ayacut and cultivation in do-
- C. Do. do. the different sources of Irrigation in do. D. Do. do. the houses and population in do. with an enclo-
- E. Do. do. the number of Ryots' Puttas, &c., in do.
- F. Do. do. the Rent Roll in do.

pared agreeably to the Board's instructions, as contained in their Circular, dated 19th March 1862, No. 1,846, and the Circular Memorandum, No. 1,097, dated 1st November 1866, and the necessary subsidiary instructions, were issued by myself to all Tahsildars and other officers to

insure correctness in the preparation of these Returns, and a Circular on the subject was published by me in the District Gazette.

- 135. As required in paragraph 5 of the Board's Circular Memorandum, No. 1,097, just quoted, the instructions contained in a previous Circular, dated 7th February 1850, No. 298, for taking the census have been followed, and the census was made throughout the District on the day fixed by the Board, namely, the 1st March 1867.
- STATEMENT A .- This Statement shows, the number of villages and hamlets in each talook of the District in Fusly 1276. The annexed Abstract gives a comparison between the present and last Quinquennial Returns :-

No.	Tenures of villages.	Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
1 2 3 4 5	Ryotwar villages	3,002 1 70 17 11	2,730 7 73 17 281	 6 3  270	272  
	Total	3,101	3,108	279	272
	Net increase	•••		7	· ···

137. 1. HYOTWAR.—The decrease of 272 villages under this head is explained as for Decrease.	ollows:—
In consequence of twenty-seven villages having been transferred from Ryotwar to the head "Uninhabited."  Villages transferred from Ryotwar to Amani  Villages that have been clubbed in the new survey of Chellumbrum and late Manargoody talooks	270
Deduct Increase Total decrease	287
Of the twenty-two villages transferred from Woodiarpolliem of Trichinopoly District, to the Chellumbrum talook, thirteen that were given in exchange being deducted the net amounts to nine—Vide Order of Government, dated 14th May 1858, No. 629, communicated in Board's Proceedings, dated 26th May 1858  Increase in consequence of six villages having been transferred in Fusly 1276 from Trippatore talook of Salem District, to Trinomallay talook, of this District,—Vide Government Order, 22nd December 1865, communicated in Board's Proceedings, 6th January 1866.	9
Net decrease as above shown	15 272
138. II. AMANI.—The increase of six villages under this head is simply owing to the	transfer

- of that number from Ryot war to Amani in Fusly 1276.
- 139. III. Sheotriem and Surva Inams.—Under this head there is an increase of three villages over the last return, caused by the transfer of three Shrotriem villages from the Trichinopoly District.
  - 140. IV. MOOTTARS AND POLLIEMS.—Requires no remark.
- V. Uninhabited Villages.—Under this head there is an increase of 270 villages due to the transfer of that number from Ryotwar to this head, as provided in the form; while these are villages though comparatively depopulated have usually been classed under Ryotwar.
- The eleven villages entered opposite to No. 5 for Fusly 1271 represent Moturpha villages. As no item has been provided for, for the entry of such villages distinct from others, they are included under the head "Uninhabited," and comparison is instituted.
- STATEMENT B .- The next Statement which calls for notice is the Statement showing the Circar ayacut and cultivation in this District.
- 144. The total ayacut, as per Survey, exclusive of Porumboke, in Fusly 1276, is Acres 18,39,095, bearing an assessment of Rupees 41,51,765; while in Fusly 1271 it was Acres 18,28,140. or Rupees 44,14,263, showing an increase of Acres 10,955, and a decrease of assessment of Rupees 2,62,498.
- The increase in the extent arises partly from the inclusion of ayacut of the villages recently transferred from Woodiarpolliem talook, of Trichinopoly, to the Chellumbrum talook of this District, and partly from the inclusion of the cultivated portion of the ayacut of the resumed Jagheer villages of Chikadi, Shenkarapoorum, and Reshivendiyum, where only the extent actually cultivated annually has been assumed as the ayacut in consequence of there having been no Survey or Settlement in those parts.
  - 146. As regards the decrease in the assessment, the following will explain it:—

Decrease in consequence of excluding from the Ain assessment the Road Fund included at various rates of one anna per cawny in the Hooloos talooks, and four Pies in the Rupee in the newly surveyed and resettled Talook of Chellumbrum, consequent on the introduction of Road Cess Act No. III of 1866, as well as the decrease in the assessment of Inam lands, the assessment on those lands having been fixed at the revised rates of Teerwah, whereas in Fusly 1271 these lands bore the Hooloos assessment ...

Deduct increase in consequence of increased cultivation in Fusly 1276 in the resumed Jagheer villages, as well as the increase consequent on the transfer of villages from the Woodiarpolliem talook

23,682

2,86,180

Net decrease...

- 147. The Inam ayacut in Fusly 1276 amounts to Acres 1,00,638 or Rupees 3,36,820, showing an increase of Acres 18,450 or Rupees 28,418, against Acres 82,188 and Rupees 3,08,402 in the previous five years. This increase is due to the transfer to Inam from the Ain ayacut of lands assigned in Fusly 1276 to the Temple Trustees and Service Yeomiahdars in lieu of existing money payments.
- 148. The land in occupation amounts to Acres 9,22,749, assessed at Rupees 24,93,682, while the land lying waste is Acres 8,15,708, assessed at Rupees 13,21,263. The percentage of waste to the total ayacut is 44 on the extent and 32 on the assessment, as shown in the following Abstract:—

Items.	Extent.	Assessment.
D. L. J. Taram	ACRES. 18,39,095 1,00,638	RS. 41,51,765 3,36,620
Remainder.	17,38,457	38,14,94 <b>5</b>
Wagto	9,22,749 8,15,708	24,93,682 13,21,263
Percentage.	44	32

- 149. STATEMENT C.—The next Statement requiring remark is marked C, showing the different sources of irrigation in each talook.
  - 150. The following Abstract gives in one view the existing sources of irrigation available.

Sources of Irrigation.	As per Fusly 1271.	As per Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease
Do. Spring do	3,366 1,100 299 234 198 6 68 3 16,829 32,811	3,362 1,134 308 234 251 5 20 3 16,429 35,584	34 9  53   	4   1 48  400

- 151. The decrease and increase in the Government Tanks, River, and Spring channels and anicuts, as well as in the River and Spring channels and anicuts under the head Private, are chiefly attributable to the interchange of villages between this and the Trichinopoly District.
- 152. The increase of 53 tanks in excess of the last Quinquennial Return under the head Private, is owing mainly to the reconstruction of tanks since Fusly 1271, at the expense of the ryots in the Talooks of Ellavanasoor and Virdachellum.
- 153. The decrease in the old wells is attributable to their gradual decay, their restoration usually costing more than for the construction of new ones.
- 154. The increase of 2,773 new wells since the last Quinquennial Return affords satisfactory proof of the good effects of the rule exempting from additional tax, wells sunk in dry land at private cost. I may add that three-fourths of the wells included in this Return are temporary, not permanent, and have not, therefore, been constructed of durable materials, but the remaining one-fourth are of masonry work and for permanent use.

155.	The	Statement	D.	shows	the	houses	and	population	in	this District.	The a	snnexed
short abst	ract i	s for easy re	fere	ence:								

Items.	As per last Quenquennial Return.	As per Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Hindoos	26,703	12,11,493 31,490 18,863	1,23,854 4,787 4,775	•••••
Total	11,28,430	12,61,846	1,33,416	
Houses of every description	1,77,132	1,88,544	11,412	

- 156. According to the present Census, the total population of the District amounts to 12,61,846, or an increase of population since the last Census of Fusly 1271, of 1,33,416. This result is the mere gradual growth of the population during the last five years, and the few additional villages transferred from Trichinopoly and Salem could have had little influence in the increase, and of course with the population, houses will have proportionately increased in number also.
- 157. Out of the total population, 10,62,504 are entered as of the agricultural class, and 1,99,342 are put down to the non-agricultural.

158. The following is a short abstract of Statement E. showing the number of Ryots, Puttas, and Cattle:—

Items.							As per Fusly 1271.	As per Fusly 1276.			
Ryots	•••	•••	•••	•••	-	•••	3,01,716	4,10,344	1,08,628	••••	
Puttas		•••	•••		•••		2,25,630	2,57,054	31,424	•••••	
Ploughs	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		1,11,724	1,19,463	7,739	••••	
Cattle	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	10,41,640	9,66,320	•••••	75,320	

- 159. The gradual and steady increase here indicated under the three heads of Ryots, Puttas, and Ploughs, are gratifying, and may be attributed as the gradual and inevitable results from the reduction in the land tax.
- 160. The very large decrease in cattle is, no doubt, owing to the sad loss from the prevalence of murrain and other diseases during the past two years, and in particular to the terrible drought season through which we passed in the last year, the effects of which can hardly yet be said to have passed away.
- 161. The last Statement marked F., which shows the Rent Roll for Fusly 1276, requires remark. The total number of Puttas distributed in the District are 2,57,054, consisting of single and joint Puttas. Of this the Puttas for small holdings under Rupees 10, are 1,73,149, and those up to 30 Rupees amount to 59,398, making a total of 2,32,547 or 90 per cent. of the whole number of Puttas issued.
- 162. Rewarks on the conduct of the Subordinate Officers.—Since my last year's report, Mr. Hathaway succeeded as Sub-Collector, and Mr. Lister as my Head Assistant. The ability and reputation of the former Officer has, I fancy, already been noticed by those under whom he has served as an Assistant in other Districts, and although my experience of Mr. Hathaway is comparatively short, I am able to bear testimony confirmatory of his high qualifications as an able and zealous administrative officer in every branch of duty devolving on him. Mr. Lister is necessarily inexperienced, but he possesses all the qualities requisite to render him an efficient Revenue



Officer, and I feel every confidence in his proper management of the division of the District placed under his immediate charge. My Assistant, Mr. Rice, as yet has had little field to develope his qualifications; but he has worked under me now for nearly two years, and I have been led to form favourable impressions of his ability and zeal as a Public officer. Mr. Rice has recently passed the first standard examination, and has been invested with the higher Magisterial powers, and I hope shortly to place him in a position where he will be of more use to me than heretofore, and when, I have little doubt, he will in no respect be found wanting.

- 163. Uncovenanted Officers.—I continue to receive from Mr. Wright, the Deputy Collector in separate charge, every assistance, and Mr. Wright continues a steady and persevering Officer. I have equal reason to speak well and approvingly of the manner in which the Salt Deputy Collector, Mr. Thomas, has performed the responsible duties of his position since his appointment though so new to him. His thorough knowledge of Tamil has given him great facilities.
- 164. I do not know whether I should here notice the Treasury Deputy Collector, and the important department immediately subject to his supervision and controul, but if my testimony be required, I have only to add that as a Treasury Officer, and for soundness and clearness of judgment and understanding in all matters pertaining to his responsible functions, I have formed the highest opinion of "Vurda Acharry's merits and qualifications.
- 165. The Tahsildars generally have well and satisfactorily discharged the onerous and miscellaneous labours devolving on them. Mr. Dique, an East Indian, and the only newly appointed Tahsildar since last year's Report, has fulfilled my expectations of him as an efficient and zealous servant.
- 166. Finally, it gives me pleasure to record my satisfaction with the generally able and zealous manner in which the Ministerial servants of my office have, throughout the year, discharged their various duties. I have already frequently recorded my high approval of the Serishtadar, whose experience and knowledge of the District increases of course with years, and I am bound to acknowledge the value of his services in all matters of Revenue Administration. The Head English Clerk, and the head servants of the other departments of my office, have likewise all done their several parts well, and have given me every satisfaction.
  - 167. The Report of my Sub-Collector on the settlement of his talooks is enclosed.

COTTACOOPUM, 25th September 1867. (Signed) C. W. READE, Collector.

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Po	NEOOTTY, (Signed)	C. W. READE,
	October 1867,	Collector.
	•	

## SUB-COLLECTORATE.

- 1. I have the honour to report on the Revenue Settlement of the Sub-Division for Fusly 1276, and to submit the eight Statements and enclosures in Nos. 3, 7, and 8, in the forms prescribed by the Board of Revenue in their Circular Memorandum, No. 787, of the 14th August 1866.
- 2. The Settlement of the Fusly was conducted by me at Virdachellum, Porto-Novo, and Ammapettai, from 25th March to 30th April, as particularized in column 9 of Statement No. 1. The number of fresh puttas issued in the Fusly amounts to 1,678, which is less by 499 than the issue of last Fusly. The total number of Puttas, therefore, in the Sub-division is 71,939, or 719 in excess of the previous Fusly; and column 6 must be understood as referring to old Puttas, to which the heading, therefore, of "Distribution" is not properly applicable. It is gratifying to see that the permanence of previous Puttas is being understood: though I find that in many cases there has been a consequent disregard of 149 of the Standing Orders, Section 3, which requires the transfer of the Putta on the death of the puttadar to his heir.
- 3. TRANSFER OF VILLAGES.—The total number of Government villages in the Sub-division as shown in column 3 of the Statement No. 1, has been reduced from 790 to 788, in consequence of the whole Ayacut of the two villages of Kandakumaran and M. Uttamasoghagan, in the Chidambaram talook, having been transferred as Devastanum Maniem in lieu of ready-money allowances, and assigned to the Bhuvarahaswami Pagoda of Srimushnam.
- 4. PRICES OF GRAIN.—No. 2 is the Statement showing the average prices of grain in the Sub-division during Fusly 1276, and the Comparative Abstract shows the increase on the average prices of the past ten years, as well as the enhanced prices of 1276 over those of 1275. In column 9 of the Comparative Abstract the average price of second sort paddy is given for each Fusly, as far back as 1270, but for the previous years no information is procurable.
- 5. Statement No. 3 shows the Ryots' holdings and cultivation, with subsequent alterations made during the year, and the subjoined is a Comparative Abstract exhibiting the increase of decrease under each item.



Comparative Abstract.

	Fu	sLY 1275.		F	Fusly 1276.				CREASE.	Decrease.			
Items.	Extent.	Extent. Assessment.		Extent.	Extent. Assessment.			Extent.	Assessment.		Extent	Assessn	ent.
Ryots' holdings	ACRES. 2,99,228	Bs. 9,50,406	A. 1 6	ACRES. 0 8,07,774	RS. 9,61,902		P. 1	ACRES. 8,546	BS. 11,495	A. P. 15 1		RS. A	. P.
Land resigned Do. sold or transferred Do. become useless	16,975 4,828		-	l				 2,486	 28,118		1	15 <b>,</b> 15 <b>2</b>	8 16
or appropriated to some public pur- poses	125	411	2	7 89	210	2	8		•••		86	200	15 11
Total	21,928	55,600	0	6 17,864	66,865	4	8	2,486	26,118	12 6	6,550	15,858	8 9
Remainder	2,77,800	8,94,806	5	6 2,89,910	8,95,537	0 1	10	12,610	780	11 4			•••
Add— Land taken on Durkhast Do. purchased or obtained by transfer	20,418 10,061	45,295 21,800								15 0	9,764	20,922 7,204	 6 {
Total	30,474	67,095	15	7 25,124	58,878	7	11				· —	13,717	
Total holding				_								12,986	
Waste remitted					í <del></del>		_			<del></del>	2,285	9,227	1 8
Remainder		9,50,152	12	0 8,14,250	9,46,893	1	4	9,545				8,759	10 8
Actual cultivation Waste charged	2,81,618	8,96,302	12		9,00,845				4,042	15 6	1,908	7,802	10

6. The extent of the holding at the commencement of the Fusly was Acres 3,07,774, assessed at Rupees 9,61,902-5-1. After deducting therefrom the lands relinquished and transferred from one head to another, as detailed in the annexed abstract, and adding to the remainder the lands taken up afresh and those obtained by transfer, the result found at the close of Fusly was Acres 3,15,034, bearing an assessment of Rupees 9,48,915-8-9, as entered in columns 31 and 32. This amount is exclusive of water cess and second crop assessment, which amount to Rupees 58,673-7-3, as entered in columns 49 and 51:—

	ACRES.	RS.	Δ.	
Land resigned	10,461	<b>22</b> ,327	14	5
Land transferred as Devastanum Maniem	7,017	23,802	1	5
Land transferred from Nunja to Punja, and from Totacal to Nunja and				
Punja	297	1,268	5	8
Land sold for arrears of Revenue, and purchased nominally by				
Government	67	150	5	11
Land set aside for public purposes	22	59	10	9
Land redeemed by payment of twenty-five years assessment		0	2	0
Amount of Road Cess deducted from Land Revenue assessment in which				
it was included before the introduction of Act No. III. of 1866.	•••	18,756	12	1
<u>l</u>		¦		
Total	17,864	66,365	4	3
<u> </u>				ļ

7. From the comparative abstract in paragraph 5, it will be found that there is an increase of Acres 7,260 in the extent of the holdings, and a decrease of Rupees 12,986-12-4 in the amount of assessment. This decrease in assessment is owing to the Road Cess which was included in the Land Revenue assessment before the introduction of Act No. III. of 1866, Madras, having been carried to a distinct head during the Fusly, as well as to the transfer of land from one class to another. The total increase in extent would have been Acres 14,300 but for a deduction of Acres 7,017, which have been transferred as Pagoda endowments.



- 8. The increase under the head "Land transferred" amounts to Acres 2,486, representing an assessment of Rupees 26,118-12-6. This is attributed to the assignment of Ain land as Pagoda Maniem, transfer of land from one class to another, and, with regard to the increase in assessment, the separation of Road Cess from Land Revenue assessment.
- 9. Under the heads "Waste remitted," "Land resigned," and "Waste charged," the decrease observable is the result of the favourable season of the Fusly under report. The decrease in the former is Acres 2,285, assessed at Rupees 9,227-1-8, under the second item Acres 6,514, assessed at Rupees 15,152-8-10, and under the last it amounts to Acres 1,908, assessed at Rupees 7,802-10-2.
- 10. An increase is observable in the actual cultivation to the extent of Acres 11,453, representing an assessment of Rupees 4,042-15-6; but the proper assessment on the increased cultivation is reduced to the present entry by the removal of the Road Cess from the Land Revenue assessment, in which it remains included in the past Fusly.
- 11. Enclosure B. in Statement No. 3 shows the extent of cultivation of Sugarcane, Cotton, and Indigo, and the annexed Comparative Memorandum shows a decrease in the cultivation of the two last, owing to the far better prices obtainable now for grain; while the Cotton that is raised is put down on lands of far inferior value:—

	Fusly 1275.		Fusly 1276.		Increase.		DECREASE.	
Products.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
Sugarcane Cotton Indigo	ACRES. 156 37,269 3,420	721 76,866 7,452	ACRES. 171 35,653 1,297	727 56,072 2,950	Acres. 15	BS. 6	ACRES. 1,616 2,123	R8. 20,794 4,502

- 12. Enclosure C. in No. 3 is blank, as there were no fresh Cowles granted, and all the previous grants have expired.
- 13. Subjoined is a Memorandum showing the principal sources of irrigation, the extent of ayacut and cultivation under each head, as compared with the Fusly 1275:—

#### MEMORANDUM.

	Fusly 1275.		Fusly 1276.		Increase.		DECREASE.	
Ayacut.	Extent actu- ally culti- vated.	Assessment.	Extent actu- ally culti- vated.	Assessment.	Extent actu- ally culti- vated.	Assessment.	Extent actu- ally culti- vated.	Assessment.
ACRES.	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	ES.	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.
74,616	73,530	4,23,608	71,971	4,08,415			1,560	15,1 <del>9</del> 3
13,661	12,584	79,470	12,409	80,380		910	175	
88,277	86,114	5,03,078	84,380	4,88,795		910	1,735	15,193
	ACRES. 74,616 13,661	Acres. Acres. Aylent acturally ally culti-	Acres. Acres. Ex.  74,616 73,530 4,23,608  13,661 12,584 79,470	Acres. Acres. Bs. Acres. Assessment. Assessment. Extent actu-  Acres. Acres. Assessment. A	Acres. Acres. Rs. Acres. Rs. Assessment. A	Ayacut.  Bally culti-  Assessment.  Extent actu-  Assessment.	ACRES. ACRES. RS. ACRES. ACRES. RS. ACRES. RS. ACRES. RS. ACRES. ACRES. ACRES. ACRES. ACRES. ACRES. ACRES. ACRES. ACRES.	ACRES. ACRES. ES. ACRES. ES. ACRES. ES. ACRES. ASSESSMent.  ASSESSMENT.  ASSESSMENT

The decrease in the extent and assessment of land cultivated under the Lower anicut is owing to the transfer of lands as Davastanum Maniem in the Fusly. The increase in the assessment under the Shetiyatope anicut is owing to an additional extent of Punja land cultivated with Nunja crops, the water assessment in such cases alone being brought to this account.

- 14. During the Fusly under report, no ruined tanks were made over to individuals for restoration, but the subject is now under consideration; and it appears that there are many ryots who are anxious to rebuild old ruined tanks according to the rules laid down. There are eighty-eight ruined tanks in these two talooks.
- 15. Statement No. 4 exhibits the particulars of remissions granted under different heads in comparison with the past Fusly. The circumstances which rendered particular remissions necessary are given in the foot note of the Statement as usual. In this Statement, the remission on Nunja waste does not appear, as this item has been entered in Statement No. 3, Columns 35 to 38, noticed already in paragraph 5.
- 16. The increase in the amount of Cowle remissions arises from the assignment of land in Virdachellum talook under the Tope rules to the extent of Acres 51.64 assessed at Rupees 141-10-4.
- 17. Statement No. 5 shows the Demand, Collection, and Balance of the Land Revenue Miscellaneous items for Fusly 1276. The current demand under this head amounts to Rupees 26,940-2-9, or Rupees 701 less than that of Fusly 1275. The decrease particularly arises from the item "Land cultivated but not included in the Jummahbundy."
- 18. Statement No. 6 exhibits the Demand, Collection, and Balance of Shrotriem villages in the Sub-Division for Fusly 1276. There were arrears of Peshcush to the amount of Rupees 657-0-4, at the close of the Fusly, of which Rupees 619-10-8 was collected subsequently, leaving an apparent arrear of Rupees 37-5-8 in Virdachellum talook: but this is a sum that ought to be remitted as it represents the proportion of the Peshcush for Fuslies 1274, 1275, and 1276, on certain land taken up for the purpose of an irrigation channel at Valayamahdevi. Application for remitting, this has to be asked each year, and therefore it is requested that the amount, Rupees 12-7-7, may be no longer charged each year, but that the yearly Peshcush may be lowered from the present 230 Rupees to Rupees 217-8-5. A similar application was sent three years ago, but no answer has yet been received.
- 19. Statement No. 7 shows the Demand, Collection, and Balance on all sources of Revenue, current and arrears. The balance to be collected for Fusly 1276 is Rupees 6,649-8-0, as entered in column 6, and the arrears for previous Fuslies is Rupees 6,666-11-10, as shown in column 13, giving a total arrear of Rupees 13,316-3-10 on the 1st September 1867. Of this arrear for previous Fuslies, Rupees 6,244-13-2 is irrecoverable, and there is only a small remainder of Rupees 421-14-8, therefore, really outstanding for all the past Fuslies, which reflects great credit on the exertions of the Tahsildars.
- 20. Enclosure A in Statement No. 7 exhibits the collection, both current and arrears, of all sources of Revenue within the Fusly, and the balance outstanding.
- 21. No. 8 is the Statement of collections during Fusly 1276, on account of arrears under every head of Revenue for former Fuslies. As shown in column 3 there was a sum of Rupees 17,984-9-10 including Ryotwar, Jodi or Shrotriem, and Miscellaneous items to be recovered at the beginning of the Fusly, of which the sum collected and remitted within the Fusly amounts to Rupees 11,259-1-8, and the balance at the close of Fusly to Rupees 6,725-8-2. This sum has been reduced by subsequent collections to Rupees 6,666-11-10. Of this balance, Rupees 421-14-8



is recoverable, as entered in column 9 of the Statement. The remaining sum of Rupees 6,244-13-2 is irrecoverable under the circumstances explained below, and should be struck off the accounts:—

Items.		Tusl 27			Fus 127			usly 273			usly 274.			usly 275		To	tal.	
l. Assessment on land subject to boundary dispute credited in	28.	▲.	P.	R	3. A	. P.	RS.	▲.	P.	Rs.	. A.P	•	RS.	▲.	P.	RS.	<b>A</b> .	P.
the accounts of both the disputant villages.			•••		•••	•••	11	13	6				111	3	$\epsilon$	123	1	0
2. Do. on Talayari Mani- em land	••					•••	<b></b>			2.470	0 7	3	2,452	1	10	4,922	9	1
3. Do. on land sold for arrears of Revenue, but								•••		, ,	•	•	ĺ	_			Ĭ	•
not realized	95	2	4	45	11	4	120	2	0	322	2 11	9	42	11	9	626	7	2
4. Do. on land taken up for channel purposes from a Shrotriem vil- lage	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	12	2 6	6	12	7	7	24	14	1
5. Do. on Nunja waste ordered to be remitted afterJummahbundy, but not struck off the ac-																		
were all closed 6. Assessment charged	•••	•••		•••			•••	•••		4	5	7	172	3	5	176	9	0
by mistake on land re- deemed under the Freehold Rules				· • •			•••	•••		•••	•		0	2	0	0	2	0
7. Assessment on land charged by mistake						1	•••			•••	••••						_	
under two accounts  8. Assessment charged on	•••	•••		· · ·	•••	•••	20	13	0	4	8	0	335	9	10	360	14	10
Inam land relinquished.		•••		•••	•••		•••	•••		•••	•••		10	4	0	10	4	0
Total	95	2	4	<del></del>	11	4	152	12	6	2,814	7	1	3,136	11	11	6,244	13	2

- 22. Enclosure A in Statement No. 8 shows the extent to which coercive process was employed in the collection of Revenue during Fusly 1276. Coercive measure was adopted in the cases of 503 defaulters in 225 villages, and property estimated at Rupees 3,780 attached an account of the arrears, amounting to Rupees 4,053; but in many instances the arrears were made good before sale of property. The value of property sold amounts to Rupees 1,962.
- 23. TALOOK AND VILLAGE ACCOUNTS.—The Talook accounts have been examined and found in good order. A few errors were discovered and were pointed out. The Village accounts are not in such good order, and there has been very lax procedure hitherto on the part of the Kurnums in re-measuring and sub-dividing the paimash fields on their own responsibility, so as entirely to alter the extent of each as entered in the paimash accounts. This was strictly forbidden at the last Jummahbundy, and endeavours are being made entirely to prevent it. Another obstacle to getting the monthly village accounts written correctly and punctually is that they generally are not begun till some months after the commencement of the Fusly, and are then written up from memory. There are two causes of this, one the non-issue of the necessary stationery in proper time, and the other the habit in this District of not finishing the Jummahbundy till almost the end of Fusly; so that then the Kurnums are engaged in writing the Jummahbundy accounts, and cannot go to their own villages for beginning the new accounts till many weeks afterwards.
- 24. Public and Private Topes.—The extent of land granted in the Fusly for the plantation of Private Topes under the Tope Rules amounts to Acres 51.64, assessed at Rupees 141-10-4 in the

Virdschellum talook; and the	total assignment	of land for Public and	Private Topes,	including the
previous year's grants, is as fo	llows :			

	Рив	LIC TOPES.	PRIVA	TOPES.	Total	Total
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
Virdachellum Chidambaram	20 89 6 74	62 8 6 8 7 0	284 60 228 90	744 14 4 462 6 8	305 49 235 64	807 6 10 470 13 8
Total	27 63	70 15 6	513 50	1,207 5 0	541 13	1,278 4 6

Land is also being set apart in each village for public or village topes, which will soon be planted, as with a little encouragement the people in this District are peculiarly interested in the matter; and commencement has already been made in collecting and sowing seed of the common Babul, which grows easily and quickly without much care, thus furnishing small tough wood that is very useful for agricultural purposes, besides providing a shelter and protection for valuable trees that grow more slowly. The total extent thus taken up for planting is not yet known, but I expect that in a year or two the results will be very encouraging.

- 25. Acquisition of lands by Public Servants.—No lands have been acquired by the officials of the Sub-Division during the year with the exception of Acres 5.28 of Punja land, assessed at Rupees 11-4-0, granted to S. Venkitta Soobbayyar, Tahsildar, for plantation of Private Tope under the Tope Rules.
- 26. Season and health.—The season of the Fusly 1276 was favourable. Cholera broke out in Chidambaram, as is generally the case each year, and the deaths were numerous. There were a few cases in Virdachellum and other parts of the Sub-Division, but not to any great extent. Murrain prevailed in both talooks to a small extent.
- 27. Vaccination.—The Dresser accompanied the office when on circuit, and rendered his services in vaccination as far as he could. The following Statement of the result is given, as ordered in the Revenue Board's Circular Standing,  $\frac{10}{1}$  of the 12th July last:—

Statement of Children vaccinated in the Sub-Division from 1st July 1866 to 31st July 1867.

Vi	llages.				Number vaccinated.	Number successful.	Number unsuccessful.	Remarks.
Virdachellum	· ···	•••	•••	 •••	30 1 1 3 3	19  3 —————	11 1 1 	

28. The quinquennial returns of the Fusly 1276 are herewith sent in the prescribed forms. I intend to check the census by personally taking it again in one or two villages selected at hazard, with a view to seeing whether the present numbers appear sufficiently correct.

(Signed) W. F. HATHAWAY,

Sub-Collector.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) C. W. READE, Collector,



# SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

## TANJORE.

- 1. I have the honour to submit my Report on the Settlement of the revenues of this District for Fnsly 1276 (A. D. 1866-67.) The prescribed Statements accompany as per list enclosed.
- 2. The settlement of the several talooks was conducted by the Officers and at the places named in the subjoined table:—

Names of the Officers.	Names of the talooks.	Stations where Jum- mahbundy was made.	Period occupied for the settlement of each talook.
G. L. Morris, Esq., Collector.		Combaconum	3rd, 4th, 6th, and 7th May 1867.
	Puttukottai	Chettubava Chattram	15th to 18th April 1867.
J. C. Hughesdon, Esq., Acting Sub-Collector.	Negapatam Nannilam	Negapatam Kivalur Trivalur Nannilam Peralam	10th March to 25th June 1867.
			18th, 20th, 21st, and 30th May, and 4th June 1867.
G. A. Parker, Esq., Acting Head Assistant Collector.		Tranquebar	15th to 17th May 1867. 17th to 27th February, 23rd and 25th May 1867.
			28th February to 9th March, 27th and 28th May 1867.
		·	7th to 14th, 16th, 19th, and 22nd to 30th June 1867.
		Trivadi	13th to 18th March, and 6th May 1867.
A. Ramachendra Row, Third	Tanjore	Vellum	9th and 10th April and
Class Deputy Collector.		Melattur	7th and 8th May 1867. 22nd to 31st March, and 3rd, 4th, 15th,
	l (		20th, and 21st June 1867.
A. Srinivasa Row, Fourth Class Deputy Collector.	Tritrapundi	Tritrapundi	15th to 20th June, and 15th July 1867.
organ manual contactor.	Mannargudi	Mannargudi	6th to 11th, and 13th
1			and 14th May, and 3rd to 6th, and 10th June 1867.
1			

- 3. PUTTAS UNDER FIELDWAR SETTLEMENT.—The total number of Land Revenue Puttas under Fieldwar Settlement during the year under report was 42,536, against 42,376 in the year preceding; the small increase of 160 being the result of sub-division of holdings in ordinary course of sale, partition, and similar other causes. Of the old Puttas, only 15,277 were renewed, 7,324 were retained with the alterations which took place during the past year noted therein, and the remaining 19,775 remained unaltered.
- 4. Puttas introduced in Mottamfaisal Villages.—During the year under report, considerable progress was made in introducing the system of giving Puttas in Mottamfaisal villages as directed\* by the Board. Of 2,831 villages under this mode of settlement, comprising a total

under this mode of settlement, comprising a total number of 68,954 holdings, Puttas have been given during the past two years for 43,173 holdings in 2,208 villages, and I trust that the remaining 623 villages, comprising 25,781 holdings, will be brought under the regular Putta system during the settlement of this year. Of the total number of Puttas hitherto given, namely, 43,173, 34,793 were new Puttas issued for the first time this year; 2,338 were those retained out of those issued last year, the alterations which took place during the year under report being noted therein; and the remaining 6,042 were those of the preceding year's Puttas, which remained unaltered.

5. Variations in the number and tenures of villages.—The variations in the number of villages under different heads of settlement, are shown in the subjoined Tabular Statement, with explanatory remarks as to the cause of the variation under each head:—

		Number as it stood in Fusly 1275.	Number as it stood in Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
3. Olungu by price 4. Olungu	faisal rented, affected rented, but not by price ented	1,801 2,829 2 166 1	1,792 2,831 2 166 1 3	 2 	9	Government Villages.  1. This decrease is the result of ten villages having been assigned to Pagodas in lieu of ready money allowances, and one transferred to the head of Sudhapal, or entirely waste, and of two villages having been transferred
Total Tariff or Gove	rnment villages.	4,809	4,795	<u></u>	14	from the latter to this head.  2. This increase arises from
	maniem iem money rented	251 431 607 47	251 453 600 46	22 	7	seven villages having come under this head from Amani, while four villages under this head were assigned to Pago- das, and one was transferred
5. Perms		11	11			to that of Sudhapal, or entirely waste.
rented 6. Ardha assessed 7. Mokha Total Inam 8. Towns		5 139	139		•••	6. This discrease consists of villages brought under Mottamfaisal settlement.
Total Inam	, &c., villages	1,491	1,505	14		Inam, &c., Villages.
revenue	not paying any to Government. pal, or entirely	26	26			2. This increase consists of villages brought under this head in consequence of their
waste . 10. Jungle	·. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5	5 1			having been assigned to Pago- das. Of the twenty-two thus
	Grand Total		6,332			added to this head, fourteen were Government villages, seven Shrotriem, and one criptions of villages last men-

Rokkaguttagai, or fixed money rented: in the case of the two descriptions of villages last mentioned, the Jodi payable to Government having been transferred to the Pagodas.

3 and 4.—Vide remark above.

9. Two villages under this head were transferred to the head of Field assessed, in consequence of their having been brought under cultivation during the past year; while two villages, one Field assessed, and one Mottamfaisal, were brought under this head on account of their having been entirely waste. Thus the number of villages under this head stands the same as in last year.

- 6. Season.—The season was on the whole favourable. As will be seen from the annexed table, the local rains were in some places deficient during the earlier part of the season; but in those parts of the District which enjoy the advantages of river irrigation, they were generally ample. In almost all the branches of the Cauvery there was throughout the season a steady supply of freshes, and this coupled with seasonable showers at a time when they are most needed in the Delta, produce an abundant harvest, except where the means of irrigation were defective and precarious.
- 7. In the upland tracts, however, as the table of rain-fall shows, the rains were very scanty. Owing to an almost entire absence of rain during the early part of the cultivating season in parts of the dry talooks of Tritrapundi and Pattukottai, the dry and garden crops of the first six months were to a great extent lost. In the villages situated on the coast, this loss was, in a great measure, made good\_by the more abundant yield of the later crops; but in those parts of the district not under the influence of river irrigation, the outturn was on the whole poor, and in some localities scarcely sufficient to repay the cost of seed and agricultural stock.

Months.		1861-62.	1862-63.	1863-64.	1864-65.	1865-66.	1866-67
April	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2·18 1·47 1·16 2·68 2·48 7·04	 ·82 1·87 3·92 3·54 7·99	5·61 1·37 3· 3·92 3·1 2·04	1·39 3·02 ·5 1·7 4·5 2·4	1·9 3·1 ·15 2·55 1·53 3·4	·16 ·4 1·35 ·53 2·3 1·9
		17:01	18·14	19:04	13.51	12.63	6.64
October		1·54 12·73 1·17 3· 5·74 ·45	5·72 12·73 12·81 ·93 2·12 3·55	13·03 10·07 13·29	15·9 3·5 2· 1· 	5· 4·35 · ·7 ··· ·5	6·4 6·15 8·6 ·07
		24.63	37.86	36.39	22·4	10.55	21.22
	Total	41.64	5 <b>6</b> ·	55· <b>43</b>	35·91	23.18	27.86

8. Sanitary Condition.—In a sanitary point of view, the year under report was the most unfavourable known for several years. Owing to the almost entire failure of the regular monsoon during the preceding year, and which again had been preceded by a succession of indifferent monsoons, a drought of unparallelled severity with all the diseases incidental to it, prevailed during the early part of the year. These diseases were, cholera, small-pox, fever, diarrhœa and dysentery; the last mentioned two were of a peculiarly virulent type, and prevailed chiefly in the southernmost parts beyond the delta, as also on the coast. In the sea-port towns of Nagore and Negapatam, cholera again broke out in the month of March, and continued more or less till the

close of the year, causing a large amount of mortality. The subjoined Table shows the amount of mortality from different diseases as per death registers during the past and the preceding year:—

		-				Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.
	From cholera	•••	•••	•••	•••	5,528*	9,425
* In last year's report, thenumber	Small-pox						1,741
is shown to be 4,461, but this has been found to be incorrect. The figures	Fever						4,838
here shown do not include Poliput vil-	Other diseases	•••	•••	•••	• • •	18,031	19,547
lages.						29,166	35,551

- 9. The effect of the drought on the health of the cattle was of course very bad. In the southernmost parts of the District, they are reported to have died in the early part of the year in numbers from starvation, as well as from disease brought on by want of pasture and water.
- 10. PRICES.—Prices of agricultural produce during the past year rose extremely. The average current selling price of paddy grain, as deduced from monthly returns of village sales, was Rupee 1-8-4‡ per Tanjore Kalam, or Rupees 176-13-11 per Madras Garce; exhibiting, as shown in the subjoined Statement, an increase of 29/16 over the similar average rate of the preceding year, and of no less than 217 per cent. over the standard commutation price.

•					Per Tanjore Kalam of Paddy.	Per Madras Garce.
					RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Standard price	•••	•••	•••	•••	0 7 8	55 12 11
Commutation price of Fusly 1275	•••	•••	•••		1 7 9 <del>8</del>	172 6 7
Do. do. of ,, 1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	1 8 43	176 13 11
Increase above the standard	•••		•••	•••	1 0 8§	••• ••• •••
Percentage	•••	•••	•••	•••	<b>21</b> 6/78	••• ••• ···
Increase above last Fusly	•••	•••	•••	•••	0 0 78	••• ••• ··•
Percentage	•••	•••	•••	•••	29/16	

- 11. The increase here denoted being the result of a comparison between average rates, does not give a correct idea of the pressure actually felt from the dearness of food during the year under report. In the months of September, October, and November, the price of second sort paddy averaged Rupees 332, and that of second sort rice no less than Rupees 717 per Madras Garce, or 32 Madras measures a Rupee, and the distress among the poorer classes at this time was, as might be conceived, very great. Latterly, when the season took a favourable turn, prices returned to their former rate, which they have since more or less mantained. Under existing circumstances, however, prices are at present nevertheless exceedingly high.
- 12. The very high rates to which prices rose during the earlier part of the year were, doubtless, the result of an extraordinarily increased demand from other Districts inland, more especially Madura and the Tondiman's country, consequent on the failure there of the crops in the preceding year. They were in a measure due also to a similar failure in the upland parts of this District.
- 13. The wages of agricultural and other mechanical labour have increased of late, but the increase therein is not proportionate to that in the price of food. During the earlier part of the year under report, large numbers of labourers emigrated from this District to Ceylon, the Straits.



the Mauritius, and the French Colonies; but many subsequently returned on receiving tidings of a favourable change in the state of the season.

14. Ryots' holdings.—The aggregate extent of land comprising the ryots' holdings during the year under report was 10,02,715 acres, bearing an assessment of Rupees 38,65,690, against 9,99,559 acres, assessed at Rupees 38,77,371, in the year preceding. From the latter, however, must be deducted Rupees 29,420, being the assessment of 5,264 acres assigned to religious institutions in lieu of ready-money allowances, and the result then would be an increase in favour of the year under report, of 8,420 acres in the extent of the holdings, and of Rupees 17,739 in the amount of the revenue, due chiefly to extended cultivation.

Items.	Fusly	1275.		Fusia	1276.
icems.	Extent.	Assessment.		Extent.	Assessment.
D-ste' holding at the he	ACRES.	RS.	-	ACRES.	RS.
Ryots' holding at the be- ginning of the year	9,94,368	38,68,479	Add on account of Amani villages	9,99,559	38,77,371
			brought under set- tlement	714	3,559
			<b>D</b> educ <b>t</b>	10,00,273	38,80,930
			Assigned over to Pagodas	5,264	29,420
			at the highest Punja rates		876
				5,264	30,296
Lands given up	2,148	5,373	Remainder	9,95,009 *12,432	38,50,634 51,956
Remainder Lands taken up	9,92,220 7,339	38,63,106 14,265	·	9,82,577 *20,138	37,98,678 67,012
Total holdings Deduct waste, consisting of whole survey fields, the assessment of which	9,99,559	38,77,371		10,02,715	38,65,690
was remitted	21,188	78,930		14,809	58,861
Remainder	9,78,371	37,98,441		9,87,906	38,06,829
Parti- tulars. { Actual cultiva- tion	} 8,80,607 97,764	<b>36,21,471</b> 1,76,970		8,91,225 96,681	36,11,341 1,95,488

<sup>\*</sup> These figures include transfers by sale, mortgage, &c.

N. B.—It will be seen that in the extent of land there is an increase, while in the assessment there is a decrease as compared with the preceding year. This is owing to lands assigned to Pagodas being assessed with higher rates, while those newly brought under cultivation were lightly assessed.

<sup>15.</sup> Waste remitted and waste charged.—In waste remitted there is a decrease of Rupees 20,069, counterbalanced by an increase of Rupees 18,518 in waste charged. The former is due to the more favourable character of the season, and the latter to a more rigid enforcement of the rule, under which all lands left uncultivated from causes not strictly beyond the control of the ryots are held liable to the payment of the assessment due on them.

#### SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

16. IRRIGATION.—The revenue derived from irrigated lands in this District, as per the settlement of the past Fusly, consists of Rupees 36,60,989, bearing a proportion of no less than 86.81 per cent. to the entire Land Revenue, and is drawn mainly from river irrigation. The amount appertaining to each principal source, with the extent and assessment of the whole irrigable Ayacut, as well as of actual cultivation under it, is exhibited in the annexed Statement:—

Total
irrigable Assessment.
8
52,351 2,74,339
36,625 1,91,933
7,07,346 35,97,409 40,112 1,23,022
7,47,458 37,20,431
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
•

TANJORE.

7

- 17. The irrigation works in this District are generally in an efficient condition, with the exception of the Tritrapundi as well as parts of the Negapatam talook, where the channels of supply and drainage still continue in an unsatisfactory state; but I have reason to hope that early measures will be adopted for remedying this defect, from which the revenue of the State, as well as the interests of the inhabitants, equally suffer.
- 18. The bed of the lower course of the Cuavery from Mayaveram eastward has been cleared this year by Kudimarramat, or village labour, with very favourable results, and this channel, for it is such in fact, now draws a tolerably fair share of the available supply.
- 19. With reference to the Board's Circular Memorandum of the 23rd October 1866, No. 1,064, I have the honour to state that no ruined tanks have been made over to the ryots during the year under report, but that seventeen out of those named in the Statement appended to the Board's Proceedings marginally noted, have been made over subject to the payment of assessment at the highest Punja rate for the whole irrigable Ayacut under them. The aggregate extent of such Ayacut under these seventeen tanks, is 810 acres, and the wet assessment thereof Rupees 2,078; while the average actual cultivation during the five years preceding Fusly 1275 was only 335 acres, and the assessment thereof only Rupees 865. The highest dry assessment now payable is Rupees 1,327. Inclusive of eleven of the same class taken up by the ryots during the preceding year on the terms above specified, the number of tanks hitherto made over is twenty-eight.
- 20. Cultivation and Settlement.—The following abstract Statement shows the result of the settlement of the Land Revenue under the general head "Ryotwar," exclusive of the Peshcush and Jodi in comparison with the year preceding:—

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Ttoma	L	LAST FUSLY.	PR	PRESENT FUSIX	Ince	Increase.	DE	Decrease.
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment
1	5	3	ૠ	. 5	9	7	8	6
Dry Wet	ACRES. 2,72,654 7,05,717	RS. A. P. 3,40,594 13 10 34,57,845 10 10	ACRES. 2,76,009 7,11,897	RS. A. P. 3,41,064 3 6 34,65,764 13 9	ACRES. 3,355 6,180	RS. 469 7,919	ACRES.	BB.
Total	9,78,371	37,98,440 8 8	9,87,906	38,06,829 1 3	9,535	8,388		
Second crop assessment Additional assessment Water tax Bond Fund		33,852 15 7 87,210 9 0 24,923 3 5		45,750 9 0 81,947 7 3 29,577 6 1		11,898 4,654 1.06,146		5,263
Village Service Fund Total				:   0		1,25,823		
Deduct Remissions.								
Road Fund Village Service Fund		11		1,06,145 13 11		1,06,146	: :	
Other remissions as particularized in Statement No. 4		1,84,710 9 7		18,032 0 4			:	1,66,678
Total		1,84,710 9 7		1,24,177 14 3				60,532
Remaining beriz		37,59,716 11 1 1,17,754 1 0		39,46,072 7 3 1,17,074 8 7		1,86,355		629
Total		38,77,470 12 1		40,63,146 15 10		1,85,676		

21. It will be seen that there is in the aggregate an increase of Rupees 1,86,355, under the head of "Ryotwar," exclusive of "Miscellaneous." This, as purticularized below, is the net result of a gross increase of Rupees 2,19,823, \* obtained chiefly from increased cultivation and reduced remissions, consequent on the more favourable character of the season, counterbalanced by a decrease of Rupees 33,468,† on account of lands made over to Pagodas in lieu of ready money payments.

In actual cultivation In waste charged Other sundry items of i In second crop assessme In water tax By reduced remissions  Decrease in additional	 ncres ent 	•••				1	Rupees. 16,607 18,518 2,683 12,942 4,877 ,66,678 
Regular assessment Second crop assessment Additional assessment Water tax	•••		•••	•••	•••		29,420 1,044 2,781 223

It will be observed from the foregoing abstract that there is an increase in every component item, except the additional assessment, in which there is a falling off of Rupees 5,263.

‡ Rupees 2,781.

The greater part; of this refers to lands assigned to Pagodas, and the remainder, which alone represents the actual falling off,

yated with wet crops during the preceding years reverted to Punja in consequence of the failure of rain during the early part of the season.

- 22. The small decrease of Rupees 679 under the head "Miscellaneous," is the result in the aggregate of variations in numerous sundry items composing this general head, of which the most notable are an increase of Rupees 3,469 in water tax on Inam lands, and a decrease of Rupees 5,086 in the revenue of Amani villages. The former is due partly to Inam lands irrigated by artificial means from Government sources, and which were cultivated with other than rice crops, having now for the first time been charged with water cess, and partly to a more extended use of Government water in the delta for the cultivation of Inam lands in ordinary course. The latter (decrease in Amani revenue) is the result of some of the Amani villages having been brought under Mottam-faisal Settlement.
- 23. There are at present only three villages wholly under Amani, besides portions of three other villages. The reasons for these not having yet been brought under settlement, as also my recommendations as to the course to be adopted with regard to each village having been fully detailed in a report\* recently submitted by me, it is unnecessary to again enter into a recapitulation thereof.
- 24. The extent to which special products were cultivated during the year under report is shown in the subjoined table in comparison with the year preceding, and require no particular remark beyond that novelty in agriculture does not fine favour with the Tanjore Ryot, and that, consequently, the cultivation of special products is never carried on to any considerable extent in this district:—

T4		Fusly	1275.	Fusly	1276.	Incr	ease.	Decre	ease.
Items.		Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
Indigo	•	ACRES. 6,469 991 357	Rs. 6,828 2,038 2,383	ACRES. 4,686 746 269	Rs. 5,587 2,023 1,788	ACRES.	ks.	ACRES. 1,783 245 88	RS. 1,241 15 595
Total	••	7,817	11,249	5,701	9,398	•••		2,116	1,851

25. Remissions.—The amount of remissions granted during the year under report under different heads was, as shown in Statement No. 4, Rupees 18,032. This added to the amount of waste remitted, namely, Rupees 58,861, makes up a total of Rupees 76,893, against Rupees 2,63,640 remitted during the preceding year; thus exhibing a decrease of no less than Rupees 1,86,747 in favour of the year under report. This difference is due partly to the more favourable character of the season, and partly to more care having been taken in seeing whether crops had really failed or not, and whether waste lands could not have been cultivated if exertions had been made at the proper time. The remissions would have been still smaller, had it not been for the defective state of irrigation in the more castern section of the Delta under the lower course of the Cauvery, as also in Tritrapundi and part of the Negapatam talook already noticed. Of the total amount of remissions above

mentioned, namely, Rupees 76,893, no less than Rupees 48.587, \* or nearly two-thirds refer to the talooks of Mayaveram and Tritrapundi.

26. The only item of remission during the year under report which requires special notice is that of Rupees 3.521, granted under the authority conveyed in Board's Proceedings, dated the 16th January 1867, No. 303, for the villages held on a lump assessment termed "Katguttagai," in consideration of the failure of the early crops which followed the heavy losses sustained from severe drought during the preceding year. These villages subject to the payment of a consolidated rent of Rupees 47,391-3-0 are fifty in number, and of these thirteen were, on examination, found not to require any special indulgence. The remaining thirty-seven were, with reference to the extent of loss found to have been sustained by them, divided into two classes, for which a reduction at two different rates of ten and fifteen per cent. on the gross beriz minus tope tax, was allowed as shown below:—

•	Number of villages.	Rate of remission.	Amount of remission.
First class Second class		10 per cent. 15 do.	RS. A. P. 998 2 11 2,522 4 5

27. ACTUAL COLLECTIONS.—The subjoined abstract shows the actual collections, both current and arrears, under each head of revenue, in comparison with the preceding year, the result being a net increase of Rupees 3,76,714 in favour of the year under report:—

Items.	]	Fusly 127	5.		Fusly 1276		Increase.	Decrease.
Tioms.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.		
Land I. evenue.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	rs.	RS.	RS.
Permanently settled Jodi on Shro-	1,320				30,504	. <b>32,58</b> 3	1,908	•••
triem, &c., villages Ryotwar			1,18,403 37,31,765		1,17,459 37,38,911	1,21,292 38,36,029		
Miscellane- ous	4,765	1,12,997	1,17,762	4,485	1,05,908	1,10,393		7,369
Total .	83,797	39,14,808	39,98,605	1,07,485	39,92,812	41,00,297 Net		7,369
Abkarry	2,278	3,06,074	3,08,352	2,500		4,73,846		
Salt Sea Customs Land Cus-	4,325		10.09 271 3,15,984	1,266 	$\frac{11,06,477}{3,99,304}$	11,07,743 3,99,304		
toms		56,265 4,52,500	56,265 4,52,50		69,311 3,46,064	69,311 3,46,064		1,06,436
Income-tax. License-tax.	10,142		13,887		1,561 $33,452$	1,561 33,452	•••	12,326
Grand total.	1,00,542	60,54,322	61,54,864	1,11,251	64,20,327	65,31,578 Net	5,02,845 3 76,714	1,26,131

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- 28. LAND REVENUE. Under the head of Land Revenue there is, in the aggregate, an increase of Rupees 1,01,692, composed of Rupees 78,004 in the current, and of Rupees 23,688 in the arrears collections. The bulk of the increase in current collections is observable in the head "Ryotwar," and is the necessary result of increased demand already explained in reference to settlement. The increase in actual collections is, however, not nearly proportioned to that in the demand, a larger portion of the latter having remained uncollected, as will be explained hereafter. The increase in arrears collections is attributable to a larger amount of arrears having outstood at the beginning of the year under report than in the year preceding.
- 29. Of the other heads of Land Revenue, the increase in peshcush is too small to call for notice; that of Rupees 2,889 in Jodi consists chiefly of the Kaval fees of villages, of which the revenue was assigned to pagodas, as well as of the amount transferred to this head from that of Jodi on sundry Inams under "Miscellaneous," in which it was previously erroneously included, and is to some extent due also to the progress of the Inam settlement; the decrease of Rupees 7,369 under the head of "Miscellaneous" is due chiefly to a larger portion of the demand having remained uncollected.
- 30. ABKARRY.—In Abkarry, there is an increase of Rupees 1,65,494, arising from enhanced prices obtained at the renewal of the leases at the commencement of the year under report.
- 31. Salt.—The increase of Rupees 98,472 under the head of salt, is the result of a gross increase of Rupees 1,01,531 in the current, counterbalanced by a decrease of Rupees 3,059 in arrears collections. The former is due almost entirely to the enhancement of the rate of the monopoly price from Rupees 1-8-0 to 1-11-0 per Indian Maund. A larger increase would doubtless have been realized from the branch of the revenue, had the stock of salt at the chief depôt at Negapatam been adequate to the daily increasing demand consequent on the extension of the Railway junction to Erode, as well as the progressive development of the inland trade generally. With reference to paragraph 12 of the Board's Circular Memorandum of the 14th August 1866, No. 787, I beg to state that no salt is imported in this District either by sea or by land.
- 32. Last year the season was particularly favourable for the manufacture of salt, and full advantage was taken of it to secure the fullest possible supply in all the depôts. Nearly 10,000 garce, the largest quantity ever turned out during the last twenty years, with the single exception of 1860, were manufactured, the outturn at Negapatam alone being no less than 1,500 garce; but nevertheless the stock at this station was not equal to the requirements of the trade.
- 33. As the Board are aware, the canal (which is intended to render the resources of Vedarniem as a place of production accessible to the inland market) has been lately nearly completed; but it is at present too narrow to be of any real practical use. I trust, however, that the additions and improvements which have been proposed\*

  Government Order, 20th June 1867, No. 1,846. will ensure its being rendered fit for the purpose required.
- 34. SEA CUSTOMS.—The increase of Rupees 83,320 observable under the head of "Sea Customs" is made up of Rupees 42,501 in import duty, and of Rupees 40,152 in export duty, with a small increase of Rupees 667 under the head "Miscellaneous." By far the largest portion of the increase † in the import duty occurs in betelnuts, the chief article of import in this District, and is attributable mainly to the larger impor-

tation of this article, and in some measure also to its augmented Tariff value under the Indian Customs Act XVII. of 1867, brought into operation during the latter part of the year under report. The remaining portion of the increase occurs in sundry other articles of import, in none of which, however, it is notably large. The increase in the collection of export duty is due chiefly to the export trade with Ceylon in rice and paddy grain having been carried on more briskly about the close of the year, as also to the duty on this article having been raised from two to three annas per Indian maund by the New Customs Act.

- 35. Land Customs.—The increase of Rupees 13,046 in Land Customs, consists of about Rupees 8,000 in the export duty, and is to that extent accounted for by the increased exportation of rice and paddy above noticed. The remaining portion of the increase is observable in sundry small articles of import, which call for no special remark.
- 36. STAMP.—In Stamp Revenue, there is a large falling off of Rupees 1,06,436. This is the result of comparison with a year in which, under the operation of the Registration Act, the sales were exceptionally large.
- 37. INCOME-TAX —The decrease of Rupees 12,326 under the head of Income-tax, is owing to the fact that the arrears which remained to be collected on account of the period during which the tax was in operation, were smaller in the past than in the preceding year.
- 38. LICENSE-TAX.—The Imperial License-tax was a new item of Revenue. It was introduced under Act XXI of 1867, in the month of May last, and its working has been attended with no difficulty. The combined incidence of this, and the Municipal tax on trades and professions, was very naturally a source of dissatisfaction; but this has been removed by the recent orders authorizing the latter to be taken in abatement of the Imperial License-tax. It is only in very few instances that it has been found necessary to put the penal section of the Act in force.
- DEMAND AND COLLECTION.—The entire demand comprising all sources of revenue for the year under report amounted to Rupees 66,73,414, against Rupees 61,72,683 in the preceding year. Of this demand, Rupees 64,20,327 were collected within the year, leaving at its close a balance of Rupees 2,53,087, which, by subsequent collections up to the end of September, has been reduced to Rupees 21,893. The balance which outstood at the close of the year consisted of Rupees 2,24,378 under the head of Land Revenue, and Rupees 28,709 under Abkarry. The large Land Revenue balance was owing to the settlement of the demand having been unavoidably delayed in consequence of the system of giving puttas having been introduced for the first time into a large number of Mottamfaisal villages during the past year, as likewise to the Tahsildars having been occupied about the close of the year in granting licenses under the Imperial License Act. The Abkarry balance was due to the fact that in several instances the rentals of the farm were beyond what the renters could possibly realize from them, the bids at the late auction sale having, from a reckless spirit of competition, exceeded all reasonable limits. The balance has, however, been since fully collected with interest. The balance of Rupees 21,893 outstanding at the end of September was under the head of Land Revenue, and it bears the proportion of half per cent. to the demand, and calls for no remark save that it is in course of realization, and that it will be realized with the exception of a small portion, which will be recommended for remission in due course in the next report. This balance is distributed under the following minor heads, namely:-

										RS.
Ryotwa	r	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •		•••	•••	19,972
Jodi	•••			•••		•••				542
Miscell	aneo	us	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,379
										21 803

40. Arrears.—The arrears of Land Revenue for previous years, as they stood at the begin-

\*Arrears of preceding Fusly 1274, written offunder the sanction conveyed in Board's Proceedings of the 31st October 1866, No. 7,880, paragraph 9... ... Increase of demand on account of price in Olungu villages for Fusly 1268, remitted during the year under report under the conditional sanction conveyed in Board's Proceedings of the 26th July 1859, No. 2,934

ning of the year under report, amounted to Rupees 1,25,005. Of this, Rupees 1,08,106 have been collected up to the end of Septemper 1867, Rupees 3,483\* have been remitted as shown in the margin, and a further sum of Rupees 2,526 recommended for remission in the last Settlement

report awaits sanction; thus leaving a balance of Rupees 10,090. Of this last mentioned balance, Rupees 8,272 are recoverable, and measures will be taken for their early recovery, and it is only the remainder, namely, Rupees 2,618, appertaining to Fusly 1275, that forms the irrecoverable portion of the arrears, which require to be written off. The particulars of these arrears, with explana-

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tory notes as to the balance outstanding in each case being irrecoverable, are shown in a separate statement marked No. 17, herewith submitted, and I beg to request that sanction may be obtained for the sum above specified being written off.

41. Correive Process.—The annexed table shows the extent to which coercive process was employed for the realization of arrears of Land Revenue as compared with the preceding year, and ealls for no particular remark. I would here add that no difficulty was experienced during the year under report in collecting the revenue, except in those parts of the district which either do not enjoy the advantages of river supply, or depend upon precarious means of irrigation.

	 Fusl	ies.				D VALUE OF ATTACHED.		VALUE OF	PROPERTY SOLD.	ACTUALLY
					Real.	Personal.	Total.	Real.	Personal.	Total.
1275 1276	 •••		•••	 •••	8,881 1,886	12,274 14,557	21,155 16,443	4,638 3,038	1,267 1,270	5,905 4,308

42. RECEIPTS AND CHARGES.—The subjoined statement exhibits in one view the actual receipts and charges under the several heads of Revenue in comparison with the preceding year:—

Items.	RECE	IPTS.	Charge	s.	PER-CENT. CHARGE BECEI	в ои
	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.
Land Revenue.	Rs.	RS.	RS.	Rs.	R8.	Rs.
Current including, Miscellaneous Arrears, including do	39,14 808 83,797	39,92,812 1,07,485	4,98,303	4,52,761	12.46	11.04
Total.  Sundry Sources of Revenue.	39,98.605	41,00,297				
Abkarry	3,08,352	4,73,846	31,394	758		•15
	$\begin{array}{c c} & 3,15,984 \\ & 56,265 \end{array}$		2,771			
Land Customs	30,203 $ $ 10,09,271			1,13,310		
		3,46,064	20,647			
T	13,887		767	47		
License-tax		33,452		•••••		0 ]
Total.	61,54,864	65,31,578	6,51,971	6,10,731	10.59	9.35

- 43. Receipts.—The variations under the several heads of Receipts having already been explained under "Collections," those in Charges will be here noticed.
- 44. Charges—Land Revenue.—The decrease of Rupees 45,542 in Land Revenue charges is the result of a gross decrease of Rupees 52,467 in the following items, against a gross increase of Rupees 6,925, which, with the exception of a small item of Rupees 320 in refunds, arises from increased salaries drawn by Medical officers.



Items of Decrease.

In salaries of Collector, &c.

7,045 Arises from various contingencies connected with the posting of, and actual payment of, salaries, to the Collector and his Assistants and Deputies.

In do. of Husoor and Talook establishments.

9,858 This is the result of a gross decrease of Rupees 16,419, arising from the salaries of the Village and Natkarnam establishments having been disbursed during this year for only twelve months, while in the year preceding, they happened to be disbursed for thirteen months; as also from a number of vacancies on the Natkarnams establishment having been left unfilled in anticipation of its abolition, counterbalanced by an increase of Rupees 6,561 in payments made to the Huzoor and Talook establishments, consequent on the increased salaries recently sanctioned having been paid during the whole of this year, while in the last year

In Saderward charges... 5,70

5,708 Last year a charge was made for the articles of Stationery, ery supplied by the Superintendent of Stationery, while this year it was not; hence the decrease.

In allowances to Native Religious Institutions ...

27,712 Arises from the allowances referred to having been commuted into assignments of Land Revenue.

they were paid only for six months.

In Sundry items of a Contingent nature ... ...

2,144

52,467

- 45. Sea Customs.—The decrease of Rupees 8,357 in Sea Customs charges arises chiefly from a gross decrease of about Rupees 13,600 in refunds, against an increase of about Rupees 5,700 in drawbacks, both items being of a contingent nature. The remaining portion of the decrease consists of sundry items too small to need notice.
- 46. Salt.—In salt charges, there is in the aggregate an increase of Rupees 15,221, arising from variations in several component items, of which the only notable ones are an increase of Rupees 6,000, arising from the Deputy Collector's salary having this year been debited to this head, while last year it was debited to Land Revenue charges; one of Rupees 6,874 in "Kudiwaram," arising from the arrears due for the preceding year having been disbursed during this year, and another of Rupees 5,868, arising from a larger quantity of spontaneous salt having been collected and stored during this year than in the last, the aggregate increase of Rupees 18,742 made up of these three items, has been reduced to the net increase above specified, by a decrease in other items of a minor character, which are too small to call for notice.
- 47. Abkarry, Land Customs, Stamps, and Income-tax.—The variations in other heads of charges, namely, Abkarry, Land Customs, Stamps, and Income-tax, call for no remarks save that the small charge of Rupees 758 in Abkarry, under which head there is ordinarily no need for there being any charge at all, consists of fees paid for the registration of Rent Muchilkas or counterparts to leases.
- 48. LANDED PROPERTY ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.—The extent of landed property acquired by Public Servants during the year under report is shown in the subjoined table in comparison with the year preceding, and calls for no particular remark. In two or three instances of a rather trivial character, the subordinates of lower grades on the Revenue Establishment, who

became possessed of land, sent in their returns after the prescribed date, and due notice has been taken of their omission:—

Items.	F	USLY 1275	•	FUSLY 1276.			
	Number.	Extent of land.	Assess- ment.	Number.	Extent of land.	Assess- ment.	
Acquired by purchase and mortgage. Do. by inheritance	5 18	ACRES. 18 133	RS. 103 341	1	ACRES. 241 13	Rs. 923 36	

- 49. The Village and Talook accounts have undergone a due scrutiny by Officers in Revenue charge of Divisions during the Settlement, and have been found to have, on the whole, been properly kept.
- 50. Conduct of the Subordinate Officers.—With regard to the conduct of my subordinates, I will confine my remarks to the Uncovenanted Branch of the service, as the Covenanted Officers were continually changed during the past Fusly. Sheshiah Sastri, the Treasury Deputy Collector, is a first rate officer, and bears an unblemished character. His office, which used to be in great confusion, has been brought by him into admirable order, and I consider myself most fortunate in having him in my district and at my head-quarters. Mr. Ricketts, the Salt Deputy Collector, thoroughly understands his work, and does everything in his power to prevent the bribery and cheating, which a lax administration of the Salt Department is sure to give rise to. He has also, during the past Fusly, undertaken the execution of many public works and roads connected with the salt trade, and has been of much assistance to me in seeing them properly carried out. Strinivasa Row, the Deputy Collector in charge of the Mannargudi Division, is a very active, industrious, upright man, and does everything intrusted to him with hearty good-will, and to the best interests of Government. I value his services highly. The two Tahsildars specified in the

Suriyamurtia Pillai, Tahsildar of Tritrapundi. Aiyasami Sastri, Tahsildar of Puttukottai.

No. 1,846, require to be noticed in the report.

margin performed the examination of the waste and withered crops in their repective Talooks without fear or partiality, and saved at least

20,000 and 10,000 rupees respectively to Government by the efficient manner in which they did this duty. My Serishtadar, Venkasami Row, continues to give me complete satisfaction, and to be of the greatest assistance to me by his modest behaviour, his strict integrity, and his untiring industry; and with regard to his usefulness, I can only repeat what I have said respecting Sheshiah Sastry, namely, that I am very fortunate in having such a public servant at the head of my own office.

51. The quinquennial statements, which were due at the close of the past Fusly, are submitted herewith in the prescribed forms.\* In \*Received with Circular Memorandum from the Board, 1st November 1866, No. 1,097. these statements, I have entered at the foot, notes explanatory of the variations observable between them and the last quinquennial returns, and I will here refer to those points only which, agreeably to the Board's instructions, as contained in their Circular, dated the 19th March 1862,

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52. From Statement C. it will be seen that in the number of private wells (under which, head all wells in this District fall in consequence of there being none belonging to Government) there is a net increase of 619, resulting from a gross increase of 1,045 in new wells, against a decrease of 426 in old ones. Added to the increase during the preceding quinquennial period, as shown in the last return, the total net increase

in the number of wells due to the operation of the rules under which cultivation under wells sunk by means of private capital is exempt from additional taxation, comes to 1,450. This, considering that by far the largest portion of Nunja and garden cultivation in this District is carried on by direct irrigation from river channels, must be deemed so far satisfactory.

53. In taking the census, every care has been taken to ensure the utmost possible accuracy;

full and detailed instructions, drawn up with refer
7th February 1850, No. 298.
19th March 1862, No. 1,846.

ence to the Boar d's Circulars marginally noted,
were circula ted by means of the District Gazette

as early as January last, and the Divisional Officers were specially enjoined to test the correctness of the returns rendered by the local officers, by the best available means. On the whole, I am of opinion that the returns now taken are far more accurate than those taken on the last occasion.

- 54. It will be seen from the Statement D. that, on the whole, there is an increase of 79,449 inhabitants, resulting from a gross increase of 91,297 in the agricultural, against a decrease of 11,848 in the non-agricultural population. The increase in the aggregate is due to natural causes arising from the influence of peace and improved administration, whilst the decrease in the non-agricultural population is more apparent than real; many persons not directly engaged in agriculture though mainly deriving their subsistence therefrom, having, in the last returns, been in several instances erroneously included under the head non-agricultural, instead of agricultural, as they ought to have been.
- Mayaveram and Pattukottai; the former showing a falling off of about three per cent., and the latter an increase of no less than 18½ per cent. The falling off in the Mayaveram talook is owing chiefly to a partial descrition on the part of the weavers in Kornad, the main suburb of the Cusbah town of Mayaveram, in consequence of their trade having declined in consequence of the high prices of Cotton, and also to the emigration of the labouring classes to the Mauritius and the French Colonies from the dearness of food. The extraordinary increase of population in the Pattukottai talook is inconsistent with the well known circumstances of the talook, and is due entirely to the incorrectness of the returns taken on the last occasion. This talook has suffered the most from the successive bad seasons during the past quinquennial period, and it is from this talook that the labouring classes have migrated to the largest extent.
- 56. The averages obtained by distributing the entire population over the number of houses and the number of families are shown for each talook in the subjoined table; from which it will be seen that the proportion for each house and for each family is reasonable, and affords a pretty fair pre-

sumption of the accuracy of the census. The number of families, it will be seen, is about thirteen per cent. larger than that of houses, and this is owing to a number of houses being tenanted by more than one family.

	Number of	Number of	,	Ave	BAGE.
Talooks.	houses.	families.	Population.	For each House.	For each family.
Tanjore	49,684	64,014	3,00,808	6.05	4 .7
Combaeonum	57,061	68,404	3,10,184	5.44	4.53
Mayaveram	39,920	41,772	1,93,852	4.86	4.64
Shialli	18,127	20,097	97,045	8.35	4.83
Tritrapundy	25,727	27,522	1,28,336	4.98	4.66
Manargudi	27,315	32,279	1,47,777	5.41	<b>4</b> ·58
Puttukottai	41,944	44,889	1,96,876	4.69	4.38
Negapatam	35,663	36,705	1,65,801	4.65	4.52
Nannilam	38,380	41,041	1,90,940	4.97	4.65
	3,33,821	3,76,723	17,31,619	5.19	4 .6
Houses each occupied by a family.	2,87,878	2,87,878			
Occupied by more than one family.	38,280	88,845		į.	
Uninhabited	7,663	,	ŀ		

- 57. The falling off in the number of cews, she-buffalces, and sheep, observable in Statement E, is owing to the large amount of mortality among these animals consequent on the severe drought which prevailed during the last quinquennial period, and more especially in Fusly 1275, as also during the early part of 1276; the loss arising from this cause having more than outweighed the increase due to a progressive state of population, agriculture, and wealth. The loss of ploughing cattle has, however, been more than replaced by the requirements of agriculture, and hence the increase observable under this head. The price of cattle had, at the date of the last return, run very high, and it has now risen still higher, but not in the same ratio as it had during the five years preceding those under review. As it is, however, the price of cattle, as well as of sheep, is very high, though only proportionate to that of food.
- 58. In conclusion, I beg to apologize for the delay in the submission of this report, which has been caused by the inaccuracies and incensistencies in the quinquennial returns as first received from the talooks, and which were discovered in scrutinizing and cheeking them with reference to the previous returns, thus rendering numerous references and re-references to Tahsildars and Divisional officers necessary. The delay has been caused in some measure also by the difficulty experienced in obtaining correct information with regard to transfers of land by sale, and other transactions, as well

as the irrigable ayacut and actual cultivation under the several principal sources of irrigation; these particulars being required to be furnished now for the first time, as required in the Board's Circular Memorandum, dated the 14th August 1866, No. 787.

Vallam, 23rd October 1867. (Signed) G. L. MORRIS, Collector.

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Abkarry	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		30
Salt	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	31	to	<b>33</b> '
Sea Customs	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		34
Land Customs	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••		35
Stamps	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		36
Income-tax			•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		37
License-tax	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		38
Demand and Collec	tion	-	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		39
Arrears of Land Re	evenue	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		40
Coercive Process	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		41
Receipts and charg	es	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		42
Receipts	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•	43
Charges-Land Re	venue	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		44
Sea Custo		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		45
Salt	•••	•••	444	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		46
Abkarry,	Land C	ustoms.	Stamp	s. and	Income	-tax	•••	•••		47
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## SUB-COLLECTORATE.

- 1. I have the honour to submit the annual report on the settlement of the Land and Extra Sources of Revenue in the Sub-Division of Tanjore for Fusly 1276, (1866-67,) together with the several Statements and their enclosures prepared in the new form. As I joined the District only a month ago, after the completion of the Settlement operations, I am entirely dependent for information upon the records of this office, and upon the Serishtadar who assisted my predecessor in conducting the Settlement of the Sub-Division.
- 2. The Settlement commenced on the 1st March, and was completed on the 25th June at the places shown in Statement No. I. In accordance with the instructions contained in the Revenue Circulars published in the District Gazettes of the 8th and 22nd December 1866, early efforts were made both by the Tahsildars and by my predecessors to prepare Anubogam Registers for all the villages, in view to the introduction of the "Putta system" at once, and to the issue of Puttas during the settlement in accordance with the actual occupancy of each Ryot. Of the 1,337 villages requiring puttas to be issued in this Fusly, Anubogam puttas have been issued to 1,192 villages. A

Fusiles. Number of villages. Number of puttas.
1275 887 8,888
1276 1,192 17,860

comparison between the number of puttas issued in the present and past Fuslies, is shown in the margin. The preparation of the puttas for the 145 remaining villages was found impossible in this

Fusly, notwithstanding great exertion on the part of the officials employed in completing this work. The examination of Waste and Shavi was commenced at an early date, and accounts began to come in from the talooks from the 1st of March. These were carefully examined and checked in this office, and in some instances fresh statements were called for in their places. For all these reasons more than the usual time was taken up for the settlement of this Fusly.

3. The total number of villages in the Sub-Division, and the different terms under which they are held, are the same as they were in last year, as shown in the subjoined Statement. Two entire villages under the head of Amani have, during the Fusly, been rented out to the Mirassidars. There is thus a decrease of two villages under the head "Amani," and a corresponding increase under that of "Mottamfaisal":—

Description of villages.	villages in	Number of villages in Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Ryotwar	508 823 15 1 V. H. 2 1	508 825 15 1 V. H. 0 1	 2 	  V. H. 2 0
Total	1,349	1,349	2	2
Shrotriem	8 76 19 11	8 76 19 11	•••	•••
Total	114	114	••	
Grand Total	1,463	1,463	2	2

It will be seen from Statement No. I that out of the total number of 17,360 puttas prepared and distributed according to the new form, the number of those renewed during the Fusly is 14,020. Of the remaining 3,340 unrenewed puttas, 217 have been modified by additional entries, while 3,123 have not been altered, as no material changes have taken place in the holdings of the Puttadars. Last year puttas were issued in the names of Mirassidars for 328 of the Mottamfaisal villages, and for one of the Olungu rented villages unaffected by price. In this year, however, puttas with reference to actual occupancy have been is sued for these villages, as also for 355 Mottamfaisal villages, thus making a total of 683 village a under the head of Mettamfaisal, and one under that of Olungu rented unaffected by price.

4. Season.—The season promised well at the commencement of the Fusly; but as it advanced, appearances changed, and it became more and more unfavourable. The cultivation materially suffered not only by excessive rain and high freshes at the time when they were not wanted, but also by the utter absence of rain when it was anxiously locked for by all. About ninety breaches were caused in Nannilam talook, and seven in Negapatam talook, by the high freshes in the rivers during the months of June, October, and November. The plants also suffered in some localities at the time of forming ears by the entire absence of rain.

On the whole, however, the season was a better one for cultivation than that which preceded it 5. The subjoined Table shows the average rainfall in each month as compared with Fusly 1275:—

		12	275.	12	76.		
Months.		Inches.	Tenths.	Inches.	Tenths.	Increase	Decrease
First half-year.							
April	000	1 1 2 1 1	4 4  4 01 8	0 0 0 0 1 2	5. 71. 41. 17. 9. 31.	0 41 0 84 0 84 0 51	0 9 0 64  2 34 
	Total	8	01	6	07	1 82	3 7 <del>1</del> Net de- erease. 1 9 <del>1</del>
Second half-year.			_				
October		7	3	10	6	3 3	
November	*** *** **	9	11	10	64	1 51	
December	*** *** ***	2,	$2\frac{1}{2}$	19	74	17 51	
January	*** *** ***	•••		0	5	0 5	
February	••• •••	•••	j	•••	í •••		
March	••• ···	•••	<b></b>	•••	•••	ļ	ł
•	Ţotal	18	7	41	5 <del>1</del>	22 81	
	rand Total	26	71	47	6	24 62	3 7

6. Sanitably Condition.—The sanitary condition of the Sub-Division during the Fasly under report was, in some respects, were than the preceding Fusly. The number of deaths from Cholera was 2,249, being a larger number than has been known for many years past, only 506 having died from this cause in Fusly 1275. The disease prevailed during almost all the months of the year. During the last four months, namely, March, April, May, and June, it was at its height, especially in Negapatam, Nagore, and Trivellore. The labourers engaged at work in the navigable canal between Negapatam and Vedaraniem suffered severely. The Dresser was directed to visit the several places attacked, with a supply of Cholera pills and other medicines. Small-pox and Rever also prevailed to some extent. The condition of the people in the southern part of the district was most deplorable. A large number of people from that part of the country, as well as from the south western Districts, were driven from their homes by the famine which prevailed there about the commencement of the Fusly. A number of people came here in quest of food, the want of which caused much suffering. I understand that subscriptions amounting to 6,260 Rupees were raised in

this division, and that these people were relieved by the establishment of a Conjee house at Negapatam, where many of them were fed for nearly four months, after which there was a favourable change in the season. No disease of any virulent type was observed among cattle, and there was an abundance of pasture.

7. PRICES.—From the annexed abstract it will be seen that the prices of all descriptions of grain have risen above those of the preceding Fusly. It will be observed that the average price of paddy in towns is twenty-eight per cent. above that of the past Fusly, while the price of the same article in the villages is five per cent. below that of the last Fusly, and 190 per cent. above the standard price. The increase of prices in the towns was due to the great demand, and to the diminution of the supply caused by a large quantity of grain imported by sea being sent to Malura and other places for the relief of the distress there. The price lists for last December show paddy selling at Rupees 3 per cullum. This was the highest point it reached, as the staple produce of the district, and Punja crops of the first six months came then into the market, and caused a downward tendency. At present the price is Rs. 15, a cullum at which it has been nearly stationary for some months past:—

D swinting of Grain	PR	ICE.	Tnamaga	Damas
Description of Grain.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	increase.	Decrease.
Paddy, first sort, per garce	199	252	53	•••.
Do. second sort, do	185 224 285	242  380	57  95	•••
Horse-gram	299 263	453 304	154 41	

8. RYOTS' HOLDINGS, ACTUAL CULTIVATION, WASTE CHARGED AND REMITTED.—The subjoined Statement exhibits the actual operations of the year as regards the ryots' holdings:—

	Fusly	1275.	Fusly	1276.	Incr	EASE.	DECE	ease.
Items.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
Holdings at the	ACRES.	<b>R</b> 8.	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	BS.	ACRES.	BS.
beginning of the year Deduct lands	2,27,793	10,73,730	2,26,051	10,64,355			1,742	9,375
given up	2,282	10 960	5,567	26,524	3,285	15,564		•••••
Remainder	2,25,511	10,62,770	2,20,484	10,37,831			5,027	24,939
Add lands taken up	540	1,733	6,806	29,729	6,266	27,996		
Total holdings	2,26,051	10,64,503	2,27,290	10,67,560	1,239	3,057		
Deduct waste re- mitted	2,200	8,527	1,259	5,264			941	3,263
Remainder	2,23,851	10.55 976	2,26,031	10.62,296	2,180	6,320		
Par- Actual cultiva-ticu- tion Waste		10,12 902	· · ·	ı	1,707	4,898		
charged	17,222	43,074	17,695	44.496	473	1 422	<u></u>	

- 9. Lands given up and taken up.—The decrease under the head of holdings is due to the extent of land assigned over in the preceding Fusly to Native Religious Institutions, in lieu of ready money payments. The increase under the head of "Lands given up" is owing to the large extent of land transferred by Sale, &c., (which is exhibited in the statement as directed in the Board's Circular Memorandum, No. 787, 14th August 1866,) and to lands being washed away by rivers and channels. The extent of land transferred by sale, &c., and of land newly brought under cultivation, is shown as increase under the head of "Lands taken up."
- 10. WASTE REVITTED AND WASTE CHARGED.—The following is the abstract showing the waste remitted and charged in comparison with Fusly 1275:—

					•		Fus	L¥ 1275.	Fusi	¥ 1276.
							Extent.	Assessment	Extent.	Assessment.
Waste remitted Do. charged	•••	•••	•••	 · ···	•••	•••	ACRES. 2,2(.0 17,222	RS. 8,527 43,074	ACRES. 1,259 17,695	Rs. 5,264 44,496

- 11. Under the head of "Waste remitted" there is a decrease this year, attributable to the smaller extent of waste this year than last.
- 12. The item "Waste charged" shows the extent of lands left waste by the Mirassidars' own negligence.
- 13. ACTUAL CULTIVATION.—The increase under the head of "Actual cultivation" is owing partly to a large extent (namely, 1,386 acres, assessed at 3,682 Rupees) being brought under cultivation this year, and partly to increased exertions on the part of Mirassidars.
- 14. Remissions.—The subjoined Statement shows the remissions granted under Shavi, &c., in comparison with Fusly 1275:—

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Shavi	899 2,649	R8. 4,756  1,321 104	R8.	RS. 8,136 899 1,328 114
Total	16,658	6,181	•••••	10,477

Of the above sum of Rupees 6,181, a sum of Rupees 3,603 was remitted on account of Shavi, in Nannilam talook, caused by the injury done by the high freshes and breaches, as already remarked in paragraph 4. No remission was granted to this talook in Fusly 1275, and at the beginning of this Fusly, prospects were so good that no remissions were anticipated to be nece ssary. A remission of Rupees 1,258 was allowed in the Negapatam talook on account of the bad state of the river Vellaiyar, and of the irrigation channels of Karapadagai and other villages in the south eastern portion of that talook. The balance of Rupees 1,321 is the remission granted to the Kadarambam villages, under Kattuguttagai tenure. The condition of these villages has, I believe, been fully reported to you by my predecessor on several occasions. On the whole the amount remitted in this Fusly is smaller than that allowed in the preceding Fusly.

15. CULTIVATION AND SETTLEMENT.—The following Statement shows the Comparative Cultivation and Sattlement of the Land Ravenue for the two Fusies:—

	Fusi	лу 1275.	Fusi	у 1276.	Ince	EASE.	DECI	REASE.
Items.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Unirrigated or Dry land Irrigated or wet land.	23,317 2,02,691		23,863 2,03,427	33,090 10,34,470	546 736	766 2,060	•••	
Total	2,26,008	10,64,734	2,27,290	10,67,560	1,282	2,826		
Second crop assessment Additional do Water tax Road Cess		2,703 11,870 5,454	•••••	4,039 11,705 6,781 29,309		1,336  1,327 29,309	•••	165 
Total		10,84,761	••••	11,19,394		34,798		165
Deduct remissions. Waste remitted Other remissions as		8,527		5,264			•••	3,263
particularized in Statement No. 4		16,658	•••••• •	6,181	•••		•••	10,477
Total		25,185		11,445	•••			13,740
Remainder Add Miscellaneous		10,59,576, 25,797		11,07,949 26,247		48,373 450	•••	
Grand Total		10,85,373	••••	11,34,196		48,823	•••	

<sup>16.</sup> The increase under the several heads is owing to a larger extent of extra cultivation in this Fusly than the last.

17. EXTENT OF LAND CULTIVATED WITH SPECIAL PRODUCTS.—The following gives a comparative view of the extent of land cultivated with Sugar-cane, Cotton, and Indigo in Fuslies 1275 and 1276:—

`	Fusly	1275.	Fusly	1276.	Incr	EASB.	DECREASE.	
Products.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent	Assess- ment.	Extent	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
Sugar-cane Cotton Indigo Total	48 43 8 99	196 52 18 266	59 67 1 127	233 66 1 300	11 24  35	57 14  51	  7	 17 -17

18. LAND AND SUNDEY SOURCES OF REVENUE.—The following Statement shows the general result of all branches of Revenue for the year under report in comparison with Fusly 1275:—

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5
Jodi	10,477 10,59,576	10,546 10,78,640	69 19,064	•••••
Total	10,70,053	10,89,186	19,133	
Miscellaneous	25,797	26,247	450	•••••
Total.,	10,95,850	11,15,433	19,583	
Abkarry	81,225 98,661 56,265 3,21,157	1,23,447 80,608 69,321 4,06,311	42,222  13,056 85,154	18,053
Total	5,57,308	6,79,687	1,40,432	18,053
Grand Total	16,53,158	17,95,120	1,60,015	18,053
Road Cess		29,309	29,309	•••••
Total	16,53,158	18,24,429	1,89,324	18,053
Net Increase			1,71,271	

The increase under the head of "Jodi" is owing to the quitrent fixed by the Inam Commissioner during the Fusly on the Inam lands that were settled. The increase under the head of "Ryotwar" is chiefly due to a smaller extent of remission this year, than was allowed last year. and also to extra cultivation, the extent of which is noted in paragraph 16. The increase under the item "Miscellaneous" is caused partly by quitrent charged on Inam lands by the Inam Commissioner, and partly by the proceeds from Inam lands during the time they were under attachment. The increase under the head of Abkarry is attributable to the Farm of the Sub-division having been rented in this Fusly for a larger sum than at the preceding sale. The decrease under the head of "Stamps" in this Fusly is attributable to a fall in the sale of Stamps for which there was an unusually large demand in Fusly 1275, in consequence of the restrictive provision in the Registration Act XVI of 1864 under which the people were bound to file suits in the Civil Court before the end of December 1865, in order to give validity to their documents executed before the Act came into There is an increase of more than Rupees 13,000 in Land Customs, owing to increase in the Import trade of the following articles:-Kernel, Camphor, Fireworks, Oil, Betel-nut, and Sugar, and of Paddy, Rice, and Piece Goods in the Export trade. This increase is after deducting the decrease in import of Timber and Liquor, which amounted to Rupees 4,000. The increase of more than Rupees 85,000 under the head of Sea Customs is found both under Imports and Exports in the articles of Cocoanut, Kernel, Piece Goods, Fireworks, Betel-nut, and other articles under the former, and Paddy, Rice, Silk Cloths, &c., under the latter head. I would also observe that this increase is the result after deducting the decrease under Import of Twist, Benjamin, and Railway Stores, as also of Grain, Country Soap, and other articles under Export. The collections under the head of "Road Cess" form a new source of revenue in the Fusly under report, under Madras Act III. of 1866. The large amount of increase under the heads of Sea and Land Customs as shown above, is, in a great measure, attributable to the enhanced rate of the grain export duty which has been raised from two to three annas a Maund under the Indian Customs Duties Act XVII. of 1867.

20. DEMAND, COLLECTION, AND BALANCE OF REVENUE.—The Statement hereunder annexed will show the Demand, Collection, and Balance of the current Fusly, as well as the further collections up to the end of July 1867:-

Items.	Demand.	Collection.	Balance.	Further; Collections.	Balance.
Jodi on Shrotriem, &c., villages Ryotwar	Rs. 10,546 10,78,640	RS. 10,189 10,44,106	RS. 357 34,534	RS. 346 25,602	RS. 11 8,932
Total	10,89,186	10,54,295	34,891	25,948	8,943
Miscellaneous	26,247	24,631	1,616	1,529	87
Total	11,15,433	10,78,926	36,507	27,477	9,030
Abkarry Stamp Land Custom Sea Custom	1,23,447 80,608 69,321 4,06,311	1,20,190 80,608 69,321 4,06,311	3,257 	3,257  	
Total	6,79,687	6,76,430	3,257	3,257	
Grand Total	17,95,120	17,55,356	39,764	30,734	9,030
Road Cess	29,309	27,235	2,074	1,877	197
Grand Total	18,24,429	17,82,591	41,838	32,611	9,227

It will be observed that the proportion between the Demand and Balance is half per cent.

21. The usual measures are being taken for the collection of the balance.

The annexed is a comparative abstract of collections for Fuslies 1275 and 1276:—

	]	Fusly 127	5.	1	Fusly 1270	3.		
Items.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue. Jodi on Shrotriem, &c., vil-	RS.	RS.	RS.	es.	RS.	RS.	R8.	RS.
lages	136	10,417	10,553	<b>6</b> 0	10,189	10,249		304)
Ryotwar	5,150		10,55,667		10,44,106			1,924 (
Miscellaneous	•			•		, ,		$\rangle a$
Items	943	24,912	25,855	884	24,631	25,515	•••	340)
Total	6,229	10,85,846	10,92,075	10,581	10,78,926	10,89,507		2,568
Abkarry	2,274	78,725				1,22,690		)
Sea Custom	•••	3,21,157				4,06,311		
Land Custom	•••	56,265		•••	69,321			l <b>)</b>
Stamp	•••	98,661	98,661	•••	80,608			18,053 c
Road Cess	•••	l	•••	•••	27,235	27,235	27,235	d
Total	8,503	16,40,654	16,49,157	13,081	17,82,591	17,95,672	1,67,136	20,621
Net Increase	,		•••	•••		•••	•••	1,46,515

a The decrease under these heads is attributable to the largeness of the demand on these items, and also to the balance yet to be collected under each.

b The demand under these heads being larger (as shown in paragraph 19), there is an increase of collections under these items.

The cause of this decrease is explained in paragraph 19.

### This is a new source of revenue under Madras Act III. of 1866.

22. DEMAND, COLLECTION, AND BALANCE OF ARREARS.—The arrears of former years amounted at the commencement of Fusly 1276 to Rupees 13,133, as shown in Statement No. 8. Of this sum Rupees 13,081 were collected within the Fusly, leaving, at its close, a balance of Rupees 52, Rupees 10 of which is recoverable, being due for Fusly 1275. The balance, Rupees 42, for Fusly 1274 is irrecoverable, and this sum has been

No. 166 of 12th July 1866.

1274, is irrecoverable, and this sum has been recommended to be written off from the accounts, as per letter noted in the margin from this office.

- 23. Coercive.—Coercive process was employed in the collection of revenue in a larger number of cases in this Fusly than in the preceding. The value of lands and other property attached was Rupees 3,503, but that sold was Rupees 3,003 as shown in enclosure A of Statement No. 8. The other defaulters paid their arrears before the sale of their property took place.
- 24. CHARGES.—The Statement of charges is not furnished, as these accounts are kept in the Collector's office for the whole district.
- 25. TALOOK AND VILLAGE ACCOUNTS.—The Talook and Village Accounts in the Sub-Division are generally kept in accordance with the Manual, forms, and instructions. The instructions contained in your letter, No. 1,304, of 28th November 1866, regarding the Statements Nos. 5 and 8 of the Village Manual, have been attended to during the Settlement. The Revenue Inspectors examine the village accounts periodically, and report having done so in their monthly Diaries.
- 26. LANDS ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.—A statement of lands acquired by Public servants during the Fusly under report has already been forwarded from this office.
- 27. REMARKS ON THE CONDUCT OF THE SUBORDINATES.—Having been such a short time in charge of the Office, I have no remarks to make upon the conduct of the subordinates.

(Signed) J. HOPE, Acting Sub-Collector.

#### SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

### TRICHINOPOLY.

- 1. I have the honour to submit my Settlement Report for Fusly 1276 (1866-67), accompanied by the usual Statements.
- 2. OFFICERS BY WHOM THE SETTLEMENT WAS CONDUCTED.—The Talook of Trichinopoly was settled by Mr. Banbury, Kulitallay by myself, Museri by Mr. Parker, the late Acting Head Assistant Collector, and the remaining two Talooks of Perambalur and Woodiarpolliem by Mahomed Esuf, the Deputy Collector.
- 3. Variations in the number and tenure of villages.—Decrease of one Ayen village.—During the Inam Settlement, an "Ayen" village, seven-eighths of which was "Shrotriem," was transferred to the latter head, and quitrent imposed upon the whole. This reduced the number of Ayen villages by one.
- 4. Increase of two Shrotriem villages.—Two Shrotriem villages, hitherto treated as one in the accounts, have now been separately recognized by the Inam Department. Thus the number of Shrotriem villages has increased by two.
- 5. Increase of thirteen Inam villages.—The Ayacut of thirteen hamlets was not included in the new Revenue Settlement in that of their respective mother villages, probably because these hamlets were in themselves entire Inams, and consequently, in the recent Inam Settlement, they have been treated as distinct villages. Hence the increase of thirteen in the number of Inam villages.
- 6. The total number of Puttas was 1,26,362, of which 7,980 were fresh, and 1,18,382 old Puttas. Of the latter number, only 24,989 were modified by additional entries. Deducting 1,358 on account of "lands given up," &c., there remains a net increase of 6,622 fresh Puttas issued during the year.
- 7. Season.—The season was not unfavourable. The early rains were insufficient, but the subsequent falls were more copious, and raised the average above that of the previous year—Vide the subjoined Statement:—

			Mon	ths.					For F 1275-		For F 1276		Incre	<b>as</b> e.	Decre	
									ı,	D.	I.	D.	I,	D.	ı.	D.
July									2	80	0	20	•••		2	60
A1	•••								0	85	2	43	1	58		• • •
September		•••	•••	•••					3	60	2	90	•••		0	70
October		•••	•••	•••					6	75	9	70	2	95	•••	
November		•••	•••		•				<b>2</b> 0	75	1	18	•••		1	57
December		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		Ö	85	5	55	4.	70		•••
January			•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••		•••		•••			•••
TO 1	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••			•••	•••	0	16	0	16		•••
	•••	•••				•••	•••		•••			1	•••			
	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••				Ö	31	0	89	0	58	•••	•••
April	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • • •		ž	42	ž	40	_	1	0	02
<b>М</b> ау	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• •	•••	•••	1	72	ő	43	•••	•••	i	29
June	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1	12	U	40	•••	•••		Z
						Tota	al	•••	22	05	25	84	9	97	6	18

The rain returns forwarded to the Board monthly were not so accurate as could be desired, owing to the want of a clear conception of the mode of calculation; but the subject has since been more carefully studied, and, consequently, the figures entered in the above Statement, though not quite tallying with those in the monthly returns, may be accepted as the most correct. In the Trichinopoly and Museri Talooks a portion of the crops sustained serious damage from the breaching of the Iyaur banks in the extraordinarily high freshes of October last.

8. Sanitary condition.—Considering that the season under review immediately succeeded one of unprecedented drought and severity, the district, on the whole, may be said to have been remarkably healthy. There were very few cases of death from Cholera and other epidemics, though the people suffered a little from Small-pox towards the close of the year. Cattle on the whole were healthy, and pasturage sufficient.

Fasly	1275 1276			  	726 132
		Differ	rence	 	594

9. EMIGRATION.—The number of Emigrants was only 132 against 726 in the last year. This difference is attributable to the more favourable season, and to the high wages prevailing in the District.

- 10. PRICES, STATEMENT No. 2.— Prices were exceedingly high. That of paddy rose 33 per cent. higher than in Fusly 1275, and 87 per cent. higher than the average price of the last ten years. Those of dry grains varied from 27 to 56 per cent. higher than last year, and from 56 to 99 per cent., as compared with the average prices of the last ten years. In fact, they averaged four times the commutation price fixed by the Settlement Department. This is attributable to the prevailing famine, and consequent increased demand from the neighbouring Districts.
- 11. Ryots' Holdings, Statement No. 3.—The area of land in the Ryots' holdings at the commencement of the Fusly was Acres 8,37,428, assessed at Rupees 12,06,514, of which Acres 19,853, bearing an assessment of Rupees 18,876, were given up, and Acres 70,229, assessed at Rupees 67,942, were newly taken up. Thus the actual extent of land under this head, at the close of the Fusly, was Acres 8,87,804, assessed at Rupees 12,55,580, or an increase of Acres 50,376, assessed at Rupees 49,066.
  - 12. LAND TRANSFERRED.—In connection with this subject, it should be noticed here that land

Cultivated Waste		•••		•••	2.97 10.65
		_	1		19,00

to the extent of Acres 13.62, as particularized in the margin, was transferred to the Tanjore District in consequence of the Settlement, during the year, of a long standing boundary dis-

pute between the ryotwar villages of Pattahlapettah and Kilioor in this District, and the Shrotriem village of Nadoongalum in Tanjore.

13. WASTE REMITTED.—Under this head Rupees 3,089, assessable on Acres 949 of Nunjah lands in the Museri Talook, were remitted owing to their having been left waste from the breaching of the banks of the tanks and other reservoirs.

Dated 11th June 1867, No. 8,569, paragraph 82.

14. MEERAHS TO VILLAGE SERVANTS.—
I beg to note here that the Board, in their Proceedings noted in the margin, observe that in

this District, the new Settlement includes 6½ per cent. on account of village establishment, but that no deduction is made from the demand. This is not correct, for the new Settlement does not include the village charges, excepting in the villages transferred to this District from South Arcot, and consequently there was no necessity for the deduction in question.

15. ABSTRACT A, STATEMENT No. 3—A Comparative Statement of the extent of cultivation and Settlement is given below:—

	1	FUSLY 1275.		FUBLY 1276.	1	INCREASE.	DECI	DECREASE.
Items.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
1	8	ဇာ	4	2	9	7	<b>∞</b>	6
Dry	ACRES. 7,12,683 1,23,657	6,77,551 10 0 5,25,296 10 0	ACRES. 7,61,781 1,25,074	RS. A. P. 7,22,592 6 8 5,29,898 15 0	ACRES. 49,098 1,417	BS. A. P. 45,040 12 8 4,602 5 0	ACRES.	80 · ·
Total	8,36,340	12,02,848 4 0	8,86,855	12,52,491 5 8	50,515	49,643 1 8	:	:
Add Second crop assessment Additional assessment Water tax Road Fund		75,315 4 0 1,183 2 0 7,290 4 0		79,040 1 0 2,154 • 5 0 13,049 5 0 22,703 7 6		3,724 13 0 971 3 0 5,759 1 0 22,703 7 6		:::::
Total		83,788 10 0	. :	1,16,947 2 6	;	33,158 8 6	:	:
		12,86,636 14 0		13,69,438 8 2		82,801 10 2	:	:
Deduct Remissions Road Fund Village Service Fund Other Remissions as par-		25,407 2 0 552 11 0		49,242 0 5 560 8 0		23,834 14 5 7 13 0	:::	:::
No. 4		8,439 3 0		15,638 3 0		7,199 0 0	:	:
Total		34,399 0 0		65,440 11 5		31,041 11 5	:	:
Remaining Beriz Add Miscellaneous items.		12,52,237 14 0 46,127 3 0		13,03,997 12 9 49,125 15 6		51,759 14 9 2,998 12 6	::	::
Total	:	12,98,365 1 0	:	13,53,123 12 3	:	54,758 11 3	:	:

<sup>16.</sup> The above Statement exhibits a net increase of Rupees 54,758 in the assessment, a result chiefly to be attributed to the low rates of the new Settlement.

<sup>17.</sup> Cultivation of Special Products,—Statement No. 3, Enclosure B.—There was a decrease of Acres 2,773 in the cultivated area of Cotton owing to the limited demand.

#### SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

18. As the cultivation of Cotton in the Zemindary and Inam villages is not included in the Demand, Collection, and Balance Statement of June last, the figures therein entered will not tally with those now given.

19.	Subjoined is a Statement showing the principal sources of Irrigation,	with the	extent of
cultivatio	n and assessment dependent upon each:—	•	

		Aya	ACUT.	Cultiv	ATION.
Talooks.	Sources of Irrigation.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.
Trichinopoly.	Weyacondan Ramavoitallay Yellandavoitallay Poodooayen Voikal Vadakayan Voikal Therkayan Voikal Peroovala Voikal Nadookaray Nat Voikal Malattar Pungooney Voikal	17,256 967 1,515 2,971 3,468 2,943 7,903 3,060 2,556 5,621	RS. 1,01,607 5,427 10,405 18,011 24,677 19,928 38,270 17,881 12,305 23,801	16,964 963 1,806 2,958 3,439 2,932 7,892 3,047 2,552 5,558	88. 99,246 5,411 10,354 17,938 24,588 16,404 38,176 17,828 12,284 23,550
	Total	al 48,560	2,72,312	48,111	2,65,779
useri	Mooseri Nat Voikal	1,813 1,298 1,532 2,256	10,498 8,086 9,825 8,546	1,805 1,297 1,514 2,175	10,458 8,083 9,741 8,152
Kulitallay	Mardoor Nat Voikal	6,899 3,798 1,100 1,848 2,258	36,955 27,420 6,748 9,389 5,726	3,752 1,075 1,787 2,082	36,434 27,214 6,660 9,158 5,310
	Tota	al 9,004	49,283	8,696	48,342
	Ponnery Voikal	3,382	12,746	3,111	10,805
polliem.	Tota	al 3,382	12,746	3,111	10,805

- 20. Measures were adopted for putting the Weyacondan, the chief irrigating channel, in an efficient state. The head was cleared and a scouring sluice constructed during the year, which will come into play in the next high fresh, and will, it is hoped, keep the head clear of silt.
- 21. RUINED TANKS.—No applications were made during the year for the restoration of ruined tanks, owing probably to the rate of Rupees 2 per acre sanctioned by the Board, being far in excess of the Settlement rates.
- 22. Remission, Statement No. 4.—Under the circumstances represented in the latter part of paragraph 7 of this report, remission to the extent of Rupees 1,802 was allowed on account of loss of crops from flood in the Trichinopoly Talook.
- 23. The loss of Rupees 2,557 under "Fassalcummee" is partly counterbalanced by the increase of Rupees 1,168 from second crop cultivation. This remark applies to the fluctuations under "Water tax" also.

24. STATEMENT No. 5.—This Statement shows the Demand, Collection, and Balance of Land Revenue, Miscellaneous items. The aggregate amount under this head is Rupees 49,126, against Rupees 46,127 in the preceding year, or an increase of Rupees 3,000. The chief variations are noticed below.

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- 25. The increase of Rupees 4 072 in item No. 6, "Land cultivated, but not included in the Jummahbundy," is owing to the Jummahbundy having been conducted earlier than in the last year.
- 26. The increase of Rupees 1,048 in item No 41, "Commission on private estates under Circar management," is the result of the demand, for both Fuslies 1275 and 1276, on account of the commission on the Marungapury Estate having been credited during the latter.
- 27. In item No. 46, "Water tax on Zemindary, Inam, &c., lands," there is an increase of Rupees 1,134 in consequence of this item, which was included in Fusly 1275 in that of "Ryotwar," having now been exhibited separately.
- 28. The decrease of Rupees 702 in item No. 2, "Tax on trees on unassessed lands," is to be ascribed to the failure in the produce of Tamarind trees, which form the chief source of income under this head.
- 29. Till lately a practice had obtained in this District of bringing to account only those trees which actually yielded fruit in each year, and of remitting the tax on those which, having once come into bearing, happened to fail in the particular year. To put a stop to the objectionable system of examinations involved in this practice, I have ordered that all trees which have once been entered in the accounts as having come into bearing should thereafter be charged whether they actually yielded or not.

The decrease of Rupees 619 in item No. 35, "Rent on Padoogay lands," is the result of the transfer of this item to Local Fund.

- 30. The difference in the other items being inconsiderable, calls for no special remarks.
- 31. STATEMENT No. 6.—This Statement shows the Demand, Collection, and Balance of Revenue in the Zemindaries, Moottahs, &c., &c. There was a balance of Rupees 7,626 at the close of the Fusly, which has since been collected with the exception of Rupees 141.
  - 32. STATEMENT No. 7.—The following is a Comparative Abstract of collections:—

		Fusly 12	75.		Fusly 12	276.	In-	De-
Items.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears	Current.	Total.	croase.	•
Land Revenue.	P.S.	RS.	RS.	BS.	Rs.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Perman ntly set- tled Jodi on Shrotriem,	1,889	45,862	47,751	4,027	42,915	46,942		809
&c., villages Ryotwar Miscellan eous	1,025 69,954 10,005	8,947 12,09,653 32,657	9,972 12,79,607 42,662	49 43,289 13,068	8,364 12,90,933 41,283	8,413 13,34,222 54,351	54,615 11,689	1,559 
Total		12,97,119	13,79,992	60,433	13,83,495	14,43,928	66,304	2,368
Abkarry	5,396 5,599 	1,04,866 595  66,809	1,10,262 6,194  86,809	1,669 	1,09,759 48 5,324 80,383	1,11,428 48 5,324 80,383	1,166  5,324	6,146  6,426
Grand Total	93,868	14,89,389	15,83,257	62,102	15,79,009	16,41,111	72,794	14,940

- 33. The small decrease of Rupees 809 under the item "Permanently settled" has been since collected.
- 34. The decrease of Rupees 1,559 in item "Jodi on Shrotriem," is partly due to a corresponding fall in the collection of the arrears, and partly to the whole amount of the current demand not having been realized within the close of the year.
- 35. The increase of Rupees 54,615 in "Ryotwar," and Rupees 11,689 in "Miscellaneous," is consequent on the rise in the demand.
- 36. In item "License-tax," there is an increase of Rupees 5,324, owing to the Act having come into operation only during the year under report.
- 37. The decrease of Rupees 6,426 in item "Stamps," is owing to the exceptionally large sale of Stamps last year consequent on the obligation to register all old documents before the end of December 1865.
- 38. Statement No. 7.—The balance at the close of the Fusly on account of all sources of revenue was Rupees 43,742, which has been since reduced to Rupees 15,104 by collections up to the 31st August last. Measures have been adopted for the speedy realization of this latter sum.

Am	ount due	on	BCCC	unt	of					
Fusly	1272	•••		•••	•••	•••	9	8	6)	ij
•	1273	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	89	0	7(	Ĕ
,,	1274	• •	•••	•••	•••	••	697	13	11 (	ğ
,,	1272 1273 1274 1275	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	343	4	0)	Ą
••	1274			•••	4	•••	17	12	93	Miscel.
**	1275	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	21	15	_6∫ 	laneous-
							1,179	) 1	6	

39. STATEMENT No. 8.—Of the balance of Rupees 3,698-13-0, Rupees 2,193-9-2 are recoverable, Rupees 417-0-1 are doubtful, and Rupees 1,179-1-6 are irrecoverable, as particularized in the margin. The amount recommended for remission in Fusly 1275, but for which no sanction has as yet been received, is

Rupees 503-0-2. Of this sum, Rupees 3-14-2 have been since collected, and the remainder is included in the abovementioned sum of Rupees 1,179-1-6. Sanction is, therefore, requested for writing off the accounts this amount (namely, Rupees 1,179-1-6,) which is due (1) by Ryots either poor, dead, or absconded; (2), to the fact that the assessment of a piece of land taken up for public purposes was inadvertently omitted to be deducted from the gross beriz; (3), to the embezzlement of a Curnum, who had no property, from which the amount embezzled could be recovered; and lastly, to an erroneous entry.

- 40. The remissions on account of the Trichinopoly Talook include two amounts, one allowed by Mr. Banbury, who settled that Talook, the other, on subsequent inquiries, and on the representation of the Tahsildar, I found it necessary to grant.
- 41. The amount, namely, Rupees 1,179-1-6, for the remission of which sanction is now requested, is in excess of that entered in the Demand, Collection and Balance Statement for June last by Rupees 90-13-9. This difference has arisen from the amount collected in excess from a certain ryot having leen erroneously credited to the balance due by another ryot.
- 42. Coercive Process, Statement No. 8 A.—Moveable property to the value of Rupees 81, and immoveable to that of Rupees 4,894, were sold on account of arrears of revenue.
- 43. STATEMENT No. 9.—The gross collections from all sources of revenue amounted to Repees 16,41,110, and the aggregate charges to Rupees 1,37,480, leaving a net saving of Rupees 15,03,630. The corresponding charges of the last year were Rupees 1,38,767, or Rupees 1,287 more.

- 44. The increase of Rupees 3,552 in item "Huzur and Talook Establishment," is owing to the increased pay assigned to the Revenue Subordinates, in Mr. Pelly's final revision of establishments, having been drawn only for a portion of the last year as against the whole year under review.
- 45. The decrease of Rupees 4,923 in item "Miscellaneous," is owing to the Inam Commission Deputy Collector and his establishment having drawn their salaries in this District last year.
  - 46. QUINQUENNIAL RETURNS.—The Quinquennial Statements prepared in conformity with the instructions contained in the Circular Memorandum, as per 1st November 1866, No. 1,097.

    The Quinquennial Statements prepared in conformity with the instructions contained in the Circular Memorandum, as per 1st November 1866, No. 1,097.
- 47. The figures entered in these Statements will be found to differ in some degree from those entered in the corresponding Statements for Fusly 1271, owing to the changes caused by the new settlement, and to the interchange of villages with South Arcot.
- 48. Census, Statement D.—I have to inform the Board that the census returns furnished to them in Fusly 1271 were incorrect. Not only were there no less than six clerical errors in the Statement, by one of which the whole number of houses in the district were re-entered as being in the town alone, but every column relating to the Trichinopoly Talook contained a blunder of the most startling description. No comparison can, therefore, be made between the census as then rendered and the present one. Confining myself to the total population, I may state that careful scrutiny leaves no doubt that the population of the Trichinopoly Talook was returned at about 80,000 more than the actual accounts warranted.

Eliminating this error, instead of 9,39,400, as returned, the population of Fusly 1271 should be considered to have been only 8,59,400.

The present return is 10,06,826, and thus, instead of 67,426, the true increase in the population of the District is 1,47,426.

49. The population of the Municipality, including the Fort, the Military Cantonment, and fifteen suburban villages, is 57,177, exclusive of non-residents.

The population of the Fort alone, which has now been ascertained to be under 20,000, was entered as 97,154 in the former return.

I beg to add that I have taken the census of the Municipality twice over by different agencies, that the returns have been personally checked by my Assistant, Mr. Gribble, and that I am prepared toguarantee the substantial accuracy of the result.

50. STATEMENT E.—Subjoined is an abstract showing the number of ryots, puttas, &c.:-

		Iten	ns.	 			Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
				•••		• • • •	I 1 06 097	1,26,362 1,26,362	20,275 20,275	
Ploughs Cattle	 •••	• • •	•••	 •••	•••	•••	43 801	79,996 10,39,251	36,195 16,854	

- ·51. The increase in each item in the above abstract is consequent on the increase in the extent of cultivation owing to the low rates of the new settlement.
- 52. VILLAGE AND TALOOK ACCOUNTS.—The Village Accounts have on the whole been moderately correctly kept. This report has been delayed owing to the confusion in the Talook Accounts. Those of the Wodiarpolliem Talook are the worst, and there no improvement can be anticipated until the present old and inefficient Tahsildar is disposed of. The Medical Officer has refused to grant him a certificate, and without one he is not entitled to a retiring pension.



- 53. LANDS ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.—There is nothing deserving of special remark on this subject.
- 54. CONDUCT OF THE SUBORDINATE OFFICERS.—I am indebted to my Serishtadar, Setoo Row, for the assistance he has rendered me in the preparation of this report.

TRICHINOPOLY, 23rd September 1867.

(Signed) G. VANS AGNEW,
Acting Collector.

# SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

### MADURA

- 1. I have the honour to submit my report on the settlement of this District for the past Fusly 1276, A.D. 1866-67 accompanied by the explanatory statements particularized in the list herein enclosed.
  - 2. The Sub-Collector's report on the settlement of his Division, is also submitted.
- 3. Places at which settlement was made.—Statement No. I. shows the several places at which the Puttahs were distributed with the names of officers who distributed them.
- 4. Of the four talooks composing the Collector's division, I settled two talooks, viz., Terumungalum and Pereakolum; and Mr. Underwood, the Deputy Collector, settled the other two, Madura and Melur.
- 5. The distribution of Puttahs was commenced on the 13th April, and was finished on the 26th June.
- 6. The following Statement exhibits the number of villages and their descriptions, in comparison with those of the preceding year:—

							Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Ryotwary villages Amani do. Inam and Shrotriem Palayaput do	 do.	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	5 <del>1</del> 563 <del>1</del>	781 8 <del>1</del> 569 <del>1</del> 7	 3½ 6,5, 1	1  

7. Variations in the number and tenure of villages.—The village of Kilangolam was formerly an Inam village in Terumangalum talook, granted by the Rulers of the Carnatic for the support of a Chuttrum at Kilangolam. It was subsequently resumed and incorporated with Government villages in the year 1854, because the object for which it was originally granted was not



duly attended to, but on the recommendation of the late Collector Mr. Levinge, it was granted under the orders of Government, dated 10th October 1866, No. 2,743, for the support of a Chuttrum newly constructed at Culputty in the said talook. The village has consequently been transferred from the head of Ryotwar, to that of Inam villages. Hence the decrease of one village under the head "Ryotwary."

- 8. The increase of three-and-a-half villages under the head "Amani," is the result of an addition of four-and-a-half villages to, and the transfer of one village from, this head.
- 9. The village transferred from the Amani to the Inam head, is called Pakiri Puthukolam, situated in the Ramnad Zemindary. It was originally an Inam village granted for the performance of service in the Mosque at Ramiswaram, and was in Fusly 1274 resumed, as the object of the grant was not duly fulfilled; but on the recommendation of Mr. Levinge, the village was restored to the mosque under Government Order, dated 17th September 1866, No. 2,494.
  - 1. Vunnarendul.
  - 2. Muniarendul.
  - Pauppenendul.
     Puthanendul.
  - Half of the Thumbeyendul village.

10. The Durmasanum and other Inam villages newly brought under this head in this Fusly are named in the margin, and are situated in the Ramnad Zemindary. They were resumed and incorporated with Government vil-

lages under the orders of the Inam Commissioner, in consequence of the non-appearance of the Inamdars for the Inam Settlement.

- 11. The increase of  $6_{1}^{5}_{6}$  villages under the head of "Inam and Shrotriem villages" over that of the preceding year, is owing to the inclusion under this head of the Durmasanum and other Inam villages,  $5_{1}^{5}_{6}$  in number, in the Ramnad Zemindary, on which the Inam Commissioner newly imposed quit rent in the year under report, and of the village of Kilangolam lately made over to Culputty Chuttrum—vide paragraph 7.
- 12. The Inam village of Kudiputty, belonging to Sapatur Zemindary, was omitted in the last Quinquennial Returns submitted for Fusly 1271. This omission being now supplied in the similar Returns received for Fusly 1276, there is an increase of one village under the head Polyaput—vide also paragraph 118.
- 13. REMARKS ON THE NUMBER OF PUTTARS ISSUED.—The number of Puttahs during the year under report has been 1,24,696, or 1,707 more than the number issued in Fusly 1275. Of the total number of Puttahs issued, only 61,251 were granted anew. The changes in the Ryots' holdings to a greater extent in this than in last Fusly, necessitated the issuing of so many fresh Puttahs.

**\*63,445**.

14. The unrenewed Puttahs were 51\* per cent. of the whole number of Puttahs issued in

this year. I hope that the adoption of the new form of Puttahs received with the Board's Circular Memorandum, dated 7th February 1865, will reduce the number of fresh Puttahs in the current Fusly.

- 15. Season.—The season in this year was on the whole more unfavourable for agriculture than that of the preceding year. From the beginning of this Fusly till the month of September, there were slight showers throughout the District. The rains of October gave a small supply of water to the tanks in many parts of the District; but in the subsequent months there was little er no rain. The scanty rain which fell in the early part of this year enabled the Ryots to carry en their wet and dry cultivation for some time, but the subsequent failure of timely rain caused heavy loss of crops in many parts of the District, though the yield of the lands dependant for their irrigation on rivers was tolerably good.
- 16. The talook which was most seriously affected by the adverse season, was Melur, the crops in which, toth dry and wet, failed to a lamentable extent.

#### 17. A table of the monthly fall of rain is annexed:-

	- ,0981 lingA	May.	ливе.	July	August.	September.	.fstoT	Осторет.	Мочетрет.	Тесешрег.	.7381 Yranast	February.	March.	Total.	Grand total.	
	I. 100tb. I.	_	I. 100th.	100th. I. 100th. I. 100th I. 100th, I. 100th. I. 100th. I.	I. 100¢h.	[. 100th.	f. 100th.	I. 100th.	[.100ths.	I. 100th.	100th. I.100ths. I. 100th. I. 100th. I. 100th. I.	[. 100th.]	г. 100th.	100th. I. 100th. I. 100th.	i.	4
Northern Section .	960	5 95	1 59	2 37	4 621	7 994	7 994 23 494 14 42	14 42	0 69 4	6 42	0 3	:	:	21 563 45	45	•
Southern Section	:	2 22	2 20	1 47	8 433	3 72; 18	18 5	23 50	2 95	6 854	:	:	:	33 30 1 51	513	354
Fastern Section	:	0 20	0 13	2 64	$2~16\frac{1}{2}$	0 314	26 9	4 17	3 65	4 56	:	:	:	12 38	18 3	8
Western Section	1 76	2 25	3 33	:	:	1 31 2	8 36	8 90	2 57	9 39	:	:	1 0	21 86	30 2	22
				-	^		,	-				-				-

18. Sanitary condition of the District.—Cholera and fever prevailed in all parts of the District throughout the year. Small-pox also made its appearance in the month of November in Melur, Madura, and Dindigul talooks; but the mortality, on the whole, was not very great. During the latter part of this year, almost all the tanks and wells in the District, and especially those in the Melur and Dindigul talooks, were dried up, and people suffered much from want of water.

19. The distress of the poor was aggravated by the unusually high prices of provisions, which were hardly procurable in some parts of the District. Had not an immense quantity of grain been imported into this District from the adjoining ones of Trichinopoly and Tanjore, the sufferings would have been still greater.

Madura.
Terumangalum.
Melur.
Cottamputty.
Nuttum.
Dindigul.
Palany.
Vadasundur.
Paumben.

Ayakudi.
Periakolam.
Chinnamanur.
Uttamapoliem.
Cumbum.
Kambay.
Usilamputti.
Sapatur.

- 20. To alleviate their distress, poor-houses were established in the places named in the margin, and the helpless poor were fed to an average number of 2,692 daily.
- 21. A large sum of money was also laid out on public works, for affording employment to the able-bodied poor. The poor inhabitants of

Melur were also assisted with small sums of money to deepen their wells and to clear mud out of their small drinking tanks called "Uranies."

22. Cattle suffered a great deal for want of water and pasturage, and were further affected with murrain, which proved fatal to a remarkable extent.

- 23. The marginal figures show the number of persons who emigrated to Ceylon. The decrease during the year under report is only due to the fact that a great number of persons were employed on relief works—vide paragraph 21.
- 24. Annexed is a short abstract showing the prices of agricultural produce prevailing during the year under notice, compared with the two previous Fuslies 1274 and 1275, as well as the commutation prices at which the Land Revenue of the District was originally settled:—

Description of grain.	Commuta- tion rates.	Fusly 1274.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.
Paddy, 1st sort, per garce  Do. 2nd do. do.  Cholum or Javary  Cumboo or Bagira  Raggy  Horse-gram  Horrack or Varagu	35 45 50	248 234 239 221 235 231 119	269 247 273 257 275 263 151	322 290 295 303 314 485 168

- 25. The cause of the unusually exorbitant rise in the prices of the grain in the year under review is too obvious to need comment. It is mainly owing to a succession of bad years, and consequent deficiency of harvest. During part of the year, the paddy and the dry grains were even hardly procurable in some parts of the District as stated above.
- 26. Ryots' Holdings.—Enclosure B in Statement No. 3, exhibits a large increase of 16,690 acres in the holdings of the ryots in the year under notice, despite of the discouraging character of the season.

- 27. The decrease in the lands relinquished in the year under report which proved to be so unfavourable for cultivation, indicates the general attachment of the ryots to their landed property.
- 28. It will be observed that the item "Lands given up" includes the extent of land occupied in the village of Kilangolam, transferred from the head of Ryotwary to that of Inam villages alluded to in paragraph 7.
- 29. ACTUAL CULTIVATION, STATEMENT No. 3.—Appended is an abstract showing the cultivation and settlement of the Fusly under reference.

	]	Fusly 1275.	]	Fuar 1276.	Incr	EASE.	Dre	REASE.
Items.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
1	2	8	4	5	6	7	8	9
Dry	A CRES. 5,79,222 1,28,323	RS. A. P. 7,89,281 5 2 5,51,056 3 8	A CRES. 5,82,882 1,29,365	Rs. A. P. 7,91,267 1 11 5,56,150 8 8	ACRES. 3,660 1,042	RS. 1,986 5,094	ACRES.	Rs.
Total	7,07,545	13,40,337 8 10	7,12,247	13,47,417 5 7	4,702	7,080		
Add—								
Second crop assessment Additional assessment Water tax Road Fund Village Service Fund	••••••	45,983 8 8 448 15 2  1,109 15 2 904 10 2		23,871 6 11 351 12 10  2,724 5 7		1,819	••••••	22,112 97  1,110
Total		13,88,784 10 0		18,74,364 14 11		8,899		23,319
Deduct Remissions-								
Road Fund Village Service Fund Other remission as parti-	•••••	1,109 15 2 904 10 2	•••	2,724 5 7		1,819		1,110
cularized in Statement No. 4		57,802 10 0	•••••	1,00,106 14 9		42,805		*****
Total		59,817 3 4		1,02,831 4 4		44,124		1,110
Remaining Beriz Add Miscellaneous		18,28,967 6 8	•••	12,71,588 10 7	•••••			57,484
Items		43,861 8 10		40,318 7 4	····			8,043
Total		13,72,828 15 6		13,11,852 1 11				60,477

- 30. The net increase in both dry and wet cultivation is attributable to the favourable commencement of the season, though the yield was deficient in consequence of the long protracted absence of good rains during the subsequent portion of the year.
- absence of good rains during the subsequent portion of the year.

  31. WASTE REMITTED AND CHARGED, WITH REASONS.—The remissions granted on account of

waste are shown in the margin, about one-third of which, or Rupees 43,852, was granted in the single talook of Melur, which suffered most from the influence of the bad season this year.

- 32. Remission granted on waste Punjah in the District, in reference to the Board's Proceedings marginally noted, amounts to Rupees 17th January 1867, No. 328.

  53,511, or Rupees 11,381 above that which was granted during the preceding Fusly.
- 33. Every claim for remission was carefully inquired into, and the validity of grounds on which it was based, ascertained.

- 34. Remission was granted for Nunjah waste to the amount of Rupees 71,675, or Rupees 914 above that granted in the last Fusly. Rupees 34,580, or nearly half of the remission was allowed in the Melur talook. This talook, except in a few places, depends for irrigation upon rainfed tanks, which received a very small quantity of water during the year. The increase in the remissions this year above those recorded in the last, arose from the season under review being worse than the preceding one.
- 35. CULTIVATION OF SPECIAL PRODUCTS, SUCH AS COTTON SUGAR-CANE, &c.—There is a decrease of 17,719 acres in the Cotton cultivation, which is attributable partly to the unfavourableness of the season, and partly to the fall in the price of Cotton.
- 36. There is but a slight decrease in the cultivation of Indigo and Sugar-cane which calls for no special notice.

				•				Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease
Indigo Sugar-cane	•••	•••	•••		 •••	 	•••	119 159	61 149		58 10

- 37. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF IRRIGATION.—The following abstract will show the principal sources of irrigation, the extent of Ayacut, \* and the cultivation under the said irrigation works, with
- the assessments and the actual revenue derived from the lands:-

. [	Ay	ACUT.	Cultiv	ATION OF FUSL	y 1276.
Names of irrigation works.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Actual revenue derived.
1		3	4	5	6
Madakolam Channel  Nelayur do  Vadagerai do  Tenkarrai do  Uttamattú kaul	ACRES. 2,497 7,202 4,052 2,198 2,255	RS. 12,209 32,429 22,092 11,598 12,226	ACRES. 2,253 5,340 3,567 2,044 2,205	RS. 11,103 24,746 19,017 10,283 12,079	RS. 11,772 27,146 22,259 11,517 12,079

38. RUINED TANKS.—No ruined tanks in the year under report were made over to Ryots.

Fusly 1275... ... ... ... 814 ,, 1276... ... ... ... 2,786 Increase... 1.972 39. Amani villages.—The marginal figures will show that there is an increase of Rupess 1,972 in the Amani Revenue, in comparison with that of the past Fusly, namely, Rupess 814. This is partly owing to certain Inam villages

being resumed and brought under the Amani system, and partly to the season being less unfavourable in that than in other parts of the District.

- 40. The necessary accounts referred to in paragraph 29 of the past year's Jummahbundy Report having been received from the Salt Deputy Collector, I will shortly submit my proposals to Board for bringing the Amani villages under Ryotwar settlement.
- 41. Statement No. 4.—Remission on account of Shamilat Bunjur, or portions of fields left waste, was granted under the same reasons that warranted similar indulgence in regard to the whole numbers of field left waste vide—paragraph 34.



MADURA. 7

42. WITHERED CROPS.—There is an increase of Rupees 13,821 in the remission granted for

Fusly	1275 1276	•••	•••	•••	•••		26. 30,254 44,075
					Inan	00.00	13 991

Nunjah withered crops during the year, as particularized in the margin. About three-fourths of the remission was allowed in the single talook of Melur. The Deputy Collector, Mr. Underwood, who was then in charge of the talook, personally

examined a great portion of the withered crops, and granted remission in strict adherence to the Circular Orders of the Board, prescribing the course to be adopted in granting such remissions.

• 1	grabo	<b>35 42</b>	3.		
Madura talook Terumangalum				•••	 878 45

43. Remission\* was granted as usual on the cultivated lands submerged by water of certain tanks in Madura and Terumangalum talooks, in consequence of which the crops were lost.

44. Remission on Cowle lands was granted in this Fusly to the amount of Rupees 378, according to the terms of Cowlenamahs.

7 Rupees 6,429.

45. Teerwah Cummy† or remission of part of the full tax on Nunjah lands cultivated with

inferior kind of produce was allowed, and the remission of the difference between the full tax of the Nunjah lands under the ruined tanks made over to private individuals, and the Punjah tax imposed upon them in accordance with the Board's Standing Order, No. II., dated the 12th January 1863, was also found necessary to the amount of Rupees 53.

- 46. Remission was also found indispensable on the waste portion of the Cowle Nunjah lands, to the amount of Rupees 50.
- 47. A remission of 16 Rupees was granted, as usual, on account of Cotton grown in the last year's stubbles.
- 48. In this year certain lands under ruined wells in the Sub-division and in Periakolam talook were taken up by the Ryots on condition of paying the Punjah tax on them for certain periods, and afterwards their appropriate garden assessment.
- 49. The difference between the two rates of assessment amounted in the Fusly under report to Rupees 51, which was accordingly remitted. On the expiry of the terms of the engagement, the highest dry assessment will be charged upon the lands in question, in accordance with the Board's Proceedings, dated 11th April 1866, No. 2,468, instead of the Garden tax.
- 50. Discretionary remission was also granted at certain per-centage on dry lands in three talooks of the District as shown below, in consideration of the partial failure of crops in those talooks, in conformity with the orders of the Board' contained in their Proceedings, dated 3rd April 1867, No. 2,124:—

				Particulars.		
Ta	looks	J.		Per-centage.	Amo	unt remitted.
Melur Dindigul Pulny		•••	•••	12 10 5		RS. 4,425 18,085 4,264
					Total	26 774

- 51. The usual remission of one-fourth of the full tax on the dry lands in the Terumangalum talook, cultivated by the Brahmins with their own ploughs, was granted to an extent of Rupees 746.
- 52. A remission of Rupees 35 was allowed to the Ryots of Myttamputty village, as usual on the wet lands in that village, in consideration of the difficulties in cultivating the lands at the rate of one-fifth of the full tax on those lands.
- 53. Shrotrium remission.—In the village of Tavenkuruchi transferred to this District from Tinnevelly, the assessment of  $4\frac{3}{16}$  chains of Punjah lands per hundred chains on the entire dry cultivation of the village, minus Inams, and also the assessment of  $5\frac{3}{16}$  measures of seed land per Kottah seed land (126 measures) on the entire wet cultivation in the village, are usually remitted to the Brahmins. This remission denominated the Shrotrium remission was granted to the amount of 160 Rupees during the year under report.

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54. In the villages of Tavenkuruchi, Mothippanur, Mungalrevu, Sinnareddyputty, and Muthakarei, transferred to this District from Tinnevelly, the assessment of certain extent of dry lands is customarily remitted to Devastanum's Village Establishments, &c., as particularized below:—

Devastanums Dhurmasanum	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	257 67	11	4	:
Village Establishm	ent	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••				
Maintenance	••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		13	11	
									2,165	8	3	

### Particulars of the rates.

FTS. 1 1 1 \*

				T	avenk	uruchi.	3	ınn	areday	putty.
				CH.	AS.	<del>1</del> A8.	C	Ħ.	AS.	<b>≟ A8.</b>
Ditta Maniem, or	1st so	rt dry	land	3	9	¯ <b>0</b>	•	4	4	0
fixed remission on the		do.		7	3	0	•	7	0	0
entire cultivation in	3rd	do.	•••	4	1	0		4	4	<b>2</b>
the villages of Taven-	4th	do.	•••	0	10	0		1	1	1
kuruchi and Sinna- reddy putty.	5th	do.	•••	0	5	0	••	•		•••
roddy passy.	Total	chains	s. 15-12-	0—F	ks. 10	7-8-9	Chains. 16-	9-	3—Rs.	. 118-9-0

Net allowance, Rs. 226-1-9

	CH.	AS.	₹ AS.	PIFTHS.	RS.	A.	P.
Evoo Maniem, or proportionate \ Tavenkuruchi	0	1	1	$2^{\frac{1}{32}}$	382	14	<b>2</b>
remission on the entire dry cul-   Mothippanur	0	2	2	4 2 7	782	15	0
tivation in the villages named in Sinnareddyputty.	0	1	0	176	109	3	9
the margin, after the above de-   Mungalarevoo	0	3	2	0 7	264	13	3
duction has been made.  Muthakarei	0	2	3	2 *	399	8	4
				•	1,939	6	6
			Gran	d total	2,165	8	3

• Rupees 25.

- 55. There was also a remission\* granted this year as usual as Thuppatti Maniem to certain five Brahmins, in the Tavenkuruchi village.
- 56. The annual fixed deduction from the revenue of the Mothippanur village as allowance to the Curnum and Nattamagar, amounted to Rupees 36.
- 57. The per-centage allowance deducted on account of the village officers of Sinnareddyputty and other villages from the revenue of the same is Rupees 887, as particularized below:—

Sinnareddyputty	Talook.	Villages.	Village servants.	of	Rate f per ntag	r-
Pulny talook	Madura talook	Muthakarei	Curnum	1 0 0 5 7 7 7	2 13 3 0 0 0 0	1

58. The last item of remission was a fixed deduction of Rupees 653, annually made to Devastanums from the revenue of certain villages.

#### Particulars.

Names of D	evasta	nums.							Amo	unt of	alla?	ужалс	ig,
										Dø.	Ą.	P.	
Thurumbur	•••		•••	•••	·	•••	•••	•••		236	15	1	
Kambay	•••		•••		•••	•••	•••	•••		378	1	7.	
An institution	in th	e Madu	ra Dev	astanun	a		•••	•••	•••	10	9	9	
Do.	in the	a Thero	opparai	ngandu	m do.		•••			<b>25</b>	7	3	
Do.	in th	e Geng	uconda	a do.	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1	7	9	
		_						m					
								To	tai	652	9	5	

- 59. STATEMENT No. 5, MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS UNDER LAND REVENUE.—The revenue under this head is Rupees 58,175 in the year under report, or Rupees 5,007 less than that of the preceding Fusly.
- 60. The decrease is chiefly owing to the restoration of certain Inam villages which were under attachment on account of the non-appearance of the parties for the Inam settlement.
- 61. General results of the Land Revenue Settlement.—Having given the details of the Land Revenue in the foregoing paragraphs, I now beg to proceed to exhibit by the following abstract, its general results, including Peishcush, the net decrease being Rupees 65,941, below the settlement of the last year:—

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Permanently settled	RS. 7,83,708 26,190 13,28,967 56,678	7,84,732 26,915 12,71,533 46,422	1,024 725	88.  57,434 10,256
Total	21,95,543	21,29,602	1,749	67,690
	'	Net.	decrease	65,941

- 62. PERMANENTLY SETTLED.—The addition, to the Peishcush of the Sivagungah estate, of the quit-rent (Rupees 1,024) imposed by the Inam Commissioner on certain Inam villages in the said Zemindary, during the year under report, caused the increase under this head.
- 63. Jobi of Inam and Sheotelem villages,—The increase under this head arises from the following items:—
- 1st, Rupees 259.—The amount of quit-rent newly imposed by the Inam Commission on certain Inam villages in the Ramnad Zemindary.
- 2nd, Rupees 320.—The Jodi due on the Inam village of Kelangalum in Terumangalum talook, which had been incorporated with Ayan villages, and lately restored to the Culputty Chuttrum, as stated in paragraph 7.
- 3rd, Rupees 31.—The quit-rent imposed on the village of Thuliputty, in Dindigul talook, which had been up to last year carried by mistake to the credit of Miscellaneous items.
- 4th, Rupees 115.—The Jodi due on Melathirumanikam village in Terumangalum taleok, do. do.
- 64. RYOTWAR.—The large remissions on account of the withered crops brought down the Byotwary revenue this year to Rupees 12,71,583.

- 65. The smaller extent of the second-crop cultivation this year, as compared with that of the last one, is also a cause of decrease in this branch of the revenue.
- 66. MISCELLANEOUS.—The decrease under this head is owing to the cause given in paragraph 60, and also to the sale of a Government building in last year, while there was no such sale this year.
- 67. SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE.—The settlement of sundry sources of Revenue amounts to Rupees 10,19,664, exceeding that of the preceding year by Rupees 45,804, and the particulars of this revenue are exhibited in the following statement:—

	It	ems.		-			Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Abkarry Salt Sea Customs Stamp License-tax	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	96,202 6,27,713 29,363 2,20,582	1,88,474 5,89,706 29,310 2,09,604 2,570	92,272   2,570	38,007 53 10,978
					Tota	d	9,73,860	10,19,664	94,842	49,038

Net Increase... 45.804

- 68. ABKARRY.—The last rent of Abkarry expired with the close of the last Fusly. The farm was, therefore, put up in auction and knocked down to the highest bidders. The increase under this head is attributable to great competition.
- 69. Salt.—The principal cause of the decrease in this item during the year is the backwardness in the sales of salt, which is owing chiefly to the fact that the merchants during the late scarcity resorted to trade in grain.
  - 70. The particulars of the salt transaction are as follows:-

Item.	Fusly 127	5.	Fusly 127	6.	Increase.		Decrease	<b>).</b>
Quantity in store at the beginning of the Fusly	5,07,084	29	5,15,204	25	8,119	36	••• 、	
Do. manufactured during the Fusly	4,05,914 11,145 1,329	2 19 0	4,15,597 2,509 572		•••	13	8,635 757	25 0
Total	4,18,388	21	4,18,679	9	9,683	13	9,392	25
Deduct sales	9,25,473 4,10,268		9,33,883 3,50,268	34 19		9	9,392 60,000	
Remainder	5,15,204	25	5,83,615	15	68,410	30		-
Wastage written off under the sanction of Government	•••		29,456	16	29,456	16		
Remainder	5,15,204	25	•••		38,954	14		
Wastage recommended to be struck off in the Settlement Report for Fusly 1275	200		6,239	4	6,239	4	•••	
struck off	•••		6,584	0	6,584	0		
			12,823	4	12,823	4	•••	
Balance	5,15,204	25	5,41,335	<b>3</b> 5	26,131	10	•••	

71. Statement showing the details of Home and Inland consumption, as well as the quantity imported from Tinnevelly.

Items.	Fusly 127	75.	Fusly 12'	76.	Increase	э.	Decreas	e.	Quantity ceived from Tinnevel	om
Home consumption	3,99,138	25	3,49,414	19	•••••		49,724	6	29,902	0
Inland consumption— Coimbatore Trichinopoly Salem Tanjore Tinnevelly Export to Penang	1,990 	10 20 10 	168	0	599	0	315		••••	
Total	11,130	0	854	0	599	0	10,875	0		
Grand Total	4,10,268	25	3,50,268	19	599	0	60,599	6	29,902	Ç

Net decrease ... 60,000 6

- 72. SEA CUSTOM.—The slight decrease under this head requires no notice.
- 73. STAMP.—The decrease under this item is chiefly due to the falling off in the sale of Stamps of high value during this year. But the present Stamp Act will increase the revenue of this branch to a great extent.
- 74. ABSTRACT SHOWING THE TOTAL LAND REVENUE.—Annexed is an Abstract Statement exhibiting the revenue derived from all sources, compared with the Settlement of the previous Fusly:—

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease,
Land Revenue		21,29,602 10,19,664	45,804	65,941
Total	31,69,403	31,49,266	45,804	65,941
			Net decrease	20,137

75. COLLECTIONS.—The following is a Statement showing the collections of the year under notice, in comparison with that of the past year:—

ī		FUSLY 1275.			FUSLY 1276.			
l'ems.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue.			·					
Permanently settled	49,599	5,22,056	5,71,655	2,61,651	5,20,548	7,82,199	2,10,544	
Jodi on Shrotriem villages	8,713	16,808	25,521	9,742	22,659	32,401	6,880	:
Ryotwar	73,342	12,21,352	12,94,694	1,07,269	,11,63,672	12,70,941	•	23,753
Miscellaneous	12,727	46,753	59,480	9,913	27,725	37,638	•	21,842
Total	1,44,381	18,06,969	19,51,350	3,88,575	17,34,604	21,23,179	2,17,424	45,595
Abkarry	12,647	87,548	1,00,195	8,512	1,18,968	1,27,480	27,285	
Salt		6,27,712	6,27,712		5,89,704	5,89,704		38,008
Sea Custom.		29,363	29,363	:	29,309	29,309	•	54
Stamp		2,20,582	2,20,582		2,09,603	2,09,603	•	10,979
License-tax		•	•		2,570	2,570	2,570	:
Total	1,57,028	27,72,174	29, 29, 202	3,97,087	26,84,758	30,81,845	2,47,279	94,636
						Ne	Net increase	1,52,643

<sup>76.</sup> PERMANENTLY SETTLED.—The increase under this item is due to a larger amount of arrears at the close of the last Fusly being paid in the Fusly under reference.

<sup>77.</sup> JODI AND SHEOTEIEM, &c., VILLAGES.—The larger amount of collection in this year, of the arrears at the end of the last Fusly, caused the increase under this head.

- 78. Ryotwar.—The larger amount of remissions in this year has mainly caused the decrease in this item.
- 79. MISCELLANEOUS.—The falling off in the demand under this head in the year under report was chiefly the cause of the decrease.
- 80. The variations in the collections of the revenue under the heads "Abkarry," "Salt," "Sea Custom," and "Stamp," are due to the causes explained in paragraphs 68, 69, 72, and 73.
  - 81. I will now notice the current balance under each head.
- 82. ZEMINDARY PESCUSH.—The balance under this head is Rupees 1,12,954, and is due by the three Estates, as particularized below:—

										RS.
Ramnad	 •••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • • •		1,02,404
Velliacoondum	 • • •	•••	• • •							564
Kunnivady	 	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	9,986

- 83. Out of the balance against the Rumnad Estate, Rupees 2,404 has been since paid, and the remainder of Peshcush, Rupees 1,00,000, has been, under the orders of Government, dated 31st July last, No. 1,750, permitted to be paid on the 31st March 1868, in consideration of the bad state of the season.
  - 84. The balance against the Velliacoondum Estate has been since collected.
- 85. The Kunnivady Renter has been allowed, in accordance with the Board's order, contained in their Proceedings, dated 12th September last, No. 5,859, to pay up the balance against the said Estate at the end of December 1867.
- 86. QUIT-RENT ON SHROTRIEM, &c., VILLAGES.—The current balance under this head amounts to Rupees 781, and is due on certain Inam villages in the Ramnad Zemindary. Measures have been taken for the speedy realization of the amount.
- 87. RYOTWAR.—Out of the current balance of Rupees 1,149 under this item, Rupees 575 is due on certain land under dispute in Periacolum talook, for the early settlement of which, and also for the collection of the remaining balance, I have taken the necessary steps.
  - 88. MISCELLANEOUS.—The small balance of Rupees 641 in this item will be soon realized.
- 89. ABKARRY.—The Abkarry current balance amounts to Rupees 53,777 as particularized below:—

	•											RS.
Madura	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		5,100
Melur	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	8,200
Dindigul	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	692
Periacolum	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	3,144
Shevagungah	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	18,454
Ramnad	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	15,187
												50,777

90. The above Abkarry balance is principally due by former renters, some of whom are reported to have no property. Measures have, however, been taken for the early collection of the balance.

91. The Board are aware that the Madura Renter was permitted to pay the kist due for Board's Proceedings, dated 12th March 1867, No. 1,522.

January 1867 in July last, but the kist due by him for June having been rather heavy, he requested me to be allowed five months (from August to December) to pay the whole of his arrears, on condition of paying 1,000 Rupees each month together with the current kists, and I have, accordingly granted him the indulgence in consideration.

- \* Rupees 3,000 has been since collected.

  dingly, granted him the indulgence, in consideration of the bad state of the season, and the balance\* is under collection.
- 92. Of the recoverable arrears of Rupees 226-10-8, Rupees 218-3-8 is the quit-rent imposed by the Inam Commissioner on certain Inam villages in the Ramnad Zemindary, and Rupees 8-7-0 consists of Ryotwar, Revenue fines, and Jodi on Sundry Inams; and steps have been taken for the early collection of these items.

- 93. The whole of the balance classed as doubtful depends upon the settlement of the long standing boundary dispute between a Government hill village and that of Kunnivadi Estate, which will be shortly settled.
- 94. Of the irrecoverable balance Rupees 1,233-14-4, Rupees 874-4-4\* have already been recommended for remission in the last year's report, and the remainder is composed of the undermentioned items, the remission of which is now sought for:—

1	RS.	A.	P.
Tax on a certain land entered in the accounts twice by mistake  Do. on the lands involved in a boundary dispute between two villages in the Dindigul talook, in the accounts of both of which it had been	12	4	0
entered, and on enquiry settled to belong to one of them	8	1	6
Do. Do. in Madura talook do	197	_	-
Total Ryotwar	217	13	6
${\it Miscellaneous}.$			
Amount of fine imposed upon a Curnum, since deceased	0	4	0
Do. of arrears due by the late Abkarry Renter of Melur for Fusly 1275, as he has no property whatever	141	8	6
Total	141	12	6
Grand total	359	10	0

- 95. Coercive Process.—It will be observed from the Enclosure A. to Statement No. 8, that coercive measures were resorted to for the recovery of only Rupees 234, being the balance outstanding against six Ryots, (five of whom belong to Melur talook,) whose property was attached, and which fetched a price of Rupees 306, and the surplus obtained above the arrears was paid to the parties concerned.
- 96. Charges. The increase in the refund of charges, is owing to the circumstances stated below:—

Rupees 470-9-9, being the Jodi collected from certain Inamdars under the orders of Mr. Levinge, the late Collector, in addition to that fixed by the Inam Commission, was afterwards refunded to the parties in accordance with Board's orders contained in their Proceedings, dated 30th January, No. 644.

Rupees 153-1-7, the collections made in the Pulny talook on account of the Commission of the Hill establishment during March and April 1866, had been erroneously credited to Land Revenue Miscellaneous, instead of to Village Service Fund under Local Funds, and on the recommendation of Mr. Levinge, the Board have ordered in their Proceedings, dated 14th January last, the payment of the said sum to the servants of the hill villages.

- 97. SALARY OF THE COLLECTOR AND HIS ASSISTANTS.—The increase under this head is principally owing to the disbursements of salary to Mr. Levinge, the late Collector, for ten months and seven days, and to myself for five months in the year under report, while the Collector was paid only for twelve months in the last year; which circumstances account also for the increase in the charges under the item "Tent and House-rent allowances of Collector and his Subordinates."
  - 98. Huzur and Talook Establishments.—The increase under this item results from the disbursement of the increased rates of salaries to certain officials, and the salaries of certain 12th September 1865, ,, 2,184. 28th November ,, 2,940. servants newly appointed, as per orders of Government marginally noted, for twelve month

in this year, whereas they were paid only for seven months in the last year.

- 99. SADERWARD CHARGES.—The great falling off in the expenditure under this item is fully attributable to the strict observance of the rules that prohibit purchasing papers, &c., and the holding of offices after sunset.
  - 100. Medical Charges.—The small decrease under this head requires no notice.
- 101. Contingencies.—The purchase of office furnitures, such as Almirahs, &c., in the year under report, and the disbursements of extra tentage allowances and batta to Public Servants, under the existing orders of the Board, are the principal causes of increase under this item.
- 102. MISCELLANEOUS.—The rewards granted for the destruction of wild beasts, and the expenses incurred on account of interring dead bodies to a greater extent in this year than in the last, caused the increase under this head.
- 103. ABKAERY CONTINGENCIES.—The Abkarry Muchilkahs registered in this year were fewer in number than in the last. Hence the decrease under this item.
- 104. SEA CUSTOM.—The slight variations in the charges in the several items under this head require no special remarks.
- 105. Salt Charges—Salary of the Deputy Collector.—During the last year, the salary to the Deputy Collector was disbursed for some months as Third Class Deputy Collector, and as Second Class Deputy Collector for the remaining period, while he was paid only as a Third Class Deputy Collector the whole of this year. Hence the decrease.
- 106. ESTABLISHMENT.—The increase under this item is owing to disbursement of the increased rate of salary to the Head Clerk, &c., of the Deputy Collector's Office, as per Government Order, dated 12th September 1865, No. 2,184, for twelve months in this year instead of seven months in the last year.
- 107. Purchase of Salt and Manufacturees' share.—The increase is mainly ascribable to the greater quantity of salt being manufactured this year owing to the long absence of rain.
- 108. Charges for conveying and storing Salt.—The comparison of expenditure for twelve months in this year, with that for fourteen in the last year's statement, is the primary cause of the decrease under this item, while the payment of no hire for measurement of salt this year, as was the case hitherto, is the secondary cause.
- 109. Contingencies.—The disbursement of salaries to the temporary establishment employed in the Punjakalithuravai Salt station for twelve months in this year, instead of one month in the last, and the charges incurred for purchasing lands for the extension of salt pans in the Morecolum station, are the causes of increase under this item.
- 110. STAMP COMMISSION, &c.—The increase under this item is attributable to the introduction of the discount system this year.
  - 111. Contingencies.—The trifling decrease in this item of charges calls for no remarks.
- 112. I beg to submit, herewith, the Quinquennial Returns due for this Fusly which have been prepared in accordance with the instructions contained in the Board's Circular Memorandum, dated 1st November 1866, No. 1,097.



113. RETURN A.—The annexed is a Statement showing the number of villages and hamlets as they stood in the Fusly under report, in comparison with that in Fusly 1271, (Statement No. 15)

	Villages and Hamlets.	Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decre <b>as</b> e.
Ryotwar {	Villages Hamlets	783 2,691	781 2,768	77	2
•		3,474	3,549	77	2
Amany {	Villages Hamlets	- 41 2	8 <u>‡</u> 2	41	
		61	104	41	
Inams and Shrotriems {	Villages Hamlets	196 96	198 99	2 3	•••••
		292	297	5	•••••
Zemindaries and Muttahs forming portion of Government talooks }	Villages Hamlets	243 800	244 819	1 19	•••••
		1,043	1,063	20	
Total {	Villages Hamlets	1,226 <u>1</u> 3,589	1,2313 3,688	7 <del>1</del> 99	2
		4,8151	4,9193	1061	2
Zemindaries not forming portion of { Government talooks {	Villages Hamlets	4,232 <sup>9</sup> 1,673	$4,227\frac{2}{3}\frac{5}{2}$ $1,890$	217	41
		5,905-92	6,11725	217	41
Grand Total $\ldots$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{cccc} \end{array} \right.$	Villages Hamlets	$\left.\right\} 10,710^{\frac{17}{82}}$	$11,037\frac{1}{8}$	3231	61
		Ne	t Increase	317	

114. The decrease is owing to the transfer of two villages, namely, Nukkoloothoo and Kilangolam, from this head to that of "Inam and Shrotriem villages;" Nukkoloothoo was transferred in last year, (vide paragraph 6 of the Settlement Report for Fusly 1275,) and Kilangolam in this year, as stated in paragraph 7 of this report.

mancer ver herresereiber	or ours reports.			•	
115. The increase Hamlets Do.	of seventy-seven ham omitted in the former since formed newly	Statement		owing circun 21 59	istances:—
			Total	80	
.3				-	
		Deduc <b>t</b>			
. Hamlet a	ttached to the Inam vi	lla.ore			
	ngolam transferred to		••• •••	1	
	o. entered in the for			ke. 2	
	· ·				
٠,			•	3	
		•		<u> </u>	
			Balance	77	

- 116. The cause of the increase of 4½ villages under the head "Amani" has been explained in paragraph 10 of this report.
- 117. INAM AND SHROTRIEM.—The transfer of two villages referred to in paragraph 114 to this head from that of Ryotwar, is the cause of the increase in the Inam villages; and with respect to the increase of three hamlets under this head, one is attached to the Inam village of Kilango-lam lately transferred to this head, and the remaining two have been lately built.
- 118. There was an omission by mistake in the former Statement of an Inam village and three hamlets in the Sapatur Zemindary, and of one hamlet in the Dindigul talook, which is now supplied in the present Statement, and fifteen hamlets are new. Hence the increase in the villages of the Zemindaries forming portions of Government talooks.
- 119. The decrease of 4½ villages in the Zemindaries not forming portions of Government talooks, is owing to their being transferred from this head to the head "Amani"—vide paragraph 10.
- 120. The formation of new hamlets, 217 in number, accounts for the increase under this head.
- 121. RETURN B.—This Statement has been prepared with careful attention to the instructions contained in the Memorandum referred to above; and the following short abstract will show the extent of land compared with that given in the Statement of Fusly 1271:—

Items.	Fusly	1271.	Fusly	1276.	Incr	EASE.	DECREASE.		
Todas.	Acres.	Rupees.	Rupees. Acres.		Acres. Rup ce		Acres.	Rupees.	
Punjah Nunjah Garden	1,096,986 166,999 36,261	13,30,339 6,87,857 1,15,105	1,137,717 167,088	13,28,156 6,84,053	40,731 89		36,261	2,183 3,798 1,15,105	
Total	1,300,246	21,33,295	1,304,805	20,12,209	40,820	<del></del>	36,261	1,21,083	
-			Net incre	ease in the e	xtent	4,559			

- 122. The increase under the head "Punjah" is mainly attributable to the transfer of a great extent of Garden land (Acres 34,125) to this head, as per instructions of the Board, and to the correction of mistakes in altering Goolies to Cawnies.
  - 123. The slight increase under the head "Nunjah" calls for no special remarks.
- 124. The decrease under the head "Garden" is entirely due to the transfer of the whole extent of land from this head to the items Punjah and Nunjah, under the recent orders of the Board.

125. RETURN C .- The following is a short abstract showing the several sources of Irrigation in the District, as they stood in the year under notice compared with those shown in Statement No. 18 of Fusly 1271:-

Sources of Irrigation.	Private or Government.	Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Tanks	Government Private	2,489 3,199	2,433 3,197		56 2
		5,688	5,630		58
River channel	Government	317 191	335 356	18 165	•••••
		508	641	183	
Spring channels	Government Private	24 3	24		
		27	27		
Anicuts	Government Private	194 182	201 195	7 13	
	·	376	396	20	•••••
Private wells	· { Old	17,182 4,781	19,443 6,578	2,261 1,797	
		21,963	26,021	4,058	

<sup>126.</sup> The decrease in the tanks is the result chiefly of the correction of a mistake in the last five years' return, and partly of the transfer to the Inam head of the two villages, namely, Nukkaloothoo and Kilangolam.

127. The decrease in the private tanks arises from the following circumstances:—

Number of tanks for	med newly	85
	oneously omitted in the former Statement.	48
	ried by mistake in the former accounts to the head Government	12
Do., bel	onging to certain Inam villages lately incorporated with Ain villages	5
		150
	Deduct—	
Number of tanks er	coneously entered in the former Statement.	146
Do. bel	onging to Inam villages transferred to	
	Government head	5 1
Do. str	uck off the accounts as useless	1
		152
	Net decrease	2

Increase. 18 165 Government... Private ... ...

128. RIVER CHANNELS.—The omission in the former accounts of seventeen River channels (Government) (now supplied in the present Statement), and the formation of a new channel, are the causes of increase under the head "Government."

129. The increase under the head "Private," is simply owing to the inclusion of the channels omitted through mistake in the former accounts.

#### MADURA.

		Increase.
Government	•••	7
Private	•••	13

130. ANICUTS.—This increase is chiefly due to the omission in the former accounts being now supplied. The increase is owing to the formation of new anicuts.

131. PRIVATE WELLS.—The increase is principally due to the inclusion in the accounts of this Fusly of certain wells which were hitherto considered useless, and were therefore not entered in the last Return, but they have now been so much improved by the ryots, that they form sources of Irrigation, and are, therefore, entered in

much improved by the ryots, that they form sources of Irrigation, and are, therefore, entered in the present Statement.

Increase ... 1,797

132. New Wells.—The increase under this head is entirely owing to the formation of new wells.

- 133. RETURN D.—Agreeably to the instructions of the Board, contained in paragraph 5 of their Circular Memorandum, dated 1st November 1866, No. 1,097, the census was taken on the 1st March last, and the correctness of the Returns were duly tested.
- 134. The subjoined abstract will show that the population, according to the present census, has exceeded that of 1861 by 89,983 persons:—

	Class.						Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Hindoos Mahomedans Christians	•••			•••	•••	•••	1,678,850 114,958 62,598	1,765,527 119,181 61,681	86,677 4,223	 917
				Tota	sl		1,856,406	1,946,389	90,900	917
								Net increase	89,983	•••

135. I beg to observe that the above abstract includes the number of the prisoners in Jails. The census of the prisoners was taken on the 1st May last. The Jails contain 544 prisoners as particularized below:—

Hindoos	•••	••1	•••		•••	•••	495
Mahomedan	s	•••	•••	•••		•••	20
Christians	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	29
							544

136. RETURN E.—The increase under the four items noted in the following Statement is chiefly attributable to the steady increase of profits arising from agriculture, consequent on the great rise in the price of agricultural produce:—

					Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
 •••	•••	•••	•••	•••	108,007 75,285	132,156 124,696 88,449 181,954	18,718 16,689 13,164 14,498	

137. There has been an increase in the number of Cows, and decrease in those of Buffaloes and Sheep as shown below. The trifling variation needs no special remark:—

					į	Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Cows Buffaloes Sheep	•••	 •••	•••	•••	 •••	156,175 37,277 440,799	164,818 33,089 434,464	8,643	4,188 6,335

138. Return F.—There has been an increase of 16,904 Puttahs over the number issued for Fusly 1271. The increase is, of course, owing to the increased number of the ryots' holdings, as shown below:—

							In	creas	e	124,232
1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	785,212
										ACRES. 660,980

139. Working of the Village and Talook Accounts.—The Village and Talook Accounts were found generally satisfactory.

140. The annexed is a short abstract showing the lands acquired by public servants during the yearunder report:—

Names of the public servants.	Extent acquired in Acres.	Mode of acquisition	
P. Seshigiri Row, Treasury Deputy Collector	8 2 10 4 1 1 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 7 4 4 2 11 19 19 8 7 30 2 3 4	By purchase. Do. By mortgage. Do. By purchase Do. By purchase Do. By mortgage. Do. By mortgage. Do. By inheritance. By purchase. By purchase. By purchase. By purchase. By purchase. By purchase. By inheritance. Do. By purchase. By inheritance. Do. By purchase. By mortgage. By purchase. By mortgage. By purchase. By mortgage. By purchase. By mortgage. By purchase. By inheritance. Do. By mortgage. By purchase. By mortgage. By purchase.	
Ramasami Ayar, Tahsildar of Dindigul	19 51	By mortgage. By purchase. By mortgage.	
Gopala Row, Gumastah, Tirumungalum talook	., •	By purchase. By mortgage. By purchase.	

141. In conclusion I beg to inform the Board that I have received able and effective assistance from my subordinates generally, and especially from the Sub-Collector Mr. Arbuthnott, my Acting Head Assistant Mr. McWatters, my Assistant Mr. Burrows, and from Deputy Collectors Mr. Underwood, Rama Row, and Seshagiri Row, and also from my Serishtadar Venkatasami Naik.

Periakolum, 20th December 1867.

(Signed) D. ARBUTHNOTT,
Collector.

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## SUB-COLLECTORATE.

- 1. I have the honour to report on the annual Settlement of the Sub-division for Fusly 1276.
- 2. The settlement was made by myself.
- 3. In consequence of the transfer of the hill village Tondigoody from Periacolum to Pulney talook, there is an increase of one in the Ryotwary villages of the Sub-division above Fusly 1275.
- 4. The annexed Memorandum shows that fewer fresh Puttahs have been granted in the Fusly under report than last year:—

Fusly.	Total No. of Puttahs.	No. renewed.	No. altered.
1275	34,041	13,123	6,990
1276	35,493	12,323	8,178

- 5. In the month of September a grain ryot was apprehended and prevented by a timely supply of food from Trichinopoly. A poor-house was opened here in the month of October 1866, and maintained till May 1867. It was of great use, and the distribution of food was carried on under the immediate supervision of the Tahsildar who discharged this duty in a most careful and judicious manner.
  - 6. Under the circumstances of the year, the relief granted by the remission of the entire tax on waste lands both dry and wet, as well as
    - Ten per cent for Dindigul.
       Five per cent for Pulney.

tax on waste lands both dry and wet, as well as the per-centage\* on account of short produce on Punjah lands, was necessary, and has been appreciated by the ryots.

- 7. The Vaccine Department entered the Sub-division at the end of the Fusly; its operations have been confined to the talook of Dindigul.
- 8. There has been no epidemic except in detached parts of the country, where a few deaths from cholera have occurred. There has been a great mortality among cattle from want of fodder.
- 9. The annexed Statement shows the rain-fall according to the several gauges kept in the Sub-division:—

	Month	ı <b>s.</b>			ollector's fice.	Dindigu	l Talook.	Pulne	y Talook.
July August September October November December January February March April May June	1866 ,, 1867 ,,		 Tota	 In. 0 0 5 7 0 2 0 2 4 0 0	100ths. 93 97 40 99 50 95½ 16 94 52 7	In. 1 0 6 8 0 2 0 3 3 0	100ths.  15½ 89 37½ 39 40 24½ 1½ 4½ 61 13½	In 0 3 2 5 0 1 1 14	100ths 60 35 36½ 81½ 85 90

10. Statement No. 3.—More lands have been taken up than have been relinquished during the present year, as will be shown by the accompanying Statement:—

Holding.	Lands taken up.	Lands relinquished.
R8.	RS.	Rs.
4,48,830 4,64,640	29,837	19,226
	Rs. 4,48,830	Rg Pg

11. The amount of cultivation is larger than usual, notwithstanding the badness of the season. This speaks well for the industry of the ryots:—

	Fu	sl¥ 1275.			Fu	BLY 1276.			Ince	east.	DEC	RRASB.
It ems.	Extent.	Teerwa.		Extent.	Teerv	78.		Extent.	Teerwa.	Ex- tent.	Teerwa.	
<u></u>	ACRES.	BS.	۸.	P.	ACRES.	RS.	A.	P.	ACRES.	Rs.	ACRES.	RS.
Dry Wet	248,759 23,549	2,90,861 1,02,461		6 7	245,200 28,034	2,91,657 1,19,763	<b>8</b> 6	0 8	1,441 4,485	795 17,802		•••••
Total	267,308	3,93,323	0	1	278,234	4,11,420	9	8	5,926	18,097		
Second crop assessment Additional assessment- Water-tax Road Fund	••••••	15	10 	8 5 		149 115  8,614	11	8 6  2		28 103  7,681	 	•••••
Total		8,94,394	2	8		4,20,800	8	2		25,906		
Deduct—Road Fund	****	934	1	6	•••••	8,614	12	2	•••••	7,681	•••	*** ***
Other remissions as particularized in Statement No. 4	<b></b>	20,826	5	3		47,498	7	6		26,667		•••
Total		21,760	6	9		56,108	8	8		84,848		
Remaining Beriz Add Miscellaneous		8,72,633	11	6		8,64,191	15	6				8,442
items		17,310 1	15	1		16,827	7	5				483
Total		8,89,944 1	10 2	7		8,81,019	6	11		:		8,925

12. STATEMENT No. 5.—The fluctuations in the sundry sources of Revenue are so slight that they call for no notice.

Fuslies. Acres. 1276... 21,217 1275... 29,485 13. The Statement of Cotton cultivation exhibits an increase as compared with Fusly 1275, and the produce is said to have been fair.

14. STATEMENT No. 6.—The quit-rent on an Inam village amounting to Rupees 31, inadvertantly included with Sundry Inams in Fusly 1275, has been brought to this Statement in the year under reference.

15. Subjoined is an abstract showing the amount raised on the different sources of revenue this year as compared with the last:—

			Ite	ms.					Fusly	1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Rev Abkarry Stamp Interest	enue	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	17,		Rs. 483,287 37,310 21,673	RS.  19,290 4,634 67	RS. 2,123 
							Tota	al	520,	739	542,607	23,991	2,123

<sup>16.</sup> Statement No. 7.—The Land Revenue balance which was Rupees 66,804-15-10 at the end of the Fusly, was on the 31st August reduced to Rupees 11,284-2-8. Of this, Rupees 9,986-9-6 are due by the renter of the Kannivady Zemindary, and in his case I have recommended the grant of a little additional time, and the rest is in course of realization. The Abkarry balance, Rupees 691-11-0, is due by the late Renter of Dindigul talook. All his property has been sold, and in my letter noted in the margin, I have recommended that the balance should be struck off as irrecoverable.

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## MADURA.

Itome		Fusly 1275.			Fusly 1276.		-	
	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease.
LAND REVENUE.	BS. A. P.	BS. A. P.	B8. A. P.	BS. A. P.	R8. A. P.	BS. A. P.	. B.B.	ES.
Permanently settled   4,903 8     Jody on Shrotriem, &c., villages   27,902 2     Miscellaneous items   3,679 1	4,903 8 2 8 0 0 27,902 2 6 3,679 1 8	2 79,222 0 0 396 8 6 3,22,607 2 1 8 12,279 2	0 84,125 8 4 0 404 8 0 1 3,50,509 5 5 3 15,958 3 11	20,705 15 22 8 50,267 0 4,343 4	8 79,273 0 2 0 388 0 0 3 3,29,007 11 0 1 7,813 5 10	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	15,853 6 28,765	3,802
Total	36,492 12 4	Total 36,492 12 4 4,14,504 13 4 4,50,997	6	75,338 12 0	8 75,338 12 0 4,16,482 1 0 4,91,820 13	4,91,820 13 0	40,853	3,802
Abkarry Stamps	1,303 11 2	17,762 13 17,039 2	5 19,066 8 7 6 17,039 2 6	257 2 7	31,470 8 2 21,672 13 10	31,227 10 9 21,672 13 10	12,661 4,634	: :
Total	Total 1,303 11 2 34,8	34,801 15 11	1 36,105 11 1	257 2 7	53,143 6 0	53,400 8 7	17,295	:

17. The arrears relating to former years amount to Rupees 1,633-10-4; of this, Rs. 14-2-1\*

\* Since collected.

is in course of collection. The Doubtful arrears, amounting to Rupees 1,597-1-0, mostly form the subject of a boundary dispute between the Ton-

digoody and Kunnivady Hill villages which is now pending in the Collector's office. Rupees

14-5-9† of the Irrecoverable arrear have been

† Since collected, Rupees 2.

recommended for remission in the Settlement Report of Fusly 1275, and the remainder, Rupees

8-1-6, is the tax on certain lands charged in the accounts of, and disputed by, two villages. This matter has been settled, and the necessary correction made in the accounts.

- 18. Coercive measures were resorted to in only two instances; in one against the former Abkarry Renter of the Dindigul talook, for an arrear of Rupees 1,052, and the other against a ryot for Rupees 17-2-3.
  - 19. The Talook and Village accounts have been kept with fair precision and regularity.
  - 20. I annex a Statement of lands acquired by Public Servants during Fusly 1276:—

21. Three new tanks of small size have been formed in this year. Only one tank has been let under the Rules for Ruined Tanks in the Sub-division, and this took place in 1864, of which the Ayacut and cultivation are as follows:—

Ayacut	Acres	110	2	ŀ
Cultivation of Fusly 1276	"	41	7	
Survey Assessment	Rupees	117	8	10
Reduced do.	••	82	13	11

22. The Quinquennial accounts will be forwarded when received from talooks.

DINDIGUL, 5th September 1867. (Signed) J. R. ARBUTHNOTT,

Sub-Collector.

## SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

## TINNEVELLY.

- 1. I have the honour to report upon the Settlement of the Land and Extra Sources of Revenue of this District, for the past Fusly 1276, A. D. 1866-67, and to forward the usual Settlement Accounts Nos. 1 to 12, with the Quinquennial Statements from A to F, as required in the Board's Circular Memorandum, No. 1,097, dated 1st November 1866.
  - 2. Stations at which the Settlement was made.—The subjoined Statement No. 1 exhibits the stations at which puttes were distributed:—

No. 1.

Names of the Officers who made the Settlement.	Talooks.	Stations where the Settle- ment was made.
1	2	3
Collector's Division.  R. K. Puckle, Esq., Collector  B. Horsburgh, Esq., Acting Head  Assistant Collector.  T. Vencat Row, Deputy Collector  Sub-division.  J. B. Pennington, Esq., Sub-Collector.	Tinnevelly	Huzur Cutcherry. Pudukudi. Arumugamungalum. Shermadevi. Tuticorin. Ottapedaram. Covilpatti. Sattur. Virdupatti. Cusbah Strivilliputtur. Rajapaliem. Watrap. Cusbah Sankaranainarcovil. Tenkasi. Kilapavur. Nanguneri. Radapuram.

- 3. In conformity with the instructions contained in paragraph 3 of the Board's Circular, dated 3rd October 1853, the Jummahbundy Settlement of Ambasamudram Talook comprised in the Subdivision, was made by me, and the Settlement of Sankaranainarcovil in the Collector's division was made by the Sub-Collector.
- 4. Variation in the number and tenure of Villages.—The number and tenure of villages are the same as in the preceding year, and they are exhibited in the following Statement:—

No. 2.

Denomination of Villages.	Fusl <b>y</b> 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5
Nunjah (wet) Mottafysal villages	925	925	•••	
assessment in grain	13	13	•••	
Do. Poruppu do. do. fixed in money		$\overline{12}$	•••	
Punjah (dry) villages	116	116	•••	
miggion on	18	18		
Tonom on Destauran -: 11	15	15	•••	
Taram or Lyotwar villages	10	10	•••	
Total Government villages Cattuguttagai villages	1,099 75	1,099 75	•••	•••
Inam villages	77	77	-	]
Zemindary villages	7251	725 <sub>1</sub>	•••	
Grand total	1,9761	1,9761	•••	•••

5. Introduction of Permanent Puttas.—The total number of puttas for Fusly 1276 amounted to 1,36,666, being 2,877 in excess of that of the preceding year. Of the whole number of puttas, but 28,799 remained unaltered, 57,146 having been modified to suit slight changes in the ryots' holdings, and 50,721 having been renewed from the non-production of last year's puttas, or from extensive changes having taken place in the holdings. The puttas renewed are thirty-seven per cent. of the total as shown below:—

No. 3.

	Total num-	Ритт	AS NOT RENE	WED.		
Fuslies.	ber of Put- tas for Land Reve- nue.	which re-	Modified by additional entries.	Total.	Renewed or fresh Put- tas issued.	Per-centage of column 6 on column 2.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1275	1,33,789 1,36,666	28,799	 57,146	 85,945	1,33,789 50,721	37
Increase	2,877	28,799	57,146	85,945	83,068	•••
Decrease	•••	•••		•••	•••	

6. Season and sanitably state of the District.—The season was favourable as may be seen from the Administration and Season Reports. The south-west monsoon was perhaps insufficient for the Carr crop, but the north-east monsoon was ample for the Peshanam crop. An Abstract Statement of the rain-fall is given below:—

		•			Av	erage fall in inches,
		(April				0.78
		May				0·37
	1066	June		•••		<b>3·48</b>
\$11	1000	July			•••	0.40
		August				0·4 <del>4</del>
Edit 5		April  May  June  July  August  September	• •••	•••		0.58
\$0.54-7 .					Total	6.05
· '		(October				6.07
· (1)	1866.	November	•••		•••	11.33
:	2000.	December		•••	•••	2.51
•		(January		•••	***	0.01
	1867.	February	• •••	•••	•••	0.73
		October November December January February March	•••		•••	1.15
					Total	21.80
			(	Gran	ditotal	27.85

7. Sanitary condition.—The public health was good. The mortality among cattle was inconsiderable. The total number of deaths that occurred from various causes during the year is shown below:—

Dia	<b>30850</b>						No.
Cholera		•••	•••	•••			4,038
Small-pox	• • •	•••	•••		•••	•••	1,502
Fever							2,192
Other dise	ases	•••	•••	• • •		•••	14,384
Accidents	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	323
Suicides	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	22
Murder	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	3
Still-born							
Cause of d	eath	unkr	OWD		•••		17
					Tota	. I	22 539

8. PRICES OF GRAIN.—The annexed Abstract shows the prices of the principal products, as compared with the prices of the preceding Fusly. Prices were generally higher than they were ever known to be before. This is attributable to the general scarcity and to a succession of bad seasons. The nominal price of Cumboo was less, as one sale at a very low rate is embodied with the average. The price of Raggy fell owing to increased cultivation. The price of Varagu is not known, as the ryots merely raise this grain for home consumption.

No. 4.

Fusly.	Paddy, first sort, per garce.	isort, ber	Cholum, per garce.	Cumboo, per garce.	Horse- gram, per garce.		Varagu, per garce.
1275 1276	205	ES. 257 257	<b>28.</b> 336 340	rs. 334 312	RS. 331 399	292	RS. 269
Increase	18		4	•••	68		
Decrease	•••	•••		22		12	269

9. Ryots' Holdings —The Ryots' holdings comprised 13,07,173 acres, assessed at Rupees 26,41,191-3-2, or 7,192 acres, with an assessment of Rupees 31,549-10-8, in excess of those of the preceding year. This increase is attributable to more lands having been taken up on account of the season being favourable, and to prevent the intrusion of strangers. Changes occurred in the holdings are exhibited in Enclosure A. to Statement No. 3.

10. The extent of waste in Ryots' holdings amounted to 3,28,826\* acres, or 76,395 acres less than last year.

No. 5.

7.	]	DRY.		Wet.		TOTAL.
Items.	Land.	Assessment.	Land.	Assessment.	Land.	Assassment.
1	2	2 8		4 5		7
	ACRES.	RS. A. P.	ACRES.	RS. A. P.	ACRES.	RS. A. P.
Extent of land in Byots' holdings at the commencement of the Fusly. Deduct land relinquished by the Ryots, and	11,22,536	8,40,819 9 7	1,77,445	17,69,321 14 11	- 12,99,981	26,09,641 8 6
transferred from one head to another, &c	5,191	5,974 7 8	1,832	29,509 13 8	7,023	85,484 4 11
Romainder	11,17,845	8,34,345 1 11	1,75,613	17,89,812 1 8	12,92,958	25,74,157 8 7
Add laud nowly taken up for cultivation	11,710	10,894 9 11	2,505	56,139 5 8	14,215	67,033 15 7
Total	11,29,055	8,45,239 11 10	1,78,118	17,95,951 7 4	13,07,173	26,41,191 8 2
Particulars.						-
Cultivated Waste	8,18,621 8,10,434	6,96,837 9 11 1,48,402 1 11	1,59,726 18,892	16,52,848 0 5 1,43,103 6 11	9,78,847 8,28,826	23,49,685 10 4 2,91,505 8 10

11. ACTUAL CULTIVATION.—The actual cultivation and settlement under wet and dry is exhi-

† Wet...... 16,52,848 0 5 Dry...... 6,96,887 9 11

Vide Board's Proceedings, 19th January 1866.

bited in the following Statement. The Land Revenue amounted to Rupees 23,49,685-10-4,† or Rupees 2,05,064-11-8 more than that of the previous year, an increase due both to the causes mentioned above, and to the transfer of Ivu and Dittam Inam lands, &c., assessed at Rs. 50,000 from the head of Inam to Ayen:—

A.

No. 6.—Comparative Statement of Cultivation and Settlement.

	F	USLY 1275.	Ft	isLY 1276.	In	ICREASE.	DECREASE.		
Items.	Extent. Assessment.		Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent A	refi Assessment	
1	2	8	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Wet—Total cultiva-	ACRES.	RS. A. P.	ACRES. 2,23,791	RS. A. P.	00.001	RS. A. P.		28. A. P	
Deduct, second crop	61,217		64,065	••• •••	0 040		7 1		
	1,42,25 <b>3</b> 7,21,632	15,20,899 0 4 6,23,721 14 4		16,52,848 0 5 6,96,837 9 11	17,478 96,989	1,81,949 0 1 78,115 11 7			
Grand total	8,63,835	21,44,620 14 8	9,78,847	23,49,685 10 4	1,14,462	2,05,064 11 8			

- 12. PRINCIPAL SOURCE OF IBEIGATION.—Full information was furnished regarding the principal sources of irrigation in this District, in paragraph 12 of my Settlement Report for last Fusly; it is, therefore, unnecessary to repeat the information here, especially as the subject will be further reported on in connection with the proposed revision of assessment.
- 13. RUINED TANKS MADE OVER TO RYOTS.—As intimated in the 13th paragraph of my Settlement Report for Fusly 1275, I have made over two more ruined tanks to private individuals during

  the year at 3 rupees per acre. The Ayacut cultivation and assessment under these tanks are

No. 7.—Statement of ruined tanks made over to Ryots in Fusly 1276.

given below :-

Number of	Extent of	Nunjah assessment	Average assessment	Assessment		ivation of dy 1276.	Remaining waste.		
tanks.	Aya- cut.	as per Pymaish.	of the past five years.			Ex- tent. Assessme	Assessment.		
	ACRES.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A P.	ACRES.	RS. A. P.	ACRES. RS. A.	P.	
2	25	135 13 7	43 6 3	73 14 9	15	45 0 0	10 28 14	9	

14. WASTE CHARGED AND REMITTED.—The following Statement [exhibits the area left waste, or 3,37,574 acres, assessed at Rupees 2,91,505-8-10. This is 72,745 acres, assessed at Rupees 1.29,883-7-5, less than the previous year.

FUSLY 1275. Fusly 1276. Increase. DECREASE. Land. Assessment. Land. Assezsment. Land. Assessment Land. Assessment. ACRES. ACRES ACRES CRES ٨. P 2,80,127 1,41,261 Waste charged 9 8 3,82,549 2,56,254 23,878 ... Waste remitted 28,047 5,025 85,251 7 18,022 ,06,010 5 ... ... ••• Total 4,10,819 4.21.389 8 3,87,574 2,91,505 8 10 72,745 1,29,888 7 5 ••• Particulars. 08,181 74,805 8,28,826 Second crop 1,560 7,188 8,748 ••• ••• ••• ... ••• ... ... ••• ••• ...

No. 8.

- 15. Waste Charged.—The lands left waste and charged for amounted to 3,32,549 acres, with an assessment of Rupees 2,56,254-4-3, or 54,723 acres, assessed at Rupees 23,873-5-0, less than the previous year; no remission was granted for dry land, this special indulgence not being called for. Of the sum of Rupees 2,56,254-4-3 charged for, Rupees 54,078-11-3 forms the assessment due on portions of fields left waste, while the remainder, or Rupees 2,02,175-9-0, is that charged on entire fields left waste by the ryots without good cause.
- 16. Waste Remitted.—An assessment of Rupees 35,251-4-7 on 5,025 acres was remitted, the lands being left waste from want of rain and from other unavoidable causes. The total remission granted under this head in Fusly 1276 falls short of that granted in the preceding Fusly 1275 by Rupees 1,06,010-2-5.

No. 9.- Remission.

1   Remission for Shavi or withered crops   1   15,510   3   1,894   12   8   1,179   4   2   2   1,201   10   1,201   10   1,201   10   1,201   10   1,201   10   1,201   1,201   10   1,201				AMOUNT OF REMISSION.	MISSION.	
1. Remission for Shavi or withered crops   1. Sharist Life   2		Items.	A ROOT	0401 1	F	Dooroogo
1. Remission for Shari or withered crops   1.5510 8   1.894 18   1.894 18   1.179 4   1.179 4   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.179 4   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.179 4   1.201 10 11   1.179 4   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.201 10 11   1.201 10			Fusly 12/5.	Fusiy 12/6.	Increase.	Dect cape.
1. Remission for Shavi or withered crops   1.5510 3   1.894 12 8     1.3615 6   1.201 10 1   1.201		1	2	3	4	2
1. Remission for Shari or withered crops   1.5510   3   1.894   12   8   1.894   12   4   1.179   4     2. Do. on Parallubdity.   3. Do. on Recount for Political progressive) cowle.		. Occasional.	¥	₹.	₹	Ą
2. Do. for loss of produce 3. Do. on account of Tabitals (progressive) cowle.  5. Half teerwah on high level Numbal lands cultivated by means of water raised by manual labour.  Lands left waste of waste citter by proprietors or Durkhastdars (applicants for lands) under Muchilkas (agreements) excellent on lands submerged by waste citter folds left waste  Remission on lands submerged by waste capter count in Fusly 1274, but the crops of which were reaged and brought to account in Fusly 1275.  Total Oceasional.  28. 21 10		Remission for Shavi or withered crops	15,510 3 3	12	:	9,
A. Do. on account of Tabital (progressive) cowle.  5. Half teerwah on high level Nunjah lands cultivated by means of water raised by manual about the water of water cuted by them.  Cated by them.  Remission on lands submerged by water caped in firsted in Fusly 1274, but the crops of which were reaped and brought to account in Fusly 1275.  T. Amount remitted being the assessment charged on certain lands cuted in Fusly 1275.  T. Amount remitted being the assessment charged on certain lands cuted in Fusly 1275.  T. Amount remitted being the assessment charged on certain lands cuted in Fusly 1275.  T. Amount remitted being the assessment charged on certain lands cuted in Fusly 1275.  T. Amount remitted being the assessment charged on certain lands cuted brought to account in Fusly 1275.  T. Amount remitted being the assessment charged on certain lands cuted brought to account in Fusly 1275.  T. Amount remitted being the assessment charged on certain lands cuted brought to account in Fusly 1275.  T. Amount remitted being the assessment charged on certain lands cuted brought to account in Fusly 1275.  T. Amount remitted being the assessment charged on certain lands cuted brought to account in Fusly 1275.  T. Amount remitted being the assessment charged on certain lands cuted brought to account in Fusly 1275.  T. Amount remitted being the account in Fusly 1275.  T. Amount remitted being the account in Fusly 1276.  T. Amount remitted being the account in Fusly 1276.  T. Amount remitted being the account in Fusly 1274, but the crops of which were reaped and brought to account in Fusly 1276.  T. Amount tentited brought to account in Fusly 1276.  T. Amount tentited brought to account in Fusly 1276.  T. Amount tentited brought to account in Fusly 1276.  T. Amount tentited brought to account in Fusly 1276.  T. Amount tentited brought to account in Fusly 1276.  T. Amount tentited brought to account in Fusly 1276.  T. Amount tentited brought to account in Fusly 1274.  T. Amount tentited brought to account in Fusly 1274.  T. A		Do. for loss of produce Do. on Panibudity	1,201 10 11 28 · 2 10	15	12	* <b>:</b>
Famission on Government lands left waste citient by proprietors or Durkhastdars (agreements) excouted by them.   1,39,199 3   35,164 3		Do. on account of Tabitah (progressiv Half teerwah on high level Nunjah lands cul raised by manual labour	14,045 12	, w	• :	
Lands left waste   Do. on lands taken up but left waste either by for want of water   Proprieties of gapplicants for lands left waste outed by them		Remission on Government lands left waste	1,39,199 3	8	ı	0
1,40,477 8 6   35,164 3 1     1,05,313 5	٠	<u>ب</u>	1.278 5			ro
Remission on lands submerged by water   783 14 6   87 1 6     696 13 (	.ap		, c	65		2
Entire fields left waste	A Jsv	Remission on lands submerged by water	14	-   -		13
7. Amount remitted being the assessment charged on certain lands cultivated in Fusly 1274, but the grops of which were reaped and brought to account in Fusly 1275	ib bas d	Entire fields left waste Portions of fields left waste	1,40,522 10	40	1 : :	111
7. Amount remitted being the assessment charged on certain lands cultivated in Fusly 1274, but the crops of which were reaped and brought to account in Fusly 1275	W Me		7	4	:	2
Total Occasional 1,72,449 13 4 51,324 8 10 1,21,125 9	ori anoito	Amount remitted being the assessment charged on certain lands tivated in Fusly 1274, but the crops of which were reaped brought to account in Fusly 1275	402 9	:	<u> </u>	6
	Deq	Total Occasional.	1,72,449 13	တ	:	6

***	1,843 12 5 303 15 9 520 14 7 2,582 8 9	105 15 8		81 1 7		: :	:		37 9 11
•	1,843 303 520 2,582	 		1,02,781		• •	•		1,02,487
		1 : 4	22,994 9 0 18,344 7 11	• :		39 12 6 253 11 2	293 7 8	136 0 4 157 7 4	:
	20,873 13 2 4,979 7 7 40,617 13 7 1,845 0 11	12 3 9 8	2 2	167 6 3		3,847 14 1 21,698 2 8	25,546 0 9	2,549 5 8 22,996 11 1	713 7 0
	7 4 2 8 0 4 0 4 L	4 21 2,8	$\begin{array}{c c} \dots & 22,394 \\ \hline & & 1,11,843 \\ \hline \end{array}$	1,63,167		7 3,	1 25,	4 9 22,	11 1,88,713
	22,717 9 5,283 7 41,138 12 4,427 9	11,388 10 8,542 9	93,498 10	2,65,948 7 10		3,808 1 21,444 7	25,252 9	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2,4\underline{1}3 & 5 \\ 22,839 & 3 \end{array}$	2,91,201 0 11
] Customary.	8. Ready-money Inam 9. Maniems in grain 10. Chaturbhogam, &c., Reyayet 11. Ardamaniem or remission of a moiety of the full assessment	Mirassidars of Bramin caste  13. Do. of three-fourths teerwah on Shrotriem lands  14. Deductions from Ivu and Ditta Inams on account of village ser-	VantsTotal	Total Occasional and Customary	Miscellaneous.	15. Topes 16. Palmiras	Total Miscellaneous deductions from sundry items of revenue	Particulars {Customary	Grand total
			-		Lipu	the su venue.	norl er lo	anoitoul ameti	D <sup>eq</sup>

17. Particulars of Remission.—The deductions made from the beriz of wet and dry, as well as from sundry items, amount to Rupees 1,88,713-7-0, and fall short of those of the preceding year by Rupees 1,02,487-9-11, which is accounted for as follows:—

RS.	A.	P.
1,20,004	10	4
637	3	7
402	9	0
2 582	8	9
2,002	Ū	•
105	15	0
100	10	G
2 669	10	Λ
2,000	TO	9
1 27 201	12	11
59	10	11
00	14	II
660		
		_
707	1	10
22,994	9	3
293	7	8
24 714		
# <del>1</del> ,114		<u> </u>
1,02,487	9	11
	1,20,804 637 402 2,582 105 2,668 1,27,201 58 660 707 22,994 293 24,714	1,20,804 13 637 3 402 9 2,582 8 105 15 2,668 10 1,27,201 12 58 12 660 3 707 1

18. Miscellaneous.—The demand for Topes and Palmirahs has been included with the demand of each ryot in this year also, instead of being included under "Miscellaneous," the Board's final instructions on this subject having been communicated too late in the year. This item will be brought to "Miscellaneous" from the current Fusly.

19. Particulars of Sundry Items.—The revenue from Sundry items amounted to Rupees 1,59,560-10-0, or Rupees 3,276-14-7 in excess of that of the previous year. The particulars of these items are shown in Enclosure A. to Statement No. 5, and in the following table:—

No. 10 .- Sundry items of Revenue such as Topes, Tadbund, &c.

-	77 1 1075	T 1 1000	Сомран	RISON.	
Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.	
1	2	3	<b>4</b>	5	
1. Topes 2. Palmirahs 3. Chillara Cattuguttagai 4. Desacaval Teerwa on Shrotriem and Inam villages. 5. Inam Teerwajasty 6. Difference between the average beriz of the lands relinquished to and acquir-	RS. A. P. 20,128 0 11 1,34,194 5 0 660 4 2 855 0 2 54 2 3	20,767 13 3 1,37,355 6 4 212 1 7 770 7 0 62 14 11	BS. A. P. 639 12 4 3,161 1 4 8 12 8	RS. A. P	
ed from Travancore	391 14 11	391 14 11			
Total	1,56,283 11 5	1,59,560 10 0	3,276 14 7		

#### TINNEVELLY.

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	RS.	A.	P.
Increase by tax on fruit trees and Palmiras owing to more trees being chargeable in Fusly 1276	3,800 8	13 12	
Deduct— Total increase	3,809	10	4
Decrease in item No. 3, owing to transfer to the head of Inam, and to the resumption of certain Chillara Cattuguttagai consequent on the alienation of the same by sale, &c	448	2	7
and Inam lands	84	9	2
Total decrease	532	11	9
Net increase	3,276	14	7

No. 11.-Extent of land cultivated with special products as Cotton, Sugarcane, &c.

	•			Сотто	N.	Indi	go.	Sugarcane.		
	Fu	alies.		Extent of cultivation.	Teerwah.	Extent of cultivation.	Teerwah.	Extent of cultivation.	Teerwah.	
		1	·	2	3	4	5	6	7	
1275 1276	1976		•••	ACRES. 2,16,501 2,20,407	2,11,761 2,13,047	ACRES. 361 413	Rs. 251 308	ACRES. 206 142	2,148 1,891	
		Increa	e	3,906	1,286	52	57			
		Decrea	se	•••		•••	•••	64	257	

20. Cotton.—The increased extent of cultivation of 3,906 acres, with an assessment of Ru-Varying rate per pees 1,286, under this head, is due to the favourcandy. able character of the season for the cultivation Fusly. 170 to 260 of this crop, though the selling price of Cotton ... has fallen off, as shown in the margin. Export. Cotton. Fusly. quality of Cotton was not so good as usual. There has been but little demand for Cotton. 1276... 88,880 The exportation is as per margin.

- 21. Indigo.—The increased cultivation of Indigo is very inconsiderable.
- 22. Sugarcane.—As usual, Sugarcane cultivation is limited; the Ryots do not care to grow this crop.
- 23. EXPERIMENTAL CULTIVATION OF COTTON.—One hundred and eighteen acres were set apart for this purpose, and seventy-four acres were cultivated. The Ryots prefer their own staple, and will not grow foreign Cotton; at all events they are so indifferent in the matter, that the experiment is always a failure; no remission was granted for failure of crop this year.



24. AN ABSTRACT STATEMENT SHOWING THE GENERAL RESULT OF LAND REVENUE SETTLE-MENT IN COMPARISON WITH THE PRECEDING YEAR.—The total net Land Revenue of Fusly 1276 amounted to Rupees 30,49,819-10-8, or Rupees 1,77,849-9-0 in excess of the preceding year, as shown in the following Statement:—

Nο	12 _	- Land	Revenu	e

	Fusly 1275.				Comparison.							
Items.			Fusly 1276.			Increase.			Decrease.			
1			3		4			5				
1. Land Revenue beriz after deducting re-	BS.	٨.	P.	RS.	۸.	P.	RS.	▲.	P.	Rs.	<b>A.</b>	P.
mission 2. Shrotriem 3. Jodi on Inam vil-	24,31,092 39,210	9 4	5 1	26,12,038 39,241			1,80,945 31	12 6	9 4		•••	•••
lages 4. Permanent Peshcush 5. Miscellaneous	1,227 3,08,047 92,392	3	9 11 6	1,249 3,08,047 89,242	3	11		•••	0	 3,149	 10	
Total Land Revenue	28,71,970	1		30,49,819		}	1,77,849		0			-

<sup>25.</sup> The increase in item No. 1 is attributable to the causes mentioned in paragraph 6; that in Nos. 2 and 3 is very trifling, and the decrease in No. 5 is owing to the transfer of additional quitrent imposed by the Inam Commissioner on Ivu and Dittam Inams, &c., from the head Miscellaneous to Ayen.

No. 13.—Demand of extra sources of Revenue for Fusly 1276, compared with the previous year.

			COMPARISON.				
Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.			
1	2	3	4	5			
3. Sea Customs	1,88,242 3 0 643 4 10 	88. A. P. 81,501 13 4 7,13,846 0 11 71,122 9 1 2,26,232 15 6	32,926 13 4 31,232 8 7	R8. A. P 643 4 10			

<sup>26.</sup> EXTRA SOURCES OF REVENUE.—The increase in Abkarry is owing to the increased price of the farm put up to auction this year.

<sup>29.</sup> The increase from Stamps is owing partly to the increased number of suits, and partly to the vendors and manufacturers of arrack and toddy having been required to execute agreements on stamped paper.



<sup>27.</sup> The revenue realized from salt during the year amounted to Rupees 7,13,846-0-11, or Rupees 31,232-8-7 more than in Fusly 1275. This increase is due to the enhanced price of salt, and to the increased sales for home consumption.

<sup>28.</sup> The increase of Rupees 10,005-8-5 from Sea Customs is due to the increased exportation of cloths and oil cake, and to the increased importation of betel-nut.

30. The License-tax is new this year, and the sum entered under that head is of course an increase over last year.

No. 14.—Demand of Land and Extra Sources of Revenue for Fusly 1276 compared with the previous year.

							Compai	ison.	
-Items.		Fusly 1275.		Fusly 1276.				Dec	rease.
1		2			3	4			5
Land Revenue Extra Sources		Rs. 28,71,970 9,81,191	A. P. 1 8 0 10	88. 30,49,819 11,09,730		Rs. 1,77,849	A. P. 9 (	)	A. P.
venue	Total			41,59,550		3,06,388		-	

<sup>31.</sup> Demand of Land and Extra Sources of Revenue.—The Land and Extra Sources of Revenue for Fusly 1276 amounted to Rupees 41,59,550-1-6, or Rupees 3,06,388-15-0 in excess of that of the previous year, as shown in the foregoing Statement No. 14.

No. 15.—Demand, Collection, and Balance of all Sources of Current Revenue.

Items.	Demand of Fusly 1276.	Collections up to the end of the Fusly, or 30th June 1867.	Balance.	Collections up to the end of August 1867.	Balance.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Land Revenue	BS. A. P. 30,49,819 10 8	PS. A. P. 27,72,674 13 2	RS. A. P. 2,77,144 13 6	1	ES. A. P. 57,983 9 4
Abkarry Salt Sea Customs. Stamps License-tax	7,13,846 0 11 71,122 9 1 2,26,232 15 6	72,501 13 4 7,13,846 0 11 71,122 9 1 2,26,232 15 6 17,027 0 0	9,000 0 0	9,000 0 0	••• •••
Total	11,09,730 6 10	11,00,730 6 10	- 9,000 0 0	9,000 0 0	
Grand total	41,59,550 1 6	38,73,405 4 0	2,86,144 13 6	2,28,161 4 2	57,983 9 4

<sup>32.</sup> Demand, Collection, and Balance of all sources of Current Revenue.—Out of the entire demand above shown, Rupees 38,73,405-4-0 were collected within the year, leaving a balance of Rupees 2,86,144-13-6. Deducting subsequent collections up to the end of August, there is a small balance of Rupees 57,983-9-4 outstanding, and this will be recovered shortly. Of this balance, Rupees 2,884-13-0 are due on lands under dispute between the Zemindars and Government. This question cannot be disposed of till the revision of the settlement.

No. 16.—Demand, Collection, and Balance of arrears of former Fuslies.

Items.	Arrears at the commencement of Fusly 1276.	Collections including remission up to the end of June 1866.	Balance.	Collections made up to the end of August 1866.	Balance.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Land Revenue.	RS. A. P. 6,06,946 11 8	ES. A. P. 5,76,548 15 7	Rs. A. P. 30,397 12 1	BS. A. P. 242 4 7	RS. A. P. 30,155 7 6

33. DEMAND, COLLECTION, AND BALANCE OF ARREADS.—The balance of Rupees 30,155-7-6 under this head is made up of the following items:—

				RS.	A.	P.	
Doubtful		•••	•••	20,807	. 7	10	
Irrecoverable	•••	•••	•••	4,376	2	3	
Recoverable				4.971	13	5	

The entire sum of Rupees 20,807-7-10 under the head "Doubtful" forms assessment on certain lands in dispute.

The remark made in the preceding paragraph applies equally to this item also. Of the irrecoverable balance of Rupees 4,376-2-3, Rupees 3,006-5-7 were recommended in the last year's report to be written off, and I now request sanction to write off the remaining sum of Rupees 1,369-12-8.

#### Particulars.

,	RS.	<b>A</b> .	P.
RECOMMENDATION OF IRRECOVERABLE ARREARS FOR REMISSION.— Usual remission granted to Arumugamangalam village annually on the beriz for error in original calculation of Melwaram grain		_,	
Amount of assessment on withered crops after the conclusion of the Jummah-	203	12	U
bundy Settlement	<b>220</b>	7	2
emigrated	20	1	10
villages	18	4	11
to have been left waste from causes beyond the Ryots' controul	832	15	4
Amount of Jodi on Inam lands erroneously entered in the accounts twice over.  Assessment on lands held by Ryots who are reported to have died without		2	4
Amount of difference between the Nunjah assessment erroneously charged on certain Punjah Inam lands on the ground that they were irrigated by Govern-	3	3	4
ment water, and the Punjah assessment subsequently ordered to be charged.  Amount of difference between the assessment due by a defaulter and the	7	14	8
amount realized by the sale of his land	8	4	1
Amount of Punjah assessment on certain lands redeemed on payment of 25 years' tax	_11	11	0
Total	1,369	12	8

### Particulars.

	•	Fusly 1	274.	Fusly	127	<b>'</b> 5.	9	Tota	ıl.
Land Revenue Miscellaneous		88. A. 5 13		1,271 92		5		4. 9 2	11
Amount recommen	ided for r	emission :	in last	year and not ye	t sai	nctioned	1,369 3,006		
	•			Tota	l in	recoverable	4,376	2	3

- 34. Wastage of Salt.—The wastage of salt was 9,342 Indian Maunds, valued at Rupees 827-2-0, at Rupees 10-10-0 per garce, or Rupees 15,764-10-0 at the monopoly price of Rupees 202-8-0 per garce of 424 mercals, as will be seen from the accompanying Statement No. 11, and I request that the sanction of Government may be accorded for writing off the same in the accounts; as also for writing off the wastage of Fusly 1275, viz., Rupees 12,884-1-0, for which I have already applied for sanction.
- 35. EXTENT TO WHICH COERCIVE PROCESS WAS EMPLOYED IN THE COLLECTION OF REVENUE.—
  The extent to which coercive process was employed in the collection of arrears of Revenue is shown in Enclosure A. to Statement No. 8; property real and personal of the estimated value of Rupees 2,054-10-0 was sold by auction for Rupees 2,736-5-1, and the surplus was returned to the owners. No defaulter was imprisoned during the Fusly.



36. Comparative Abstract of Collections.—A comparative abstract of collections is annexed:—

B.

No. 17.—Comparative Abstract of Collections.

	F	usl <b>y</b> 1275		Fusly 1276.				
Items.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue.		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Permanently set- tled Jodi on Shro-	20,499	<b>2,79,46</b> 3	2,99,962	28,584	2,80,584	3,09,168	9,206	
triem, &c., vil- lages Ryotwar	2,526	29,080 19,58,762	31,606 21 <b>,</b> 43,996	11,357 4,71,581	36,840 23,85,759	   48,197  28,57,340	16,591 <b>7,</b> 13,344	
Miscellaneous Items	2,205	24,084	26,289	65,027	69,492	1,34,519	1,08,230	
Total	2,10,464	22,91,389	25,01,853	5,76,549	2 <b>7,72</b> 675	33,49,224	8,47,371	
Abkarry Salt Sea Customs Stamps License-tax		$\begin{bmatrix} 6,82,614 \\ 61,117 \end{bmatrix}$	53,965 6,82,614 61,117 1,88,243		$\begin{bmatrix} 71,122 \\ 2,26,233 \end{bmatrix}$	72,502 7,13,846 71,122 2,26,233 17,027	31,232 10,005 37,990	
Grand Total	2,15,854	32,71,938	34,87,792	5,76,549	38,73,405	14,49,954	9,62,162	

The collections, both current and in arrears, amounted to Rupees 44,49,954-3-7, or Rupees 9,62,162-3-7 in excess of the previous year. The increase is attributable to the arrears outstanding at the commencement of Fusly 1276 having been larger than those at the commencement of the preceding year, and to the revenue under all heads having been largely increased; the collections too were made with greater facility this year.

Fusly 1275 1276	Rs. .2,81,561 .2,92,939	6	5
Increase.	11,377	11	ı

37 CHARGES.—There has been a net increase of Rupees 11,377-11-1 under this head as per margin, and the particulars of the charges are inserted in Statement No. 9, while the causes which led to the increased expenditure are explained below:—

	RS.	A.	P.
Increased salary to Huzoor and Talook Establishments disbursed for twelve months in Fusly 1276, against disbursement for seven months in the pre-			
vious year, and unpaid salaries of certain servants for Fusly 1275 disbursed			
in Fusly 1276	5,513	4	3
Fusly 1275 paid in Fusly 1276, and payments made for a larger manufacture			
of salt	19,578	12	8
Increased charge for conveying and storing salt consequent on increased			
manufacture	1,331	4	4
Increased discount to Stamp vendors, owing to increased sale of Stamps	3,518	10	8
Increase in other items	1,820	12	8
Total Increase	31,762	12	7

Brought forward Total Increase... ... 31,762 12 7

#### Deduct-

Decreased charge for a Second Class Deputy Collector	
appointed vice an Acting First Class Deputy Collector,	
transferred to another District, and decreased charge for a	
Sub-Collector	1,715 11 9
Decreased Saderwarid charges owing to discontinuance	
of working by lamp light in Talook Cutcherries, and to non-	
purchase of Stationery in the local market	1,069 4 11
Decreased charges for Pearl Oyster Nursery	2,510 14 8
Decreased exportation of salt by sea to Travancore	13,862 11 3
Decrease in other Items	1,226 6 11

10tal Decrease	•••	20,385	1	b

Net Increase... ... 11,377 11 1

- 38. Importation of Salt.—No salt has been imported into this District either by sea or land.
- 39. Working of the new system of Village and Talook Accounts.—The Village and Talook accounts are kept according to the prescribed forms. They were examined by the Serishtadars and Vernacular Accountants, and were found correct with few exceptions, which were ordered to be rectified; they are, however, capable of great improvement, but this subject will be considered with the revision of assessment. The accounts in the English Department are kept according to the forms prescribed by the Board and Accountant General.
- 40. A BRIEF REFERENCE TO THE REGISTER OF LANDS ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.—Seven of the public servants acquired lands during the year under report by purchase or mortgage, and these lands have been registered in their names. The extent and other particulars are inserted in the subjoined Statement:—

No. 18.—Abstract Statement showing the extent of land acquired by Public Servants in Fusly 1276:—

	Office and Demontraces	Land			Land acquired.  Extent. Assessment.		
Name of Officer.	Office and Department.	Extent.					Assessment.
		Acres.	RS.	Α.	P.		
Subraya Mudaliar Gnanadesigam Pillay	Vernacular Clerk, Collector's Office. 2nd Class Revenue Inspector, Ten-		11	0	0	Mortgage.	
Virasami Aiyar	karai talook Gumastah, Tenkari talook	5		13 3	2 0	Purchase.	
Suba Row	Clerk in the Kulasegarapatnam Sea			-		Do.	
Ramasami Aiyar	Custom House Gumastah, Ambasamudram talook	3 3	26 48	$egin{array}{c} 0 \\ 2 \end{array}$	0	Do. Do.	
Viravagu Pillay	Do. do.	·62	7	4	9	Do.	
Suba Row	Compositor in Printing Office	·62	10	0	4	Mortgage.	
		17.89	179	7	4		
	1	<u> </u>	1			,	

- 41. Remarks on the conduct of the Subordinate Officers.—Inquiries into malpractices in the talooks led to the dismissal of three Tahsildars, three Serishtadars, and Sub-Magistrates, and numerous minor Officials; the best men procurable have been substituted in their places, and open corruption at all events has now been thoroughly checked, more work is done, and less pretence is made; and when the new Revenue system comes into operation, and the power of doing harm is taken out of the hands of petty Gumastahs and Curnums, the District will be well managed, as there are plenty of efficient men among the Government servants.
  - 42. Remarks Regarding the General Statistics as amount of Agricultural Stock,

Fusly. 1271 1276	

POPULATION, RENT ROLL, RYOTS, AND PUTTAS, &c.—The census was made on the date fixed by the Board, namely, the 1st March last, by the Village Officers, and returns were sent in to the Talooks, where the returns were verified in the

usual manner. The population, according to the present returns, amounts to 15,21,168, or 1,50,947 in excess of the number ascertained in Fusly 1271. In this Statement is embodied the census taken by the Military authorities, and the Superintendent of the Jail in the Military Cantonments and Lines, and in the Jail at Palamcottah.

- 43. The decrease in cattle and sheep is doubtless attributable to the diminution of pasture, and to a succession of adverse seasons.
  - 44. An Abstract Statement showing the total beriz of the District for Fusly 1276,

Fusly. 1271 1276	Tilling Cattle. 1,85,414 1,65,485	Cows. 1,26,982 1,85,507	She Buffalos. 51,980 50,269	Sheep. 7,08,784 6,87,744
Increase		8,525		•
Decrease	19,929		1,661	16,040

IN COMPARISON WITH THE BERIZ OF LAST FUSLY AND OF THE FIVE YEARS PRECEDING.—Last year's revenue which amounted to Rs. 41,59,550-1-6 is the highest on record since the assumption of the District by the British Government. Compared with the beriz of Fusly 1275, the increase is

Revenue of the District

Rs. 3,06,388-15-0, and with the average of the past five years, the increase is Rupees 3,56,390-4-3.

Fusly.								during the las			
								RS.	٨.	P.	
1271		•••	•••					39,03,095	3	9	
1272	•••	•••	•••	•••			•••	38,73,472	0	0	
1273		•••			•••		•••	38,55,158	9	9	
1274	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	35,30,912	2	6	
<b>1275</b>	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	38,53,161		6	
						Tot	al	, ,	2	6	
Average of f	ive y	ears		•••	•••	•••	•••	38,03,159			
<b>F</b> usly 1276	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	41,59,550	1	6	
Increase ove	r the	previ	ious 1	live y	e <b>ars'</b>	aver	age	3,56,390	4	3	
Increase abo	ve la	st F	ısly	•••	•••	•••	•••	3,06,388	15	0	

45. The Sub-Collector's Report on the Settlement of the Sub-division is herewith forwarded.

TENKASY, 26th September 1867. (Signed) R. K. PUCKLE, Collector.

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# SUB-COLLECTORATE.

- 1. I have the honour to submit the Jummahbundy Report of the Talooks settled by me in Fusly 1276, (1866-67.)
- 2. STATIONS AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT WAS MADE.—The subjoined Memorandum shows the stations at which the Settlement of each Talook took place, and the number of days it occupied:—

Talooks.	Stations where the Settlement was con- ducted.	Number of days occu- pied.	-
1. Tenkasi { 2. Nanguneri } Sankaranainar- covil.	1. Tenkasi	3 ,, 15 ,,	11th to 18th March. 19th to 21st ,, 27th March to 9th April, and 15th and 16th April. 10th and 11th April. 25th to 27th April.

Sankaranainarcovil was settled at the Cusbah station only, there being but forty Government villages in it, amongst which the Cusbah is centrally situated.

3. Number and tenure of villages.—The number and tenure of villages in the three Talooks have not undergone any changes in Fusly 1276.

	De	scrip	tion	of vil	lage	<b>3.</b>			Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Mottafysal Pattam Poruppu Punjah Shrotriem Inam	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	6 2 8 11	297 6 2 8 11 20	•••••	

- 4. Puttas.—The number of Puttas issued in the year under report is 29,782, or 139 more than those in the previous year. Of that number, 4,981 are old puttas, 10,436 old puttas altered, and 14,365 new puttas, in lieu of old ones which were lost or not produced. The renewal which is thus 48 per cent. of that of Fusly 1275 is yet large enough, but the settling Officer had to enter a new item of demand, (the road cess,) in the ryots' puttas, and where the old puttas were not forthcoming fresh ones have been of necessity issued.
- 5. Season.—The season was on the whole favourable this year. There was an increase of cultivation with comparatively slight failure of crop. The Peshanam or the later crop raised by the aid of the north-east monsoon was fair. The Car or the earlier crop raised by the aid of the south-west monsoon suffered in the remote eastern parts where the tanks did not receive their usual supply. In the river-irrigated tracts also beyond the influence of the south-west monsoon the Car crop partially failed, while in the vallies bordering on the hills it was good. The dry crops did not suffer to the same extent, but owing to the failure of the rains in November and December, the out turn was not very satisfactory.

6. Cultivation.—The subjoined table shows the extent of cultivation under the several sources of irrigation classified as rivers and rain-fed tanks:—

	Ехті	INT OF CUI	TIVATION	Extent of failure.				
Sources of irrigation.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Car {Rivers Rain-fed tanks.	ACRES. 11,748 1,626	ACRES. 14,953 1,771	3,205 145	ACRES.	ACRES. 184	125	ACRES.	ACRES.
Total	13,374	16,724	3,350					
Pesha- {Rivers nam. {Rain-fed tanks.	32,255 8,740	40,271 11,177	8,016 2,437	•••	} 1,464	76		1,388
Total	40,995	51,448	10,453					
Total {Rivers Rain-fed tanks.	44,003 10,366	55,224 12,948	11,221 2,582	•••	1,352 296	108 93		1,244 203
Total	54,369	68,172	13,803		1,648	201		1,447

Annexed is a Comparative Statement showing the extent of garden and dry cultivation in Fusly 1276:—

	Description of land.							Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.	
Garden Dry	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	ACRES. 6,327 2,00,216	ACRES.' 6,522 2,38,890	ACRES. 195 38,674	ACRES.	

7. PRICES.—With a more favourable season and increased cultivation there has been in the year under report a fall in the prices of the principal grains from those of Fusly 1275.

	_	_					PRICE PR	R GARCE.			
Grains.							Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Încrease.	Decrease.	
<b></b>							RS.	RS.	Rs.	RS.	
	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	325 251	318	•••	7	
Do. second sort	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••		239	•••	12	
Cholum	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •		261	•••	98	
Raggy	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	• • •		272	•••	18	
Horse-gram							319	380	61		

The rise in the price of horse-gram is owing to the limited cultivation of that grain, which is attributable to the failure of the November and December showers.

8. Health—The sanitary condition of the Talooks was upon the whole tolerable; Cholera prevailed in certain parts of Nanguneri and Tenkari, but not to any great extent. Here and there there were a few cases of Fever and Small-pox. The loss of cattle was so trifling that it does not require notice here.



9. Holdings.—The following Statement exhibits the variations in the ryots' holdings in the Fusly under report:—

10. Waste charged and waste remitted as compared with Fusly 1275. On careful inquiry the lands that were shown to have been purposely left uncultivated were charged with the assessment. The waste thus charged amounts to Acres 1,34,436, bearing an assessment of Rupees 95,736, and comprises portions of fields left uncultivated. The waste remitted for causes beyond the ryots' control amounts to Acres 2,171, with an assessment of Rupees 14,487.

Waste charged and remitted.

	F	JELY 1275.	Fo	SELT 1276.	Increase.	DECREASE.		
Items.	Land,	Land. Assessment.		Assessment.	Land, Assessment.	Land. Assessme	Assessment.	
1	1 2 8		4 5		6 7	8 . 9	. 9	
Waste charged. Nunjah Punjah Bagayat	ACRES. 2,66,899	RS. A. P. 1,45,419 0 1	ACRES- 1,84,486	RS. A. P. 95,786 8 5		ACRES- Ra. A 1,81,968 49,682 1		
Waste remitted. Nunjah Punjah Bagayat	8,675	72,617 5 1	2,171	14,457 9 9		6,504 58,159 1	1 4	
Total	2,75,074	2,18,086 5 2	1,86,607	1,10,198 18 2		1,88,467 1,07,842	8 6	

## TINNEVELLY.

The following are the particulars of remissions granted in the year under report:—

Trais.   Frais.   F			AMOUNT OF B	REMISSIONS.	
Remissions on account of withered crops   Bs. A. P. Bs. A. Ps. Bs. A. P. Bs. Bs. Bs. Bs. Bs. B	True,	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Remissions on account of vithered rate and particles of the continued by consistons of half Teerwah on high level Nunjah, lands cultivated by continued of the continued of the Board of Revenue in their Proceedings, dated 14th February 1866, in contensor of the cultivation being brought to full assessment in grains.    Do. on portions of fields left waste	1	2	8	4	20
Do. of quarter Teerwah on Nunjah lands cultivated by consessions on account of withcred crops   Do. of quarter Teerwah on Nunjah lands cultivated by passes   1,070 7 1   105 2 8	Occasional,	₹	Ą	<b>₹</b>	₹
and other the special ard of Revenue in their architecture in their architecture in the intervent in their architecture in their architecture in their architecture in the intervent in the intervent in the intervent in the intervent in the intervent in the intervent in the intervent in the intervent in the int	guo	ro 4	14	: : c	9
## State of the cultivation being brought to full assessment in the succeeding Fusly    Do.   Constructions of fields left waste   Total	Do. of	H	-	4	: :
Total Customary.   Customary.   Substitute	8	#			112
Substitution   Customary.   Substitution   Substi		10	7	:	2
Maniems in grains   3,123 15 6   3,184 11 11   60 12 5   177 4     Maniems in grains   Glaturbogam   1,184 14 11   1,007 10 7   7   6	Customary.				
Do. of three-quarter tax on Shrotriem lands.	Ready-money Inams  Maniems in grains. Chaturbogam  Arthamaniem  Remissions of onarter and half Teerwah on lands cultivated	21 41 20 9	11 10 0 9	• •	4 0
Total Occasional and Customary 39,893 2 2 34,748 11 5 5,144 6	Brahmins  Do. of three-quarter tax on Shrotriem lands  Do, on account of Ivu and Dittam Inams for Village S	13	9 20 1	9 : 1	- 1
onal and Customary 39,893 2 2 34,748 11 5 5,144 6		. 0	- 4	111	: :
	Total Occasional and Customary	64	=	:	9

		AMOUNT OF REMISSIONS.	EMISSIONS.	
Ітвив,	Fusly 1275.	Fuely 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	52
Hecelondons.	Ba. A. P.	188. A. P.	BS. A. P.	28. A. P.
12. Deductions from Teerwah on Topes.  13. De. on Palmyrss	2,127 0 8 8,736 7 8	2,165 12 9 8,476 7 5	38 12 1	260 0 3
Total	10,863 8 4	10,642 4 2		221 4 2
Particulars {Customary	1,316 7 0 9,547 1 4	1,399 8 11 9,242 11 3	83 1 11	304 6 1
Grand Total	50,756 10 6	45,390 15 7		5,365 10 11
1. Occasional remissions, or those granted at the Jummahbundy, with reference to the state of the season  2. Fixed remissions 3. Deductions for the payment of village servants	15,100 1 0 31,040 13 4 4,615 12 2	4,015 0 3 30,175 8 7 11,200 6 9	6,584 10 7	11,085 0 9 865 4 9

Item No. 1.—The decrease under this head is owing to the more seasonable rains of this year.

Item No. 2.—The increase arises from increased cultivation by artificial means.

Item No. 3.—The special concession sanctioned by the Board of Revenue in their Proceedings, dated 14th February 1865, was for Fusly 1274 only; hence there was no remission under this item in Fusly 1276.

Item No. 4.—There was actually no remission under this item in Fusly 1276. Rupees 101 appearing under this head, is the assessment upon the uncultivated portions of some fields formerly held by certain revenue defaulters, who entered upon them without permission. The entire fields having been brought to account erroneously, the assessment of the portions cultivated was ordered to be collected, and that on the portions left waste is entered as a remission.

Items Nos. 5 and 7.—The increase in these items arises naturally from the increased revenue of the year under report.

Item No. 6.—The decrease is in consequence of the commutation of grain fees into money payments.

Item No. 8.—The decrease under this head arises from the enfranchisement of many of these Inams, the quitrent on which is brought to account under Miscellaneous (Land Revenue.)

Item No. 9.—The increase naturally follows the increase of cultivation.

Item No. 10.—The decrease is owing to the decrease of cultivation where this description of grant exists.

Item No. 11.—There is an increase under this head. The payments of the Ivu and Dittam Inam have, up to the last Fusly, been adjusted by a deduction in the Beriz, the net alone being exhibited as the Beriz; but those payments on account of Village Service are now shown as remissions, the actual Beriz being brought to account.

Item No. 12.—The increase is owing to the increase under the head of assessment on trees.

Item No. 13.—The decrease has followed the decrease of assessment on Palmyras in the villages where these Inams exist,

11. SUNDRY Sources.—The revenue derived from Sundry sources is given below. The Statement exhibits an increase of 274 rupees, attributable to additional trees having come into bearing:—Sundry Sources.

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Tope revenue	\$8. 5,450 27,719 149 392 33,710	33,984	25 249  	RS

12. Special Crops.—Annexed is the abstract showing the cultivation of special crops:—

	Co	TTON,	Ī	NDIGO.	Sug.	AR-CANE.
Fuely.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
Fusly 1275	ACRES. 52,122 48,234	RS. 40,159 37,703	ACRES. 64 78	23 23 33	ACRES. 34 29	220 204
Increase			14	10		
Decrease	3,888	2,456			5	16

There is a falling off in the cultivation of Sugar-cane and Cotton probably owing to the greater inducement offered to ryots to raise grain crops by the highly remunerative prices they fetched in the market.

13. VILLAGE ACCOUNTS.—During the progress of the Settlement, the Village Accounts picked up at random were examined: the irregularities and defects (chiefly in the writing) that were discovered were then and there rectified.

Tuticorin, 20th September 1867. (Signed) J. B. PENNINGTON, Sub-Collector,

# SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

### COIMBATORE.

- 1. I have the honour to submit my Report on the Jummahbundy Settlement of this District for Fusly 1276 (1866-67), accompanied by Statements prepared in the forms prescribed in the Board's Circular Memorandum of the 14th August 1866, No. 787.
- 2. No changes have taken place in the number of Talooks and Divisional charges since my report for Fusly 1275, but the two talooks belonging to the Deputy Collector, Northern Division, namely, Suttimungalum and Colligal, have been temporarily placed under the Head Assistant Collector, as Krishna Row, who stands appointed as Deputy Collector to this District, is still employed in the Inam Commission.
- 3. I. VILLAGES AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT WAS MADE.—The settlement was commenced in January, and completed in July 1867. The villages at which the Jummahbundy was made, and the names of officers by whom it was conducted, are shown in the annexed Memorandum:—

Names of Officers.	Talooks.	Places where settlement was made.	Places where Puttas were distributed.	Time occupied by the Settlement.
	Col	ector's Divisi	on	
P. A. Cole, Esq., Deputy Collector.				From 11th to 23rd May, and 30th idem to 5th June 1867.
P. Grant, Esq., Collector.	_	· i	,	From 18th to 22nd February 1867.
Do. do.	1	,		From 2nd to 25th May, and 3rd June 1867.
	Sub-	Collector's Di	visions.	
W. McQuhae, Esq., Sub-	Darapoorum.	Darapoorum	Darapoorum and	From 13th January to 7th
Collector.		and Konghiem.	_	February, and 9th to 25th February 1867.
Do. do.	Caroor	Caroor	Caroor	From 28th February to 27th March 1867.
Do. do.	tah.	tah.	_	From 5th to 25th May 1867.
1	Head Assi	stant Collecto	r's Division.	
Do. do.			Goodalore.	From 1st April to 2nd May 1867.
C. A. Galton, Esq., Acting Head Assistant Collector.	Pulladum	Pulladum and Avanashy.	Pulladum, Ava- nashy, and Soo- loor.	From 8th March to 8th April 1867.
Concession	Northern 1	Division, Depu	ity Collector's	
Messrs. Cole and Gal-	Suttimunga-	Suttimunga-	Suttimungalum	From 12th to 23rd March
ton.	lum.	lum.	Hassanore, and Talavady.	
C. A. Galton, Esq., Acting Head Assistant Collector.	Collegal	Collegal		From 24th June to 9th
	Southern 1	Division, Depu charge.	uty Collector's	
P. Grant, Esq., Collector.	Perindoay.	Errode	Errode	11th to 13th April 1867.

- 4. The Settlement of the Perindoray, Bhowany, and Neilgherry talooks was conducted by me, and I arranged with the Sub-Collector, Mr. McQuhae, to settle Caroor talook in his division, and he was to settle the Coimbatore talook, in the Head Assistant Collector's Division; but before I could go to the Sub-Division, I was attacked with fever, and Mr. McQuhae had to finish all his own talooks in addition to Coimbatore. Mr. Cole, Deputy Collector, settled Pollachy and Suttimungalum talooks, but before he had distributed the Puttas in the latter talook, he was taken ill, and had to come into Coimbatore for medical treatment. The result was that Mr. Galton had to distribute the Puttas in Suttimungalum talook, in addition to making the settlement of Collegal and Palladum talooks.
- 5. II. Variations in the number and tenure of villages with remarks on the number of Puttas that was not renewed.—The number of villages held on Jaghire, Shrotriem, and Polliput tenures, remains the same as in last year. Under the head "Ryotwar," one village called Todayanoor, in Suttimungalum talook, which was deserted up to last Fusly, has been reclaimed and brought under cultivation, and the revenue derived therefrom amounts to Rupees 25-13-11. The six villages named below have been abandoned, in consequence of the unhealthy character of the locality:—

Talooks.	Names of villages.	Beriz of Fusly 1275.
Suttimungalum	Karisiddampolliem	88. A. P. 5 12 2 2 10 5 2 5 8
Collegal	Cooroobachickanahully	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Five new hamlets in Bhowany talook, and one new one in Pulladum, have been established, while four hamlets in Suttimungalum, and fifteen in Collegal, have been deserted. The following table shows the aggregate number of villages and hamlets held on different tenures:—

	-	Number of villages.	Number of hamlets.
Ryotwar	Cultivated	1,502 32	<b>4,</b> 880
		1,534	4,880
Shrotriem and Jaghire	Cultivated	10 50	11 113
Total for Fusly 1276	`{ Do	1,562 32	5,004
		1,594	5,004
Total for Fusly 1275	Cultivated	1,567 27	5,017
		1,594	5,017
Decrease	Cultivated Ryotwar	5 5	13

6.	The particulars	concerning Puttas are	given in the	Memorandum	below: -
----	-----------------	-----------------------	--------------	------------	----------

	Total number	PUTTA	S NOT RENEW	ED.		
Fuslies.	and	Puttas which remained altogether un- altered.	Modified by additional entries.	Total.	Renewed or fresh Puttas issued.	Per centage of Column 6 on Column 2.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Fusly 1275 , 1276		1,62,405 1,64,913	112 	1,62,517 1,64,913	68,554 63,934	30 29
	Decrease.	Increase. 2,508	Decrease.	Increase. 2,396	Decrease. 4,620	Decrease.

7. Notwithstanding the large increase of revenue during the Fusly under report, the aggregate number of Puttas shows a decrease of 2,224. This result is due to the fact that a great extent of Paravapilloovary lands held on Miscellaneous Puttas, has been brought under cultivation, and included in the "Ain Puttas" of their owners. The number of Puttas remaining unaltered, is in excess of that of the past year by 2,508, while under the head "Renewed or fresh Puttas issued," there is a decrease of 4,620.

Paragraphs 8 to 10.

8. III. SEASON AND SANITARY STATE OF THE DISTRICT.—In regard to the state of the season,

the annexed extract from my Administration Report for 1866-67, contains full information:—

"As communicated in my fortnightly special reports, the season was a trying one. From "January to the close of March 1866, there was no rain in the District. In April, there was a "slight fall of rain not exceeding one-and-a-half inches for the whole District on the average; but "it was partial, and consequently the ploughing of the lands for the early dry crops, which at "that time of the year should have been in active progress, was prevented. In May, however, "there were some showers of rain, and the ryots were enabled to commence their cultivation "operations; but owing to the subsequent failure of rains from June to September, except in those "parts of the District, which are situated within the influence of the south-west monsoon, the dry "crops were very much affected. The natural consequence was that agricultural produce was "short, prices rose much, the poor suffered a good deal, fodder for cattle was scarce, and grass "was nowhere to be seen. Water for domestic purposes failed in many places, numbers of wells "in the garden lands became dry, and people had to go two and three miles for water for them-"selves and their cattle. The eastern talooks were very badly off, but the favoured talook of "Collegal suffered most. From the limited outturn of the produce, and from the exportation to "Mysore and other provinces, the supply of grain in the District was barely sufficient to meet the "wants of the people. The poorer ryots and those classes dependent for support on daily wages, "were the greatest sufferers. Many of the labouring people were thrown out of work, and thus "deprived of the means of purchasing food. The evil effects of this state of things would have

"the Famine Relief Committee at Madras, by providing funds for feeding the starving poor, and affording employment to the able-bodied persons in the shape of road repairs. Indeed, the condition of the District until the end of September excited apprehension, and it was only after the setting in of the north-east monsoon that a change for the better took place through the country. The rains that fell in October, November, and December, were general and good. Many of the sources of irrigation received a tolerable supply of water, and the cultivation of wet and garden and secretary and the cultivation of wet and garden are also as a carried out to the usual extent. Even on dry lands inferior descriptions of grain were raised in many places."

The subjoined Memorandum shows the fall of rain during the year under report:-

		RAIN	FALL.
		Inches.	Tenths.
First half year	April 1866	1 4 2 0 0	53 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 5 1 5 5 1 5 5 1 5 5 1 5
•	Total	11	4117
Second half-year	October 1866	8 1 3  0	7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Total	14	2{;;
	Grand Total	25	7#11
	Total rainfall in Fusly 1275	29	9 2 4 0
	Decrease	4	1;;;

9. From the unfavourable character of the season during the first half of the Fusly year, it was feared that the sanitary condition of the District would be very bad; but the timely measures adopted for the relief of the poor by opening Conjee houses, and affording employment to the ablebodied people, prevented any serious results. Cholera, however, broke out in all the talooks. The greatest number of deaths took place in Coimbatore, Caroor, Perindoray, Pulladum, and Suttimungalum talooks. The deaths from all causes amounted to 22,776, as particularized in the subjoined abstract, prepared from the Mortuary Returns kept up under the orders conveyed in the Board's Standing Circular of the 17th June 1865, No. XXXVII:—

Abstract of Mortuary Returns in the Coimbatore District; from July 1866 to June 1867.

Name of Talooks.	Popula-	Total	Se	Komala			From disease.	.86.		Fro	From violence.			Ratio of deaths
	tion.	deaths.		T. Cittation	Cholera.	Smallpox.	Fever.	Old age.	Other diseases.	Acci-	Vio- lence.	Murder	from all	per 1,000 from Cholers.
1. Coimbatore	1,93,985	3,015	1,667	1,348	1,440	32	501	433	566	39	1	က	15.54	7.42
2. Perindoray	1,81,008	2,893	1,580	1,313	1,000	89	289	529	927	78	67	:	15.98	5.23
3. Suttimungalum.	1,39,598	2,592	I,464	1,128	801	84	533	332	785	54	တ	:	18.56	5.74
4. Pollachy	1,11,325	2,087	1,157	930	647	36	477	256	635	뚕	81	:	18.76	2.81
5. Pulladum	2,02,583	2,377	1,328	1,049	876	42	303	459	631	89	က	:	11.73	4.32
6. Bhowany	74,594	1,654	938	216	486	106	276	260	475	20	1	i	22.17	6.52
7. Collegal	58,851	1,068	615	453	169	69	231	193	392	14	:	:	18.15	2.87
8. Oodoomalpettah	97,531	1,135	650	485	290	14	260	207	341	21	-	H	11.64	2.97
9. Caroor	1,37,377	2,921	1,617	1,304	1,026	89	201	531	1,054	38	81	H	21.26	7.47
10. Dharapeoram	1,73,835	2,352	1,252	1,100	887	45	216	431	599	202	က	-	13.53	2.68
11. Neilgherry	38,142	682	426	256	28	:	274	06	249	10	:	-	17.88	1.52
Total	14,08,829	22,776	12,694	10,082	7,780	564	3,561	3,721	6,654	471	18	7	16.17	5.52
Fusly 1275	12,32,599	18,859	10,275	8,584	4,037	413	3,369	2,584	7,917	504	25	10	15.3	3.27
Decrease	•	:	:			:	:	:	1,263	æ	7	က	:	:
Increase		3,917	2,419	1,498	3,743	151	192	1,137	:	:	:	:	:	:

From want of forage and water, cattle also suffered much, and their loss is estimated at about 39,712, as detailed below:-

Bullock	8	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	8,143
Cows	•••	• • •	•••	'	•••		•••	•••	•••	7,483
Buffalo	es	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		3,740
Sheep	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	20,346
										39,712

11. IV. PRICES OF GRAIN AND THE MEASURES ADOPTED TO ENSURE THE ACCURACY OF THESE RETURNS.—From a deficiency in agricultural products, caused by the unusual drought during the first portion of the year, and from the exportation

demand for this article for export to Bombay, as will be seen from the following table:—

Paragraph 11,

to Mysore and other Provinces, the prices of all sorts of grain rose high. The per-centage of increase ranged from 15 to 46 Rupees higher than in the preceding Fusly, and from 60 to 109 Rupees higher than in the previous ten years.—Vide Statement No. 2. The effects of these high prices were most felt from July to October 1866, and told much on the poorer classes until the harvest came to hand in January 1867, before which time no diminution in the prices to speak of, took place. The price of Cotton during the three months. in which it is usually gathered, was much less than in the preceding year, owing to the limited

				Per Ca	ANDY.				
Months.	Fusly	1275.	Fusly	1276.	Differ	ence.	Per-ce	ntage.	
	Price of cotton with seed.	Price of cleaned cotton.	Price of cotton with seed.	Price of cleaned cotton.	Price of cotton. with seed.	Price of cleaned cotton.	Price of cotton with seed.	Price of cleaned cotton.	
	RS.	Es.	RS.	RS.	Rs. Decr	Rs.	RS. Deci	RS.	
March	46	177	35	126	11	51	24	29	
April		185	32	116	15	69	32	37	
May		181	29	104	16	7.7	36	43	
		<u> </u>	<u>·                                      </u>	P	ER CWT.				
March	10	39	8	21	2	18	20	46	
April	1	41	7	26	4	15	36	37	
May		40	6	23	4	17	40	42	

12. V. Ryots' holdings with causes for the abandonment of or taking lands.—At the commencement of the Fusly, the ryots' holdings including wet and dry cultivation amounted to

Acres 21,48,366, assessed at Rupees 25,36,108; of which, Acres 48,509 were deducted on account of lands relinquished on Razeenamah or otherwise disposed of, leaving a net area of 20,99,857 acres In the possession of the previous owners. To this must be added Acres 1,55,336, taken up from Government waste, or otherwise acquired, making in all Acres 22,55,193, assessed at Rupees 26,21,543, or Acres 1,06,827, assessed at Rupees 85,435, above the preceding year.

It will be seen from Enclosure A. of Statement No. 3 that an area of 18,034 acres, assessed at Rupees 18,650, has been given up on Razeenamah. This relinquishment took place chiefly in the jungly and isolated parts in Coimbatore, Suttimungalum, Bhowany, and Collegal talooks, in consequence of the unhealthy character of the localities, and the unfitness of the soil for cultivation. Under the head "Lands sold and transferred," there is an area of 26,767 acres,

which requires no explanation. Lands which have become useless, or have been appropriated for some public purposes, amount to 529 acres. Under this head, are enumerated lands appropriated for public roads and Railway purposes, as well as lands swept away by jungle streams. For causes enumerated below, certain lands have been transferred from the heads of account under which they stood up to last year:—

								Extent.	Assessment.
								ACRES.	RUPEES.
1. Transferred to Inam	٠	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		29	32
2. Deficiency in remeasurement	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	129	101
3. Nunja transferred to Punja	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	2,875	8,491
4. Punja transferred to Nunja	•••		• • •	•••		•••		146	175
5. Reduction of Assessment	•••	• • •	•••	•••		• • •		•••	253
						Tota	al	3,179	9,052

Item No 1 consists of land transferred to the head of Inam in exchange for certain Pagoda and Village Service Inam lands, which have been appropriated for Railway purposes in Caroor talook, as per sanction of Government, dated 8th June 1866, No. 1,382. It also embraces land

\* Vide Board'ssanction, dated 14th June 1866, No. 4,099. granted\* for the pay of the village servants in lieu of Inams which have been given up by the holders, either from their unfitness for cultivation, or their inconvenient situation. Certain personal

Inam lands, which were resumed and carried to Government assets in Fusly 1275, in consequence of the non-appearance of the owners to establish their right, but which have again been retransferred to the head of Inam during the Fusly under report, under instructions from the Inam Commissioner, conveyed in his letter of the 9th May 1867, No. 389, are also included under Item No. 1. Item No. 2 is the deficiency in the registered area of lands held by certain ryots, which has been struck off the accounts under the rules in force in the District. In Fusly 1274, certain garden lands watered by means of mechanical appliances erected on the banks of irrigation works, were classed as Nunja on payment of their old garden assessment, under the Orders of Government, dated 7th February 1865, Rovenue Department, No. 246. They have since been re-classed as Punja on payment of the appropriate Punja assessment, together with a water rate under the Board's Orders, dated 6th April and 10th July 1863, Nos. 2,321 and 4,703. These lands, as well as certain Nunja lands, which have been re-classed as Punja under the authority conveyed in the Board's Circular of the 4th September 1863, No. 5,534, in consequence of the sources of irrigation having fallen into decay, and ceased for many years to be of any use, form No. 3. Item No. 4 comprises Punja lands converted into wet cultivation under channels and tanks, and which have therefore been transferred to the head of Nunja. Item No. 5 embraces the following sums:-

Second.—Reduction of assessment by the retransfer to the fourth Class Nunja rate of a certain land in Collegal talook, which was before charged with first Class Nunja assessment—vide Board's Proceedings, dated 22nd December 1866, No. 9,114 ... ... ...

\_\_\_

### 14. The increase in the Ryots' holdings is detailed in the subjoined Memorandum:-

•	Extent.	Assessment.
1. Lands taken on Durkhast	ACRES. 1,22,602 26,767	Rs. 1,06,202 33,528
1. Porumboke lands brought under cultivation	2,213	2,842
2. Excess found on remeasurement	589	432
3. Transferred from Inam	144	151
4. Punja transferred to Nunja	146	865
5. Nunja transferred to Punja	2,875	3,261
6. Increase of assessment	*****	106
	5,967	7,657
Total	1,55,336	1,47,387

The demand for land has increased so much, that the greater portion of the lands held on Paravapilloovary tenure on payment of one-fourth of the fixed assessment, has been taken up on durkhast at full assessment, as shown in Item No. 1 in the above Memorandum. Item No. 2 does not require explanation, inasmuch as the lands which were shown under the head of "Deduction by sales and transfers," are here exhibited as an addition by purchase and transfers. Item No. 1 under the head "Other Causes" embraces a small quantity of Porumboke land brought under cultivation in the low country talooks of the District, as well as a considerable extent of Government waste lands sold on the Neilgherry Hills under the Waste Land Rules, dated 6th March 1863, No. 478A. No. 2 does not require comment, being an item of usual occurrence. In Item No. 3 are included certain personal Inam lands, which have been resumed and charged with full assessment according to the decision of the Inam Commission Department, as well as certain Village Service Inam lands which have been given up by the servants on the allotment of fresh lands, and taken up by the ryots for cultivation. The reasons given in the preceding paragraph in regard to the transfer of Punja to the head of Nunja and vice versa, are applicable to Items Nos. 4 and 5. Item No. 6 consists of the following sums:—

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15. VI. ACTUAL CULTIVATION.—The extent of land under actual cultivation amounted to

Acres 19,07,063, assessed at Rupees 23,01,598,

or Acres 65,465, assessed at Rupees 62,546, above
that of the past year, as shown in the following Memorandum:—

													·	Extent.	Assessment.
Fusly	1275 1276	···	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	ACRES. 18,41,598 19,07,063	RS. 22,39,052 23,01,598
										In	creas	3e		65, 465	62,546

Paragraphs 16 and 17.

16. VII. WASTE CHARGED AND REMITTED WITH REASONS.—The details connected with the waste charged and remitted, are exhibited in the annexed Memorandum:—

	Waste (	Charged.	Waste I	REMITTED.
Items.	Number of acres.	Assessment.	Number of acres.	Assessment.
		RS.		RS.
Dry	3,42,601 3,192	2,78,789 31,362	258 2,079	231 9,562
Total	3,45,793	3,10,151	2,337	9,793

at Rupees 2,78,789. They comprise lands left waste under circumstances which did not admit of a remission being granted, as well as "Ain" or "Punchumhissa" grass land held on payment of one-fourth of the full assessment. The waste charged under the head "Wet," amounts to Acres 3,192, assessed at Rupees 31,362. As these lands were left waste from the neglect of the owners, their assessment was duly charged. In their Proceedings of the 18th January 1867, No. 362, the Board sanctioned the exercise of a discretionary power in granting individual remissions for Punja waste within the limit proposed by the Acting Collector, Mr. MacGregor, namely, Rupees 7,000, in cases in which, from excessive mortality either among the inhabitants or among the agricultural stock, a failure of cultivation resulted. In the course of the Jummahbundy, however, the necessity for this concession arose only in a very few cases in which the assessment remitted on Punja waste amounted to the small sum of Rupees 231 only. Under the head "Wet," the remissions granted for waste amounted to Rupees 9,562. This indulgence was granted only in cases in which the lands

Waste remitted in Fusly 1275 ... ... 58,496
Do. do. in Fusly 1276 ... ... 9,798

Decrease... 48,708

were left waste under circumstances beyond the control of the cultivator, namely, want of water in the channels and tanks. On the whole, the remission granted for Punja and Nunja waste is less than in the previous Fusly by Rupees 48,703.

Paragraphs 18 and 19.

18. VIII. Particulars of remissions.—
The particulars of remissions are indicated in the subjoined Memorandum:—

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5
Occasional remissions.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1. Shamlat Bunger, or portions of fields left uncultivated	 13,351 186	 3,656 	 	 9,695 186
6. Cowle remissions	4,638	4,123	•••	515
7. Thiajgary, or remissions to privileged classes.	471	434	•••	37
8. Teerwacummee. On Punchumhissa grass land On Nunja land cultivated with Punja or garden produce	54,676	51,992 24,685		2,684
produce	20,000	24,000	•••	1,190
9. Fussulcummee, or second crop not cultivated.	80,559 33,895	76,677 38,713	4,818	3,882
Miscellaneous Items.				
Remissions for cultivation of Cotton on improved principle	141	150	9	
	1,33,241	1,23,753	•••	9,488
Fixed remissions.				
Tarumcummee to be retained in the accounts	661	661		
Items allowed on the collections, or from the entire Beriz of villages—  1. Share of Shrotriem proceeds 2. Allowances for heads of villages and			•••	
Curnums				
			•••	
Grand Total	1,33,902	1,24,414		9,488

<sup>19.</sup> Under the head "Occasional remissions," the Items Nos. 1, 3, 4, and 5, are blank for the year under report. No. 2 embraces remissions granted under the rules prescribed in the Board's Standing Circular of the 1st November 1865, No. LXXVII. for Nunja Shavi or crops withered for want of a proper supply of water to lands irrigated by the Ambravutty and Noyel rivers, as well as by certain rain-fed tanks. Cowle remissions (No. 6) show a decrease of Rupees 515 as compared with the past year, owing to the increase in the amount payable on a portion of the Cowle lands according to the terms of the Cowlenamah. The sum of Rupees 434 in Item No. 7, comprises the remissions of one-fifth and one-eighth portions of the assessment on lands cultivated by Brahmins and Mussulmen with their own stock in conformity with the old Hookumnamah Rules of the District. It is less by Rupees 37 than in the preceding year, owing to a portion of the land enjoying this immunity having been cultivated with other than the owner's own stock. Under the head "Teerwacummee" (No. 8) are included two items. The first is the remission of three-fourths of the fixed assessment on "Ain" or Punchumhissa grass land granted under the sanction



Government Proceedings, 10th March 1860, No. 364, communicated in the Board's Circular of the 12th idem, No. 1 245.

Board's Proceedings, 21st June 1861, No. 3,217, paragraph 13.

Government Order, 7th November 1861, No. 2,133.

given by the old Hookumnamah Rules of the District, and by the orders marginally indicated. This item shows a decrease of Rupees 2,684 below the past Fusly, which has taken place from a portion of the lands held under this charged with full assessment. The second is

tenure having been brought under cultivation, and charged with full assessment. The second is the remission granted on Nunja lands, which, from want of a sufficient supply of water in the tanks, could not be cultivated with wet produce, but on which a Punja or garden crop was raised. and which, therefore, has been temporarily charged with Punja or garden rates. The amount of this item is less by Rupees 1, 198 than in the past Fusly. Item No. 9 (Fussulcummee) or remission for second crop not cultivated, amounts to Rupees 38,713, or Rupees 4,818 above that of Fusly 1275. This result is chiefly due to the fact that certain Government waste lands bearing two-crop assessment which were taken up by the ryots this year, have been charged with single crop assessment with reference to the nature of the crops raised. The principle on which this remission is granted, has been so fully explained in paragraph 18 of my Jummahbundy Report for Fusly 1275, that I think it unnecessary to recapitulate what I then wrote. The sum of Rupees 150, shown under Miscellaneous items, consists of the remission granted for the cultivation of cotton on an improved principle under the conditions prescribed in His Excellency the late Governor's Minute, communicated in the Board's Proceedings of the 1st November 1861, No. 5,995. A portion of the land which was originally intended for this experiment, but not cultivated last year, has been appropriated for it this year; hence the small increase of 9 Rupees under this head. The Board are aware that under their Orders, dated 26th March 1863, No. 1,800, a reduction of assessment was made on certain cocoanut topes at Kanattoocadavoo, in Pollachy talook, subject to modification during the general revision of the Coimbatore assessment. This reduction makes up the sum of Rupees 661, shown under the head "Fixed Remissions."

20. IX. Particulars of Land Revenue Miscellaneous.—The particulars of Land Revenue Miscellaneous are exhibited in the following

Paragraphs 20 and 21.

Abstract:—

No.	Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
		RS.	RS.	Rs.	RS.
1	Jodi on sundry Inams (personal)	28,326	28,032		294
2	Tax on trees on unassessed lands	8,736	3,764		4,972
6	Land cultivated, but not included in the Jummah-	.,	,,,,,		,,,,
	bundy	3,780	2,592	•••	1,188
7	Concealed cultivation	74	•••	•••	74
9	Cultivation of Porumboke land	1,614	<b>77</b> 5	•••	839
10	Do. of lands belonging to Pagodas where there				_
	is no worship	2		•••	2
12	Grazing tax or grass rent	23,691	2,314	•••	21,377
15	Revenue from reverted Inams	318	122	•••	196
16	Collections from Village Service Inams for Offices	004	F00		1 454
	Vacant	984 214	530	216	454
17	Revenue from sequestered Inams	26	430		9
20	Do. from boundary lands in dispute	4.868	$\begin{array}{c} 17 \\ 9,832 \end{array}$	4,964	i
29 31	Do. on fruit trees.	1,010	955	,	 55
40	Commission on the sale of distrained property at-	1,010	000	•••	00
40	tached for arrears of Land Revenue		1	1	j
41	Commission on private estates under Circar ma-	•••	- 1	•	
71	nagement	180	192	12	
43	Revenue Fines.	4,593	1,938		2,655
44	Savings and Refunds	994	291		703
45	Excess collections over the demand	727	91		636
46	Water tax on Zemindary, Inam, &c., lands	1,609	2,030	421	
47	Quitrent on bungalows and gardens	4,550	4,544		6
51	Other items	12,419	1,466		10,953
	Total	98,715	59,916	5,614	44,413
	Net Decrease		•••		38,799

The variations observable under Items Nos. 7, 10, 15, 17, 20, 31, 40, 41, and 47, being very small, do not call for any particular comment. The sum entered under the column "Fusly 1275" in the above abstract against Item No. 1, differs from that shown in the abstract appended to paragraph 19 of my Jummahbundy Report for that Fusly by Rupees 81. This is due to the fact that the collections made in Suttimungalum and Pollachy talooks, on account of rent on certain trees and grass lands, were erroneously carried to the head of Jody on Inams, instead of to their appropriate heads, as explained in my letter of the 15th February 1867, No. 46. For the same reason, the entries against Items Nos. 2 and 12 for Fusly 1275, differ from those shown in the accounts of that year by Rupees 31 and 50, respectively. The decrease observable in Item No. 1, namely, Rupees 294, is in consequence of a certain amount of Jody on Inams collected in Fusly 1274 and held in deposit having been carried to account in Fusly 1275, which was not the case in the year under report. In Item No. 2 there is a decrease of Rupees 4.972. which has arisen from the tax on palmirah trees on unassessed lands, which was included in this item up to Fusly 1275, having been carried to its appropriate item in No. 29, during To this cause, is owing the increase under the last mentioned the year under consideration. item. The extent of land cultivated, but not included in the Jummahbundy, was not so great as in the preceding year, which accounts for the decrease under Item No. 6. Porumboke lands cultivated. but not transferred to the head of cultivation, were likewise limited, and consequently the revenue on this account is less by Rupees 839, than in Fusly 1275, as shown in Item No. 9. The large decrease in Item No. 12, is attributable to a considerable extent of grass land held on Paravapilloovary tenure, having been cultivated and charged with full assessment. Many of the offices. which were vacant up to Fusly 1275, have been filled up, and hence the collections from Village Service Inams show a decrease of Rupees 454 in Item No. 16. In Fusly 1275, a large amount of fines was levied by the Revenue Survey and Settlement Department. Such was not the case in the year under review; hence the decrease of Rupees 2,655 in Item No. 43. Under the existing orders of the Accountant General, the net amount of pay to public servants is alone debited in the accounts, and consequently the stoppages are not brought to account under the head "Savings and Refunds." This will account for the decrease of Rupees 703 in Item No. 44. The excess collections made over the demand were very limited, showing a decrease of Rupees 636 in Item No. 45. Certain Inam dry lands have been brought under wet cultivation by means of water from Government sources of Irrigation, and charged with a water rate; hence the increase of Rupees 421 in Item No. 46. Under the head "Other Items," there is a large decrease of Rupees 10,953. This is accounted for by the fact that in Fusly 1275, a large amount realized by the sales of lands on the Neilgherry Hills under the Waste Land Rules, dated 6th March 1863, No. 478A, and held in deposit. was transferred to the head "Land Revenue Miscellaneous," which was not the case in the year under report.

22. X. Extent of land cultivated with special produce, such as Sugarcane, Cotton, and Indigo.—The following abstract shows the extent of land cultivated with special products. It will appear that the cultivation of both Sugarcane and Cotton is in excess of that of the preceding year by Acres 62 and 4,894, assessed at Rupees 674 and 5,742 respectively.

	Fusly	1275.	Fusi	r 1276.	Ince	REASE.
Item <b>s.</b>	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.
Sugarcane	1,340 1,10,635	9,890 1,12,212	1,402 1,15,529	RS. 10,564 1,17,954	62 4,894	Hs. 674 5,742
Total	1,11,975	1,22,102	1,16,931	1,28,518	4,956	6,416

23. XI. ABSTRACT STATEMENT SHOWING THE GENERAL RESULT OF LAND REVENUE SETTLEMENT IN COMPARISON WITH THE PRECEDING YEAR, AND ALSO THE RESULT OF REVISION OF ASSESSMENTS.—

Paragraphs 23 to 30.

A comparative abstract of cultivation and settlement according to Form A., furnished with the Board's Circular Memorandum of the 14th August 1866, No. 787, is subjoined.

1.0	LAS	Last Fustr.	PRESENT FUSILY.	FURLY.	Ä	INCREASE.		DECREASE.
	Extent.	Авеветеце.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
1	89	•	4	. 2	9	7	8	6
	ACRES.	Rg. 4, P.	ACRES.	B.S. A. P.	ACBES.	18. A. P.	ACRES.	BS. A. P.
Dry	20,59,690 78,879	18,74,308 13 8 6,03,303 8 6	21,69,478 83,378	19,66,462 18 0 6,45,286 12 0	1,09,788	92,158 15 4 41,988 8 6		: :
Total	21,88,069	24,77,613 1 2	22,52,856	26,11,749 9 0	1,14,787	1,84,137 7 10		
op Assessment	:	808 6 2	:		:	:	:	18 3 5
Water tax	: :	<b>v</b>	: :	869 ID 6	: :	•	: :	<u>'</u>
rvice Fund		6,129 10 3				65,898 6 5		: :
Total		24,85,099 8 5	-	26,93,445 14 0		2,08,346 5 7		
Deduct remissions—	7							
		8 01 681'9	! !	72,028,0 8		65,898 6 5		: :
Other remissions, as particularized in Statement No. 4		1,83,902 1 3		1,24,414 10 9	•		:	9,487 6 6
Total		1,40,081 11 6		1,96,442 11 5		56,410 15 11		
Remaining Beris Add Miscellanequs items		23,45,067 19 11 98,715 5 1		24,97,003 2 7 59,916 7 9		1,51,935 5 8		88,798 13 4
Total		24,43,783 \$ 0		25,56,919 10 4		1,13,136 8 4		
						! .		
Folliput Peishoush Shrotriem Jody		27,691 1 8 8,418 0 0		27,691 1 8 8,418 0 0	::	: :		:::
Grand total		24,74,892 3 3		25,88,028 11 7	i	1,13,186 8 4		:
						7		

	RS
Fusly 1266	22,34,823
1267	
, 1268	
1960	
1070	
,, 1270	
,, 1271	22,63,298
1272	25,45,809
,, 1273	26,25,761
1274	
,, 1275	
	240,87,332
Average	24,08,733
Fusly 1276	
Increase	1,79,296

24. Notwithstanding the very unfavourable character of the season during a greater portion of the Fusly under report, the Land Revenue of the District is in advance of that of the past year by Rupees 1,13,136. It also exceeds the average of the past ten years in the sum of Rupees 1,79,296, as indicated in the margin. It is satisfactory to observe that by the extension of cultivation, and the consequent increase of revenue, the loss sustained by Government by the reduction of assessment on garden lands has

been nearly made up, as will be seen from the annexed Memorandum:-

25. Adverting to Clause 5, of paragraph 4 of the Board's Circular Memorandum of the 14th August 1866, No. 187, I beg to state that the principal sources of Irrigation in the District are—

1st.—The Tadapully, Aracuncottah, and Calingaroyen channels, branching from the Bhowany river, in the Suttimungalum and Perundorai talooks.

2nd.—The channels branching from the Ambravutty river, in the Oodoomulpettah, Dharapoorum, and Caroor talooks.

3rd.—The channels branching from the Noyel, in the Coimbatore and Pulladum talooks, with the tanks under them, in which water is stored during the freshes.

26. A statement showing the Ayacut and cultivation under the above sources of irrigation, as well as under the channels and tanks of a less important character, together with the assessment and actual revenue, is appended.

					Ded	Deduct.			·		
	Total Ayacut.	Ayacut.	Insm.	gi	Governmen Putcut was	Government waste and Putcut waste remitted.	Total.	al.	Remaind	Remainder under cultivation.	tivation.
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Actual revenue after deducting remissions.
	ACRES.	R8.	ACRES.	38.	ACRES.	BB.	ACRES.	88	ACRES.	RB.	RB.
Channels branching from the Bhowany river	26,212	2,53,020	1,485	20,684	1,221	6,494	2,706	27,178	23,506	2,25,842	2,16,380
Do. from the Ambravetty river	22,701	1,74,122	2,724	23,084	545	2,712	3,269	25,796	19,432	1,48,326	1,40,048
Do. from the Noyel river	18,517	1,61,320	2,566	21,788	2,053	14,597	4,619	36,385	13,898	1,24,935	91,378
Do. from the Ca- very river	5,407	41,538	1,155	8,178	147	787	1,302	8,965	4,105	32,573	32,458
Do. from the Ali-	4,506	21,715	265	1,285	22	514	317	1,799	4,189	19,916	19,681
Jungle streams	7,181	29,828	218	1,198	1,700	5,917	1,918	7,115	5,263	22,713	18,344
Tanks	16,481	89,150	1,571	9,013	1,925	9,155	3,496	18,168	12,985	70,982	59,280
Total	1,01,005	7,70,693	9,984	85,230	7,643	40,176	17,627	1,25,406	83,378	6,45,287	5,77,569

27. The total Nunja ayacut of the District is Acres 1,01,005, assessed at Rupees 7,70,693; of which, deducting Inam and waste, namely, Acres 17,627, bearing an assessment of Rupees 1,25,406, the net area under cultivation, including waste charged against the ryots, is Acres 83,378, assessed at Rupees 6,45,287. Deducting from the latter sum Rupees 68,008, the remissions, as particularized below, and adding to the remainder the sum of Rupees 290, being second crop rent on one crop land, the actual revenue to Government is Rupees 5,77,569, as shown in the foregoing Statement. I take this opportunity of informing the Board that many of the tanks and channels in this District are in a state of great disrepair, and require a large outlay to put them

To Board, 6th August 1866, No. 200, paragraph 12.
To do., 81st October 1866, No. 283, paragraph 3.
To do., 81st do. 1867, ,, 293.

in an efficient state of repair. The Budget provisions have during the past three years been very deficient as reported in the letters noted in the margin.

									RS.
Remissions for Shavi		•••						•••	. 3,656
Cowle remission			•••					•••	293
Remission on Nunja lan	ds cultiv	ated with	Punja	or Gard	len prod	luce from	n a defi	ciency o	f
water in the sources of	f irrigati	on,	•••	•			•••		24,685
Remission on two crop la	ınds culti	vated wit	h one c	rop	•••	•••		•••	38,713
Reduction of assessment		•••	•••		•••				. 661
								Total	68,008

28. An Abstract showing the number of ruined tanks made over to individuals up to the end of the Fusly is subjoined, as directed in Clause 5th of paragraph 4 of the Board's Memorandum, of the 14th August 1866, No. 787.

Talook. Name and number of the tanks.				Pymaish		L	and	l <b>a</b> pp	lie	d for	•	tanks the ap-	Cult vati and	on		
		Aya		ss per P		e per acre.					ich the over to	venue for Fusly 1276.		ent.		
	the tanks.			Assessment accounts.		At what rate per acre.			Extent.		Assessment.	Year in whi were made plicants.	Extent.	Assessment	Add grass rent.	Total.
Coimba-	Moodoor	Wet	ACS. 18		RS.	<b>A</b> .	P. 0	Wet		▲cs. 14		FUSLIES 1273	ACS 14		Rs.	rs. 14
Bhow-	Chennum- putty Areagoun-	<b>D</b> o	269	2,035	2	8	0	Do.	•••	269	673	1275		•••	•••	
any.	danoor Muttoor Ramasa-	Do Do	78 135		2 2	8	0						22	 55	:::	 55
malpettah	Tank, in	Punjah	1,884	1,158	{2 {0	8	0 10	Do. Dry	•••	400 995	1,000 612	1274 1274	1 31	3 19	} 210	232
	Į.	i	2,384	4,290	••	•••	•••		1	,774	2,539	***	68	91	210	301

The Modoor tank is still incomplete, and the land under it was cultivated with a dry 29. crop only; but the stipulated assessment being light, has been paid in full. In paragraph 25 of my Jummahbundy Report for Fusly 1275, I reported that the Chennumputty and Areagoundanoor tanks had been completed, but that they had received no water owing to the want of rain. Subsequently, however, the heavy rain which fell in the part of the District in which these tanks are situated, filled the jungle streams which supply them to such an extent, that they carried away the banks of the tanks which could therefore contain no water, and the lands under them having in consequence been left uncultivated, the assessment on them has been remitted. Mattoor was taken up in the Fusly under report. The ayacut area under it is acres 135, assessed at Rupees 833, of which 22 acres have been taken up by the applicants, who have agreed to pay Rupees 55 at 2½ Rupees per acre, and to restore the tank at their own cost. work has been completed, and though the land has not been cultivated with Nunja produce, vet the full assessment on it has been paid according to stipulation. Of the remaining 113 acres, part is held by the Ryots on payment of Punja assessment, and part is useless for cultivation. The history of Ramasamoodrum tank, and the conditions on which it was made over to the appli-

Letter to Board, dated 23rd June 1863, No. 118, embodied in the Board's Proceedings, 16th September 1863, No. 5,878.

Jummahbundy Report for Fusly 1275, dated 8th October 1866, paragraph 25.

cants, have been so fully explained in the correspondence noted in the margin, that it is unnecessary to recapitulate them here. Of the 1,395 acres taken up by Durkastdars, only one acre

was brought under wet cultivation during the year under report, while 31 acres have been cultivated with Punja produce. These portions have been charged with assessment at the respective rates agreed to by the parties concerned, and the rest of the land has been necessarily charged with grass tax under the circumstances detailed in the annexed Extract from a communication from the Sub-Collector Mr. McQuhae, dated 11th June 1867, No. 134.

"Kristna Iyer of Canayoor, the writer "of the enclosed petition, seeks to obtain the remission of Rupees 838-1-3, being the assessment due on Acres 1,363-10-2 out of the land placed in his possession under the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 16th September 1863. The petitioner pleads that the unfavourable character of the season has prevented him from bringing this land into cultivation. According to the petitioner's agreement, the Punja assessment of all the land placed in his possession should be paid from Fusly 1274. Remission was, however, granted last year by the Collector, and as the land is not yet included in the Punja Ayacut, the matter would seem to be still open for the Collector's consideration. The entire extent of land placed in Kristna Iyer's possession is 1,433 acres. The extent now brought under dry cultivation is Acres 68-5-2, and one acre has been brought under wet cultivation. As explained in paragraph 2 of the Sub-Collector's Memorandum, dated May 15th 1866 No. 75, the grass assessment of the land left waste should be collected under any circumstances. The remission actually asked for is, therefore, Rupees 628-9-0."

30. The result of the revision of assessment will now be noticed. The only item under this Board's Proceedings, 17th June 1864, No. 3,724.

Do. 13th July 1864, No. 4,335.
Do. 10th May 1865, No. 2,379.

Made under the orders marginally indicated on certain immemorial waste left uncultivated from

over-assessment. The Board are aware from paragraph 28 of my Jummahbundy report for Fusly 1275 that out of an aggregate area of 78,152 acres affected by the revision, Acres 29,386 had been brought under cultivation up to the end of that year. A further extent of Acres 4,492 has been taken up during the year under review, thus making a total of 33,878 acres, assessed at Rupees 22,962. It is satisfactory to observe that the reduction made has been attended with such beneficial results as the extension of cultivation and the increase of revenue to Government, as will be seen from the following Memorandum. The remaining waste lands will, it is hoped, be gradually brought under cultivation.

	<u></u>							
	<b>.</b>	P.		4	7	11	10	6
	t assement.	₹		15	=	-	1	က
	Net assess- ment.	BS.	1 3	886	924	969	2,265	962
	Z	1		659,886	136,924	0 20,696	,	5 22,962
	ė	P.			1		5	
	Deduct reduction	Δ.			∞	0	15	210,773_15
AI.	Dec	'n		144	370	9,532	1,241	773
Total.	4	RS.		6 10 25,144	8 14,370			10,
	it i	e.		10		H	8	
\ 	Original assessment.	₹			က	7	11	ဇာ
	Orig	RB.		031	295	228	3,507	736
		<b>#</b>		S <sub>2</sub>	51,	30,		33,
	Extent.	es.		5 78,152 85,031	44,274,51,295	4 29,386 30,228	4,492	233,87833,736
	Ext	P. Acres.		78,	44,	29,6	4,	33,
	-88	ľ			က		10	2
	Net assess- ment.	₽.		64	·	12	4	1
	Vet :	RS.		426	390	32	က	36
		<u>ы</u>		4	<del>∞</del>	. 01	10	, «»
	Deduct reduction	Α.		14	10	9 1	9 1	က
WET.	Deduction sduction	RS.		331	302	22	9	29
M				<u> </u>				
	Original assessment.	P.		0	111	6 2	8 1	4 10
	Original ssessmen	Α.			111		9 14	
	O	88.		758	692	55		53
	Extent.	Acs.		104	94	œ	7	10
	<b>.</b>	Pi		11	4	7	0	7
	sses nt.	Α.		12	10	11	7	69
	Net assess- ment.	RS.				63	2,262	26
	ž	PÅ.		2 59,460	5 36,534	220,663	2,2	922,926
		P.		<u>8</u>	2	8	7	6
	uct	₽.		ဝ	13	9	70	11
Dry.	Deduct reduction.	<b>188.</b>		112	29	9,509	1,235	44
A	£	A		1/24,812	9 14,067 13		1,5	4 10,744 11
	45	ч.		Ä	6	6	7	7
	Original assessment.	₽.		9	4	-	12	14
	Original			73	0.5	73	3,497 12	02
		BB.		34,2	9,0	30,1	3,4	3,6
	ent	88		78,048 84,273	<del>2</del> 08	29,378 30,173	-06	. 88
	Extent	Acres.	•	8,0	4.1	, Š.	4,490	3,8(
		•	tent land re- was ide dum		₽: 4.	ਸ.ੈਂਟੇ :• ਜਾਰ		<u> የ</u> ጀት :
				mahbundy re- port for Fusly 1275	to be taken up hereafter 44.180 50, 602	Remainder, taken up to Fusly 1275	Ē.	Total immemorial waste brought under 33,868 33,670 14
	.	1	Total e. of waste on which duction made—a memoran appende paragrap	mahbundy port for Fus 1275	e tal	ema n y 12	1276	sal in sal ght vati
			Tc of v on duc max men app	mal port 127	to be	Rake Fusi	1276	Tot nori rou ulti
-						4) = 1		<u> </u>

31. XII. SUNDRY SOURCES, OF REVENUE.—The revenue from Sundry Sources amounts to Rupees 4,73,376, or Rupees 1,74,381 in excess of that of the past year, as exhibited in the abstract below:—

	Items.					Fusly 1275. Fusly 1276.		Decrease.	
Abkarry Miscellaneous		•••		•••	RS. 1,67,309 1,252	RS. 3,26,600 1,358	RS. 1,59,291 106	RS.	
					1,68,561	3,27,958	1,59,397		
Stamps Miscellaneous	••• •••	•••	•••	•••	1,25,277 3,389	1,30,588 2,359	5,311	1,030	
					1,28,666	1,32,947	4,281		
Income-tax License-tax		•••	•••	 	1,768	5 12,466	12,466	1,763	
	Grand t	total	••	•••	2,98,995	4,73,376	1,74,381	*****	

32. The increase in the Abkarry Revenue, is the result of competition at the sale of the farms by public auction, at which one Vencatachelliah, Abkarry renter of Salem, took up the rent of the Coimbatore District for two years for the large annual payment of Rupees 3,26,600. Under the head "Stamp Revenue," there is a net increase of Rupees 4,281, due to the introduction of Act No. XXVI. of 1867, from May 1867. This increase would have been greater, had it not been for

Coimbatore and Ootacamund Civil Courts, from 24th

April 1867, to 24th June.

Munsiff's Courts, from do. do. for six weeks.

the adjournment of the Civil Courts up to the dates noted in the margin. The decrease under the head "Income-tax," does not require explanation. Any casual recoveries under this head

are now credited to the head "XVIII. Miscellaneous," under the orders of the Accountant General, dated 4th July 1867. The License-tax is a new item of revenue introduced from 1st May 1867, under Act No. XXI. of 1867.

33. XIII. Abstract showing the Revenue from both Land and Sundry Sources of Revenue, in comparison with the preceding year.—The aggregate revenue of the District from both Land and Sundry Sources, amounts to Rupees 30, 61, 405, or Rupees 2,87,618 in excess of last year, as shown in the subjoined Abstract:—

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue Sundry Sources	RS. 24,74,892 2,98,995	Rs. 25,88,029 4,73,376	RS. 1,13,137 1,74,381	RS.
Total	27,73,887	30,61,405	2,87,518	•••••

Sevoy Jummah has been already treated under the head "Land Revenue Miscellaneous," and on remarks are, therefore, necessary in this place. The variations in the Miscellaneous items under the other heads of revenue, will be found explained in the Memorandum forming an enclosure to Statement No. 5. The amount of interest recovered during the year amounts to Rupees 622-3-8, as shown below:—

								RS.	۸.	P.		
On arrears of Land Revenue	 	 		•••		•••	•••	350	3	3		
On arrears of Abkarry Revenue	 •••	 •••	•••	•••	•••	•••		272	0	5		
								<del></del>				
								622	3	8		

gate demand of Rupees 30,61,405, Rupees

Paragraph 85.

29,44,029 were collected during the Fusly, leaving a balance of Rupees 1,17,376 at the end of June 1867. Of this sum, Rupees 1,03,310 have since been recovered, which has reduced the balance on the 30th September 1867 to Rupees 14,066, for the realization of which the necessary steps have been taken. The following table shows the particulars of Collections, &c:—

	Items.	Demand for Fusly 1276.	Collections within the Fusly.	Balance on the 30th June 1867.	Subsequent collections up to 30th September 1867.	Balance still due.
	Poliput Peishcush Shrotriem Jodi	RS. 27,691 3,418				
Land Revenue.	Ryotwar Miscellaneous Items.	24,97,003 59,917				
	•	25,56,920	24,65,259	91,661	77,595	14,066
Abkarry Revenus Income-tax	e	25,88,029 3,27,958 1,32,947 5 12,466	$egin{array}{c} 3,03,075 \ 1,32,947 \ 5 \end{array}$	24,883 		
	Grand Total	30,61,405	29,44,029	1,17,376	1,03,310	14,066

36. XVI. Demand, Collection, and Balance of Arreads.—At the commencement of the year, the arrears amounted to Rupees 73,819, of which Rupees 66,942 were collected within the Fusly, and Rupees 1,174 were remitted, making in all Rupees 68,116. The balance left uncol-

lected was Rupees 5,703, of which Rupees 252 have since been recovered, and the amount outstanding on the 30th September 1867 is Rupees 5,451, as shown in the annexed table:—

Thomas	Arrears at the com-	COLLECTION	ons, &c. he Fusly	Ÿ.	Balance on the	Subse-	Balance on the	
Items.	of Fusly 1276.	Collec- tions.	Remis- sions.	Total.	on the 30th June 1867.	quent cor- lections.	tember 1867.	
Land Revenue. Shrotriem Jodi	rs. 113	RS. 113	RS.	rs. 113	RS.	RS.	RS	
Ryotwar Miscellaneous items	61,961 6,369	57,408 4,409	577 233	57,985 4,642	3,976 1,727	119 133	3,857 1,594	
	68,330	61,817	810	62,627	5,703	252	5,451	
Abkarry	68,443 5,376	61,930 5,012	810 364	62,740 5,376	5,703	252	5,451	
Grand Total	73,819	66,942	1,174	68,116	5,703	252	5,451	

37. XVII. COMPARATIVE ABSTRACT OF COLLECTIONS WITH REASONS FOR THE FLUCTUATIONS.—

Paragraphs 87 and 88.

As directed in paragraph 9 of the Board's Memorandum, dated 14th August 1866, No. 787, a comparative abstract of collections is appended in the prescribed form:—

		LAST FUSLY	·	Pr	ESENT FUSI	Y.	æ.	Be.	
Items.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease	
Land Revenue. Zemindary	rs. 210	RS. 27,691	rs. 27,901	RS.	rs. 27,562	rs. 27,562	RS.	rs. 339	
Shrotriem Jodi, &c Ryotwar Miscellaneous		3,305 22,84,278 93,908	3,305 23,87,974 1,03,266	113 57,409 4,409	2,715 24,13,657 51,602	2,828 24,71,066 56,011	83,092	477  47,255	
Total	1,13,264	24,09,182	25,22,446	61,931	24,95,536	25,57,467	35,021		
Abkarry Stamps Income-tax License-tax	15,529  4,241 	1,63,185 1,28,666 1,768	1,78,714 1,28,666 6,009	5,012 	3,03,075 1,32,947 5 12,466	3,08,087 1,32,947 5 12,466	1,29.373 4,281  12,466	6,004 	
Grand Total	1,33,034	27,02,801	28,35,835	66,943	29,44,029	30,10,972	1,75,137		

<sup>38.</sup> Notwithstanding the reduced amount of arrears outstanding at the commencement of the Fusly, the collections during the year show a large increase of Rupees 1,75,137, which is chiefly due to the increased demand under the heads of Land, Abkarry, and Stamp Revenue, under the circumstances already explained.

39. XVIII. Demand, Collection, and Balance of Land Revenue of the Neilgherry

Paragraphs 39 and 40.

Talook.—As directed in the Board's Proceedings of the 17th June 1861, No. 3,140, and in paragraph 15 of their Proceedings of the 15th June 1865, No. 3,289, a Statement showing the Demand, Collection, and Balance of the Neilgherry talook is annexed. The aggregate demand of Revenue for Fusly 1276 amounts to Rupees 28,907, against Rupees 39,188 in the preceding year.

The decrease (Rupees 10,281) is due to the fact that a large amount realized by the sale of lands under the Waste Land Rules, and held in deposit, was carried to the credit of Government in Fusly 1275 under the head "Land Revenue Miscellaneous," in conformity with the instructions of the Accountant General, which was not the case in the year under report:—

. Items.	Demand for Fusly 1276.	Collections within the Fusly.	Balance.	Subsequent collections up to the 30th Sept.	Balance.
Land Revenue.  Ryotwar.  Lands held by Burghers and other Hill Tribes  Do. held by Europeans, East Indians, &c., for Coffee plan-	16,895	16,361	534	499	35
tations and other agricultural purposes	7,756		7,756	3,834	3,922
Total	24,651	16,361	8,290	4,333	3,957
Miscellaneous. Quit-rent on house properties	4,233 23	243	3,990	3,341 14	649
Total	4,256	252	4,004	3,355	649
Grand Total	28,907	16,613	12,294	7,688	4,606

- 40. Of the total demand of Rupees 28,907, Rupees 16,613 were collected within the Fusly, and Rupees 7,688 subsequently, leaving a balance of Rupees 4,606 at the end of September 1867. This balance chiefly consists of the assessment and quitrent due on Coffee plantations and house properties held by Europeans and East Indians. The Special Assistant Collector has been requested to take the necessary steps for the speedy collection of the balance, and to put the provisions of Act No. II. of 1864 in force in cases of default.
- 41. XIX. Recommendation in Regard to the irrecoverable areas.—The aggregate amount of arrears outstanding is Rupees 5,451, of which Rupees 2,339 are recoverable, Rupees 1,587 are doubtful, and Rupees 1,525 are irrecoverable, and should be written off the accounts. The amount recommended for remission consists of Land Revenue, Ryotwar, and Miscellaneous, as per particulars shown in the following table:—

				Recommended for remission in the Settle- ment Report of Fusly 1275.	Now recom- mended for remission.	Total irrecoverable arrears to be written off the accounts.
Due from deceased Ryots Do. from absconded do Do. from pauper do Other causes	••• •••	•••		20 55 305 12	Rs. 27 133 835 138	BS. 47 188 1,140 150
			Total	392	1,133	1,525

42. As no sanction has yet been received for the sum of Rupees 392, recommended for remission in paragraph 40 of my Settlement Report for Fusly 1275, that sum is again included in the present recommendation. In the first three cases indicated in the foregoing table, the property of the defaulters was disposed of under the provisions of Act No. II. of 1864, and it is the balance, for the recovery of which there are no mean available, that is now recommended for remission. The sum of Rupees 138, enumerated under the head "Other Causes," comprises the following items:—

	RS.	٨.	P.
Erroneous charge by the Curnum of the village of Chennasamoodrum, in Perindoray talook, of Nunja assessment on certain Punja land, under a wrong impression that it was converted into wet cultivation in Fusly 1275	•	<b>3</b>	9
Annamallay in Fusly 1275, but which was subsequently handed			
over by him to the Forest Department	12	3	1
Erroneous double charge of quit-rent on a certain Inam land in	•	^	
Pulladum talook in Fusly 1275		0	4
Inamdar as Inam, under the orders of the Commissioner	6	9	9
Assessment for Fusly 1275 on several pieces of Inam land in Pulla- dum talook brought under temporary attachment, but subse-	50	0	•
quently released under the orders of the Inam Commissioner  Double charge of assessment by the Village Curnum on certain pieces of land held by Europeans on the Neilgherry Hills, while the same had been included in the English Quit-rent Register kept	ĐΨ	3	3
in the Collector's office	34	6	3
•	137	10	5

43. XX. IBBECOVERABLE ARREADS STRUCK OFF THE ACCOUNTS.—The irrecoverable arrears struck off the accounts during the year under Paragraph 43. review, amount to Rupees 1,173, as particularized below:—

	RS.	A.	P.
As per sanction of Government, dated 23rd August 1866, No.			
2,197, communicated in the Board's Proceedings of the 31st			
October 1866, No. 7,880, Land Revenue Ryotwar	252	10	4
Do. do. Land Revenue Miscellaneous	232	9	0
As per sanction of the Board of Revenue, dated 21st August			
1866, No. 5,956, Land Revenue Ryotwar	323	15	11
As per do. do. dated 14th August 1866, No.			
5,678, Abkarry Revenue	364	0	0
<del>-</del>	1,173	3	3

44. XXI. EXTENT TO WHICH COERCIVE PROCESS WAS EMPLOYED.—The number of cases in which processes were issued for the recovery of arrears was 199, and the amount of revenue affected was Rupees 1,011. The estimated value of land Paragraph 44.

and personal property attached was Rupees 462, and the amount actually realized by their sale

was Rupees 337. The talookwar particulars are given in enclosure A. in Statement No. 8.

XXII. CHARGES. - The subjoined table shows the details of the charges of the Revenue Department, Survey and Settlement Department excepted:-

Paragraphs 45 to 54.

Items.

Land Revenue.

Salaries and Expenses.

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...

...

Refunds of Revenue ...

Collector's Salaries ...

Sawderwarid

Contingencies

Miscellaneous

Stamp

Medical Charges

Abkarry Charges

License-tax do. ...

Tent and House rent allowance...

do. ...

Huzoor and Talook Establishments...

Last Present Increase. Decrease. Fusly. Fusly. RS. RS. RS. RS. 23 159 182 10,967 64,590 75,557 1,113 7,026 8,139 . . 1,08,235 2,275 6,060 1,02,175 1,175 3,450

2,437

7,915

2,04,896

268

35

6,196

2,11,418

338

2,855

7,282

1,87,882

504

384

5,916

1,94,364

...

...

633

17,014

17,054

280

35

418

166

116

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•••

46.	The decrease under the l	ead "Refunds of Revenue,"	' requires no explana	tion.

. . .

Total...

. . .

Total..

- The increase under the head "Collector's salaries," arises chiefly from the following 47. facts:-
  - I. One of the two additional Assistant Collectors attached to the District, drew his salary for a longer period than in Fusly 1275.
  - II. The salary of Mr. MacGregor as Sub-Collector of Tinnevelly, was paid from this Treasury for the three months during which he was employed as Acting Collector of Coimbatore.
  - The salary of Mr. H. S. Thomas as Sub-Collector of Salem, was likewise paid from this Treasury for the three months during which he was employed as Acting Civil and Session Judge of Ootacamund.
  - The pay of the Honourable Shaw Stewart as Collector of North Canara, and that of Mr. Chamberlain, Assistant Collector of Malabar, was drawn from this Treasury for one and two months, respectively, while residing on the Neilgherry Hills on leave.
- 48. For the reasons above set forth, the tent and house rent allowance also shows an increase of Rupees 1,113.
- 49. The increase under the head of Huzoor and Talook establishments is due to the fact that the increased rates of salary to certain servants, and the pay of certain additional servants newly

Government Orders, 10th November 1864, No. 2,059, and 4th April 1865, No. 726.

appointed under the sanctions indicated in the margin, were disbursed only for a broken period of the year in Fusly 1275; while in Fusly 1276 they were paid for a full year.

- The decrease under the head "Saderwarid," is accounted for by the restriction put on the purchase of lamp oil for office use.
- 51. The decrease observable under the heads Medical Charges and Contingencies, as well as under Abkarry Charges, does not call for any particular remark.

- 52. The increase under the head "Miscellaneous," is chiefly attributable to the purchase of service postage stamps for public correspondence, to the repair of pandals of Revenue Cutcherries, and to the payment made for periodical service telegrams sent to the Board of Revenue on the state of the season and rates of prices of grain during the unusual drought which prevailed for a portion of the Fusly year under report.
- 53. The Stamp charges show an increase of Rupees 280, owing chiefly to the refunds of Stamp Revenue under Section 26, Act No. X. of 1862, being larger than in Fusly 1275.
- 54. The sum of Rupees 35 under "License-tax," consists of the refunds made under the provisions of Act No. XXI. of 1867.
- have been occasionally examined. They are kept in a systematic form under the superintendence of the experienced Deputy Collector, B. Cooppa Row, and the several periodical returns due to the Accountant General and Board of Revenue are despatched punctually on the prescribed dates. The Village and Talook Accounts of Bhowany and Perindoray talooks have been carefully scrutinized by my Serishtadar, and those of the Neilgherry talook by myself. In the other talooks the officers who made the settlement examined the accounts. Many of the Talook returns are now furnished by the Tahsildars on printed forms supplied to them from the Huzoor. The Village accounts are also greatly improved.
  - 56. XXIV. Brief reference to the Register of Land acquired by Public Servants.—

    The following abstract shows the transactions connected with the acquisition of land by public servants:—

	I	Iuzoor S	ervants.		Talook	Servants.	Total.			
	No.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	No.	Acres.	Assessment.	No.	Acres.	Assessm	ent.
Lands relin-			RS. A. P.			RS. A. P.			RS. A	. P.
quished. In this District. In other Districts.	10 	136 	377 5 2 	27 	269 	767 <b>4</b> 9	37 	405 	1,144	9 11
Total  Lands newly	10	136	377 5 2	27	269	767 4 9	37	405	1,144	11
acquired. In this District. In other Districts.	8	199 	393 11 2	35 3	974 97	2,286 5 1 404 14 4	<b>43</b>	1,173 97	2,680 ( 404 1	
Total	8	199	393 11 2	38	1,071	2,691 3 5	46	1,270	3,084 1	4 7

- 57. The rules prescribed in the Board's Standing Circular of the 13th October 1862, No. 6,843, are duly attended to, and no cases of their violation have taken place.
  - 58. XXV. Sub-Collector's Report.—The report of the Acting Sub-Collector, Mr. Crole, on the Settlement of the talooks forming his division, is submitted herewith.
  - 59. XXVI. Remarks on the conduct of Subordinate Officers.—I am well satisfied with the assistance rendered by all the Europeans, Covenanted and Uncovenanted, The Treasury

Deputy Collector, Cooppa Row, has conducted his duties with his usual care and industry. The Head Serishtadar, Naraina Row, has always afforded me the advantage of his experience and advice, and the Head Clerk Vencatasiah has aided me with that intelligence, ability, and industry,

which has called forth the commendation of all the gentlemen under whom he has served. As a rule, the Tahsildars have given satisfaction. The conduct of one or two of the Deputy Tahsildars has not been quite regular.

- 60. XXVII. Working of the Rules for the sale of Government lands on the Neilgarery

  Paragraph 60.

  Hills.—Under the rules passed by the Governor in Council on the 6th March 1863, No. 478A, forty-six lots of Government waste land were sold during the year under report. Their estimated area is Acres 958, and the aggregate amount for which they were knocked down is Rupees 6,042. The sums recovered on account of these sales were held in deposit pending the settlement of accounts connected with cost of survey and demarcation, and will be transferred to their appropriate heads shortly.
- 61. XXVIII.—Working of the rules for the sale of unassessed waste lands.—No lands were applied for or sold during the Fusly under the rules sanctioned by Government under date the 5th March 1863, No. 476.
- 62. XXIX. QUINQUENNIAL RETURNS.—As directed in the Board's Circular Memorandum of
  the 1st November 1866, No. 1,097, I beg to
  forward six Quinquennial Statements in the
  prescribed forms and to offer certain observations regarding the variations between the present
  Returns and those of Fusly 1271.
- 63. A Statement showing the number of villages and hamlets.—The subjoined Abstract shows the results of the Fusly under report as compared with those of Fusly 1271:—

			Fusly 1276.		
	Fusly 1271.	Inhabited.	Uninhabited	Total.	Increase.
Extent in square miles Acres according to the Village	8,417		,	8,470	53
Ayacut Accounts Summut Maganums	40 45 000			42,58,596 164	13,360 
Ryotwar	4,884	1,281 4,880	253 970	1,534 5,850	966
Shrotriem and Inams {Villages Hamlets		9	6	10 17	6
Mootahs and Polliems Villages attached to Talooks. Hamlets		45 113	5 14	50 127	0 14
Total		1,335 5,004	259 990	1,594 5,994	986

64. In the area of the District, an increase of fifty-three square miles is observable. This increase is in the Neilgherry talook.

The area of this talook according to the accounts rendered to Mr. Pelly as taken from the Map of the District, was 426 miles, but according to the village Ayacut account, it amounts to 3,06,315

8,06,315

The area of this talook according to the accounts rendered to Mr. Pelly as taken from the Map of the village Ayacut account, it amounts to 3,06,315 acres, including the Koondah village transferred from Malabar to Coimbatore under orders of

Government, dated 16th March 1860, No. 396. The above acreage being converted into square miles, gives an area of 479 miles, which extent is accordingly shown in the present return. The

correct area of the Neilgherry talook will, however, have to be ascertained hereafter on actual survey by professional Officers. In the ayacut area of the whole District, as per village accounts, there is an increase of 13,360 acres. This increase is due to the fact that certain unsurveyed jungle lands since reclaimed and brought under cultivation, have been included in the present Ayacut. The total number of villages belonging to the District, as shown in the Quinquennial Statement A., is the same as in Fusly 1271, namely, 1,594; but the details in regard to the numbers "Inhabited and Uninhabited," will not be found to correspond with the entries in the abstract appended to paragraph 5 of this report. The difference is owing to the fact that in the latter abstract, villages yielding revenue to Government are classed as "Cultivated," and those yielding no revenue are entered as "Deserted." All deserted hamlets have hitherto been omitted from the accounts submitted to the Board, but according to the present form of the Return, hamlets once inhabited, but now deserted, are all shown under the head "Uninhabited."

65. B. Statement showing the Circar Ayacut and Cultivation.—A comparison between

				Extent. Acres.	Assessment.
Fusly 1271		•••		80,17,724	86,82,717
Fusly 1276		۸.	•••	80,57,289	81,02,512
Increase	•••	•••	•••	89,565	• • • •
Decrease	•••	•••	•••	•••	5,80,205

the Circar Ayacuts of Fuslies 1271 and 1276 shows an increase of 39,565 acres in favour of the latter year. This arises from the fact that certain Porumboke lands, as well as unsurveyed jungle lands, have been taken up by the ryots during the

last five years, and included in the Ayacut. Certain Inam lands resumed by Government are also included in the above increase. The assessment of the Circar Ayacut exhibits a decrease of

					tent.	Assessment.
				A	cres.	Re.
Fualv	1271			. 8,0	6,693	8,62,550
	1276			. 8.0	5,701	8,60,733
Dec	rease	•••			992	1,817
*Jumn	ahbund	y Repo	ort for	Fusly	1272,	paragraphs 50
and 51, dat	ed 81st	Octob	er 186	8.		
Do.	of Fu	asly 12	278, p	aragra	phs 26	and 33, dated
81st Octob	er 1864 ·	-		_		
Do.	of	Fusly	1274	parag	raph 2	29, dated 18th
November		•				
Do.	of	Fusly	1275	, pare	igraph	18, dated 8th

October 1866.

Rupees 5,80,205. The cause of this is that all reductions have been expunged from the accounts, as communicated in the reports noted in the margin.\* Under the head Inam Ayacut there is a decrease of 992 acres, bearing an assessment of Rupees 1,817. Certain Inam lands having been resumed and included in the Government assets according to the decision of the Inam Commissioner, accounts for this decrease. In the printed form of the Return furnished by the Board,

no column is provided to show the area of the gardens still standing in the accounts under the head "Inams." Consequently this return is submitted in manuscript with the necessary columns.

66. C. Statement showing the different sources of irrigation.—The following abstract exhibits the number of sources of irrigation in the District, as compared with the Fusly 1271:—

		Fusly	TUSLY 1271.		Fusly 1276.		INCREASE.		EASE.
Sources	of irrigation.	In Repair.	Out of Re- pair.	In Repair.	Out of Re- pair.	In Repair.	Out of Re- pair.	In Repair.	Out of Re- pair.
Tanks River Channels. Spring Channels. Anicuts Wells	Government Private Dasabandam Government Private Government Private Government Private Government Private Old. Government New Government Private	38,380	104 33  19 1 13 2 35 7  8,682	151 14 4 93 5 89 56 92 31 11 38,900	92 34  19 1 13 2 35 7  8,344	  1   520  819	 1     113		12 338

The number of Government tanks in repair amounts to 151, against 152 in Fusly 1271. The difference arises from a tank in Yellagramum village, in Dharapoorum talook, having fallen into decay, and became quite useless as an irrigation work. It has been transferred to the head "Out of repair," and the Nunja lands under it have been classed as Punja under the orders noted in the margin. The number of tanks out of repair Board's Circular, dated 4th September 1863, No. 5,534. also shows a decrease of 12. This is due to the fact that 13 ruined tanks in Bhowany talook have become so much deteriorated that they can no longer be classed under the head of Tanks. They have, therefore, been struck off the accounts, and the lands under them have been carried to the Punja Ayacut. Deducting from the number so struck off, the one tank transferred from the head "In repair" to that "Out of repair," the net decrease is 12, as above shown. In Fusly 1271, the number of private tanks amounted to 14, of which one in Perindoray talook has since been transferred to the head "Out of repair," leaving 13 in good condition. A new tank has been constructed by one Krishnama Naicken of Cottamungalum, in Oodoomulpettah talook, making a total of 14 as before. The transfer of the one tank in Perindoray talook to the head "Out of repair" accounts for the increase observable under the latter head.

- 68. Under the head "River Channels," there is an increase of one. This is attributable to the construction of a channel by the above named Krishnama Naiken for the purpose of conveying a supply of water from a river to the tank newly erected by him.
- 69. Under the head "Old wells in repair," there is an increase of 520, accounted for as follows:—

Wells out of repair since put in order, and transferred to the head "In repair"

N	umber o	of well	s not	include	ed in	the pr	evious	Return,	but now	brought	to
	account	•••	•••	•••	•••	••		•••	•••	•••	182
											520
70.	The flu	ctuatio	ns un	der the	he <b>a</b> d	''New	wells''	are exp	ained bel	ow:	
N	ew wells	in rep	air, a	they s	tood in	Fusly	1271		•••	•••	4,664
D	educt we	lls tran	sferre	d to th	e head	''Out	of rep	air''	•••	•••	113
A	dd welis	since	onstr	ıcted	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	4,551 932
In	crease a	bove <b>F</b>	usly 1	271	•••	•••	••••	•••	•••		5,483 819

It will appear that the result of the liberal policy of Government in sanctioning the exemption from additional taxation of improvements effected from private capital, has been the construction of no less than 5,483 wells, which represent the investment of capital amounting to Rs. 8,22,450, at the very low average rate of Rupees 150 for each well.

71. D. Statement showing the houses and population.—Subjoined is a Comparative abstract of the number of houses and amount of population:—

	Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Storied and Terraced. Houses Tiled Thatched	758 44,126 307,972	1,245 56,912 341,941	487 12,786 33,969	•••••
	352,856	400,098	47,242	
Population.  Adults	738,262	838,244	99,982	•
Hindoos Children	$\frac{442,260}{1,180,522}$	526,947 1,365,191	84,687 184,669	
Mussulmen {Adults	14,958 10,109	16,744 11,345	• 1,786 1,236	
	25,067	28,089	3,022	****
Adults	5,988	Europeans. 1,652 Natives. 7,854	3,518	
Christians Children	4,343	Europeans. 1,173 Natives. 4,870	1,700	*****
Total	10,331	15,549	5,218	
Grand total {Adults	759.208 456,712	864,494 544,335	105,286 87,623	•••••
Total	1,215,920	1,408,829	192,909	••••
AgriculturalNon-Agricultural	799,419 416,501	864,212 544,617	64,793 128,116	•••
Total	1,215,920	1,408,829	192,909	
MaleFemale	619,425 596,495	714,387 694,442	94,962 97,947	••••
Total	1,215,920	1,408,829	192,909	•••••

<sup>72.</sup> As directed in the Board's Circular Memorandum of the 1st November 1866, No. 1,097, the necessary arrangements were made to ensure the census being taken correctly in all parts of the country on the 1st March 1867, on which date it was accordingly taken. The Cultivation Inspectors were ordered to assist the Curnums in ascertaining the amount of population as accurately as possible within their respective ranges, and the correctness of the returns prepared by the Curnums was tested by the Tahsildars and Talook Serishtadars in certain important localities. The only Military Cantonment in the District is Wellington, and the census of the Soldiers and residents in it was taken by the Officer Commanding that station, as directed in the Government Order of the 27th February 1867, No. 484, communicated in the Board's Proceedings of the 8th March 1867, No. 1,438. This census is included in the General Return now submitted. The number of prisoners confined in the several Jails in the District is also included in the general census, the

perseary information on this head having been obtained from the Superintendents of Jails. It will appear that the increase of population during the past five years amounts to 192,909 persons. There is a proportionate increase in the number of houses also. These results indicate that the District is advancing in importance and prosperity.

73. E. Statement showing the number of Ryots' Puttahs, &c.—The information contained in this Statement is given in a concise form in the table below, in which a comparison between Fuslice 1271 and 1276 is made:—

; ; ; ;			·	Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Ryots	Mirassidars Poyacaries or u	 Inder-servant		218,840 130,920	303,051 149,747	84,211 18,827	•••
		Total	• •••	349,760	452,798	103,038	•••
Puttas	Single	*** *** ***	•••	86 577	127,784 101,063	14,486	17,902
1	•	Total	•••	232,263	228,847	•••	3,416
	Ploughs	••• •••	•••	126,414	150,039	23,625	•••
Cattle	Tilling Cattle Cows She Buffaloes Sheep	••• ••• •••		914 592	323,499 224,126 56,442 696,956	26,690 9,543 1,275 30,514	•••

74. In the number of Ryots, there is an increase of 103,038 persons, while the number of Puttas shows a decrease of 3,416. This decrease is chiefly due to the issue in many instances of a single Putta for several pieces of land owned by one and the same individual, for which he before held separate Puttas, and to the inclusion in the "Ain Puttas" of such portion of the Paravapillovary or grazing lands held on Miscellaneous Puttas, as was brought under cultivation. With the extension of cultivation, the number of ploughs has increased, the excess being 23,625 as compared with Fusly 1271. The number of cattle is also in advance, as enumerated in the foregoing table. Their increase would have been greater, had it not been for the loss by murrain during the past three years. For the reasons given in paragraph 4 of my letter of the 22nd December 1862, No. 270, the number of Puttas shown in Statement E. will not correspond with the number entered in Return F.

75. F. Statement showing the Rent Roll.—This Return embraces the Puttas issued for Land Revenue proper, and the assessment exhibited in Columns 3 and 5 is the settled Beriz payable by the Ryots on their land after deducting remissions, and will be found to correspond with the Beriz-of Ryotwar Settlement in Statement No. 3, as ruled in paragraph 17 of the Board's Circular of the 16th July 1858. The variations between the last and present Returns are shown below:—

				اً			Diffe	BENCE.
					Fusly 1271,	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Single	Puttas	•••	•••	No. Rs.	118,984 10,77,270	116,985 12,33,738	1,56,468	1,999
Joint	Puttas Assessment	•••.	•••	No. Rs.	78,010 <b>10,39,472</b>	98,140 12,63,265	20,130 2,23,793	•••
Total	Puttas:	•••	•••	No. Rs.	196,994 21,16,742	215,125 24,97,003	18,131 380,261	; •••

- 76. The number of single Puttas exhibits a decrease of 1,999, while the Jsint Puttas are in excess of Fusly 1271 by 20,130. The decrease in the first case has taken place, because some of the Ryots who held single Puttas have now become Joint Puttahdars. In the second case, the increase is accounted for by the fact that many Ryots have newly taken up lands on Joint Puttas. The settled Land Revenue is in advance of that of Fusly 1271 by Rupees 3,80,261. On the whole, cultivation has extended and the revenue increased, and it is hoped that with the return of good seasons, the condition of the District will steadily improve to the advantage of the Ryots and Government.
  - 77. XXX. ROAD CESS UNDER ACT No. III. OF 1866.—Under the Orders of Government,

    dated 13th December 1866, No. 3,358, the Road

    Cess Act (Madras Act No. III. of 1866) was in-

troduced into this District from the 1st January 1867. On receipt of the orders in question, detailed instructions were issued to the Tahsildars as to the mode of bringing the provisions of the Act into operation, and the necessary notices were duly published in the District Gazette. As directed in the Board's Proceedings of the 12th December 1866, No. 8,795, the Cess was calculated for the whole year at the full rate permitted by the Act, namely, 6 Pies per Rupee, but the portion which became actually due after the 1st January 1867, according to the instalments by which the assessment fell due in the District, was taken as the demand for Fusly 1276. The cess which was formerly in force in the District at a reduced rate on lands on which a reduction of assessment was made. has been now superseded by the general imposition of the cess under Act No. III. of 1866, but such portion of the former tax as was due up to the end of December 1866, according to the instalments by which the land assessment was payable, was taken to account in addition to the new cess. In most cases the new cess was charged on the fixed assessment of the land, while in others it was charged on the net demand as fixed at the annual settlement, as ruled in the Board's Proceedings of the 26th March 1867, No. 1,892. The aggregate demand of the cess, inclusive of the small amount of the old cess at the reduced rate, is Rupees 72,028, the whole of which is on the Ryotwarv lands alone. The following is a Memorandum of the Demand, Collection, and Balance of this item:-

	Arrears of the old Cess.	Current new Cess.	Total.
Demand	RS. 1,219 1,217	RS. 72,028 51,145	RS. 73,247 52,362
Balance on the 30th June 1867	1 6	20,883 19,312	20,885 19,314
Balance		1,571	1,571

78. The collections have been carried to the credit of District Road Fund under Local Funds, and are being utilized for the repair and improvement of the roads; &c., according to sanctions granted on the Local Fund Budgets. The demand of the Road Cess above shown does not include the amount payable by the Inamdars. By a Notice, dated 18th January 1867, they were allowed six months' time to furnish Returns containing information in regard to the rent value of their lands as ruled by Sections 6 and 7 of the Act. The returns of many of the Inamdars have been

lately received and examined in my office, and on receipt of the Board's sanction for the average prices of grain shown in the Table submitted to the Board with my letter of the 21st October 1867, No. 288, the amount of cess on Inam lands will be settled and collected.

COIMBATORE, 5th November 1867. (Signed) P. GRANT, Collector.

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### SUB-COLLECTORATE.

- 1. I have the honour to submit the Jummahbundy Report for Fusly 1276, together with the prescribed Statements.
  - 2. The Settlement was made by Mr. McQuhae in the places mentioned below:-

Talooks.							Places.
Caroor	••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	Caroor.
Dharapooram		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	Dharapuram and Kongiem.
Oodoomalpettah	ì	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	Oodoomalpettah.

- 3. The number of villages and hamlets remain as last year.
- 4. The number of Puttas distributed is shown in Statement No. 1, from which it will appear that 11,004 Puttas were issued, namely, entirely new Puttas 1,278, and Puttas containing alterations in consequence of relinquishment and transfer of lands, &c., 9,726, while 42,154 Puttas remain unaltered. The amount of Road Cess charged on lands held under the said 11,004 Puttas were inserted in the same below the items of Land Revenue. But in the case of the 42,154 Puttas which underwent no change, separate Puttas were issued for the amount of Road Cess.
  - 5. The following table shows the rainfall in the Kasbah station of each talook:-

	DHARA	POORAM.	Саз	BOOR.	Oodoomalpettah.		
Months.	Inches.	Decimals.	Inches.	Decimals.	Inches.	Decimals.	
April 1866	0 1  1 6 2 3 	45 42  65 7 85 45 	0 4 1 0 1 0 4 1 3 	25 18 31 46 65 76 89 55 35	1 2 2 0  4 2 6 	85 60 46 8  57 54 25  10	

6. During the first half of the Fusly the rain was insufficient for agricultural purposes in the three talooks, and therefore ryots were obliged to leave a large quantity of their dry land uncultivated. But the second crop, the cultivation of which was commenced in September, was favourable, three-fourths of the usual produce having been realized. The garden lands yielded good returns.

Under the irrigation of the Cauvery, a full Nunja crop was realized. In the river Ambravaty, there were regular freshes from September, and the Nunja lands in Oodoomalpettah, Dharapooram, and part of Caroor, yielded a full return; but at the lower end of the irrigation in Caroor talook the crops suffered, a few fields having yielded a half crop, while a majority of fields entirely withered, and some fields were left unploughed owing to want of water. The tank in the village of Cattanganny, in Dharapooram talook, received a small supply of water from the Noyel from October to December. But the lands which were first cultivated yielded a fair return, while the crops on the rest cultivated at a later period entirely withered between February and March for want of a further supply of water. The four rainfed tanks in the village of Upadamungalum and Vellianay, in Caroor talook, received a small supply of water this year, and the lands under them were cultivated with Paddy and Cholum where there are wells, and with The tanks in the village of Boodinuthum, in Oodoomalpettah dry crops where there are none. talook, were partially filled between October and January, and cultivation under them commenced; but owing to there being no rain after January, the crops withered in all those fields which had not wells. Some fields were also left waste. In the lands where there are wells full crops of Paddy, Sugarcane, and Cholum were raised by water obtained partly from the tanks and partly from the wells.

7. The sanitary condition of the Sub-Division was tolerably good. The number of deaths from Cholera which have been recorded are shown below:—

			Talo	oks.						L	ast Fusly.	Present Fusly.
Caroor	••	•••	•••			•••		•••			335	402
Dharapoora	m		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	367	843
Oodoomalp	e <b>t</b> ta	h	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	478	830
											1,180	2,075
		•									Incr	ease 895

The apparent increase may in part be due to the deaths of those who perished from famine, having been attributed to Cholera by the village authorities.

8. Cattle disease prevailed in the three talooks, and 15,078 animals are said to have died of it.

Talooks.	Cows, Buffaloes, and Bullocks,	опеер.	Total.
Caroor	3,321 1,433 982	3,514 2,627 3,201	6,835 4,060 4,183
Total	5,736	9,342	15,078
Last Fusly	5,583	9,132	14,715
		Increase	363

9. The following Comparative Statement exhibits the average prices of the different kinds of grain:—

Grains.				Fuels	Fusly 1275. Fusly 1276.						Coa	(PAR	ISON.	•				
		<b></b>	110.				r doi;	12	10.	F usi,	y 12	70.	Inc	reas	e.	Dec	rea	se.
Paddy	•••	••••				•••	RS. 262		P. 5	rs. 331		Р. 11	RS.	A. 15	P. 6	RS.		
Cholum	•••	•••		•••		•••	324	_	ŏ	421	_	9		14	9		•••	
Cumboo	•••			•••	•••	•••	269	4	2	315		7		11	5	ł	• • •	
Raggy		• • • •	•••	•••		•••	273	15	0	323		4		$\overline{12}$	4	l	•••	
Horse-gran	n	•••	•••	•••			314	14	7	431	14	5	116		10	1		

These high prices are owing to failure of rain in this, as well as in the adjoining Districts.

10. The Ryots' holdings and cultivation are shown in Statement No. 3 and its Enclosure A, from which it will appear that in the Ryots' holdings there is a net increase of 5,402 acres, bearing an increased assessment of Rupees 1,228-0-7, as compared with last Fusly as particularized below:—

Fuslies.	Acres.	Assessment.
1275 1276	7,53,610 7,59,012	RS. A. P. 7,79,489 6 8 7,80,717 7 3
Net Increase	5,402	1,228 0 7

Item No. 5 in the above Enclosure A. exhibits lands granted under the sanction of Government, dated 19th June 1866, as Inam, in lieu of those taken up for Railway purposes. Garden lands irrigated from channels by means of picottahs were transferred to Nunja Ayacut with garden assessment in Fusly 1274, under Government Order, dated 7th February 1865, No. 246. These lands are now transferred to the Punja Ayacut with appropriate (Punja) assessment with water tax, under Board's Proceedings, dated 10th July 1866, No. 4,703. This constitutes item No. 7-Garden lands irrigated from rivers by means of mechanical contrivances were transferred to the first class Punja of each village in Fusly 1274; but these lands were, under the above Board's order. charged with appropriate Punja assessment with an additional water-tax. The result of this was the reduction of assessment shown in item No. 8. The other items are of usual occurrence, and need no remark. Item No. 5 under the head "Lands taken up," exhibits lands incorporated with Government lands owing to the non-attendance of Inamdars. A piece of Punja land which was up to last Fusly paying its own Punja assessment, having been irrigated this year from a well dug within ten yards from the channel bund, is now charged with first class Punja assessment of the village and Teerwajasty. Some Nunja lands irrigated by means of picottahs in consequence of their situation on a high level, and assessed formerly at a reduced rate, having been irrigated this year by

running water, the full Nunja assessment was fixed on them as usual. These two items form the increase of assessment in No. 8. The other items do not require any explanation.

12. The actual extent of cultivation exhibits an increase of Acres 67,075, bearing an assessment of Rupees 54,801-9-3, over last Fusly, as shown below:—

	F	'uslie	s.			Acres.	Assessm	ent.	
1276 1 <sub>4</sub> 75	···	•••	•••	•••		6,10,309 5,43,234	88. 6,67,268 6,12,466		P. 9 6
	Increase		67,075	54,801	9	3			

13. From the above Enclosure A, it will appear that waste land charged this year amounts to Acres 1,48,227, assessed at Rupees 1,11,915-12-3, but a portion of this amounting to Acres 46,108, assessed at Rupees 33,905-10-4, is held as Ain or Punjam Hissa grass on payment of one-fourth of the full assessment. The remaining Acres 1,02,119, assessed at Rupees 78,010-1-11, were laid waste under circumstances not warranting remission of assessment. They are, therefore, charged at the full rate. Waste remitted amounts to Rupees 1,533-10-3, owing to Nunja lands under the Tanks and Ambravaty having been left uncultivated from want of water, as shown in paragraph 5 of this report; but this is far below the remission granted last year as hereunder specified:—

	•	Fusli	es.			Amour	nt.
1275 1276			•••		•••	88. 5,746 1 1,533 1	A. P. 5 3 0 3
			De	creas	<b>3e</b>	4,213	5 0

14. The Comparative Abstract of Cultivation and Settlement is subjoined:-

Teme	LAST	LAST FUSLY.	Presen	PRESENT FUSIT.	Ixor	INORBASE.	Dec	Decrease.
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
Dry	7,24,011 2 1 28,210 7 3	88. A. F. 5,71,261 12 10 2,02,480 10 7	7,30,361 14 2 28,175 8 3	88. A. P. 5,75,351 9 1 2,03,832 3 11	6,350 12 1	RS. A. P. 4,089 12 3 1,351 9 4	34 15 0	BS. A. P.
Total	7,52,221 10	0 7,73,742 7 5	7,58,537 7 1	7,79,183 13 0	Net. 6,315 13 1	5,441 5 7	:	:
Add second crop assessment Additional do Water tax		55 5 0 313 5 7 1,569 1 4		38 15 8 108 13 0 3,265 15 6 21,457 4 2		3,265 15 6 19,888 2 10		16 5 4 204 8 7
Total	•	1,937 11 11		24,871 0 4	Net	22,933 4 5	:	
Total	•	7,75,680 3 4	:	8,04,054 13 4	Net	28,374 10 0	:	
Deduct remissions.		1,569 1 4	:	21,457 4 2	:	19,888 2 10		:
Other remissions as particularized in Statement No. 4	:	43,386 6 6		37,044 10 4				6,341 12 2
Total	:	44,955 7 10		58,501 14 6	Net	13,546 6 8		
Remaining Beriz	:	7,30,724 11 6	:	7,45,552 14 10	Net	14,828 3 4		:
Miscellaneous Items		24,267 7 1	:	22,301 7 11				1,965 15 2
Total	•	7,54,992 2 7		7,67,854 6 9	Net	12,862 4 2		

- 15. The increase of Acres 6,315, assessed at Rupees 5,441-5-7, is owing to waste lands having been brought under cultivation, as well as the amount of remission granted for Nunja waste land during the year under report being less in extent than last year. Garden lands cultivated by water drawn from wells sunk within fifty yards from irrigation works were transferred to the first class Punja rate of the village in Fusly 1274, the difference between the garden and first class Punja assessment being entered in the accounts as Teerwajasty, or additional assessment. This amounted last year to Rupees 313-5-7. But under the Board's Circular Order, No. 6 of 1866, the distance within which a well may be sunk without subjecting it to increased assessment was reduced from fifty to ten yards. This order having been carried into effect, the result was the decrease of Rupees 204-8-7 under the head "Additional Assessment." As regards water tax, vide remark on Item No. 7 in paragraph 11. The Road Cess in Fusly 1275 was levied on those fields, the old Pymaish assessment of which had been reduced. During the Fusly under review, the Road Cess was introduced under Act No. III. of 1866, from the month of January 1867. Out of last year's Road Cess, the amount due for November and December, as well as the new Road Cess from January, amount to Rupees 21,457-4-2; hence the increase of Rupees 19,888-2-10. There is a decrease of Rupees 1.965-15-2 under the head "Miscellaneous Items." This is attributable chiefly to a difference in the collection of revenue fines as shown in Statement No. 5.
- 16. The cultivation of country Sugarcane and Cotton is shown in Enclosure B. in Statement No. 3, and there is an increase in both as specified below:—

Fuslies.	Sugarcane.	Cotton.
1275 1276	ACRES. 238 247	ACRES. 48,092 59,894
Increase	9	11,802

17. Statement No. 4 exhibits the particulars of remission granted this year. The Item No. 2 "Teerwa Cummee" consists of three-fourths assessment remitted on Ain, or Pungum

Hissa grass land paying one-fourth assessment, and the difference between Nunja and Punja assessment paid on Nunja land cultivated as dry. From this Statement it will appear that the remission for Shavi, as well as other items

granted this year, is less by Rupees 6,341-12-2\* over that of last year.

- 18. Miscellaneous Revenue is detailed in Statement No. 5. The items being of usual occurrence, require no explanation.
  - 19. Statement No. 6 shows the Demand, Collection, and Balance of the Zemindaries, &c.
- 20. Statement No. 7 shows the Demand, Collection, and Balance of all Sources of Revenue, Current and Arrears. The entire demand in the year under report was Rupees 8,43,500-7-0, of which Rupees 8,34,041-10-1 was collected within the Fusly, leaving a balance of Rupees 9,458-12-11 on the 30th June 1867. This is now reduced to Rupees 21-10-8, which will be realized very shortly.

#### COIMBATORE.

# 21. A Comparative Abstract of Collections is annexed according to Form B:-

Dagaga		BS. A. P.	:	:	2,314 15 1		:	•	:	:
090000		BS. A. P.	:	7,168 2 1	2,314 15	Net.	4,853 2 2	3,145 5 10	3,282 8 0	0 11,281 0 0
,	Total.	B8. A. P.	8,831 12 3	7	21,971 14 2		0	25,649 15 0	39,931 5 0	3,34,262 6 0 1
FUSLY 1276.	Current.	BS. A. P.	8,831 12 2	1,37,877 7 7 1,37,877 7	21,751 2 3		224 12 11 7,63,603 2 11 7,63,827 15 10 220 11 11 7,68,460 6 1 7,68,681 2	25,649 15 0	39,931 5 0	0 220 11 11 8,84,041 10 1 8,34,262 6
	Arrears.	P. B8. A. P.	:		1 220 11 11		0 220 11 11	7	::	220 11 11
	Total.	BB. A. F	8,831 12	6 7,30,709 5	24,286 14		7,63,827 15 1	22,504 9	36,648 13	1 8,22,981 6 (
Fuerx 1275.	Current.	RS. A. P.	8,831 12 3	7,30,709 5 6	24,062 1 2		7,63,603 2 11	21,303 9 2	36,648 13 0	6
	Arrears.	B8. A. P.	:		224 12 11			1,201 0 0	:	Grand total 1,425 12 11 8,21,555
Temas		Land Revenue.	Permanently settled	Ryotwar	Miscellaneous Items		Total	Abkarry	Stamps	Grand total

- 22. The outstanding balance of Fusly 1275, amounting to Rupees 220-11-11, was fully collected during the Fusly under review.
  - 23. No coercive process was employed in the collection of revenue in the Sub-division.
  - 24. Village and Talook accounts are prepared in accordance with the forms.
- 25. No landed property was acquired by Public Servants during the year under report, with the exception of that mentioned below:—

Name of the Public	Land whe	re situated.	Whether	Extent in	A	How ac-
servant.	Talook.	Village.	Punja or Nunja.	Acres.	Assessment.	quired.
Vencatesiengar, Sub- Magistrate of Kan- gayam, Dharapooram talook	Caroor.	Vargal.	Nunja.	0 6 3	RS. A. P. 6 10 6	By pur- chase .

The seller of the land having duly executed Razeenamah before the Sub-Collector, Putta has been issued in the name of the purchaser.

26. The following Statement shows the principal sources of Irrigation in the Sub-division:-.,

		Ayacu	t afl	ter d	educting l	nar	a.				Cultiva	tio	n,		
Talook.	Irrigation Works.	Exte	nt.		Assess	nen	t.	Exte	nt.	<del></del>	ARBOBE	mei	nt.	Amount of lection	
Dhar a- pooram.	Ambravatty Anicuts and Channels	6,415	14	2	RS. 60,027	-	P. 9	6,878	5	1	Ms. 59,810			<b>RS.</b> 55,116	
Caroor	Ambravatty Anicuts and Channels	9,09 <del>7</del> 4,217	8	2	55, <b>\$</b> 18 83,161	10	6	<b>8,</b> 655	5	1	53,168	8	4	49,723 32,843	3
Oodoo- mal- pettah.	Ambravatty Anicuts and Channels	4,806			88,480			12,729			85,560			82,066 85,408	
	Total	24,536	10	1	1,84,810	15	4	23,615	6	2	1,80,916	11	5	1,72,591	11 1

27. The number of ruined tanks made over to individuals up to the end of Fusly, is shown in the subjoined Memorandum:—



		fer to age of and to Fusly	A. P. 114 9 8 0 8 0 114 4 4 114 4 11865, IS65, In and to 1277.
Remarks		The tank together with 1,433 acres of jungle land was made over to Krishnien and Soobarow of Caniyoor, under Board's Proceedings of 16th September 1863.  The Durkhastdars have agreed to repair the tank and channel, and to bring 400 acres into wet cultivation within four years from Fusly 1274 to 1277.  The work is now in progress. During Fusly 1276 only one acre was	Cultivated as dry 1 0 0 2 8 0 0 1 14 9 Do. as wet 1 0 0 2 8 0 0 Grass rent agreeably to Memorandum from Collector, dated 21st June 1867,  No. 237 1,363 10 2 * 170 7 7 1,433 1,363 10 2 * 170 7 7 1,433 1,363 10 2 * 170 7 7 1,433 1,363 10 2 * 170 7 7 1,433 1,363 10 2 * 170 7 7 1,433 1,363 10 2 * 170 7 7 1,433 1,433 214 14 4 1,433 1,433 1,433
CULTIVATION.	Assessment.	2 8 0.	
Colfiv	Астев.	1 0 0	: : :
Ayacut.	Assessment.	вв. А. Р. 900 0 0	193 8 10
AY	Acres.	400 0 0	77 6 3
- A	Ivames of the lanks.	Ramasamoodram tank, in the village of Comaralingum, Oodoomalpettah talook.	Papancolum tank, in Yelayamoot- toor, Oodoomalpettah talook.

• The correct sum is Bupees 210.

- 28. The Quinquennial Statements, six in number, are also forwarded herewith.
- 29. Under the circumstances, I cannot be expected to give any opinion on the conduct of the Public Servants. For the facts constituting the above Report, I am of course indebted mainly to the Serishtadar of this office, who has, by the lucid manner in which he has laid them before me, considerably lessened the difficulty of the task.

(Signed) C. S. CROLE,
Acting Sub-Collector.

#### SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

#### SALEM.

- 1. I have the honour to submit my Report, together with the usual Statements (Annual and Quinquennial), relative to the Revenue Settlement of the Salem District for Fusly 1276 (1866-67.)
  - 2. The Settlement was begun on the 13th of January, and ended on the 27th June 1867.
  - 3. It was conducted by the officers and at the places shown in Statement No. I.
- 4. The Sub-Collector settled his own talooks, so also the Deputy Collector, Mr. Leggatt. The office of Head Assistant Collector having been held by two officers during the year, namely, Messrs. Bliss and Woodroffe, each settled a part of the two talooks forming the Head Assistant's charge. The talooks of Ahtoor and Salem were settled by myself.
- 5. Number and Tenure of Villages.—There is an increase in the number of villages. This is owing to the Inam Commissioner having fixed Jodigay upon certain Surva Maniem villages situated in the permanently settled estates, and which have hitherto not been brought to account. These are 83 in number. The total number of villages according to last year's accounts was 2,708. Of these, 6 were transferred to the South Arcot District under the Order of Government, dated the 22nd December 1866, No. 3,098. If the remaining number, namely, 2,702, be added to the 83 Inam villages above referred to, the total number of villages, according to the present accounts, is 2,785.
- 6. In the tenure of villages also there is a change, and this is owing to certain Trishvakum villages having been transferred to the head "Jodigay," with reference to the Settlement made by the Inam Commissioner.
- 7. Puttas.—The total number of Ryotwary Puttas was 2,05,399; of these, 47,797 were fresh Puttas, 70,320 underwent alterations, and 87,282 remained unaltered. Great difficulty was experienced in getting the ryots to produce their old Puttas in order that the new Road Cess might be entered. Where they were not produced, it was necessary to issue fresh Puttas; hence the increase in the number under that head.



- 8. The introduction of the new form of the Putta has been postponed with the permission of the Board till the Revenue Settlement comes into operation.
- 9. Season.—The year opened when the District was on the verge of famine. Never did Salem witness for years past a more disastrous kind of season than the one under report. From the middle of July to nearly the end of October the District was overwhelmed with distress. The early rains entirely failed, and it was not till October that cultivation to any extent commenced. Up to that time nearly all the occupied land was lying waste, and not a blade of grass was to be found anywhere. Tanks and wells were almost dry, and the want felt for food and water was not a little. People were driven to live on herbs and roots, while more than a lac and half heads of cattle perished from sheer starvation. The October rains enabled the ryots to bring under plough all lands that could be cultivated, and the prevailing distress gradually disappeared. The crops (chiefly wet) thrived well, and though late there was after all a good harvest.
- 10. RAINFALL.—The annexed table shows the fall of rain between April 1866 and March 1867:—

	Mon	ths.			Inches.	Tenths.
April May June July August September	1866.		•••	•••	2 4 1 1 12 13 35	6 51 2 81 21 11 51
October November December January February March	,, 1867. ,,		•••		19 1 4 	9 84 01 01  71
		Total	•••		62	11

11. Sanitary condition.—Though serious distress prevailed all over the District, yet it is remarkable to observe that public health was not to any extent affected thereby. On the whole it may be said that the District was more free from disease during the year under report than the preceding one. Cholera and fever only appeared here and there to a small extent. Cattle too have been almost free from disease. Many died more of starvation than of actual sickness. The following abstract exhibits the number of deaths from various causes during the year, though I don't pretend to vouch for its accuracy. On the contrary, I must admit that I entirely distrust them.

		Murder.	:	:	. 73	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	<del></del> 1	:	က
		Other Suicides.	:	H	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	П	:	:	63
	IDE.	Poison.	i	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	SUICIDE	Drown.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	-
ENCE.		RangasH	1	:	7	:	<b>:</b> ,	-	:	:	:	-	81	:	7
FROM VIOLENCE.		Other acci- dents.	11	11	2	9	4	9	4	9	9	6	10	<b>∞</b>	98
FRC	ENTS.	Wild beasts.	=	:	83	<b>~</b>	:	:	:	:	1	:	:	-	9
	Accidents	Snake bite.	13	10	13	13	œ	9	က	63	က	11	6	13	104
		Drown- ing.	13	17	11	30	29	24	32	27	19	30	32	22	286
		Other di- seases.	750	362	1,007	1,229	1,456	1,269	834	512	456	386	320	394	9,605
X A		Ague.	58	103	104	144	184	167	66	103	83	32	52	28	1,186
Roow Dramage	LISEAB	Fever.	493	249	089	754	904	879	787	438	321	259	300	277	6,641
F. Co.	F BOM	Small- pox.	69	101	95	133	114	166	166	149	287	174	112	116	1,682
		Chole- ra.	1,173	1,350	1,531	1,506	1,518	1,185	434	195	77	29	42	က	9,055
	Komales		1,176	1,443	1,541	1,734	1,928	1,696	1,120	626	- 109	426	405	429	13,125
	Malag		1,406	1,661	1,911	2,082	2,280	2,007	1,239	908	651	536	487	464	15,539
	Total	deaths.	2,582	3,104	3,452	3,816	4,217	3,703	2,359	1,432	1,252	362	892	863	28,664
deserting the	Total popu-	last census.	14,93,221	14,93,221	14,93,221	14,93,221	14,93,221	14,93,221	14,93,221	14,93,221	14,93,221	14,93,221	14,93,221	14,93,221	:
	Months		ly 1866	ngust ,,	September,	tober ,,	November ,,	December ,,	January 1867	February "	,, don	ril ,,	Ya	ne , ,	Total
	<b>X</b>	1	July	August	Septen	October	Noven	Decem	Januar	Febru	March	April	May	June	

12. PRICES OF GRAIN.—As may be expected from the character of the season, prices rose to the highest pitch. Such prices have never before been heard of in the District. For several months we had to look to Madras and the neighbouring Districts for grain. The annexed table shows the ruling prices during the year, compared with the two preceding ones:—

		(	Grain	n <b>s.</b>				•		1274.	1275.	1276.
Paddy, first sor	t	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		193	213	279
Do., second	sort		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		108	198	253
Cholum	•••	•••	•••	•••	··•	•••	•••	•••		197	254	355
Cumboo		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		174	228	300
Horse-gram	•••	•••		•••		•••	•••	•••		202	256	386
Raggy					•••	•••		•••		168	232	333
Varagu	•••;	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	105	130	194

- 13. There was no demand for agricultural labour, and the Government had to find employment for thousands of able-bodied poor, who were starving from want of means of subsistence.
- 14. 10,86,374 acres of land, assessed at Rupees 17,73,963, were under occupation at the beginning of the Fusly. Of this, Acres 70,503, assessed at Rupees 98,619, were given up from the different causes specified in Enclosure A to Statement No. 3, and Acres 67,305, assessed at Rupees 96,112, were taken up afresh. Of the lands given up, Acres 18,333, assessed at Rupees 34,773, merely passed from one hand to another, and the extent is of course included under the head "Lands taken up afresh." The total extent under occupation for the year was Acres 10,83,176, assessed at Rupees 17,71,456, of which Acres 2,553, assessed at rupees 9,953, forms the item "Waste remitted," and Acres 24,063, assessed at Rupees 32,425, the item "Waste charged."
- 15. The extent of actual cultivation was Acres 10,56,560, assessed at Rupees 17,29,078, against Acres 10,60,569, assessed at Rupees 17,29,709, actually cultivated last year.
- 16. Waste charged and waste remitted.—The waste charged is chiefly Punjah, for which the existing orders allow no remission. Punjah land assessed at nearly Rupees 1,300 was, however, remitted in consequence of the adverse character of the season. Careful inquiries were, as usual, instituted before any remission whether for Nunjah or Punjah was given.

17. The annexed abstract shows the cultivation and settlement of the year as compared with the preceding one:—

	DECREASE.	Assess- ment.	6	вв. 5,231 	÷		::	:::	:	::	810	:	::	:
	DECI	Extent.	œ	ACRES. 4,373	2,131		::	:::	:	::	:	:	::	:
	TASE.	Assess- ment.	7	BS. 10,813	5,582		1 252	26,553	32,533	26,553 145		25,888	6,645 2,386	9,031
ment.	INCREASE	Extent.	9	ACRES. 2,242	:		: :				;			
Settle		ıt.		. P. 0 10 5 9	2 9		15 5 1 8	1 3 9	12 6	 	9 9	11 4	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 11 \end{array}$	4 1
tivation and	PRESENT FOSLY.	Assessment.	5	RS. A. 12,71,852 4,89,651	17,61,503		$\begin{array}{c} 560 \\ 35,779 \end{array}$	48,872 1,08,219	19,44,934 1	48,872 1,08,219	1,51,899	3,08,990 1	16,45,944 79,473	17,25,417
nent of Culi	Presi	Extent.	4	ACRES. 10,01,177 79,446	10,80,623									
Stater		<b>ن</b> ډ		e, ∞ r∪	5 1		5 3	5 0	6 ]	5 0	8	2 1	အထ	2 11
Comparative Statement of Cultivation and Settlement.	Last Fusly.	Assessment.	ဇ	BS. A. 12,77,083 5 4,78,837 15	17,55,921		559 8 35,527	22,319	19,22,401 11	22,319 1,08,074	1,52,708 15	2,83,102 12	16,39,298 15 77,086 13	17,16,385 12
)	I	Extent.	2	ACRES. 10,05,550 77,204	10,82,754									•
		Items.	1	Dry	. Total	Add.		Water tax Road Fund Village Service Fund	Total	Deduct Remissions.  Willage Service Fund  Other Remissions as par-	Vo. 4 No. 4	Total	Remaining Beriz Add Miscellaneous items.	Total

18. Special Products.—From the following abstract it will be seen that there is a decrease in the cultivation of Sugar-cane, Cotton, and Indigo. The decrease is chiefly in the two latter, and this is owing to a falling off in the Demand:—

						Fustr	1275.	Fusly	1276.
	Ite	ms.				Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
Sugar-cane Cotton Indigo	 •••	•••	•••	•••	•••	 1,480 16,135 1,125	9,663 25,315 3,127	1,317 13,421 554	8,803 19,302 1,309

19. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF IRRIGATION.—The subjoined table gives the particulars under this head. The most important sources of irrigation in this District are the Cavery channels and the several anicuts across the Vashista, Vellar, Penar, and Teroomany Moothar rivers.

					TAN	KS.	CHAN	NELS.	Anic	CUTS.	WEL	Lø.
					In repair.	Out of repair.		Out of repair.		Out of repair.		Out of repair.
Government Private Dasabandum	•••	•••	•••	•••	525	849 113 37	408 38 8	35 3 2	385 108 6	126 10 5	18,262 24,155	3,516 3,506

- 20. Nine ruined tanks were made over during the year to private individuals for restoration. The ayacut under the nine is Acres 32, assessed at Rupees 124.
- 21. Remissions, Statement No. 4.—The remissions for the year amounted to Rs. 1,51,899, showing a net decrease of Rupees 809. This, however, includes the share of Shrotriem proceeds, village servants, allowances, and Dasabandum shares, amounting in all to Rupees 1,23,290. The decrease is owing to the quitrent imposed by the Inam Commissioner on certain Hissa Shrotriems.
- 22. I shall address the Board separately on the fixed Cowle remissions known as "Cockburn's Cowle," under which head Rupees 1,009 appear.
- 23. Remissions for pasture are given at one-third of the Fysul assessment in the Baramahal, and one-fourth in the Talaghat talooks. In no case does the whole extent allowed for pasture exceed one-fourth of the entire holding of a ryot.
- 24. The Shavi remissions were given upon a careful inquiry, and on the principle laid down by the Board and Government.

25. The following abstract shows the particulars of remission:-

Items.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Occasional Remissions.  Shavi	251 219  333 26  25	88. 9,743 328 150 846 539 44 10 25	846 206 18 10	88. 1,226  69  
Total	11,823	11,685	•••	138
Fixed Remissions.  Fixed Cowle Remission  Remission on pasture lands  Total	1,010 16,052 17,062	1,008 15,916 16,924		2 136 138
Items allowed on the collection, or from the entire Beriz of villages.  Share of Shrotriem proceeds	15,495 1,08,074 254	14,869 1,08,219 202	 145 	626  52
Total	1,23,823	1,23,290		533
Grand Total	1,52,708	1,51,899		809

SALEM.

7

26. MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE, STATEMENT No. V.—The Miscellaneous Revenue for the year amounted to Rupees 82,970, or Rupees 1,466 over the preceding year's revenue. The chief items included in this amount are Jodi on Sundry Inam lands cultivated subsequent to the Jummahbundy, revenue of hill villages, tax on fruit trees, and revenue fines. The cultivation subsequent to the Jummahbundy is larger this year than heretofore. The favourable change in the character of the season having taken place as late as it did, several lands not brought under the plough before the Jummahbundy were subsequently cultivated. The usual explanatory statement showing these several items, as well as the particulars under the head "Other items," accompanies. The increase in the "Other items" is the sale proceeds (Rupees 2,113) of certain Travellers' Bungalows which had become useless.

27. The subjoined abstract shows the Miscellaneous Revenue under the three principal heads of Land Revenue, Abkarry, and Stamps:—

		Iten	ns.			.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Rev Abkarry Stamps			neous 	•••	•••		RS. 77,087 445 3,972	RS. 79,473 723 2,774	2,386 278	RS.  1,198
					Tot	al	81,504	82,970	1,466	•••

28. General result of Land Revenue.—The following table shows the particulars under this head:—

Items.	Total Demand.	Balance at the end of the Fusly.	Balance at the end of September 1867.	Per-centage between Columns 2 and 3.	Per-centage between Columns 2 and 4.
Land Revenue.  Permanently settled  Shrotriem Jodi  Ryotwar	RS. 4,44,981 38,928 16,45,944 79,473	RS. 46,354 12,129 58,941 18,848	RS. 14,523 7,051 20,416 5,724	10 31 3 24	3 18 1 8
Total	22,09,326	1,36,272	47,714	6	2
Abkarry Rent Do. Miscellaneous	1,91,000 723	48,508 	33,059	25 	17 
Total	1,91,723	48,508	33,059	25	17
License-tax under Act XXI. of 1867.	10,598	•••			
Stamps Do. Miscellaneous	1,23,175 2,774	•••			
Total	1,25,949	,···			
Grand Total	25,37,596	1,84,780	80,773		

<sup>29.</sup> The decrease in the permanently settled revenue is owing to the deductions made in the Peisheush on account of lands taken up for Railway and other purposes.



<sup>30.</sup> The increase in the Shrotriem Jodigay is owing to the transfer to that head of certain Surva Maniem and Hissa villages, in consequence of the levy of Jodigay on these villages under the Settlement made by the Inam Commissioner.

- 31. Under the head License-tax, Rupees 10,598 appear for the first time, as the Act was introduced only during the year under report.
- 32. Revision of the assessment.—The annexed abstract shows the revenue of the several years commencing with Fusly 1264, the year in which a reduction in the assessment was effected. It will be seen from this abstract that notwithstanding the large reductions made in the assessment, the land revenue is steadily increasing, and that the remissions have been more than tribly made up:—

	Fus	lies.				Dry.	Wet.	Garden.	Total.	
Fusly 1264 ,, 1265 ,, 1266 ,, 1267 ,, 1268 ,, 1269 ,, 1270 ,, 1271 ,, 1272 ,, 1273 ,, 1274 ,, 1275						Rs. 8,94,162 9,39,787 10,70,810 10,81,328 11,34,964 11,45,308 11,67,366 11,76,746 12,13,915 12,77,925 12,81,886 12,77,083	RS. 3,65,618 3,91,367 4,06,400 4,08,078 4,42,001 4,04,032 4,17,337 4,07,391 4,32,439 4,16,763 4,09,104 4,78,838	B8. 64,202 40,131 42,489 63,585 65,732 58,818 59,687 60,010 60,194 60,427 56,995	RS. 13,23,982 13,71,285 15,19,699 15,52,991 16,42,697 16,08,158 16,44,319 16,44,147 17,06,548 17,55,115 17,47,985 17,55,921	
,, 1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	12,71,852	4,89,651	•••••	17,61,503	

- 33. Demand, Collection, and Balance, Current, Statement No. 7.—The balance of current revenue against permanently settled estates was, at the end of Fusly, Rupees 46,354, and this was reduced at the end of September last to Rupees 14,522. Rupees 7,530 of this balance has been recovered since the beginning of this month. The other Mutas against which a balance is still outstanding have been placed under attachment.
- 34. The balance against Shrotriem Jodigay was, at the end of the Fusly, Rupees 12,129, and at the end of September, Rupees 7,051. The Agraharam villages in arrears have under the Hukumnamah rules of the district, been attached; but unless, as I have already stated in my letters to the Board, the Revenue Arrears Recovery Act is put in force against these villages, there is very little prospect of the recovery of outstanding balances.
- 35. The balances against Ryotwar and Miscellaneous items were, at the end of the Fusly, Rupees 58,941 and 18,847 respectively. These were reduced in September to Rupees 20,416 and 5,724 respectively. Considering the disastrous nature of the season, it must be allowed that the collections have been fair on the whole, and that the balance at the end of September is by no means as large as might have been expected. Steps have been taken for the recovery of the still outstanding arrears.
- 36. Rupees 33,059 were outstanding against the Abkarry renter at the end of September. Of this he has since paid Rupees 15,475, and has promised to pay off the balance shortly. Knowing that he has to pay a very large revenue to Government, and that it is with the greatest difficulty that he is recovering his dues from the sub-renters, I have not taken extreme measures with him.



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37. Collections of Revenue.—A Comparative Statement of collections, prepared in the prescribed form, is annexed:—

Comparative	Statement	of	Collections.
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,	F	USLY 1275	5.	F	USLY 1276	3.		
Items.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue. Permanently set-	RS.	RS.	B.S.	RS.	Rs.	RS.	RS.	RS.
tled Jodi on Shro-	15,059	4,11,961	4,27,020	34,144	3,83,476	4,17,620	•••••	9,400
triem, &c., villages	4,028 23,385	20,712 15,99,878	24,740 16,23,263	9,221 31,557		34,020 16,18,542		 4,721
Items	13,834	64,858	78,692	9,250	60,625	69,875	•••••	8,817
Total	56,306	20,97,409	21,53,715	84,172	20,57,885	21,42,057		11,658
Abkarry Salt Sea Custom	26,371 	1,60,885 	1,87,256 	30,560	1,43,215	1,73,775 	•••••	13,481
Land Custom License-tax Stamps	******	 1,32,871	1,32,871	•••••	10,598 1,25,949	10,598 1,25,949		10,598 6,922
Grand Total	82,677	23,91,165	24,73,842	1,14,732	23,37,647	24,52,379		21,463

- 38. ARREARS, STATEMENT No. 8.—The arrears of all sources of revenue for former Fuslies amount to Rupees 22,850. Of this, Rupees 19,475 appertain to "Land Revenue," and Rupees 3,375 to "Miscellaneous Revenue." Of the former, Rupees 6,601 are recoverable, 262 doubtful, and 12,612 irrecoverable. Of the latter, Rupees 1,866 recoverable, 45 doubtful, and 1,464 irrecoverable. Stringent measures will be adopted for early collection of the recoverable balances.
- 39. The irrecoverable arrears amount to Rupees 14,075, and they extend over eight Fuslies. I request that sanction may be obtained for writing these arrears off the accounts. Their recovery, after a careful scrutiny made by myself and the divisional officers, has been found hopeless. Any property that could be made answerable has been attached and sold. In many cases the property so seized and sold has not been anything like sufficient to liquidate the arrears. The amount, namely, Rupees 14,075, includes Rupees 6,440 recommended for remission last year. No sanction has as yet been received for writing this amount off.
- 40. Correive Process.—Coercive process was issued against 1,431 ryots for the recovery of Rupees 10,573. The amount actually recovered was Rupees 2,468.
- 41. Charges.—Statement No. 9 shows the particulars of charges incurred during the year. They amount to Rupees 1,99,063, or Rupees 26,574 below the charges incurred in the previous year. The decrease is chiefly under the head of "Salaries," and this is owing to the reduction in the number of Assistant Collectors allotted to this District. There were four Assistants in the preceding year, while during the most part of the year under report there was only one.

42. VILLAGES AND HAMLETS, QUINQUENNIAL, ENCLOSUBE A.—The following table exhibits, in a comparative form, the entire number of villages in the District under the different tenures on which they are held:—

	Iten	18.					Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Ryotwar villages Villages in shares Jodi and Inam villages Jari Muta villages Poliaput villages Uninhabited villages	•••	••	•••	•••	•••	•••	141 167 1,436 508	4,515 73 308 1,149 441 513	141  513	238 68  287 67 

- 43. There is a decrease of six villages in the aggregate number. These villages were transferred to the South Arcot District. Other fluctuations which appear in the Statement are owing to the transfer of the "uninhabited" villages to the head prescribed for this description for the first time in the accounts, and to the change of tenure of certain villages under the Inam Commissioner's Settlement, as explained in paragraph 5 of this report.
- 44. There are no Mutas or Poliaputs in this District, which are not within the limits of any Government Talook; No. 1 to Enclosure A is therefore left blank.
- 45. AYACUT, QUINQUENNIAL, ENCLOSUBE B.—The total Ayacut, Circar and Inam, exclusive of Porumboke, is Acres 14,20,478, assessed at Rupees 22,66,032. Of this, the Inam is Acres 60,497, assessed at Rupees 1,10,833, and the Circar 13,59,981, assessed at Rupees 21,55,199. Of this again Acres 10,83,176, assessed at Rupees 17,71,456, are under occupation, and Acres 2,76,805, assessed at Rupees 3,83,743, are waste.
- 46. IRRIGATION SOURCES, ENCLOSURE C.—The abstract given below shows the different sources of Irrigation, both public and private, in the entire District:—

Items.								Circar.	Private.	Dasa- bandum.	Total.	
Tanks River channels Spring do.				•••		•••		2,242 324 119	638 29 12	265 9	3,145 3 <b>62</b> 132	
Anicuts Wells	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		511 21,778	118 27,661	11	640 49,439	

- 47. It will be seen that nearly 5,000 new wells have been sunk by private parties within the last five years.
- 48. HOUSES AND POPULATION, ENCLOSURE D.—A Comparative abstract containing the information under this head is subjoined:—

			P	pula	• tion				Fne	l <b>-</b> 1	271	Fuely 1276.	Comparision between column 2 and 5.		
			•	, puia	101041				T. GO	.y .		Luai	, 1270.	Increase.	Decrease.
House	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	4,	11,	325	4,4	5,011	33,686	
Hindus Mahomed Christians		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	,	37,	259 595 367	4	57,146 1,558 .0,529	1,20,887 3,963 1,162	••••••
Per-centa lation	ge l	etwe	en tl	e bo	usos 	Tota		opu-	·		221	16,1	3,82 3,82 3,82	3;7	

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- 49. There is an increase both in the number of houses and in the population of 33,686 and 1,26,012 respectively. The importance to which many towns in the Salem District have risen in consequence of the Madras Railway running right through the heart of the District and the less extent to which Cholera and other epidemic diseases have prevailed during the last few years, chiefly account for the above increase. The census was taken throughout the District on the 1st March last on the system laid down by the Board.
- 50. A Statement showing the houses and population in the several towns in the Salem District is also submitted as enclosure to Statement D. The very large increase which appears in the population of the Salem town is owing to the extension of its limits under the Municipal Act.
- 51. Ryots, Puttas, &c., Enclosure E.—The annexed abstract shows the number of ryots, Puttas, ploughs, and cattle compared with Fusly 1271:—

Items.									Fusly 1271.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Ryots			•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	, , ,	4,26,241	31,138	
Puttas		•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		2,05,399	21,411	
Ploughs	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		1,16,788	16,134	
Cattle	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	10,69,999	12,14,412	1,44,453	
J									1		<u> </u>	1

- 52. The increase, namely, 1,44,453, in the number of cattle, notwithstanding the loss of nearly a lac and a half during the year under report, shows that people in the Salem District are no little interested in the breed of cattle.
  - 53. The price of cattle has within the last three or four years risen nearly seventy-five per cent.
- 54. RENT ROLL, ENCLOSURE F.—The single and joint puttahs held in the District are as follows:—

D.,	ttas.	Fusly	1271.	Fusly	y 1276.	Incre	ase.	Decrease.		
l ru	.vvais.	Puttas.	Beriz.	Puttas.	Beriz.	Puttas.	Beriz.	Puttas.	Beriz.	
Single Joint	•••	1,37,027 46,961	5,38,056	1,50,341 55,058	5,89,011	13,314 8,097	63,595 50,955			
	Total	1,83,988	17,27,481	2,05,399	18,42,031	21,411	1,14,550		•••	

- 55. The items not included in the Rent Roll are shown in a Memorandum attached to Statement F.
- 56. VILLAGE AND TALOOK ACCOUNTS.—These accounts were as usual examined at the Jummahbundy by the several officers who have conducted the Settlement. On the whole the accounts in this District are kept correctly, but there is still room for improvement. I have, in a few instances, had occasion to fine some of the Curnums for the manner in which their accounts were prepared.
- 57. General Account Department.—The accounts in this Department are kept correctly and regularly; and every effort is made to ensure despatch in the submission of the periodical accounts and returns. I may add that the Accountant General, who lately visited Salem, and scrutinized the accounts kept in this Department, has expressed his satisfaction regarding them.
- 58. LANDS POSSESSED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.—Lands acquired by servants employed in the Huzur and Talooks during the year are as follows:—

- 59. Of the above, Acres 224, assessed at Rupees 456, belong to one Talook Gumastah in the Sub-division. I have written to inquire into this matter.
- 60. SUB-COLLECTOR'S REPORT.—Copy of the report received from the Sub-Collector, Mr. Price, is herewith forwarded.
- 51. Remarks on the conduct of Subordinate Officers.—Mr. Price, my Acting Sub-Collector, has been zealous in the discharge of the duties attached to his charge. Mr. Bliss, who was Acting Head Assistant for the first half of the year, and Mr. Woodroffe, who now holds the same appointment, both did their utmost to assist me. The two Deputy Collectors, Messre. Leggatt and Johnston, have performed their duties satisfactorily. To my Serishtadar, Mr. D. Paul, I am indebted for the care, attention, and assistance that he has afforded me. He is an able man, and conducts the work that devolves upon him both carefully and well.

SALEM, 10th October 1867. (Signed) C. N. POCHIN, Collector.

# SUB-COLLECTORATE.

- 1. I have the honour to submit the usual report on the Annual Settlement of the Sub-Division for Fusly 1276, together with the Statements in the prescribed form.
- 2. VILLAGES AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT WAS MADE.—Statement No. 1 shows the places at which the Settlement of each Talook was made.

As shown in the subjoined abstract there has been a slight fall in the number of Ryotwar villages. This is owing to the recent enfranchisements of some of the Hissa Agraharam villages. The increase in the number of Shrotriem or Inam villages is due to the fact that some of the Agraharams situated in Mittas and Paliaputs have been settled by the Inam Commissioner and a quitrent fixed upon them. I do not here, of course, allude to the number of villages belonging to permanently settled estates, which remain unaltered:—

Tenure of villages.	No. in Fusly 1275.	No. in Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Ryotwar	1,392 60	1,367 153	93	25

3. REMARKS ON PUTTAS.—The number of Puttas issued in the year amounted to 64,121,

 being 1,729 more than in Fusly 1275. These figures include those issued for Miscellaneous items also. You are aware that under the Board's Miscellaneous Circular, No. XCIV., dated 31st August 1864, it became necessary to dispense

with the former system of entering these items at the foot of the Land Revenue Puttas. The form of new Puttas circulated with the Board's Circular Memorandum, dated 7th February 1866, No. 122, however revives the old practice; but the adoption of it having been deferred to some future period, we are, in the meanwhile, obliged to act under the Circular above quoted. I have accordingly issued separate Puttas as directed therein. But the Board in paragraph 4 of their Proceedings, dated 11th June last, No. 3,569, appear to be of opinion that without reference to the orders postponing the introduction of the new form of Putta, these miscellaneous items could have been included in the Land Revenue Puttas. This is a point on which the definite instructions of the Board are to be obtained.

64,121

- 4. As to the increase in the number of Puttas, I would remark that until last year the Ryots, whose holdings remained unaltered, were not called upon to produce the Puttas granted them in former years. But the imposition of the Road Cess in this year, which had to be entered in the Puttas, having necessitated their production, the ryots who had lost them have been obliged to take fresh ones.
- 5. Season.—The beginning of the Fusly was a famine. Prices were unusually high, so much so, that in many cases the ordinary kinds of food were entirely beyond the reach of the poorer classes. Their sufferings roused the sympathies of the wealthier part of the population who liberally subscribed large sums for the relief of the destitute. Relief-houses were opened at the principal villages, and the able-bodied poor were provided with employment on roads and other Government works.



Wells, tanks, and other reservoirs of water were at this time quite dry, and both man and beast felt the want of water. Murrain broke out amongst the cattle, and this and want of pasture carried off large numbers in both Kistnagherry and Darampury talooks; but I do not consider that the famine pressed on the people so heavily as it did in the neighbouring District of North Arcot. Towards the end of September and middle of October, four heavy falls of rain occurred, and though they did great damage both to roads and works of irrigation, they alleviated the then fast increasing distress, and rendered it unnecessary to give any large remissions. The famine in North Arcot and Bellary caused considerable export from this part of the District, and of course raised Had the calls upon the supply of grain been only what was required for the consumption of the population of the division, I doubt whether it could have been said that there was any famine. It may not be out of place here to mention that the prospects of the division as regards dry crops look more gloomy than they did last year. The poorer ryots have spent their little savings, and have exhausted their small hoards of grain, and they have now neither food nor money to buy it. The rain has been constantly impending, and has led me to refrain from writing. I am now growing hopeless, and if we do not soon have rain, the Ragi cross will fail. and the distress of last year will be nothing to that which I trust that a fall of rain may now avert.

- 6. Sanitary State.—The sanitary state of the Sub-division was pretty good during the year under report, though cholera and small-pox were prevalent in some parts of Oossoor and Denkanicotta division. The outbreaks of cholera were marked by being sudden and brief. The disease was not of the most virulent type, and many of those attacked recovered. I look upon this pest as having in every case been imported chiefly from Trippatore Comparatively speaking a far greater mortality was caused by small-pox, which was particularly prevalent in the Kistnagherry talook. The vaccination department worked in the division for three months. The number of persons vaccinated was 2,234, and the amount of successful cases was 2,055. The Vaccinators have now been withdrawn, but I am taking measures, as I have already informed you, to put the system on a permanent basis. Not having any records of the deaths in this division available, I am unable to furnish you with information on this head. I do not consider that there were many deaths from actual starvation, though there is no doubt that the want of proper food in many cases rendered the people less able to resist the attacks of disease than would otherwise have been the case.
- 7. PRICES OF GRAIN.—The incessant exportation of grain of every description to Bellary and other districts, coupled with the increased demand for food and the disinclination on the part of the wealthy ryots, who were in expectation of a higher rise in the price of grain to sell to the poorer classes, contributed to effect an enormous rise of prices. Ragi, which is the staple food of the major part of the labouring classes of the whole division, and which, before the distress manifested itself, sold at Rupees 5 or 6 a Kandagam of 160 Madras measures, rose at one time to Rupees 30 per Kandagam; and Rice, which during the previous two years sold at Rupees 23 or 24 per Kandagam, to Rupees 57. After the fall of rain in September and October, these rates became considerably reduced.
- 8. Ryots' Holdings.—The annexed abstract shows the holdings of the ryots in the year under report:—

Description.	Extent.	Assessment.
Ryots' holdings for Fusly 1275	3,78,220 20,132	4,78,417 21,869
. Remainder	3,58,088	4,56,548
Add lands taken up for Fusly 1276	18,029	21,419
Total holdings of Fusly 1276	3,76,117	4,77,967

The extent of lands belonging to villages which have been recently enfranchised by the Inam Commissioner is also included under the head of "Lands given up." Thet ransfers of lands among the ryots are included in both the heads "Lands given up" and "Lands taken up." The actual

Relinquished Taken up						Assessment. 9,475 11,590	area of lands both are shown in the ma that there has been	argin. You w	ill thus observe
in this year or	ver	the	pre	viou	s one.	This I attrib	ute to the increased	demand for a	gricultural pro-

ir ducts and the general progressive development of the country.

•									RS.	9. ACTUAL C
In Fusly 1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	4,61,054	vation as compared
In Fusly 1275	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	2,02,000	shows an increase
									6719	the meaning or man

CULTIVATION.—The actual cultid with that of the previous Fusly of Rupees 6,718 in favour of the year under report, which is owing to the causes

above noted, and the favourable prospects with which the present season opened.

WASTE CHARGED AND WASTE REMITTED. - From the abstract given below it will be seen that the remissions granted for wet waste amounted to Rupees 3,719, which is less than that of the previous year by Rupees 9,220. In two cases where the dry lands were rendered unfit for cultivation owing to their having been covered with sand thrown on them by the breaching of tanks in their neighbourhood, I have remitted the assessment, namely, Rupees 11-14-7. This is shown in enclosure B to No. 3:-

Fuslies.	Wet waste charged.	Wet waste remitted.			
1275 1276	11,142 13,183	12,939 3,719			
Decrease	•••	9,220			

REMISSIONS.—The particulars of remissions are shown in Statement No. 4, from which it will be observed that there has been a decrease of Rupees 378 in favour of this year as compared with the previous one. The entries made therein are too small to need any remark. The fall of rain towards the end of the year filled the tanks so well that the major part of the remissions was granted on account of breached works of irrigation.

12. Special Products.—The annexed abstract shows the particulars under this head:—

Items.	La	st Fusly.	Curr	ent Fusly.	In	crease.	Decrease.		
-10-2	Acres. Assessment.  BS. BS. 610 3,087		Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	
Cotton			rs. 521 5	2,687 5	RS.	RS	89 34	BS. 400 38	
Indigo	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
Total	649 3,130		526	2,692	•••	•••	123	438	

The decrease in Cotton is obviously owing to the great fall in the price of that article, and that in Sugarcane to the uncertainty which the ryots entertained at the planting season when it was doubtful whether a sufficient supply of water would be available.

The experiments with Carolina Paddy, which, I presume, may properly be called a special product, have, for the most part, proved a failure owing to the unfortunate want of water in the tanks under which the seed was early in the Fusly sown. The experiment in my own garden has, as I have already reported, proved a complete success, and the demand for seed is now greater than I can meet.

- 13. LAND AND SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE.—In Enclosure A to Statement No. 10 are shown the particulars of Land and other Sources of Revenue as compared with the results of the previous Fusly.
- 14. PERMANENTLY SETTLED.—The decrease of Rupees 17-9-2 under this head is due to the reductions made in the Peishcush of Mittas on account of lands taken up for roads.
- 15. Shrotriem Jodi.—Under this head will be found an increase of Rupees 6,183-8-0. This was caused, as already explained in paragraph 2 by the transfer of some Agraharams and Inam villages situate in settled estates to this head in consequence of their enfranchisement by the Inam Commissioner.
- 16. RYOTWAR.—There is an increase of Rupees 9,721 under this head. This is explained by the fact of there having been less remissions in this year than in the preceding one.
- 17. MISCELLANEOUS.—Under this head there is an increase of Rupees 12,961-11-9 over the past Fusly; of this, Rupees 4,156 were realized by rents of avenues alone. A greater part of the remainder is due to the imposition of the new Road Cess. The variations in other items falling under this head are too small to need any particular remark.
- 18. Forest Revenue.—The decrease of Rupees 9,372 under this head is owing to a falling off in the sales of Sandal-wood during the past as compared with the previous year.
  - 19. ABKARRY.—No variations exist under this head.
  - 20. LICENSE-TAX.—Rupees 1,578 were collected up to the end of June last.
- 21. STAMP REVENUE.—The increase of Rupees 4,722-8-0 is mainly due to the introduction of Act XXVI. of 1867.
- 22. Demand, Collection, and Balance of all sources of Revenue, during the year under report.—The appended Abstract shows the particulars under this head:—

Items.	Total demand.			Collection in the F	Balance.			Subsequent collections up to 31st July 1867.			Balance.				
1	2		3			4			5			6			
	Rs.	٨.	P.	Rs.	۸.	P.	RS.	<b>A.</b>	P.	RS.	▲.	P.	RS.	۸.	P.
Permanently set- tled Not permanently settled, inclusive of Miscellaneous	75,948	4	2	69,086	6	7	6,861	13	7	4,128	6	4	2,733	7	3
items	4,87,902	2	11	4,69,479	5	10	18,422	13	1	7,580	0	6	10,842	12	7
Total	5,63,850	7	1	5,38,565	12	5	25,284	10	8	11,708	6	10	13,576	3	10
Forest Revenue Abkarry, including		4	0	5,264	4	0		•••				•••	•••		<u> </u>
Miscellaneous License-tax Stamps, including	75,000 1,578	0	0	60,271 1,578			14,729 			1,500 			13,229 		
Miscellaneous		3	0	41,045	3	0		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	·•·	•••	•••
Grand total	6,86,737	14	1	6,46,724	3		40,013	10	 8	13,208	6	10	26,805	3	10

From this it will be seen that out of a total beriz of Rupees 6,86,738, Rupees 26,805 have yet to be collected; of this, Rupees 13,229 are due by the Abkarry renter alone. This and the remaining balance will have by this time been considerably reduced by further collections, regarding which I have given strict orders to the Tahsildars.

23. Demand, Collection, and Balance of all Sources of Arreads.—Statement No. 13 shows the details of old arreads. The balance of arreads at the close of Fusly 1275 was Rs. 26,626-5-3; of this, Rupees 23,070-8-1 were collected, and Rupees 84-2-1 were remitted, by order of Government, up to the end of June last. The subsequent collections up to 31st July amount to Rupees 33-8-5, thus leaving a balance of Rupees 3,438-2-3, of which Rupees 1,099-15-7 are recoverable, and Rupees 107-10-11 doubtful. You will thus observe that Rupees 2,230-7-9 require to be remitted, the same having been entered under the head of irrecoverable balances.

Of this particulars are given below:-

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1

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	Es.	▲.	P.
Jodi of reverted Inams in Jarri Mittas, which being included in the		٠ ,	,
assets of those Mittas require to be deducted from the Peishcush	65	3	4
Unrealised balances, being the difference between the amount of arrears			
due by defaulters, and the amount for which the lands were purchased	÷		
on behalf of Government for want of bidders at the time of sale	1,596	1	1
Remission granted for Shavi after the Jummahbundy, and other items			
included in the demand	261	4	9
Quitrent on Inams, which having been first entered in the demand was			
subsequently ordered to be remitted in consequence of its having been			
reduced by the Commissioner on appeal	107	14	7
Amount of Income-tax recommended for remission	200	0	0
Total	2,230	. 7	9

Of this, Rupees 1,100-5-11 were recommended in last year's report for remission, but the sanction of Government is not yet received.

- 24. Interest.—As directed in the Board's Proceedings, dated 30th June 1864, a separate Memorandum is herewith forwarded, showing the sums realized on account of interest under each head of Revenue.
- 25. Coercive Process.—Coercive processes were issued for the collection of arrears amounting to Rupees 2,780-8-0, but property to the value of Rupees 707-15-2 only was actually sold, the remaining sum having been paid by the defaulters on issue of process.
- 26. TALOOK AND VILLAGE ACCOUNTS.—As the Settlement was in progress, I took particular care regarding the examination of these accounts. In a few instances, I had occasion to fine or warnsome of the Kurnums, but on the whole I found the accounts well kept, and in good order.
- 27. LANDS ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.—A list of lands acquired by public servants is herewith submitted.
- 28. CONDUCT OF THE SUBOBDINATES.—I have no remarks to offer under this head. I have found necessary in but very few cases to inflict any punishment.

(Signed) J. F. PRICE,
Acting Sub-Collector.



P. S.—I am glad to be able to report that since writing the above a fall of 20‡ inches of rain has occurred, and that there is every promise of more. Its effect on the crops is already apparent. I think that there need now be no fears regarding the Ragi crops. The rain has, however, come too late to prevent a meagre outturn in Cumboe.

(Signed) J. F. PRICE, Acting Sub-Collector.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) C. N. POCHIN, Collector.

## SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

### SOUTH CANARA

1. I have the honour to submit the Annual Report on the settlement and collection of the Land and Sundry Sources of Revenue of this District for Fusly 1276 (A. D. 1866-67), accompanied by the prescribed Returns, \* which this year include the quinquennial census and other Returns.

2. VILLAGES AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT WAS MADE.—The stations at which the settlement of each talook was made are shown below:—

Names of tale	Stations where the Settlement was made.	Period occu- pied in each talook.	
By W. M. Cadell, Esq., Collector.  By W. S. Whiteside, Esq., Acting Collector	2. Kassergode	Mangalore	Do. Three days. One day.

- 3. Number and tenure of villages.—The number of villages and the tenure on which they are held stand the same as in the preceding Fusly. There are in all 1,278 villages, and 27 hamlets in this District, all of which are held on the Ryotwar tenure. These are not compactly built villages in the ordinary English acceptation of the word, but divisions made for revenue purposes and containing within their limits several scattered homesteads.
- 4. Number of Puttas.—The total number of puttas for the year was 38,656. Of these 1,660 were newly issued, 832 for lands newly taken up, and 828 for some of the old estates, the Puttas of which had not been produced by the ryots for alteration; 285 were modified by additional entries, and the rest, namely, 36,711, were not renewed at all.

							${f Rs.}$
Fusly 1275		•••		•••			37,824
,, 1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	38,65 <b>6</b>
				In	creas	se	832

5. Sources of Ierication.—These are shown in Statement C, which is evidently inapplicable to South Canara, in which there are no such large tanks as are to be found in other Districts, nor does the cultivation depend on such tanks; the first and principal rice crops being raised and matured chiefly by means of the falling rain. Artificial irrigation is required here only in aid of the



second and third crops, and this is obtained either from small rain-fed ponds lying close by, or by constructing temporary dams across rivulets and channels to divert the water into the rice fields. Such tanks and such dams are shown in the above Statement. The large increase in the number of tanks as compared with those returned for Fusly 1271, is owing to tanks of a smaller extent than one goonta having been omitted in the last quinquennial return. I think they were properly omitted, and would seek permission always to omit them in future, for they are not properly irrigation works, but sponges to catch and equalize the rainfall from week to week only.

6. PLOUGHS AND CATTLE.—There is a decrease both in the number of ploughs and tilling cattle, which is attributable to the increased and continued mortality among the latter during the last five years. The usual importations from the Mysore country appear also to have decreased, not one half as many cattle as formerly being now offered for sale at the annual show at Subramany. The cause of this decrease is ascribed to buyers not being prepared to pay the enhanced prices demanded consequent on the rise in the value of stock in Mysore itself.

	Ploughs.	Tilling Cattle.
Fusly 1271	1,46,423 1,41,654	3,32,025 3,04,604
Decrease	4,769	27,421

7. Houses and population.—A general census of the District was taken on 1st March, the date prescribed by the Board, the necessary preparations having been previously made. In preference to the course adopted on the occasion of the last census, of distributing printed forms to, and requiring a return from, each individual householder, the work of enumeration was this time assigned to the responsible agency of village officers, aided wherever the work was more than could be gone through by such servants, (as in the Cusbah stations of the talooks or other important places,) by the talook and other officials, and in the town of Mangalore by some of the Huzoor and Municipal servants besides. The village returns appear on the whole to have been as carefully filled up as possible. The returns of the Kundapurand Udipi talooks were personally verified by the Acting Head Assistant Collector, Mr. Sturrock, and those of the Mangalore talook by the Assistant Collector, Mr. Hall, and these officers report that no material discrepancies have been found in them. The accounts of the remaining two talooks of Cassergode and Uppinangadi were carefully checked by the Tahsildars.

The following table exhibits the result of the census as compared with the last quinquennial return of Fusly 1271:—

		Н	USES.	•		Popul				
Fus- ly.	Storied and terrac- ed		Thatched.	Total.	Hindoos.	Mussul- men.	Chris- tians.	Total.	Agricul- tural.	Non-agri- cultural.
1271 1276	5,608 5,562	481 1,368	1,37,875 1,44,895	1,43,964 1,51,825	6,79,617 7,22,948	70,384 74,114	38,041 42,626	7,88,042 8,39,688	6,69,547 7,21,080	1,18,495 1,18,608
	Decrease 46	Increase 887	Incre 7,020	7,861	Incres 43,331	3,730	Inc. 4,585	rease. 51,646	Incre 51,533	113
			Per	centage.	6.	5.	12.	6.		

The number of houses exhibits a net increase on the whole of 7,861 as compared with the number returned in Fusly 1271. There is a slight decrease in the number of storied houses. This is however rather nominal, inasmuch as in the last quinquennial return 437 houses appear to have been erroneously included under this head in the Mangalore talook, which have been omitted under that head in the present returns. At the same time, there is an increase of 341 houses of this description elsewhere, which reduces the net decrease to forty-six houses only. The number of tiled houses shows a considerable increase (of no less than 887 houses) over those of the last period, but part of this increase seems to be due to its including the Sepoys' huts in the Cantonment of Mangalore, which have all been tiled since the date of the last return. It is in thatched houses which are in greater favour with the people of this District, and better adapted to the climate of this coast, that the largest increase is apparent.

In the total population of the District, it will be seen that there is an increase of 51,646, or upwards of half a lac of souls. It is an increase of six per cent. on the population of Fusly 1271, in which year there was an increase of 5 per cent. The greatest percentage of increase occurs among Christians, and appears to be chiefly the natural consequence of a better morality, and in some measure of the immigrations from Goa on account of the famine prices prevailing there, for most of the inhabitants of Goa are Christians their number; do not appear to have been swollen by conversions. The increase among Hindoos and Mussulmen is on the whole only such as was to be expected from their improved condition and fair participation in the general advancement.

8. Number of regions—Statement E.—It is not possible to ascertain from the accounts the exact number of cultivators in this district, as the settlement is made here on the wurg or estate, and not with reference to the number of individuals holding each estate, though one wurg is frequently sub-divided and held by several persons. The number of Ryots given in Statement E., has, therefore, reference to the number of wurgs rather than to that of the actual proprietors thereof. Some of these wurgs are waste, and have no proprietors.

												RS.
	1271											
,,	1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	39,161
								Incre	ase	•••		3,189

- 9. Rent Roll.—Statement F.—This does not call for any remark. The Statement has been prepared in due conformity with the Board's instructions, dated 19th March 1862, No. 1,846, all items of permanent remissions being omitted therefrom.
- 10. Season—The annexed Statement shows the rainfall in the District, during the year under report, with a decrease on the whole of 8.75 inches below the quantity which fell during the previous year. This deficiency, however, does not appear to have in any way affected the rice crops, the yield of which was an abundant one. The peculiarity of the rice cultivation in this district, is that the beds of the rice lands generally require to be well dried in the months of April and May, to make them fit to receive the crops in the subsequent month of June, and as this was the case during the year under report (owing to the total absence of rain up to May), the outturn of the crop was very favourable. The Areca and Cocoanut plantations, however, appear to have suffered con-



siderably from the long drought which prevailed at the latter end of the previous year, and consequently the yield of these was rather scanty:—

Months.		1865-66.	1866-67.
montus.		Inches.	Inches.
1. April		7:30 15:48 35:88 35:00 37:60 7:07	0·82 35·50 55·62 22·54 6·95
Total		138:33	121:43
Average		23.05	24.28
7. October		4·52 4·18 0·85  9·55	16·35  1·35  17·70
Grand Total	-	147.88	139·13
	Ne	et decrease.	8:75

11. Sanitably condition.—The mortality in the District during the year under report has been on the whole less than that in the previous Fusly as shown in the subjoined Statement:—

Fusly.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fever.	Other causes.	Total.	
1275 1276	2,733 1,741	1,045 290	4,848 7,024	11,198 9,762	19,824 18,817	
	Decrease.		Increase.	Decre	ease.	
Difference	992	755	2,176	1,436	1,007	

Cholera was present more or less in all talooks and chiefly in Udipy; but was not virulent or of long duration, and the mortality was much less than in the preceding year. The decrease in the number of deaths from small-pox is perhaps in some measure due to the operations of the new Vaccine Establishment of the Malabar Circle, which worked in this District during the year. Its present absence is regretted. It is to be hoped it will not be long before it re-visits the District. It was from fever that people suffered most. Its presence and the remedial measures taken have been specially reported on in my letter to Board, dated 9th August 1867, No. 145.

12. Health of Cattle.—The cattle were by no means healthy, as will be seen from the increased mortality among them as shown below. The increase occurs in all the talooks except Knadapur, and is owing to the prevalence of a kind of murrain called "Kalkuntu Roga," or

feet disease, (Epizootic Aptha.) The mortality was prior to the receipt of Mr. Thacker's report, dated 27th March 1867, and the native treatment was unavailing:—

Fusly	1275 1276	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	9,261 12,214
								Tr	crea	88	2.953

13. PRICES.—The wholesale prices of such grains as are common to this District are shown in the subjoined Statement, compared with the prices which prevailed in previous years:—

Grains.	Average of ten years or from Fusly 1266 to 1275.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase as compared with the average.	Per- centage.	Increase as compared with Fusly 1275.	Per- centage.
Paddy, second sort,	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.		RS.	
per garce	147	184	198	51	34.69	14	7.60
Rice, first sort, per	410	P 43	600	000	FF.05	00	10.11
Rice, second sort,	410	541	639	229	55.85	98	18·11
per garce	334	416	460	126	37.72	44	10.57
Raggy, per garce.	198	282	347	149	75.25	65	23.04
Horsegram, per garce	248	364	423	175	70.56	59	16.20

Upon the whole the prices of all kinds of grain ranged higher than in the preceding Fusly. This was owing to large exportations made by sea to other ports, especially to Malabar where the merchants of this place carried and stored large quantities of rice in expectation of realizing very high prices as in the preceding season, and in consequence of which a comparatively small stock of grain was left in the District for home consumption. Moreover, no grain was imported as usual from the adjacent countries in Mysore, where the season appears to have been so adverse that the Coffee planters in the neighbouring Estates had to draw from this District their supplies of rice, &c., for the large bodies of labourers working on their estates. The prices were unprecedentedly high and maintained from July to October, but slightly relaxed, as the new crops held out promise of an abundant harvest.

14. EXPORTS OF RICE BY SEA.—There was a slight falling off in these during the year under report, as shown in the subjoined Statement:—

Ports.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
Dutiable Ports.	I. Mds.	I. Mds.	I. Mds.	I. Mds.
Arabia and other Ports in the Persian Gulf  Cutch  Portuguese Ports  French Ports  Ceylon	33,603 70,123 2,00,689 20	1,11,828 66,501 1,28,934 	78,225  100	3,622 71,755 20
Free Ports.				
Bombay <t< td=""><td>2,14,268  3,46,203</td><td>1,59,811 123 47 3,92,763</td><td>123 47 46,560</td><td>54,457</td></t<>	2,14,268  3,46,203	1,59,811 123 47 3,92,763	123 47 46,560	54,457
	8,64,906	8,60,107	1,25,055	1,29,854
Net decrease	•••••			4,799

15. EXPORTS OF COFFEE.—These show a falling off, owing, I am informed, to the outturn of the Coffee crop in Coorg and Mysore having been a scanty one. Carriage for Coffee is also stated to have been difficult to procure, in consequence of the prevalence of murrain among cattle above the ghauts, which obliged the Planters to make a greater use than heretofore of the Railway from Bangalore to Madras.

			DIFFERENCE.		
Ports.	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.	
London	Cwts. 21,388 20,945 18,160 13,665	Cwts. 14,268 8,596 27,916 13,763	Cwts  9,756 98	Cwts. 7,120 12,349	
	74,158	64,543	9,854	19,469	
·	-	Net ]	Decrease	9,615	

- 16. Ryots' Holdings.—The District not having ever been surveyed, the extent of Ryots' holdings is unknown.
- 17. CULTIVATION AND SETTLEMENT.—The extent of cultivation cannot be given, as no accounts are kept in this District of the actual amount of land under tillage. The following Abstract, however, shows the gross assessment, the remissions, and the net revenue including Miscellaneous Items at compared with the results of the preceding Fusly:—

A Comparative Statement of Cultivation and Settlement.

		LAST FUSL	Y.		]	Present Fu	SLY.		Inc	CREASE.	DECREASE.		
Items.	Extent.	Assessm	ent		Extent.	Assessm	ent.		Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	
1	2	3			4	5			6	7	8	9	
Dry }		es. 13,76,296		P. 6	•••	rs. 13,79,730		P. 5		RS. 3,435		BS.	
Total  Deduct	•••	13,76,296	1	6		13,79,730	14	5		3,435		•••	
Remissions Road Fund Village Service		•••••	•••	•••	:::	•••••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	
Fund Other remissions as particu-	•••	•••••	•••	•••		•••••	•••		•••	•••		. <b></b>	
larized in State- ment No. 4		38,242	11	11		36,358	4	0	•••	***	•••	1,884	
Remaining Beriz		13,38,053	5	7	•••	13,43,372	10	5	•••	5,319	•••	•••	
ous Items, Land Revenue		65,400	7	2		39,729	10	1				25,671	
Total		14,03,453	12	9		13,83,102	4	6	•••	•••	•••	Net. 20,352	

There has been on the whole a net decrease in "Land Revenue" and "Miscellaneous Items" of Rupees 20,352. The decrease, however, entirely occurs in Miscellaneous Items, the causes of which will be detailed separately in connection with Statement No. 5. The net increase under "Land Revenue," after deducting remissions, amounts to Rupees 5,319, of which Rupees 478-15-9 is the amount of increased assessment collected on lands held on progressive cowle; Rupees 3,808-8-8 the assessment fixed on lands newly brought under cultivation; and Rupees 1,031-12-5 the amount of portions of assessment on old estates hitherto placed under "Temporary Remissions." but now brought to account, the lands having been found capable of bearing it. The particulars of the decrease of Rupees 1,884-7-11 under "Remissions" is explained below.

- 18. Remissions, Permanent—Statement No. 4.—There have not been any such remissions during the year under report.
- 19. TEMPORARY REMISSIONS.—The Fusly under review presents a net decrease of Rupees 1,884-7-11 under this head.

The particulars of the several items of remissions which have contributed to this result are explained below:--

Item No. 1, "Shamilat Banzar," (portions of fields left uncultivated.)—The decrease appearing under this head arises from a larger extent of fallows in assessed estates having been brought under cultivation during this favourable year:-

```
Fusly 1275...
                                                                   7
                                            Decrease...
                                                          576
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No. 4, "Land flooded or injured by water."—The trifling increase under this item is the amount of a fresh remission allowed during the year on a portion of a certain land which had been washed away by the river:-

Fusly 1275	 •••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	2,144 2,148	14	2
					In	crea	Be	3	2	5

No. 6, "Cowle Remissions."—The decrease under this head is the assessment of certain Cowles having matured:-

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RS.
Fusly 1275...
                                                      888
                                        Decrease...
                                                      459
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No. 10, "Loss of crops."—The decrease is trivial and accidental:—

Fusly 1	275 276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	88. 66 59	8	0	
						_							

Decrease 7 0 0

No. 11, "Conditional Inams granted by the Company's Government."—The decrease arises from a certain Inam having lapsed by decease:-

No. 13, "Waste Salt pane."—The decrease under this item is owing to the assessment on a certain wurg in the Kassergode talook, a portion of which was hitherto remitted on account of "Waste Salt pans" contained in it having been paid in full during the Fusly in consequence of the Salt pans having been brought under cultivation:—

									RS.	A.	P	
<b>Fusly 1275</b>		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		3,200	2	7	
,, 1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	3,135	8	6	
						Decr	e <b>ase</b>	***	64	10	1	

No. 13, "Lands unoccupied."—This item presents a net increase both in the number of lands unoccupied and the amount of their assessment. This increase chiefly occurs in the Uppinangady talook, some of the Maganies of which being at the foot of the ghauts are so unhealthy, that the inhabitants were obliged to relinquish many wurgs from the difficulty of cultivating the same:—

					Number of Wurgs.	Asses	ssment.	
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	340 21	4,620	10	
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	319 26	4,437 634	9	1 5
		Ir			345			
	•••	•••	 			of Wurgs.  340  21  319 26  Total 345	of Wurgs.  340 4,620 21 183 319 4,437 26 634 Total 345 5,071	of Wurgs. Assessme  340 4,620 10  21 183 0  319 4,437 9 26 634 4  Total 345 5,071 13

No. 14, "Deficiency of land."—The decrease under this head is caused by the fact of a number of Estates which were hitherto supposed to be deficient in extent, having been found on inquiry and survey to contain sufficient land to bear assessment, and such assessment having been charged and recovered accordingly:—

•								RS.	▲.	P.
Fusly 1275	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	11,285	1	6
,, 1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	10,306	6	5
					Decr	eage		978	11	1

No. 15, "Board Shifaras."—Out of the amount of remissions allowed under this head for Fusly 1275, Rupees 61-12-6 were brought to account during the Fusly under report. Hence the decrease shown below:—

						Decr	ease		61 12		
,, 1276	***	1 • •	٠.٠	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	9,619 14	6	
Fusly 1275	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	9,681 11	0	
									RS. A.	P.	

No. 16, "General circumstances of distress."—The trifling decrease under this head calls for no special remark:—

Decrease 2			
., 1276 50	14	11	
Fusly 1275 53	9		

No. 17, "Deficiency of produce."—Certain estates, the assessment on which had been temporarily reduced, having now been found to be sufficiently productive to bear an increased assessment, were charged accordingly, and hence the decrease under this head:—

							Decr	ease	•••	182	6	0	
,,	1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,205	7	3	
Fusly	1275	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	<b></b>	1,387	13	3	
	•									RS.	Δ.	r.	

20. EXTENT OF LAND CULTIVATED WITH SPECIAL PRODUCTS.—The only special product raised to any extent in this district is the Sugar-cane. There was a slight decrease in the extent of land cultivated with this article, but an increase in its price.

Enclosure B. in Statement No. 3.

Fusly.	Extent in acres.	Price of Jaggery per Candy.
1275 1276	1,019 1,012	48 59
	Decrease.	Increase.

The long drought which prevailed up to the close of May proved injurious to Sugarcane plantations, and the yield was in consequence scanty, as may be judged from the fact that the quantity of Jaggery exported during the late was two-thirds less than that of the preceding Fusly. The falling off in exports is also partly attributable to short comings in the usual exchangeable imports from above the Ghauts.

									Exports. Cwts.
Fusly 1275	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	6,485
,, 1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•	•••	2,239
						I	ecrease	•••	4.246

21. LAND REVENUE, MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS—Statement No. 5.—Statement No. 5 shows the revenue from this source, amounting to Rupees 39,729-10-1, which compared with the figures of the previous year gives a net decrease of Rupees 25,670-13-1. The chief item which has contributed to this large decrease is the revenue derived from Coir, the produce of Amindivi Islands, in which alone there is a falling off to the extent of Rupees 28,182; but this decrease is reduced by a slight increase in some other items such as "Coomeri," "Shevoy Kist," &c.

								RS.	A.	P.	
Fusly 1275	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	65,400	7	2	
,, 1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	39,729	10	1	
					1	)ecre <b>as</b> e	•••	25,670	13	<u> </u>	

Item No. 50, Revenue derived from Coir, the produce of Amindivi Islands.—The decrease of Rupees 28,182 under this head is chiefly attributable to a much smaller quantity of Coir having been sold during the year under report than was disposed of in the previous year, and also to a falling off in the prices obtained. In Fusly 1275 the balance of stock out of the supply of the preceding year was as large as 958 candies, the whole of which, together with 248 Candies out of the importations of the year, was sold in that very year, and realized an average price of Rupees 39-4-0 per candy; whereas during the year under report, the previous year's balance amounted



only to Candies 515, and this alone was sold at an average price of Rupees 37 per candy, and the year's supply awaits disposal.

						Number of Candies sold.	Amount realized.
Fusly 1275 ,, 1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	••	1,205 515	ES. 47,246 19,064
			D	ecre <b>ase</b>	•••	690	28,182

Item No 38—" Coomeri cultivation."—There is nothing particular or worthy of remark under this head, except that both the extent of land cultivated with Coomeri and the amount of assessment thereon shows an increase as compared with the cultivation of the previous year. This is owing to certain Ryots of the Uppinangadi and Kundapur talooks having cultivated Coomeri on their Kumaki lands without permission, and such cultivation having been charged with an assessment varying from 1 to 4 Rupees per acre by way of penalty. There were also a few more cases of confiscation of crops than in the previous Fusly.

•						Extent of land cultivated.			Revenue.		
Fusly 1275.  Amount included in the Jummahbundy Punished with confiscation of crop, &c.	•••	•••	•••	•••	4,617 		р. 2 	4,167	11	11	
Fusly 1276.					•••			4,533	9	11	
Amount included in the Jummahbundy levied by way of penalty on excesses Punished with confiscation of crop, &c.	includ	•	ditional 	tax.	4,752 	3	4	5, <b>3</b> 41 673		0 5	
						•••		6,014	12	5	
		Inc	rease	•••			•••	1,481	2	6	

There have been many instances of Ryots, to whom the privilege of cultivating Wurgdar Coomeri is conceded in the Kassergode talook, having exceeded the limits assigned them to such an extent that it was found expedient to institute criminal proceedings against them; but these repressive measures are at best objectionable make-shifts. The subject has been separately reported on.

22. Sundry sources of Revenue.—The revenue derived from Sundry Sources of all descriptions, including "Miscellaneous items," is shown in the subjoined Statement, which exhibits a net increase of Rupees 6,905 over that of Fusly 1275:—

ease.	crease. Decreas	<b>30.</b>
3,986 3,767 3,198	RS. RS. 24,44 3,767 3,198 60 8,056	41 61
	32,007 25,10	02
_		32,007 25,1 6,905

The causes of variations under each head are as follows:---

1. Abkarry.—The increase of Rupees 16,986 in this item is due to the higher rents obtained at the sales of the farms in June 1866, owing to increased competitions among the bidders on account of the farm having increased in value.

										rs.
Fusly	1275		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		89,472
**	1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,06,458
							I	ncrease		16,986

2. Salt.—The large decrease of Rupees 24,441 in salt revenue is due to the inland salt sales having fallen off to the extent of nearly half a lac of Indian Maunds.

									RS.
Fusly 1275		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	6,03,836
,, 1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	5,79,395
						Dec	TARA		24.441

This is attributable chiefly to the great scarcity of food-grains, and the prevalence of cattle murrain above the Ghauts, in consequence of which the usual traffic between this District and the adjacent province of Mysore was much impeded, and there was consequently less carriage available for transport of salt from the coast to the interior.

Fuslies.	Home consumption.	Inland consumption.
1275 1276	In. Mds. 1,79,835 1,80,403	In. Mds. 2,05,929 1,57,627
	Increase. 568	Decrease. 48,302
Net Decrease		47,734

3. Sea Customs.—The increase of Rupees 3,767 under this head is attributable chiefly to a larger quantity of grain having been exported during the year under report to foreign or dutiable ports, as well as partly to a slight increase in the amount of duty levied on the exported grain and on imports of spirits, &c., from London, &c.

									•	RS.
Pusly		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		57,43 <b>9</b>
,,	1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	61,206
								Increase	•••	3,767

4. Stamps.—The increase under this head is apparently due partly to increased dealings among the people, and partly to the operations of Act XXI. of 1867 at the close of the year.

Fusly	1 <del>27</del> 5 1276	•••	•••	•••		1,39,875 1,43,073
					Increase	 3,198

Rupees 8,056.

5. License-tax.—This is working satisfactorily, though it is believed that many persons liable to the tax are still hanging back.

23. ABSTRACT SHOWING THE REVENUE FROM BOTH LAND AND SUNDRY SOURCES.—On the whole the result of the Revenue administration of this District for the Fusly under report, as compared with that of the previous year, is a net decrease of Rupees 13,446 as shown below:—

Items.		F	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Decrease.
1. Land Revenue 2. Sundry Sources of Revenue			RS. 14,03,454 8,90,622	RS. 13,83,102 8,98,189	Rs.  7,567	Rs. 20,352
Income-tax	Total		22,94,076 661	22,81,291	•••••	Net. 12,785 661
	Total	••	22,94,737	22,81,291	•••••	13,446

As already explained, this net decrease is chiefly attributable to a falling off in the Salt revenue and in the sale proceeds of Amindivi Coir. The former was the consequence of the famine in inland districts, the latter an accident.

24. DEMAND, COLLECTION, AND BALANCE OF ALL SOURCES OF CURRENT REVENUE.—The subjoined Statement exhibits the Demand, Collection, and Balance of Current Revenue for the Fusly under report:—

Items.	Demand.	Collection.	Balance at the end of the Fusly.	Subsequent Collections up to 31st August.	Balance.
Sundry Sources.	8,98,188 11 7	$\begin{bmatrix} 13,73,736 & 12 & 11 \\ 8,96,455 & 6 & 3 \\ \hline$	9,365 7 7	6,646 9 4 1,733 5 4	2,718 14 3 

It will appear that the outstanding balance of Land Revenue at the end of the year was reduced by subsequent collections to Rupees 2,718-14-3. Steps have been taken for the early realization of this amount. It is nearly all in Kadapara. The sum of 1,733 Rupees, which was outstanding under Sundry Sources, consisted of Abkarry Revenue. The amount was fully realized in the subsequent month of July.

25. Demand, Collection, and Balance of arrears.—The following is a Statement of Demand Collection, and Balance of arrears:—

	Land Revenue.	Sundry Sources of Revenue.	Total.
Balance at the commencement of the Fusly	RS. A. P. 4,117 15 11	Bs. A. P. 3,701 7 10	RS. A. P. 7,819 7 9
Amount collected within the Fusly		3,663 9 10 37 14 0	7,616. 3 7 105 12 2
	4,020 7 11	3,701 7 10	7,721 15 9
Balance at the close of the Fusly	97 8 0		97 8 0

The above sum of Rupees 97-8-0 is due on a certain Inam land in the Mangalore talook, being the assessment of that land for two years. The holders of this Inam have hitherto been dependant for its payment on an equivalent allowance in cash received by them from the public treasury. The payment of the above allowance having, however, been suspended in consequence of the demise of the late holder of this Inam, and pending the decision of Government as to the claims of the heirs, the revenue due on the land has necessarily come under arrears. The case has, however, been lately decided by Government in their Proceedings of 8th June last, No. 1,301, and the Inam directed to be continued to the heirs of the deceased. Payment of the arrears of the allowance will therefore now be made, and the Government dues on the land recovered.

26. COMPARATIVE ABSTRACT OF COLLECTIONS.—The collections of the year as compared with those of the previous Fusly are shown in the subjoined Statement:—

	I	Tusly 127	5.	F	USLY 1276	3.	In-	De-
Items.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	1 1	crease.
Land Revenue.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Ryotwar Miscellaneous Items.	1,886 415		13,35,939 62,151	3,953 3,664		13,40,497 40,856	<b>4,</b> 558	 21,295
Total	2,301	13,95,789	13,98,090	7,617	13,73,736	13,81,353	4,558	21,295
Abkarry Salt Sea Customs Stamps License-tax	637	6,03,836 57,439	6,03,836		5,79,395 61, c06	1,43,074	3,767 3,199 8,056	24,441
Total	637	8,90,622	8,91,259		8,96,456	8,96,456	29,638	24,441
Grand Total	2,938	22,86,411	22,89,349	7,617	22,70,192	22,77,809	34,196	45,736
Income-tax	951	661	1,612					1,612
	3,889	22,87,072	22,90,961	7,617	22,70,192	22,77,809	34,196	47,348
						Net Dec	rease	13,152

It will be seen that there is an increase in the collections from all other items, except "Salt" and "Land Revenue Miscellaneous Items," the causes of the falling off in which have already been explained in their appropriate places. Hence it would appear that internally and individually, and in spite of an adverse season, the district has nevertheless prospered, and suffered only from external influences, the consequence of unfavourable seasons in other inland districts.

27. Coercive Process.—In only one solitary instance was it found necessary to sell a piece of land in satisfaction of the Government demand due thereon, which was wilfully withheld. All the cases in which moveable property was attached are in Kadapara, the assessment on which has now been sanctioned by the Board.

Nature of property.	Cases.	Amount of arrears.	Value of property sold.
Immoveable Moveable	1	7 3 8	16 0 0
	18	3,423 8 1	3,718 0 0
	19	3,430 11 9	3,734 0 0

28. CHARGES.—Statement No. 9 exhibits the Revenue charges incurred during the year under report. They amounted to Rupees 2,57,328, and were Rupees 1,48,008 below those of Fusly 1275, as shown in the subjoined abstract. This is owing chiefly to a decrease in the salt charges:—

		Iten	ns.					Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	DIFFE	BNCE.
									·	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue	·							RS. 1,24,362	RS. 1,25,386	rs. 1,024	RS.
License-tax	• • • •	•••	• • • •	•••	•••	•••		1,21,002	6	6	···
Income-tax			•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	280		•••••	280
Sca Customs			• • •			• • • •			6,597		7,171
Salt Stamps	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	·	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1,17,490 7,849	528	1,42,115 
•								4,05,336	2,57,328	1,558	1,49,566
								·	Ne	Decrease	1,48,008

(1.) Land Revenue charges.—The net increase of Rupees 1,024 under Land Revenue charges arises chiefly from a larger amount having been disbursed during the year under report on account of the salaries and fixed tentage of Assistant Collectors, also from the Huzoor Treasury Deputy Collector having drawn an increased rate of salary from January 1867 consequent on his promotion; and the increased salaries sanctioned to some of the Huzoor and Talook servants having been paid throughout the year, while in the previous Fusly they had been disbursed only for a portion of the year.

economy used, and also from there having been no purchases of furniture, &c., during the year under report, which item had to some extent swelled the charges of Fusly 1275. The decrease of Rupees 2,348 in Miscellaneous Items is owing to a smaller quantity of Coir having been purchased from the Islanders during the year, and to a small saving in the price paid for rice supplied to them in payment for the same.

(2.) Sea Custom Charges.—There is a decrease under this head, arising almost entirely from the fact of very few refunds of Customs duty having been made during the year, whereas in Fusly 1275, as large a sum as Rupees 7,019 was refunded on account of duty on coffee, grain, &c., under Government Order, 5th July 1867, from special causes.

Fusly 1275 ... ... ... ... ... 13,768 ,, 1276 ... ... ... ... ... 6,597

Decrease... 7,171

(3.) Salt Charges.—There is on the whole a decrease of Rupees 1,42,115 under this head as shown below, attributable chiefly to a smaller quantity of Bombay and Goa Salt having been purchased for the use of the Government monopoly during the year under report in consequence of there having been, at the beginning of the Fusly, a large stock in hand out of the previous year's store, while the rates at which contract for the supply of this salt were accepted were also a little

more favourable than those of the previous year. The quantity of salt purchased from local manufactures and paid for was likewise less than that taken in the previous Fusly.

The following Statement shows the purchases made of the different descriptions of salt in comparison with those of Fusly 1275:—

Fusly.	Вомва	Y SALT.	GOA 8	ALT.	LOCAL M TUR		Total.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1275 1276 Decrease	93,248	41,201	IN. MDS. 1,65,088 1,42,020 23,068	43,789		7,713	IN. MDS. 4,83,992 3,05,787	92,703

Among other minor items of salt charges there is a decrease of Rupees 1,558 under the head of "Contingencies," which is owing to the expenditure of last year having been swelled by payments made for repair of salt-weighing machines and mercals, which items do not occur in the present Fusly.

There is an increase of Rupees 590 under the head of "Establishment," and of Rupees 1,500 under "Petty Construction and Repairs;" the former is owing to certain salt servants having, under Government Orders, drawn increased rates of salaries throughout the year, whereas in Fusly 1275 they were debited only for a few months. The latter is the cost of constructing a salt Cotaur in the District, which under the present rules is debitable to Salt Revenue.

(4.) Stamp Charges.—The small increase of Rupees 528 in Stamp Charges is due to larger refunds of Stamp duty made by the Court, and also to a slight increase in the amount of commission paid to Stamp Vendors consequent on increased sales.

29. WASTAGE OF SALT .- This is shown in the subjoined Comparative Statement:-

			Fusly	7.					Quantity stored.	Wastage.	Per-centage.
1275 1276	•••	4	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	9 79 915	IN. MDS. 4,119 11,563	IN. MDS. 1.66 4.25

It will be seen that the wastage of salt during the year under report is as large as 11,563 Indian Maunds, which gives a percentage of 4.25 against 1.66 in the previous Fusly. This is owing exclusively to the introduction of weighment in all salt transactions during the year, while it must be remembered that the salt in which this wastage was found was stored in the previous Fusly by measurement under the old system. The result of weighment has been unfavourable to



the District, and Goa salt, both of which descriptions being very light, from 480 to 580 mercals of the former, and from 406 to 450 of the latter, were found requisite to make up a garce of 120 Indian Maunds in weight; while the Bombay salt being hard-grained and solid, from 351 to 360 mercals of this sufficed to give the weight of a garce of 120 Indian Maunds. Hence there was a loss in the former of 11,563 Indian Maunds, and a gain in the latter of 11,857 Indian Maunds.

I request the sanction of Government for writing the above wastage of Indian Maunds 11,563 off my accounts, as also the wastage of Fusly 1275, amounting to Indian Maunds 4,119, sanction for which has not yet been received.

- 30. Examination of Talook and Village Accounts.—The Talook and Village accounts of the Kundapur and Udipi talooks were examined by the Head Assistant Collector, and those of Mangalore, Cassergode, and Uppinangadi talooks at the Huzoor. The Talook accounts though still susceptible of improvement, are now kept in much better order than formerly, being all written on neatly printed forms which were supplied in Fusly 1275. A similar improvement seems to be very necessary and desirable in the case of the Village accounts, which being written in manuscript, are still faulty in many respects; and with this view the requisite quantity of paper has been indented for.
- 31. LANDED PROPERTY ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.—During the year under report thirteen Public Servants in the Revenue Department acquired landed property paying an aggregate assessment of Rupees 518-3-3.
- 32. CONDUCT OF SUBORDINATE OFFICERS.—This head being purely personal and relating to a period when I was not in the District, I am not in a position to venture any remarks of my own, and append in lieu thereof an abstract of the entries made in the Service Register by my predecessors of such public servants as should find a place in this report.
- Mr. J. F. Fernandez, Treasury Deputy Collector. Particularly hardworking and respectable. Services invaluable.
- Mr. J. Ball, Salt Deputy Collector. A man of first rate character, and most anxious to serve the Government well.

Ankola Rudrappa, Huzoor Serishtadar. A man of good character; above all petty intrigue; thoroughly understands the Revenue system in Canara; always does his utmost, and has given material assistance; unacquainted with the English; cannot be considered as up to the requirements of a Serishtadar in these times.

Gollarkeri Narrain Row, Tahsildar of Udipi. Very able, intelligent, and vigorous.

Tombat Suba Row, Tahsildar of Kassergode. Gentlemanly able; not energetic.

Manjeshwar Ramappa, Tahsildar of Mangalore. Intelligent, hardworking; an excellent English scholar; gave satisfaction.

Ankola Balkristappa, Acting Tahsildar of Uppinangadi. An excellent public servant.

Manki Lakshuman Row, Tahsildar of Cundapur. Honest, and anxious to do his duty; had not a high opinion of his intelligence and efficiency in properly controlling his office.

Venkappa Punja, then Deputy Tahsildar of Karkal. An intelligent, well-behaved, satisfactory man; of a caste which has only one other representative in the District.

Belle Dasappa, Deputy Tahsildar of Beltangadi. Undoubtedly clever and capable; inclined to crooked ways.

Mahomed Alli, Deputy Tahsildar of Buntwal. A respectable quiet Mahomedan of very ordinary abilities.

Mavil Rama, Deputy Tahsildar of Nileshwar. Has borne a good character; sickly; would be better away from his fellow caste men.

(Signed) H. S. THOMAS,
Acting Collector.



### SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

### MALABAR.

1. I have the honour to submit the Annual Report on the Settlement of the Land and Sundry sources of Revenue in this District for the Fusly ending 30th June 1867, with the prescribed Statements.

The Quinquennial Returns now due are also submitted in the forms circulated with the Board's Circular Memorandum of 1st November 1866, No. 1,097. These will be noticed further on.

Sub-Division.
Cherakal.
Kottayom.
Kurumbranad.
Head Assistant's Division.
Palghaut.
Walluvanad.
Deputy Collector's Division.
Wynad.
Ponani.

Dated 14th February 1867, No. 42.

2. As usual the Settlement of the talooks noted was made within their respective limits by the Officers in whose Divisions they are situated. The Settlement of a portion of the Calicut talook was made by me previous to my taking privilege leave in March; and I deferred completing it pending the receipt of orders on my reference\* about the levy of Road Cess on lands situated in Municipalities. The Settlement of

the Calicut talook was completed by Mr. Hannyngton on receipt of Board's Proceedings, dated 12th April 1867, No. 2,339, and in accordance therewith, the Road Cess was then included in the demand against each Ryot, including those having lands within Municipal limits. The Board will be glad to learn that this course will not be followed in the current year, as the Municipal Commissioners, to whom the question of assessing or not assessing such lands was left, decided to exempt them. Ernad and Cochin were wholly settled by Mr. Hannyngton.

- 3. CHANGES IN THE NUMBER AND TENURE OF VILLAGES.—There was no change in the tenure of villages during the year; but their number was reduced by one under the sanction conveyed in the Board's Proceedings, dated 29th August 1866, No. 6,177; Kolangode and Padinharatara Amshoms being merged in one and designated Madalamads.
- 4. Remarks on the Season.—The south-western monsoon commenced later, and the first showers were meagre, especially in the Eastern talooks. This partial failure of rain in the early part of the season proved somewhat detrimental to the Kanni crop; but a few good showers in July and August saved it, and the local harvests at the latter end of September served considerably to alleviate the distress which prevailed during the three preceding months. The yield of the Kanni crop was about average.

The north-east monsoon set in seasonably, and the Magarom crop was good.

The total fall of rain was less by 17.53 inches than that of Fusly 1275. The annexed Statement shows the falls of rain during the last four years:—

									FALL O	F RAIN.			
Months.			In 186	In 1863-64.		64-65.	In 18	865-66.	In 1866-67.				
•			<del>,</del>				Tenths.	Inches.	Tenths.		Tenths.		
April	• • •	•••	•••		•••	8	$5_{16}$	1	7	2	4	0	8,5
May	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	9	7	4	5 1			1	4 1 0
June	•••	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	40	5 1	36	4	29	$6_{T^{4}g}$	22	8
July	•••	•••	•••	• • •		37	415	.51	$1_{\frac{1}{12}}$	39	1	27	2,4
August	•••	•••		•••			515	.26	7 11	16	32	9	9,5
September	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	5	5 ½	9	8187	2	870	4	$\begin{array}{c c} 2_{\frac{1}{16}} \\ 9_{\frac{5}{16}} \\ 7_{\frac{1}{16}} \end{array}$
			I	otal.	<b></b> .	124	7 1 5	130	2 48	90	3 3 1 6	67	1
October	•••			•••	•	7	8 8	7	2 2 2 9	8	$2\frac{8}{10}$	12	4
November	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •		5	1	4 31	3	$\begin{array}{c c} 4\frac{6}{10} \\ 6\frac{9}{10} \\ 6\frac{5}{10} \end{array}$	3	3,5
December	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		1	0	1 8 0 0	0	$6\frac{9}{10}$	2	410
January	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	0	18		•••	0	$6_{\frac{5}{10}}$		
February	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••		0	120	•••	•••		
March	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	. 0	4 1 8 0	•••		0	5,5
			. 1	otal.	••••	9	4 7 6	8	9,21	13	8 10	18	7:0
		Gr	and t	total.	••••	134	1; 3	139	1389	103	410	85	8,5

5. Sanitary state of the District.—During the year under report the district suffered less from Cholera than in the preceding one, the deaths under this cause having fallen from 23,000 in Fusly 1275, to 3,000 in Fusly 1276. Small-pox prevailed to a greater extent than in the previous year, and cases of Fever and Bowel-complaints were also more numerous:—

						CHOLER	A.	S	MALL-PO	x.
					Cases.	Deaths.	Recover-	Cases.	Deaths.	Recover- ed.
In Fusly 1272 ,, 1273 ,, 1274 ,, 1275 ,, 1276		•••	•••	•••	21,292 28,221		161 2,044 4,760 4,893 681	7,216 12,596 4,515 3,348 6,305	2,279	5,693 8,179 2,236 2,611 4,597

6. PRICES.—The prices of grain again show an increase over those of the previous year, and exceed the average of the last ten years considerably, as shown in the subjoined Statement. This is due to the prevailing scarcity in the early part of the Fusly during which the prices of all articles of food ranged abnormally high. Second sort paddy was sold in July and August at Rupees 313 and 332 respectively per garce:—

		Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Increase.	Average of the last ten years.
Prices of Paddy, per garce, first sort Do. do. second sort	•••	233 229	264 247	31 18	205 191

Towards the close of the Fusly, however, it fell to the level of the price of the previous years, namely, Rupees 222.

The famine prices which prevailed resulted mainly from the absence of the usual supplies from the districts on which Malabar is dependant for a large portion of its consumption. The effect of the temporary scarcity on the middle and poorer classes of the population was greatly mitigated by the opening of the relief-houses in various parts of the district, as reported on in the Administration Report for 1866-67.

7. RYOTS' HOLDING AND ACTUAL CULTIVATION.—A Comparative Statement of cultivation and settlement is given below:—

	L	AST FUELY.	Pre	SENT FUSLY.	Incri	LASE.	DECE	EASE.
Items.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment,	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
1	3	8	4	5	6	7	8	9
Dry Wet	ACRES. 3,73,650 3,79,818	RS. A. P. 5,83,400 14 6 12,52,715 15 9	Acres. 8,81,815 8,81,151	BS. A. P. 5,94,487 9 9 11,60,875 14 9	ACRES. 8,165 1,833	RS. 11,087	Acres.	Ps. 91,840
Total	7,52,968	18,36,116 14 8	7,62,966	17,55,813 8 6	9,998	11,087		91,840
Add— Second crop Assessment.	<b>4</b>	*******		*******				
Additional Assessment Water tax Road Fund Village Service Fund				26,685 0 11 89,968 11 5		26,685 89,969		
Total	7,52,968	18,36,116 14 8	7,62,966	18,71,967 4 10	9,998	1,27,691		91,840
Deduct Remissions-		,						
Road Fund Village Service Fund Other remissions as				26,685 0 11 89,968 11 5		26,686 89,969		*** ***
shown in Statement No. 4		11,389 10 4		9,266 12 4				2,073
Total		11,889 10 4		1,25,920 8 8		1,16,65		2,078
Remaining Beris Add Miscellaneous		18,24,777 8 11	<b>*</b>	17,46,046 12 2	•••••			78,781
Items	1	18,259 12 1		20,788 6 1		7,47	9	•••
Total		18,88,037 0 0		17,66,785 2 3		7,47	9 ,	78,781
			<u> </u>		]		Net	71,252

8. The above Statement shows that while the extent of land cultivated during the year is greater than that in the previous year by 9,998 acres, the net assessment has been less by Rupees 71,252. The decrease is only nominal, and is owing chiefly to the exclusion from "Ryotwar Land Revenue," of the demand on account of Village Service Fund, under the Orders of Government, dated 28th June 1866, No. 1,589.

In reality there has been an increase of Rupees 20,694, which is to be attributed partly to increased cultivation, and partly to the amounts realized by the sale of waste lands in Wynad, having been during the year credited to "Land Revenue Miscellaneous," under the orders of the Accountant General, dated 9th January 1866, No. 4,163.

Demand of Fusly 1275, exclusive of Village Ser- vice Fund.	Demand of Fusly 1276, exclusive of Village Ser- vice Fund.	Increase.
17,46,091	17,66,785	20,694

### SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

9.	The Ryotwar Demand of Fusly 1275, exclusive of Village Service Fund, amounted to	RS. 17,46,091
		22,481
	Deduct remission in Fusly 1276	17,68,572 9,266
	Add increase under Land Revenue Miscellaneous	17,59,306 7,479
		17.66.785

- 10. Waste charged and Waste remitted.—During the year no remissions were allowed on account of lands left waste, and assessment on 7,893 acres left uncultivated, amounting to Rupees 3,937, was charged. These last are principally the dry lands on which a fixed assessment of six Annas the acre is charged.
- 11. Grant of Cowles.—One hundred and twelve Cowle Puttas were issued during the year for 348 acres of Nunja and 150 acres of Punja or properly garden lands. The revenue that will be derived by Government from the former is Rupees 611; that of the latter cannot be estimated under the system at present obtaining in this district of assessing garden lands.
- 12. Remissions.—The particulars of Remissions are entered in Statement No. 4. The several items of fixed remissions peculiar to the district have been explained in my last report. A few new items added in this year's return will explain themselves.
  - \* No. 18 in the Statement.
- 13. The increase of Rupees 2,103 in the remission for gardens\* is owing to about 1,398 acres of land in Wynad used for Coffee cultivation having gone out during the year.
- 14. Collections.—The annexed Statement shows the collections during the year on account of Land and Sundry Sources of Revenue, as compared with those of the previous year:—

	I	Fusl <b>y</b> 1278	5.		Fusly 127	6.		
Items.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue. Permanently set-	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
tled	5,000	10,000	15,000	5,000	10,000	15,000		
&c		17 72 668	18,06,613	53 684	2,031	2,031 17,41.887	2,031	64,726
Miscellaneous	3	13,251			18,728			
Total	38,948	17,95,919	18,34,867	58,693	17,18,962	17,77,655	7,514	64,726
Abkarry			1,62,033			1,66,742		
Salt Sea Custom	•••	92,770		•••	97,589		4,819	•••
Land do Stamp	•••	$4,981 \ 4,00,207$	4,981 4,00,207			3,99,865		342
License-tax				•	11,772		<u></u>	
Total	38,948	32,56,883 	32,95,831	58,693	32,99,312	33,58,005	1,27,242	65,068
	•				,	Net	62,174	

15. LAND REVENUE.—The Land Revenue collections show a decrease of Rupees 57,212. This is wholly under Ryotwar, and is due to the Village Service Fund having been separated from that head, and carried to Local Fund under the orders quoted above.

The Jodi newly imposed under the Inam Settlement is also shown separately, and not included as in the previous year under Ryotwar.

16. ABKARRY.—The increase of Rupees 4,709 under Abkarry collections is owing to the higher bid obtained for the Cannanore Cantonment Farm.

Price for which sold in Fusly 1275.	That obtained for Fusly 1276.	Increase.
RS.	RS.	RS.
30,000	<b>34</b> ,800	4,800

17. Salt.—The Salt collections exhibit an increase of Rupees 97,941, attributable solely to the enhancement in the monopoly price of salt. The total quantity of salt purchased during the year amounted to 6,22,486 Indian Maunds, and exceeded that purchased last year by 67,907 Indian Maunds. The entire quantity was received from Bombay on advertisement at prices averaging Rupees 54-0-4 per Garce.

The charges (Rupees 2,91,328) bear a per-centage of 32½ to the gross collections (Rupees 8,98,914.)

- 18. SEA CUSTOM.—The increase of Rupees 4,819 under this head is due to increased imports of Copra and Cocoanut-oil from Ceylon.
  - 19. LAND CUSTOM.—The slight variation under this head requires no remark.
- 20. STAMP.—The Stamp Revenue does not show any material fluctuation. The new Stamp Act No. XXVI. of 1867 having been introduced only in May last, its effect on the revenue has not been very apparent.
- 21. LICENSE-TAX.—Act No. XXI. of 1867 imposing the License-tax has been in operation only during the last two months of the year. The collections under it amounted to Rupees 11,772.
- 22. The aggregate collections under the several heads of Revenue abovenamed amount to Rupees 33,58,205, and exceed those of Fusly 1275 by Rupees 62,174. The collections bear a per-centage of 95 Rupees to the total demand of the year.
- 23. Balances.—The uncollected balances at the close of the Fusly on account of current demand amounted to Rupees 65,274, and this amount has been reduced to Rupees 36,390 by the collections in July and August last.

This balance appertains principally to the talooks noted. The balance in Cherakal is the third instalment payable by Sultan Ali, Rajah

Ponani	22,168	of Cannanore, which becomes due in September. The Deputy Collector's particular attention was
Cherakal		drawn to the balances in Wynad. It is hoped

that they will be considerably reduced by the close of the current Fusly.

24. Rupees 4,355-2-1 outstood at the close of the Fusly on account of the arrears

	RS.		
Ponani	527	14	7
Palghaut	45	4	11
Wynad	2.688	9	0
Cochin	47	18	8
Cherakal	22	4	1

of previous Fuslies. Collections in July and August reduced it to Rupees 3,331-13-3. This amount is distributed among five Talooks as noted, and Rupees 1,739-8-9 are reported to be irrecoverable. I beg that sanction may be obtained for writing off the amount from the account. Of this amount, no less than Rupees 1,084-0-1 appertain to Wynad, and are recommended for relinquishment by the Deputy Collector, as they are found to be over-assessments on certain Coffee estates, the extents of which

were on re-survey found to be less than what was returned during the first survey, on which the original assessments were based.

- 25. EXTENT TO WHICH COERCIVE PROCESS WAS EMPLOYED IN THE COLLECTION OF REVENUE.—
  No coercive measures were resorted to for the recovery of Government demand during the year under report.
- 26. Charges.—Statement No. 9 shows the gross collections and charges. The charges aggregate to Rupees 5,88,089, against Rupees 6,68,331 of the previous year, and bear a per-centage of 17½ to the collections of the year.

This decrease is due chiefly to more favourable prices paid during the year for the purchase of salt than formerly; to the charges for conveying and storing salt having been less in consequence of the absence of any supply from Madras which entailed heavy Railway charges in Fusly 1275; and to no exceptional charges such as were incurred in Fusly 1275 owing to extensive refunds made of duty levied on exports of Coffee having been incurred during the year.

Under Land Revenue the increase of Rupees 8,202 in the charges on account of salaries of Collectors, &c., is due to changes in the staff of officers in the District, and that of Rupees 3,455 in the Huzoor and Talook establishment charges, is owing to the increased salaries to sundry revenue servants sanctioned in Government Orders, dated 12th September and 28th November 1865, Nos. 2,184 and 2,940, having been paid throughout the year under notice, while in Fusly 1275 the higher rates were allowed only from November 1865.

- 27. Working of the new system of Village and Talook accounts.—The Talook and Village accounts have been examined, and found to be kept tolerably well.
- 28. LANDS ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.—The following Statement shows the particulars of landed property acquired by Revenue servants in the District during the year under notice:—

Name and desinations of	District and Talook in which lands are		LA	ND AC	How acquired.					
servants.	situated.	Measurement.			Revenue.			now acquired.		
Padinharekalathil Govinden Nair, Gumastah in the Walluvanad			<b>A</b> .:	10ths. 8		. A.	P	Paid for in cash.		
Kujisherri Mammoo, Gumastah in	Do	11	6	12	10	3	5	Obtained by		
the Walluvanad talook.  Mayengote Ramen Menon, Gumastah in the Walluvanad	Do. ·	8	9	2	32	6	0	dowry. Gift from his father.		
talook. Perimbrayur Ambalathodi Kellu Menon, Gumastah in the Wallu-	Do	27	8	0	54	2	9	By inheri- tance.		
vanad talook. Thyilkandi Kunhussa, Sub-Magis- trate of Tiruvangadi.	Ernad talook, Mala- bar District.	1	13	54	0	15	9	By purchase.		
Chalaproth Karunagara Menon, Tahsildar of Kotteyom talook.	Do	28	8	0	145	0	0	Do.		
Perimkolum Gramom Krishna Patter, Tahsildar of Cherakal	Palghaut talook, Malabar District.	138	3	8	80	12	1	Do.		
talook.  Kannengath Rama Menon, first Gumastah in the Kurumbranad talook.	Walluvanad talook, Malabar District.	0	13	2		•••	•••	Do.		
	Kurumbranad talook, Malabar District.	36	4	41	111	7	3	Do.		
Mark Anthony Platel, Tahsildar of Cochin.	Calicut talook, Mala- bar District.	0	5	4		•••	•••	Do.		
Coimbatore Subba Row, Clerk in the Deputy Collector's office, Wynaad.		71	0	0	17	12	9	Do.		

29. Remarks on the Quinquennial Returns.—I now proceed to offer a few remarks on the guinquennial returns herewith submitted.

Enclosure A. showing the number of villages and hamlets, does not materially vary from the corresponding return submitted in Fusly 1271. The number of villages as now given is less by one for the reason stated in paragraph 3 of this report. Sultan Ali, Rajah of Cannanore, is the only revenue payer in the position of a Zemindar in this District. His charge embraces the Laccadive Islands, which are not included in any talook, and whose extent and the number of villages and hamlets they comprise are not recorded in our Revenue accounts. No. 1 in Enclosure A. is therefore left blank.

Enclosure B. shows the Circar ayacut and cultivation for the year. The extent is merely approximately entered. A comparison of the present Ryotwar Revenue as shown in this State-

As per Statement of As per present Return. Decrease. Fusly 1271. 17,60,824 17,55,813 5,511.

Ryotwar assessment \* Total assessment of of Fasly 1276, Fusly 1271, Increase. inclusive of Village (Ryotwar.) Service Fund. 84,458 18,45,282 17,60,824

ment with that entered in the last Quinquennial return shows a slight decrease. But this is merely nominal, as nearly 90,000 Rupees, being collections on account of Village Service Fund, have been transferred since the previous report from the head of Ryotwar to that of Local Funds, as explained in paragraph 8 of this report. In reality, therefore, there has been an increase as noted, \* which is due principally to the extension of coffee cultivation.

Enclosure C. is blank, as there are no irrigation works in the District.

Enclosure D. is important, as indicative of the advance which the District has made in material prosperity during the last five years. It shows an increase in the number of houses, and in that of

Total population of 1271 .. 17,09,081 of 1276... 18,56,378

Increase... 1,47,297

-The present census embraces the Military, which was not the case previously.

every section of the population. A Comparative Abstract Statement of the population is subjoined, which exhibits an increase of 1,47,297, or nearly 8 per cent. The census of the District was taken on the 1st March last, as directed:-

	Adu	LTS.	Сніг	DREN.	Total.			
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		
Population of 1271	5,02,923	5,40,583	3,54,257	3,11,318	8,57,180	8,51,901		
Do. of 1276	5,58,308	5,96,571	3,72,732	3,28,767	9,31,040	9,25,338		
	55,385	55,988	18,475	17,449	73,860	73,437		

Repeated orders were issued to secure accuracy in the census returns, and I believe that they are at any rate as reliable as on any previous occasion; though peculiar difficulties do attend the taking a census where the residences are so scattered as in Malabar.

That the population is increasing rapidly is evident, and the fact affords satisfactory evidence of the advancing prosperity of the District.

Agricultural population.

As per census of Fusly 1271.	As per census of Fusly 1276.	Decrease.		
11,63,881	11,15,218	48,668		
* Calicut.	Pa'ghaut. Wynad.	1		

Ponani.

Amidst this general rise in the population the fall in the number of agriculturalists, as sohwn by the return, calls for explanation. The decrease It is ascribed is chiefly in the talocks noted.\* in some places to sundry proprietors, who hitherto let their lands on simple lease, having taken many small farms from the lessecs, and undertaken their cultivation themselves.

But the principal cause is probably that many of the small agriculturalists have found more lucrative employment on the public works, at the coast towns, and in miscellaneous callings, than in purely agricultural pursuits.

Enclosure E. gives the number of Ryots, Puttas, Ploughs, and Cattle. The decrease in the number \* Fusly 1271. Fusly 1276. Decrease.

2,08,387 1,66,789 41,548 this year of the number of cultivators having lands devoted to dry cultivation alone, who were

formerly erroneously included in the number of Puttadars, although no Puttas were or are issued on their account, as explained in my letter to the Board, dated 27th March 1866, No. 104.

There has been no considerable increase in the several kinds of cattle. Under She Buffaloes there appears a decrease of about 4,000.

Epidemic disease has occasionally shown itself in different localities; and though no very striking outbreak has occurred, the aggregate of the various losses must have been very considerable.

30. Remarks on the conduct of Subordinate Officers.—The conduct of the Subordinate Officers has been generally satisfactory, but calls for no special remark on this occasion.

(Signed) G. A. BALLARD,

1st November 1867.

Collector.

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# SUB-COLLECTORATE.

- I have the honour to submit the annual Jummahbundy Report for Fusly 1276.
- The Settlement was commenced on 23rd January 1867, and completed on the 28th May by Mr. Logan.
  - 3. The Puttas were distributed in the following stations: -

1. Oodayam Kunnu. 2. Payangadi.

(3. Taliparamba.

1. Chavashery. 2. Kootuparamba.

3. Tellicherry.

Kurumbranad ...

1. Badagara. 2. Payoly. 3. Quilandy.

Under the Government Proceedings, No. 2,362, dated 5th September 1866, six Amshoms

Nedianad. Annasherry.

Naduvelloor. Kiakoth. Madavoor. Naminda.

marginally noted, of Kurumbranad talook, have been transferred to Calicut talook, and a decrease of 18,241 Rupees and 11 Pies has thereby occurred in the amount of revenue in Kurumbranad talook.

- Previous to this transfer the Sub-Magistrate of Quilandy had the Magisterial jurisdiction of twenty Amshoms. Mr. Logan added twelve Amshoms from Kurumbranad talook to Quilandy, after this transfer, and thus the Sub-Magistrate of Quilandy now exercises his Magisterial jurisdiction in twenty-six Amshoms. All these twenty-six Amshoms were formerly included in the old Kurumbranad talook, and the present arrangement with respect to the Magisterial jurisdiction is satisfactory to the people. By this transfer the Magisterial business of Kurumbranad Tahsildar is also much reduced.
- The total number of Puttas granted this year amounted to 38,844, of which 1,443 Puttas were given to the present holders on succession to the property of their deceased relatives. still remain 162 Puttas of this nature to be distributed.
- The difference in rain-fall between last Fusly and this will be seen from the following Statement:-

m 1 : 1 -	F	usly 1275	<b>5.</b> -	Fusly 1276.				
Talooks.	Measure.	Inches.	Tenths.	Measure.	Inches.	Tenths.		
Cherakal Kottayam Kurumbranad	186 210 186	8 9 6	6 2 3	176 191 162	8 8 6	3 4 8		

8. The Statement of deaths by Cholera and Small-pox is shown below. The deaths are, however, very few this year:—

			Cholera.			MALL-PO	x.	Total.			
Talook.	Divisions.	Attacked.	Lived.	Died.	Attacked.	Lived.	Died.	Attacked.	Lived.	Died.	
Cherakal {	1. Taliparamba. 2. Cherakal 3. Cannanore	35 5	2 	2 33 5	35 222 60	22 172 48	13 50 12	37 257 65	22 174 48	15 83 17	
Kottayam {	1. Tellicherry 2. Kottayam 3. Chavasherry		6 4	33 39 2	106 159 114	84 118 77	22 41 37	139 204 120	84 124 81	55 80 39	
Kurumbranad. {	1. Kurumbranad 2. Quilandy	1 42	2	1 40	79 81	56 53	23 28	80 123	,56 55	24 68	
	Total	169	14,	155	856	630	226	1,025	644	381	
	In Fusly 1275			9,346			17			9,363	
,	Decrease			9,191				•••	•••	8,982	
	Increase						209				

9. The price of paddy was considerably higher than last year; it reached 289 Rupees, 9 Annas, and 7 Pies.

Fusly 1275... ... ... ... ... 260 13 0 Do. 1276... ... ... ... ... 289 9 1

- 10. No Indigo was cultivated this year.
- 11. Cotton is cultivated in some parts of the District with Ponom cultivation. The different cotton seeds received from Madras were sown in many parts of the District, but with no good effect. This climate does not appear to be suited for cotton cultivation, owing to the severity of the monsoon.
- 12. Sugarcane is also cultivated in some wet lands at Tellicherry and Cannanore. This cultivation being not so profitable as that of paddy, it is not carried on here extensively.
  - 13. The Land Revenue for the year shows an increase of Rupees 1,595-9-5:-

Fusly 1275 ... ... 5,10,842 6 3
Do. 1276 ... ... 5,12,437 15 8

Increase... 1,595 9 5

14. The following are the particulars of increase and decrease under various items:-

WET. Increase.

	RS.	A.	P.
By resumption of remissions	817	13	9
By imposition of assessment on various lands		14	3
By imposition of assessment on cowle lands		10	2
By increase of cultivation assessed after inspec-			
tion	171	13	7
•			
Total	1,464	3	9



# WET. Decrease.

Remission of assessment on lands planted with			
fruit trees	52	11	7
Remission on lands inundated	18	10	3
Do. on account of heavy assessment	133	15	8
Do. on account of double assessment	2	3	0
Do. granted on assessment of lands which			
appeared on an examination of Hin-			
duvi accounts to have been erroneously			
assessed	3	2	5
Remission on account of waste	615	13	5
Remission of assessment in a land inundated by			
the breach of Kattambelly dam	0	10	4
Decrease of Jenma Shishtom in consequence of			
the sale of Government Jenmom right	302	6	6
Total	1,129	9	2
Net Increase	334	10	7

### DRY.

	F 1975	Fusly 1276.	Net.					
	Fusly 1275.	Fusiy 1270.	Increase.	Decrease.				
Ellu	17,998 0 10 729 11 10	1,495 13 10 4,235 3 8 16,901 2 5 626 15 8 23,259 3 7	496 6 9	RS. A. P.  171 1 10 1,096 14 5 102 12 2  1,370 12 5				
Lands assessed at 6 Annas per acre.	3,672 8 0	3,731 3 2	58 11 2	874 5 8				
Total	27,806 1 3	26,990 6 9 Ne	58 11 2 t Decrease	874 5 8 815 10 6				

### GARDENS.

Inc			RS.	▲.	P.						
New gardens brought under assessment	•••	•••					•••	1,058	8	7	
Assessment on Cowle gardens	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	154	10	6	
Do. on old gardens reclaimed	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	971	14	2	
By adjustment of erroneous entries							1	8	1		
Remission resumed	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	205	1	3	
							•				,
•			•			Tot	al	2,391	10	7	,

#### Decrease.

Remission of assessments on gardens worn out	150	6	2	
Temporary remission on account of fallen trees	92	7	0	
Remission of double assessment	2	12	10	
Remission of assessment on gardens taken by Government for Bandy Pettah	17	0	3	
Abandonment of Shishtom	45	13	5	
Total	308	7	8	
Net Increase	2,083	2	11	
Inam Jody Increase	12	11	7	
Decfcase	19	5	2	
Net Decrease	6	9	7	
15. In the Sub-Division the "Amshom Service Fund" assessment is t	o be fo	und	only	y

15. In the Sub-Division the "Amshom Service Fund" assessment is to be found only in twenty-six Amshoms in Kurumbranad talook. Until last Fusly this assessment was collected with wet land assessment. In this Fusly it was separated from wet land assessment, and the result is as follows:—

RS. A. P.

														2101			
Fusly	$1275 \dots$	•••		•••	•••	. • • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	4,701	4	8	
Do.	1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••		•••	•••	•••	4,719	10	2	
											In	creas	e	18	5	6	

- 16. As Act No. III. of 1866 came into operation only on the 1st January 1867, the collections were made for the half Fusly year at the rate of three Pies per Rupee, and this sum amounted to Rupees 7,909-3-7.
- 17. The following table will show that the Revenue of this year is a decrease of Rupees 10,505-4-5 on the average revenue of the preceding five years. This decrease is owing to the transfer of six Amshoms from Kurumbranad talook, and to the separation of Amshom Service Fund assessment from the Land Revenue:—

Fusly.	Cherakal.	Kottayam.	Kurumbranad.	Total.			
1271 1272 1273 1274	1,86,800 3 5 1,88,873 1 9 1,92,403 7 5 1,94,023 7 8 1,94,180 14 7	92,890 5 4 96,078 12 1 94,014 10 6 96,190 15 5 96,851 3 7	2,25,551 6 9 2,26,055 15 8 2,24,498 0 11 2,26,493 3 9 2,04,810 3 2	5,05,241 15 6 5,11,007 13 6 5,10,916 2 10 5,16,707 10 10 4,95,842 5 4			
Total	9,56,281 2 10	4,76,025 14 11	11,07,408 14 3	25,39,716 0 0			
Average 1276	1,95,090 12 4	96,480 15 3	2,05,866 3 2	5,07,943 3 2 4,97,437 14 9			
			Decrease	10,505 4 5			

18,	ABKARRY.—Un	der 1	the h	ead o	f Al	karry	th	ere i	s an i	incre	ase of	f Rup	ees 4,80	0:	
												-	RS.	٨.	P.
	<b>F</b> usly 1275	•••			•••	•••	•••		•••		•••	•••	61,115	0	0
	Do. 1276	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	65,915	0	0
								-							_
										Tn	OTOGO	30	4 800	Λ	Λ

19. No difference whatever is to be found between the amount of Ferry Farms of last and present Fuslies.

Fusly	1275	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	33,297	0	0
Do.	1276	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	33,297	0	0

20. The following table shows the revenue under all heads:-

_	Fusly 1275.	Fusly 1276.	Comparison.							
Items.		,,	Increase.	Decrease.						
Wet	2,62,797 15 1 27,806 1 3 2,04,282 13 11 15,000 0 11	2,63,132 9 8 26,990 6 9 2,06,366 0 10 15,000 0 11	334 10 7  2,083 2 11 	815 10 6						
Total	5,09,886 15 2	5,11,489 2 2	2,417 13 6	815 10 6						
Jody	955 7 1	948 13 6		6 9 7						
Total	5,10,842 6 3	5,12,437 15 8	2,417 13 6	822 4 1						
Amshom Service Fund. Road Fund Abkarry, inclusive of	4,701 4 8	4,719 10 <b>2</b> 7,709 3 7	18 5 6 7,909 3 7	•••						
Knife-tax Ferry Farms	61,186 6 4 33,297 0 0	65,986 6 4 33,297 0 0	4,800 0 0							
Grand Total	6,10,027 1 3	6,24,350 3 9	15,145 6 7	822 4 1						
		Net Increase	14,323 2 6	••• ••• •••						

- 21. Shevoy Jama collections in this year amount to Rupees 19-11-9, of which Anna 1 and Pies 6 is the Jenma Bhogum under Cowle No. 433, issued in Fusly 1267. Of the rest, namely, Rupees 19-10-3, Rupees 7-11-0 is the amount collected for six years from Fusly 1270 to 1275 on a wet land at Moyakunnu Amshom, in Kottayom talook; Rupees 6-6-0 is the amount of Revenue similarly collected for four years from Fusly 1270 to 1273 on a land in Dharmapatam Amshom, and the remainder, Rupees 5-9-3, is the remission amount granted for three years from Fusly 1270 to 1272, which has been resumed this year.
  - 22. The interest account exhibits a sum of Rupees 138-14-8 this year.

								Fusl	l <b>y 1</b>	275	Fus	ly 1	276.
On the arrears Do. Do.	Abkarry	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	37		P. 1 3 5	RS. 27 49 62	A. 7 5 2	3
						Tota	al	110	1	9	138	14	8
			•	N	et In	creas	3e		•••	•••	28	12	11

- 23. Of the total demand of Rupees 6,24,350-3-9 of this Fusly, Rupees 6,19,350-2-10 have been collected, leaving a balance of Rupees 5,000-0-11. This balance is due by the Arakal Rajah, and is to be collected from him as usual in the month of August. There are some other arrears for former Fuslies amounting to Rupees 22-4-1. This amount is due on account of Jenmashistom payable to Government, and as such should be remitted as done up to Fusly 1273.
- 24. As directed by the Standing Circular, No. 5, dated 18th January 1864, Mr. Logan has examined the talook and village accounts, and found them kept in good order.
- 25. As I have been only a very short time in charge of the Sub-Division, I am unable to make any full report on the conduct of the Subordinate officials. I have had no reason to find fault with them while I have been here.

(Signed) H. SEWELL,
Acting Sub-Collector.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) G. A. BALLARD.

Collector.